!pip3 install http://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu80/torch-0.3.0.post4-cp36-cp36m-linux\_x86\_64.whl

```
Collecting torch==0.3.0.post4 from <a href="http://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu80/torch-0.3.0.post4-cp36-cp36m-linuxx86">http://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu80/torch-0.3.0.post4-cp36-cp36m-linuxx86</a> 64.whl
       Downloading http://download.pytorch.org/whl/cu80/torch-0.3.0.post4-cp36-cp36m-linux x86 64.whl (592.3MB)
                                         592.3MB 62.0MB/s
     Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torch==0.3.0.post4) (3.13)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torch==0.3.0.post4) (1.14.6)
     Installing collected packages: torch
     Successfully installed torch-0.3.0.post4
!pip3 install torchvision

→ Collecting torchvision

       {\tt Downloading} \  \, \underline{\texttt{https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/ca/0d/f00b2885711e08bd71242ebe7b96561e6f6d01fdb4b9dcf4d37e2e13c5e1} \\
                                                   ■| 61kB 2.9MB/s
     Requirement already satisfied: torch in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torchvision) (0.3.0.post4)
     Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torchvision) (1.14.6)
     Collecting pillow>=4.1.1 (from torchvision)
       {\tt Downloading} \  \  \frac{\texttt{https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/85/5e/e91792f198bbc5a0d7d3055ad552bc4062942d27eaf75c3e2783cf64eae5}{\texttt{https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/85/5e/e91792f198bbc5a0d7d3055ad552bc4062942d27eaf75c3e2783cf64eae5}
     100% | 2.0MB 12.4MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torchvision) (1.11.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: pyyaml in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from torch->torchvision) (3.13)
     Installing collected packages: pillow, torchvision
       Found existing installation: Pillow 4.0.0
         Uninstalling Pillow-4.0.0:
           Successfully uninstalled Pillow-4.0.0
     Successfully installed pillow-5.4.1 torchvision-0.2.1
Importing the basic libraries
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
from torch.autograd import Variable
import torch.optim as optim
import torch.nn.functional as F
import nltk
import random
import numpy as np
from collections import Counter, OrderedDict
import nltk
from copy import deepcopy
import os
import re
import unicodedata
flatten = lambda l: [item for sublist in l for item in sublist]
from torch.nn.utils.rnn import PackedSequence, pack_padded_sequence
random.seed(1024)
Checking if GPU is available or not.
USE_CUDA = torch.cuda.is_available()
apus = [0]
torch.cuda.set_device(gpus[0])
FloatTensor = torch.cuda.FloatTensor if USE_CUDA else torch.FloatTensor
LongTensor = torch.cuda.LongTensor if USE_CUDA else torch.LongTensor
ByteTensor = torch.cuda.ByteTensor if USE_CUDA else torch.ByteTensor
Splitting the training dataset into batches.
def getBatch(batch_size, train_data):
    random.shuffle(train_data)
    sindex=0
    eindex=batch_size
    while eindex < len(train_data):</pre>
        batch = train_data[sindex: eindex]
         temp = eindex
        eindex = eindex + batch_size
         sindex = temp
        yield batch
    if eindex >= len(train_data):
        batch = train_data[sindex:]
        yield batch
```

