## Compiler Project: "Lexical and syntax analysis"

## LISP Programming Language

- A LISP program are made up of three basic building blocks:
- Atom
  - It is a number or string of contiguous characters. It includes numbers and special characters.
- Example

```
hello-from-tutorials-point
name
123008907
*hello*
Block#221
abc123
```

- List
  - A sequence of atoms and/or other lists enclosed in parentheses.
     Following are examples of some valid lists:

```
( i am a list)
(a ( a b c) d e fgh)
(father tom ( susan bill joe))
(sun mon tue wed thur fri sat)
( )
```

- String is a group of characters enclosed in double quotation marks.
- All statements of Lisp written as lists
- The semicolon symbol (;) is used for indicating a comment line.
  - Example of comment:

; this line to display the result

No data type for variables

- the basic arithmetic operations in LISP are +, -, \*, /, mod(for modulus), rem
   (for remainder), incf(for increment) and decf(decrement)
- Relational operators are: <= >= = <>.
- LISP represents a function call f(x) as (f x), for example cos(45) is written as cos
   45
- Relational and basic arithmetic operators written as function
- Example
  - (< A B)
  - o (\* 23)
- Expressions are limited to Boolean and arithmetic expressions.
- Boolean expressions are used as tests in control statements
- Parentheses not for grouping but to represent list
- LISP expressions are case-insensitive, cos 45 or COS 45 are same.
- The letter **t**, that stands for logical true. The value **nil**, that stands for logical false, as well as an empty list.
- You can specify the value of variable by function setq

Example: (setq x 10)

- There is loop statement dotimes: (dotimes allows looping for some fixed number of iterations.)
- Example

```
(dotimes (n 11)
  (write n) (write (* n n))
```

- while In simplest form it is followed by a test clause, and a test action. If the
  test clause evaluates to true, then the test action is executed otherwise, the
  consequent clause is evaluated.
- Example

```
(when (test-clause) (<action<sub>1</sub>) )
```

- There are a read and write statements that perform input/output, read any value from user and write string enclosed by double quotation, variables separated by commas
- Lisp has many other features, Any addition to the language specification will be appreciated and you will have a bonus on

## **Project Requirement**

- 1- Scanner
  - a. Design DFA for valid tokens
  - b. Implement Scanner using Python.
  - c. Visualize DFA for valid tokens via project GUI.
- 2- Parser
  - a. Design Grammar for given language description.
  - b. Implement parser.
  - c. Visualize the output of Parser as a tree view.

## **Project Delivery Rules:**

- 1. All the team members should be present during the Project delivery.
- 2. You're asked to deliver your Project during your assigned time slot
- 3. Delivery Date will be announced.