Lecture 1 & 2

1-	Business environmental factors doesn't pressures the organization's response. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
2-	Desire for quality and diversity of products lays below which business environmental factor? a)Technology b)markets c)customer demand d)b&c
	Answer: c
3-	Closing the strategy gap is closing the gap between a)organization's current and past performance b)organization's past objectives and current objectives c)organization's current and desired performance d)All of the mentioned
	Answer: c
4-	According to Gory & scott DS framework , short-term forecasting is what type of decision and lays below what type of control ? a)semistructured and managerial b)structured and operational c)semistructured and strategic d)structured and managerial
	Answer: d
5-	Management science approach is also referred to as operation research. a)true b)false
	Answer:a

6-	is a rule-based system that provides a solution to a repetitive managerial problem in a specific area and are driven by business rules. a)TPS b)ADS c)CRM d)None of them
	Answer: b
7-	Unstructured problems don't usually require customized solutions. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
8-	BI's major objective is to enable easy access to data to provide business managers with the ability to conduct analysis a)true b)false
	Answers: a
9-	Data warehouse is not a major component in BI system. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
10-	a collection of tools for manipulating, mining, and analyzing the data in the data warehouse. a)data warehouse tools b)UI tools c)business goals d)business analytics
	Answer: d

11-	The difference between the desired and actual outcome is called a)technical issues b)problem c)business obstacle d)All of the mentioned
	Answer: b
12-	Management science is a behavioral decision making discipline. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
13-	Consensus is often hard to be reached in large organizations. a)true b)false
	Answer: a
14-	A 2 dimensional chart is considered a a)Qualitative model b)Quantitative model c)Analog models d)Iconic models
	Answer: c
15-	Cognitive maps is considered a a)Qualitative model b)Quantitative model c)Analog models d)Iconic models
	Answer: a

16- Classification of problems always happens in
a)intelligence phase b)Design phase
c)implementation phase
d)choice phase
Answer: a
17- Which of the following is / are some of the main areas of operation of DSS.
a)Transaction processing
b)Production, finance, and marketing
c)Executive Support System
d)None of the mentioned above
Answer: b
18- Includes the search, evaluation, and recommendation of an appropriate solution to the
model
a)intelligence phase
b)Design phase
c)implementation phase
d)choice phase
Answer: d
19- Which of the following is a good characteristic of a DSS?
a)It has an increment model
b)Responds quickly to decision makers to help in decision making
c)Automates decision making process
d)None of the mentioned above
Answer: a
20- The boundary between the design and choice is always clear.
a)true b)false
Answer: b

21- Simulation happed a)intelligence phobidesign phase c)implementation d)choice phase	ase
Answer: b	n statement is the outcome of the intelligence phase.
a)true b)false	is statement is the outcome of the intelligence phase.
Answer: a	
23- ERP is used in all a)intelligence ph b)Design phase c)implementatio d)choice phase	
Answer: a	
24- CRM and SCM ar a)intelligence ph b)Design phase c)implementatio d)choice phase e)b&d	
Answer: e	
25- MIS and ANN is u a)intelligence ph b)Design phase c)implementatio d)choice phase	

Answer: a

26-The	_ includes tools that help the end-user of a DSS to navigate through the system.
a)User	Interface
b)Trans	saction Process System
c)Execu	itive Support System
d)None	of the mentioned above

Answer: a

Midterm exam

KMSs are used to support the intelligence phase. * False True
model is the most abstract model. * mathematical analog mental iconic
R&D planning is an example of
is not one of the Mintzberg's 10 Managerial Roles. * Navigator Disseminator Liaison Resource allocator
Decision support system involves all of the following types of analytical modeling activities except? * Goal-seeking analysis optimization analysis Heuristics Sensitivity analysis what-if analysis
is not a characteristic of organizational responses. * ADAPTIVE ANTICIPATIVE ATTRACTIVE REACTIVE PROACTIVE
ADS provide solutions. * Rule-based Data-based Knowledge-based Expert-based

In which of the following types of analysis, the value of only one variable is changed repeatedly, and the resulting changes on other variables are observed.*

Goal-seeking analysis

Sensitivity analysis

Optimization

what-if analysis

Which of the following level of managers develop short- and medium-range plans, schedules, and budgets and specify the policies, procedures, and business objectives for their sub-units of the company? *