Padding all the sentences in order to make all the sentences of same length. Hence adding a unique character after all the sentences until the maximum legnth of the sentence is reached

```
def pad_to_batch(batch, w_to_ix):
         fact,q,a = list(zip(*batch))
        max_fact = max([len(f) for f in fact])
        max_len = max([f.size(1) for f in flatten(fact)])
        max_q = max([qq.size(1) for qq in q])
        max_a = max([aa.size(1) for aa in a])
         facts, fact_masks, q_p, a_p = [], [], [], []
         for i in range(len(batch)):
                  fact_p_t = []
                  for j in range(len(fact[i])):
                           if fact[i][j].size(1) < max_len:</pre>
                                    else:
                                     fact_p_t.append(fact[i][j])
                  while len(fact_p_t) < max_fact:</pre>
                           fact_p_t.append(Variable(LongTensor([w_to_ix['<PAD>']] * max_len)).view(1, -1))
                  fact_p_t = torch.cat(fact_p_t)
                  facts.append(fact_p_t)
                  fact_masks.append(torch.cat([Variable(ByteTensor(tuple(map(lambda s: s ==0, t.data))), volatile=False) for t in fact
                  if q[i].size(1) < max_q:
                            q_p.append(torch.cat([q[i], Variable(LongTensor([w_to_ix['<PAD>']] * (max_q - q[i].size(1)))).view(1, -1)], 1)) 
                  else:
                           q_p.append(q[i])
                  if a[i].size(1) < max_a:
                           a\_p.append(torch.cat([a[i], Variable(LongTensor([w\_to\_ix['<PAD>']] * (max\_a - a[i].size(1)))).view(1, -1)], 1))) \\
                           a_p.append(a[i])
        questions = torch.cat(q_p)
        answers = torch.cat(a_p)
         question\_masks = torch.cat([Variable(ByteTensor(tuple(map(lambda s: s ==0, t.data))), volatile=False) for t in questions to the property of 
         return facts, fact_masks, questions, question_masks, answers
Preparing the sentences for the model input. If the word in not there in out vocabulary then is labelled as UNK
```

```
def prepare_sequence(seq, to_index):
   idxs = list(map(lambda w: to_index[w] if to_index.get(w) is not None else to_index["<UNK>"], seq))
   return Variable(LongTensor(idxs))
```

Reading the data from the text file which is used for training the model. s is added in front of all the sentence to demarkate starting of a new sentence

```
data = open('qa5_three-arg-relations_train.txt').readlines()
data = [d[:-1] for d in data]
train_data = []
fact=[]
qa=[]
for d in data:
   index=d.split(' ')[0]
    if(index=='1'):
        fact=[]
        qa=[]
    if('?' in d):
        temp = d.split('\t')
        ques = temp[0].strip().replace('?', '').split(' ')[1:] + ['?']
       ans=temp[1].split() + ['</s>']
       temp_s = deepcopy(fact)
       train_data.append([temp_s, ques, ans])
   else:
        fact.append(d.replace('.', '').split(' ')[1:] + ['</s>'])
fact,q,a = list(zip(*train_data))
vocab = list(set(flatten(flatten(fact)) + flatten(q) + flatten(a)))
```

Converting the sentences (text) into numbers

```
word_to_index={'<PAD>': 0, '<UNK>': 1, '<s>': 2, '</s>': 3}
for vo in vocab:
    if word to index.get(vo) is None:
        word_to_index[vo] = len(word_to_index)
index_to_word = {v:k for k, v in word_to_index.items()}
for s in train_data:
    for i, fact in enumerate(s[0]):
        s[0][i] = prepare_sequence(fact, word_to_index).view(1, -1)
    s[1] = prepare_sequence(s[1], word_to_index).view(1, -1)
    s[2] = prepare_sequence(s[2], word_to_index).view(1, -1)
Creating the dynamic neural network architecture using GRU and Linear Dense connected layers.
class DMN(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, input_size, hidden_size, output_size, dropout_p=0.1):
        super(DMN, self).__init__()
        self.hidden_size=hidden_size
        self.embedding = nn.Embedding(input_size, hidden_size)
        self.fact_gru = nn.GRU(hidden_size, hidden_size, batch_first=True)
self.ques_gru = nn.GRU(hidden_size, hidden_size, batch_first=True)
        self.attn_weights = nn.Sequential(nn.Linear(4*hidden_size, hidden_size), nn.Tanh(), nn.Linear(hidden_size, 1), nn.Sc
        self.epsisodic_grucell = nn.GRUCell(hidden_size, hidden_size)
        self.memory_grucell = nn.GRUCell(hidden_size, hidden_size)
        self.ans_grucell = nn.GRUCell(2*hidden_size, hidden_size)
        self.ans_fc = nn.Linear(hidden_size, output_size)
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(dropout_p)
    def init_hidden(self, inputs):
        hidden = Variable(torch.zeros(1, inputs.size(0), self.hidden_size))
        return hidden.cuda() if USE_CUDA else hidden
    def init weight(self):
        nn.init.xavier_uniform(self.embedding.state_dict()['weight'])
        for name, param in self.fact_gru.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier_normal(param)
        for name, param in self.ques_gru.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier_normal(param)
        for name, param in self.attn_weights.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier normal(param)
        for name, param in self.epsisodic_grucell.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier_normal(param)
        for name, param in self.memory_grucell.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier_normal(param)
        for name, param in self.ans_grucell.state_dict().items():
            if 'weight' in name: nn.init.xavier_normal(param)
        nn.init.xavier_normal(self.ans_fc.state_dict()['weight'])
        self.ans_fc.bias.data.fill_(0)
    def forward(self, facts, facts_masks, question, question_masks, num_decode, episodes=3, is_training=True):
        #input module
        concated=[]
        for fact, fact_mask in zip(facts, facts_masks):
            embedded = self.embedding(fact)
            if(is_training):
                embedded = self.dropout(embedded)
            hidden = self.init_hidden(fact)
            output, hidden = self.fact_gru(embedded, hidden)
            hidden_real = []
            for i, o in enumerate(output):
                length = fact_mask[i].data.tolist().count(0)
                hidden_real.append(o[length-1])
            concated.append(torch.cat(hidden_real).view(fact.size(0), -1).unsqueeze(0))
        encoded_facts = torch.cat(concated)
        #auestion module
        hidden=self.init_hidden(question)
        embedded = self.embedding(question)
        if(is_training):
                embedded = self.dropout(embedded)
        output, hidden = self.ques_gru(embedded, hidden)
        if is_training == True:
```

```
Question 10 NLP - Colab
             real_question = []
             for i, o in enumerate(output): # B,T,D
                 real length = guestion masks[i].data.tolist().count(0)
                 real_question.append(o[real_length - 1])
             encoded_question = torch.cat(real_question).view(questions.size(0), -1) # B,D
        else: # for inference mode
             encoded_question = hidden.squeeze(0) # B,D
        #episodic memory module
        memory = encoded_question
        T_C = encoded_facts.size(1)
        B = encoded_facts.size(0)
         for i in range(episodes):
             hidden = self.init_hidden(encoded_facts.transpose(0, 1)[0]).squeeze(0) # B,D
             for t in range(T_C):
                 z = torch.cat([
                                        encoded_facts.transpose(0, 1)[t] * encoded_question, # B,D , element-wise product
                                       \label{eq:encoded_facts.transpose} \begin{picture}(0,1)[t] * memory, \# B,D \ , element-wise product torch.abs(encoded_facts.transpose(0,1)[t] - encoded_question), \# B,D \end{picture}
                                        torch.abs(encoded_facts.transpose(0,1)[t] - memory) # B,D
                                   1. 1)
                 g_t = self.attn_weights(z) # B,1 scalar
                 \label{eq:hidden} \mbox{hidden} = \mbox{g_t} * \mbox{self.epsisodic\_grucell(encoded\_facts.transpose(0, 1)[t], hidden)} + (1 - \mbox{g_t}) * \mbox{hidden}
             e = hidden
             memory = self.memory_grucell(e, memory)
        # Answer Module
         answer_hidden = memory
         start_decode = Variable(LongTensor([[word_to_index['<s>']] * memory.size(0)])).transpose(0, 1)
        y_t_1 = self.embedding(start_decode).squeeze(1) # B,D
        decodes = []
         for t in range(num_decode):
             answer_hidden = self.ans_grucell(torch.cat([y_t_1, encoded_question], 1), answer_hidden)
             decodes.append(F.log_softmax(self.ans_fc(answer_hidden),1))
         return torch.cat(decodes, 1).view(B * num_decode, -1)
Defining the hyperparameters
HIDDEN_SIZE = 80
BATCH_SIZE = 64
LR = 0.001
EPOCH = 50
NUM_EPISODE = 3
EARLY_STOPPING = False
Initializing the DMN model.
model = DMN(len(word_to_index), HIDDEN_SIZE, len(word_to_index))
model.init_weight()
if USE_CUDA:
    model = model.cuda()
loss_function = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index=0)
optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=LR)
Training the model on the dataset and using CrossEntropyLoss along with Adam optimizer.
 for epoch in range(EPOCH):
    losses = []
    if EARLY_STOPPING:
        break
    for i,batch in enumerate(getBatch(BATCH_SIZE, train_data)):
        facts, fact_masks, questions, question_masks, answers = pad_to_batch(batch, word_to_index)
        model.zero_grad()
        \verb|pred| = \verb|model| (facts, fact_masks, questions, question_masks, answers.size(1), \verb|NUM_EPISODE|, True|)|
         loss = loss_function(pred, answers.view(-1))
         losses.append(loss.data.tolist()[0])
         loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
```

```
if i % 100 == 0:
            print("[%d/%d] mean loss : %0.2f" %(epoch, EPOCH, np.mean(losses)))
            if np.mean(losses) < 0.01:</pre>
                 EARLY STOPPING = True
                 print("Early Stopping!")
                break
            losses = []
🚁 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/container.py:67: UserWarning: Implicit dimension choice for soft
       input = module(input)
     [0/50] mean_loss: 3.83
     [0/50] mean_loss : 1.29
[1/50] mean_loss : 0.69
     [1/50] mean_loss : 0.65
     [2/50] mean_loss: 0.65
     [2/50] mean_loss: 0.65
     [3/50] mean_loss: 0.65
     [3/50] mean_loss : 0.65
     [4/50] mean_loss : 0.63
     [4/50] mean_loss : 0.63
     [5/50] mean_loss : 0.61
     [5/50] mean loss : 0.62
     [6/50] mean_loss : 0.61
     [6/50] mean_loss : 0.62
     [7/50] mean_loss : 0.61
     [7/50] mean_loss : 0.62
     [8/50] mean_loss : 0.60
     [8/50] mean_loss : 0.61
     [9/50] mean_loss : 0.59
     [9/50] mean_loss : 0.61
     [10/50] mean_loss : 0.51
     [10/50] mean_loss : 0.49
     [11/50] mean_loss : 0.39
     [11/50] mean_loss : 0.39
[12/50] mean_loss : 0.35
     [12/50] mean_loss : 0.39
     [13/50] mean_loss : 0.40
     [13/50] mean_loss : 0.36
     [14/50] mean_loss : 0.29
     [14/50] mean_loss : 0.31
     [15/50] mean_loss : 0.33
     [15/50] mean_loss : 0.30
     [16/50] mean_loss : 0.29
     [16/50] mean_loss : 0.27
     [17/50] mean_loss : 0.24
[17/50] mean_loss : 0.18
     [18/50] mean_loss : 0.13
     [18/50] mean_loss : 0.15
     [19/50] mean_loss : 0.16
     [19/50] mean_loss: 0.14
     [20/50] mean_loss : 0.12
     [20/50] mean_loss : 0.14
     [21/50] mean_loss : 0.17
     [21/50] mean_loss : 0.14
     [22/50] mean_loss : 0.12
     [22/50] mean_loss : 0.14
     [23/50] mean_loss : 0.17
     [23/50] mean_loss : 0.13
     [24/50] mean_loss: 0.08
     [24/50] mean_loss : 0.08
     [25/50] mean_loss : 0.03
     [25/50] mean_loss : 0.03
     [26/50] mean_loss : 0.01
     Early Stopping!
torch.save(model, 'DMN.pkl')
# Uncomment to load the existing model
# model = torch.load('DMN.pkl')
   /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/torch/serialization.py:158: UserWarning: Couldn't retrieve source code for contai
              ' + obj.__name__ + ". It won't be checked
       'type
Creating a function for padding the new incoming text for predictions
def pad_to_fact(fact, x_to_ix): # this is for inference
    max_x = max([s.size(1) for s in fact])
    x_p = []
    for i in range(len(fact)):
        if fact[i].size(1) < max_x:</pre>
             x\_p.append(torch.cat([fact[i], Variable(LongTensor([x\_to\_ix['<PAD>']] * (max\_x - fact[i].size(1)))).view(1, -1)] 
        else:
            x_p.append(fact[i])
```

