

Probability Formula

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Bernoulli Trials

Bernoulli trial is also known as binomial trial where only two outcomes of a given experiment is possible. If a flip a coin, only two outcomes are possible, that is, head and tail. Hence, flipping of coin is a Bernoulli trial. If we roll a dice six outcomes are possible, that is, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and hence, rolling of a dice is not a Bernoulli trial. To get the probability of the outcomes of a Bernoulli trial, binomial probability formula is used. Some real life examples of a Bernoulli trial are if a bulb is on or off, if a question is answered correctly or not, if a student has passed or failed.

Definition

A trial where only two outcomes are possible is known as Bernoulli trial. Trials like flipping of coin can be termed as Bernoulli trial.

Suppose, we are flipping a coin 4 times and we want to know the probability of getting a head 3 out of 4 times.

The probability of getting a head, $p = 0.5$

The probability of getting a tail, $q = 0.5$

The probability of getting a head 3 out of 4 times will be $= pppq = 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5$

But out of 4 times, which trials will give head. For that, we will use combination. The 3 times when head will come out of 4 times can be arranged in C_3^4 ways.

Hence, probability of getting 3 heads out of 4 will be $C_3^4(0.5)^3(0.5)^1$

Formula

Suppose, n Bernoulli trials are made then the probability of getting r successes in n trials can be given by the formula,

$$P(r) = C_r^n p^r q^{n-r}$$

The term $\frac{n!}{r!(n-r)!}$ is known as binomial coefficient. For example, if a student is attempting five true or false questions, then find the probability of getting 3 correct answers.

Probability of success, $p = 0.5$

Probability of failure, $q = 0.5$

Probability of getting 3 correct answers = $C_3^5(0.5)^3(0.5)^2 = 0.3125$.

Bernoulli Trial Conditions

The characteristics of a Bernoulli trial are:

- 1) It can have only two outcomes, that can be labelled as success and failure.
- 2) Probability of success and failure remains same through each trial.
- 3) The trials are independent of each other.
- 4) Number of trials are fixed.

If p is the probability of success, then the probability of failure, $q = 1 - p$.

Bernoulli Trial Binomial Distribution

If a trial is done n times, then to find the probability of success happening r times, probability distribution formula is used. The Bernoulli trial binomial distribution formula is given as:

$P(X = r) = C_r^n p^r q^{n-r}$ This formula can give solutions to problems like the probability of r success in n trials, probability of at least one success in n trials probability of no success in n trials, probability of at least one failure in n trials and probability of at most r success in n trials.

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