Operational

Front line

Tactical

Strategic

What category of software technology enables analysts, managers and executives to gain insight into data through fast, consistent, interactive access to a wide variety of possible views of information that has been transformed from raw data to reflect the real dimensionality of the enterprise as understood by the user. *

On-line Analytical Processing (OLAP) software

Data Warehouse software

On-line Transaction Processing (OLTP) software

BI methodologies and tools were developed mostly in the academic world. *

False

True

MSS = combined term *

DSS/DM

DSS/BI

DSS/DB

DSS/DW

BPM which also referred to as*

CRM

CPM

HRM

PCM

Solving a model is same as solving the problem the model represents. *

False

True

...... is probably the most common descriptive modeling method. *

simulation

optimization

suboptimization

According to your textbook, the Decision support systems use all of the following EXCEPT: * A decision maker's own insights and judgments

Online Transaction processing

An interactive, computer-based modeling process to support the making of semi-structured Business decision Analytical models

Specialized databases

Which of the following involves analyzing complex relationships among thousands or even millions of data items stored in data marts, data warehouses, and other multidimensional databases to discover patterns, trends, and exception conditions? * OLTP OLALA OISE OLAP
Budget analysis is an example of
is not a style of BI. * DM Slice-and-dice DW ad-hoc queries
A/An model may be three-dimensional. * iconic mathematical mental analog
Automated decision systems (ADS) are systems mainly used with problems. * Semi-programmed Unstructured Structured

Scenarios are especially helpful in simulations and what-if-analysis *

True

Semistructured

False

OLAP is useful to support the design phase. * True **False** The growth of corporate intranets, extranets, as well as the web, has accelerated the development and use of "executive class" information delivery and decision support software tools by lower levels of management and by individuals and teams of business professionals. This dramatic expansion has opened the door to the use of which of the following tool? * **Business intelligence (BI)** Busyness Intelligent (BI) Business Knowledge (BK) Business Ideas (BI) In which of the following types of analysis, the goal is to find the optimum value for one or more target variables, given certain constraints? * what-if analysis **Optimization** Goal-seeking analysis Sensitivity analysis Originally, the included only historical data that were organized and summarized, so end users could easily view or manipulate data and information.* BI DW **DSS** DB A/An model is the least abstract type of model. * iconic mathematical mental analog Another name of goal seeking analysis is: * How to Why not What's up How can ERPs are used to support the all the DSS phases. * False True

The assignment of authority to solve a problem is in phase. *

Implementation

Choice Design Intelligence

Lecture 3 Concept overview:

a)true b)false

1- DSS configurations exist based on management decision situation only.

	Answer: b
2-	Which of the following is an optional component of the DSS components? a)Data b)UI c)Knowledge d)model
	Answer: c
3-	Each DSS component has several variations that's usually deployed a)offline b)firebase c)both a& b d)online
	Answer: d
4-	DSS rule and abilities are meant to replace decision makers judgments. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
5-	DSS helps in decisions that requires judgement or at decisions that have no ability to be completely supported by algorithms. a)true b)false
	Answer: a
6-	DSS applications focus on reporting and identifying problems by scanning data stored in data warehouse. a)true b)false

	Answer: b
7-	mainly built for the purpose of supporting the solution of specific problem. a)BI system b)DSS c)TPS d)CRM
	Answer: b
8-	mainly built for the purpose of monitoring situations and identify problems using analytic methods. a)BI system b)DSS c)TPS d)CRM
	Answer: a
9-	DSS supports interdependent decisions only. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
10-	Which of the following shows how we forecast opportunities and business issues? a)Predictive analytics b)Business analytics c)Web analytics d)none of them
	Answer: a
11-	Business analytics aim to enhance organization's performance through using a)data b)models c)business objectives d)a&b
	Answer: d
12-	Classification classified DSSs according to orientation, category and type of operation

a)Gory and Scott-morten

	b)Holsapple and Whinston c)Alter d)None of them
	Answer: c
13-	According to Hoslapple & Whinston classification, A DSS that include most knowledge-driven DSS, data mining and ES applications is called a)Solver-oriented DSS b)Database-oriented DSS c)Compound DSS d)Rule-oriented DSS
	Answer: d
14-	Ad-hoc analysis involving multiple databases and small models is the type of operation that's done by a)data analysis systems b)File drawer systems c)Accounting models d)Analysis information systems
	Answers: d
15-	Which component of the DSS that includes the database and can be connected to a data warehouse? a)model management subsystem b)data management subsystem c)UI subsystem d)Knowledgebase management subsystem
	Answer: b
16-	Data management via Web servers is considered one of the DSS impact on web. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
17-	The extraction process in the data management subsystem comes only from the internal data sources. a)true b)false

