

Morocco Property Value Estimator – Complete Workflow Overview

1. User Interface (Frontend) — `price-estimator.blade.php`

Users interact with a clean form on a Laravel Blade view, where they input key property details:

- **Property Type:** Apartment or Villa
- **Size:** Area in square meters
- **Bedrooms & Bathrooms:** Count of each
- **Property Age:** In years
- **Floor Level:** (0 for ground)
- **Special Features:** Checkboxes – Parking, Garden, Pool
- **Location:** City & Neighborhood dropdowns

Trigger: Button "See What Your Home Is Worth" posts the form.

2. Form Submission — `POST /estimate`

- Route: `price.estimate` in `routes/web.php`
- Mapped to `estimate()` method in `PriceEstimatorController.php`

3. Laravel Controller (Backend Logic):

In `PriceEstimatorController.php`:

1. **Validation** of all input fields (required, numeric, valid values)
2. **Data Formatting** into a structured associative array
3. **Conversion** of array to JSON format
4. **Temporary File Creation** to store JSON
5. **Shell Command** assembled to run `predict.py` with that file
6. **Execute Python** via `shell_exec()` to begin ML processing

4. Python Prediction Engine — `predict.py`:

Executes the actual machine learning steps:

1. **Load JSON Input** from temp file
2. **Load ML Models** trained for:
 - Apartment model
 - Villa model
3. **Convert Input** to Pandas DataFrame
4. **Process Features**:
 - Convert booleans: parking, pool, garden
 - Handle city/neighborhood using preprocessed encoders or mappings
5. **Select Model** based on property type

5. BKAM IPAI Integration — ipai_data.py:

Adds realism with economic adjustment:

- Contains **IPAI index data** from **Q4 2024** (e.g., Casablanca: +15.2%, Tangier: +17.7%)
- Fetches adjustment factor for the city
- Adjusts base predicted price accordingly

6. Price Prediction Logic:

1. Base prediction made using selected model
2. IPAI adjustment applied (e.g., $\text{price} \times 1.152$ for Casablanca)
3. **Prediction range** calculated (e.g., $\pm 5\%$)
4. Response formatted in **JSON** structure:
5. {
6. "base_price": 123456,
7. "adjusted_price": 142234,
8. "range": [135000, 150000],
9. "details": { ... }
10. }

7. Laravel Result Handling & Display:

- Laravel controller **reads Python output**
- Parses and checks for errors
- If successful:
 - Redirects back to form with results
 - Blade template displays:
 - Predicted price
 - Price range
 - Summary of inputs
- If failed:
 - Shows an error message to the user

8. Data Flow Diagram:

