Computer Science Division Department of Mathematics Faculty of Science



Level 1- Spring Semester Course: COMP 102

Date: March 5, 2022

## Sheet 2

**Objective:** upon successful completion of this sheet, students should be able to

- 1. convert from any number system to another.
- 2. use 1's complement and 2's complement for performing subtraction and for representing signed numbers.
- Q1) Convert the following binary numbers into decimal numbers: 1011001, 1100111.001, and 10110010.10101.
- Q2) Convert the following decimal numbers to binary: 255, 452, 124.5, and 587.625.
- Q3) Convert the following numbers from the given base to the other three bases listed in the table:

Decimal	Binary	Octal	Hexadecimal
369.3125	?	?	?
?	10111101.101	?	?
?	?	326.5	?
?	?	?	F3C7.A

Q4) In each of the following cases, determine the radix r:

(a) 
$$(BEE)_r = (2699)_{10}$$

(b) 
$$(365)_r = (194)_{10}$$

- Q5) Obtain the 1's and 2's complements of the following unsigned binary numbers: 10011100, 10011101, 10101000, 00000000, and 10000000.
- Q6) Perform the following operation with the following unsigned binary numbers by taking the 2's complement of the subtrahend.
  - (a) 11010-10001
  - (b) 11110-10001
  - (c) 11111110-11111110
  - (d) 101001-101
- Q7) Perform the arithmetic operations (+36) + (-24) and (-35) (-24) in binary using signed 2's complement representation for negative numbers.