	Answer: b
18-	Internal data come mainly from the organization's TPS to the data management subsystem. a)true b)false
	Answer: a
19-	Data for DSS can be a)entered directly into models b)extracted directly from larger databases c)include multimedia objects d)All of the mentioned
	Answer: d
20-	A database mechanism that accepts requests for data and manipulates data. a)query facility b)data directory c)model directory d)none of them
	Answer: a
21-	Which of the following is considered a DBMS issue? a)data quality b)data integration c)scalability d)All of the mentioned
	Answer: d
22-	54% of the managers are not satisfied about the data they get from systems. a)true b)false
23-	Answer: b Data quality is a system problem only. a)true b)false

24- For better data quality what need to focus on all data components which are definition, content and presentation.

Answers: b

	a)true b)false
	Answer: a
25-	Which of the following is not considered a key ingredients of data quality management? a)Measure real costs of poor quality data b)Educate managers about impacts of poor data quality c)measuring accuracy of data not just validity d)none of them
	Answer: d
26-	Model management subsystem do which of the following functions? a) Model creation, generation of new routines, validate data, model updating b) Model creation, generation of new routines, validate data, model data manipulation c) Model creation, extract internal data, validate data, model updating d) Model creation, generation of new routines, model data manipulation, model updating
	Answer: d
27-	A model category used by mid-level management. a)operational models b)tactical models c)strategic models d)analytical models
	Answer: b
28-	The process of controlling the actual running of the model. a)model execution b)model compiling c)model integration d)model directory
	Answer: a
29-	The model command processor takes modeling instructions from user UI and route them to the MBMS. a)true b)false
	Answer: a

30-	The incorporation of intelligence and expertise is represented in the knowledge management system. a)true b)false Answer: a
31-	The users of DSS doesn't really differ much from each other. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
32-	DSS hardware can be acquired from a single vendor only. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
Lect	cure 4 Modeling analysis
1-	Which of the following represents an analysis backward solution approach? a)sensitive analysis b)what-if analysis c)goal seeking analysis d)Multiple goals analysis
	Answer: c
2-	A model category represented by linear and network models techniques. a)optimization via algorithm b)optimization via analytic formula c)simulation d)predictive models
	Answer: a

3-	In optimization via analytic formula , we try to find best solution a)from few alternative b)from large number of alternatives c)good enough solution with rules d)in one step
	Answer: d
4-	Forecasting, model management and variable identification are considered as current modeling issues. a)true b)false
	Answer: a
5-	Dynamic analysis is tie independent. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
6-	Taking a decision whether to make a new product or buy goes below a)static analysis b)dynamic analysis c)hybrid analysis d)All of the mentioned
	Answer: a
7-	Knowledge-based modeling is not a major modeling issue. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
8-	When the decision maker doesn't know any of the probabilities of the different outcomes of each course of action the probably he is in a)Certainty b)risk c)uncertainty d)high risk
	Answer: c

9-	Knowledge keep increasing going from certainty to uncertainty. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
10-	Stochastic decision making situation is also called a)decision making under uncertainty situation b)decision making under risk situation c)probabilistic decision making situation d)b&c
	Answer: d
11-	There's only one type of sensitivity analysis the autonomic sensitivity analysis. a)true b)false
	Answer: b
12-	What will be the revenue increase percentage if we increased digital marketing budget by 10%? Is an example of a)sensitive analysis b)what-if analysis c)goal seeking analysis d)Multiple goals analysis Answer: b
13-	Database is just like a container which stores data in a manner. a)Organized b)Systematic c)Ordered d)All of the mentioned above
	Answer: d
	Resources:

https://www.includehelp.com/MIS/mcq-decision-support-system-in-mis.aspx http://abdurrashed.blogspot.com/2011/12/chapter-10-decision-support-systems-mcq.html lectures