## MA427 – Exercise set 1 Academic year 2018-19

Exercise 1.1 Solve the following two LPs using Fourier-Motzkin elimination:

(a)  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} \le \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ 

(b)  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} \le \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ 

Exercise 1.2 Apply Farkas' lemma for the following system (that is, formulate the alternative system).

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
2x_1 - 3x_2 + & 4x_3 & = & -1 \\
-x_1 - 2x_2 + & 3x_3 & \ge & 0 \\
x_2, x_3 & \ge & 0
\end{array}$$

**Exercise 1.3** Consider two polyhedra  $P = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : Ax \leq b\}$  and  $P' = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : A'x \leq b'\}$ , and assume they are disjoint:  $P \cap P' = \emptyset$ . Using Farkas' lemma, prove that there exists a hyperplane strictly separating these two polyhedra: there is a vector  $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$  such that  $\max\{c^{\top}x : x \in P\} < \min\{c^{\top}x : x \in P'\}$ .

Exercise 1.4 Consider the following LP:

$$\min \quad 3x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3 + x_4$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - x_4 \leq 4$$

$$2x_1 - x_2 + x_4 \geq 4$$

$$-x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 + x_4 = 2$$

$$x_1 \geq 0, x_3 \geq 0, x_4 \leq 0$$

- (a) Write the dual of the above problem.
- (b) Using the complementary slackness theorem, determine which of the following points is an optimal solution.  $(\frac{5}{3}, -\frac{2}{3}, 3, 0); (0, -\frac{26}{3}, 8, -\frac{14}{3}); (\frac{13}{6}, 0, \frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}).$

**Exercise 1.5** Formulate the dual of the system  $\max\{c^{\top}x: Ax \leq b, x \geq 0\}$ , and derive the strong duality theorem for this form using the form in the lecture notes.