fact mask = torch.cat([Variable(ByteTensor(tuple(map(lambda s: s ==0, t.data))), volatile=False) for t in fact]).view(fa

fact = torch.cat(x\_p)

```
return fact, fact_mask
Reading the test prediction file applying the same pre processing on the test data.
data = open('qa5_three-arg-relations_test.txt').readlines()
data = [d[:-1] for d in data]
test_data = []
fact=[]
qa=[]
for d in data:
    index=d.split(' ')[0]
    if(index=='1'):
       fact=[]
        qa=[]
    if('?' in d):
        temp = d.split('\t')
        ques = temp[0].strip().replace('?', '').split(' ')[1:] + ['?']
        ans=temp[1].split() + ['</s>']
        temp_s = deepcopy(fact)
        test_data.append([temp_s, ques, ans])
    else:
        fact.append(d.replace('.', '').split(' ')[1:] + ['</s>'])
for t in test_data:
    for i, fact in enumerate(t[0]):
        t[0][i] = prepare_sequence(fact, word_to_index).view(1, -1)
    t[1] = prepare\_sequence(t[1], word\_to\_index).view(1, -1)
    t[2] = prepare_sequence(t[2], word_to_index).view(1, -1)
Checking the accuracy of the model on the testing data.
accuracy = 0
for t in test_data:
    fact, fact_mask = pad_to_fact(t[0], word_to_index)
    question = t[1]
    question\_mask = Variable(ByteTensor([0] * t[1].size(1)), requires\_grad=False).unsqueeze(0)
    answer = t[2].squeeze(0)
    model.zero_grad()
    pred = model([fact], \ [fact\_mask], \ question\_mask, \ answer.size(0), \ NUM\_EPISODE, \ False)
    if pred.max(1)[1].data.tolist() == answer.data.tolist():
        accuracy += 1
print(accuracy/len(test_data) * 100)
🚁 /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/container.py:67: UserWarning: Implicit dimension choice for soft
      input = module(input)
    97.8999999999999
t = random.choice(test_data)
fact, fact_mask = pad_to_fact(t[0], word_to_index)
question = t[1]
question_mask = Variable(ByteTensor([0] * t[1].size(1)), requires_grad=False).unsqueeze(0)
answer = t[2].squeeze(0)
model.zero_grad()
pred = model([fact], [fact_mask], question, question_mask, answer.size(0), NUM_EPISODE, False)
print("Facts : ")
print('\n'.join([' '.join(list(map(lambda x: index_to_word[x],f))) for f in fact.data.tolist()]))
print("")
print("Question : ",' '.join(list(map(lambda x: index_to_word[x], question.data.tolist()[0]))))
print("")
print("Answer : ",' '.join(list(map(lambda x: index_to_word[x], answer.data.tolist()))))
print("Prediction : ",' '.join(list(map(lambda x: index_to_word[x], pred.max(1)[1].data.tolist()))))
    Facts:
    Mary moved to the hallway </s> <PAD>
    Jeff moved to the office </s> <PAD>
    Jeff grabbed the football there </s> <PAD>
    Bill moved to the bathroom </s> <PAD>
    Mary travelled to the bathroom </s> <PAD>
    Mary went to the kitchen </s> <PAD>
    Bill travelled to the hallway </s> <PAD>
    Jeff put down the football </s> <PAD>
```

Mary moved to the bathroom </s> <PAD> Jeff journeyed to the garden </s> <PAD>
Jeff travelled to the bathroom </s> <PAD> Fred went to the hallway </s> <PAD>
Fred went to the bedroom </s> <PAD> Bill grabbed the milk there </s> <PAD> Fred travelled to the office </s> <PAD> Bill put down the milk </s> <PAD> Fred picked up the football there </s> Bill got the milk there </s> <PAD> Jeff went back to the hallway </s> Bill handed the milk to Jeff </s> Fred travelled to the garden </s> <PAD>
Jeff passed the milk to Bill </s>

Question: Who gave the milk to Bill?

Answer : Jeff </s> Prediction: Jeff </s>

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/torch/nn/modules/container.py:67: UserWarning: Implicit dimension choice for soft

input = module(input)

Start coding or generate with AI.