## **Chapter 7 - Controlling Access To Files**

| Owner            | Add or Remove permission | Permission Specification          |
|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| -u [User owner]  | + or -                   | -rwx or +rwx (read,write,execute) |
| -g [Group owner] | + or -                   | -rwx or +rwx (read,write,execute) |
| -o [Other]       | + or -                   | -rwx or +rwx (read,write,execute) |

## Is -Id dir1 -> show the directory Permission

rwx rwx rwx user group other

| Command               | Description                                                                         |  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| ls -ld dir1           | show the directory Permission                                                       |  |
| chmod u-rwx<br>dir1   | change the directory permission for the user                                        |  |
| chmod g-rwx<br>dir1   | change the directory permission for the group                                       |  |
| chmod a+w<br>file.txt | change the file permission for all [user-group-other]                               |  |
| chmod 754 file2       | numerical permission changed to binary 7->111 [user] 5-> 101[group] 4 -> 100[other] |  |
| chown user1 file1     | change the user owner                                                               |  |

## Set user ID

**SUID** is a special permission on **executable files** that lets a **user run the file with the permissions of the file's owner**, *usually root* 

chmod u+s filename (to remove it)

## Set Group ID for files and directories

SGID is set on an **executable file**, the **process runs with the group permissions of the file's group**, *not the user's group*.

chmod g+s myapp

SGID is set on a **directory**, **new files created inside the directory's group** — not the group of the user creating them. chmod g+s shared