Extra uppgifter, derivata och integraler

Du har följande funktioner:

- a) $f(x) = 3\sin(4x 1)$
- b) $f(x) = 3\sin(4x) 1$
- c) $f(x) = 2\cos(-x)$
- d) $f(x) = e^{3x} + x 1$
- e) $f(t) = 3\sin(\omega t + 30^{\circ}) 4\cos(\omega t 45^{\circ})$
- $f(x) = \frac{1}{x} + x$
- g) $f(x) = (x^3 1)(x + 1)$
- h) $f(t) = 400\sin(2\pi \cdot f \cdot t + \frac{\pi}{4})$
- i) $f(x) = \ln(x) 1$
- j) $f(x) = e^{2x} + e^x + 1$
- $k) \quad f(x) = e^{\cos(x)}$
- 1) $f(x) = x\sin(x)$
- m) $f(x) = x^2 \sin(x)$ n) $f(x) = \frac{x}{\cos(x)}$
- o) $f(x) = e^{(x^2)}$
- 1. Bestäm derivatorna till samtliga funktioner.
- 2. Bestäm primitiva funktionen till funktionerna a)-j).
- 3. Beräkna integralerna för funktionerna a)-d) i intervallet 0 till 1 (dvs. från x=0 till x=1).

Svar:

1.

a.
$$f'(x) = 12\cos(4x - 1)$$

b.
$$f'(x) = 12\cos(4x)$$

c.
$$f'^{(x)} = 2\sin(-x) = -2\sin(x)$$

d.
$$f'(x) = 3e^{3x} + 1$$

e.
$$f'(t) = 3\omega \cos(\omega t + 30^{\circ}) + 4\omega \sin(\omega t - 45^{\circ})$$

f.
$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + 1$$

g.
$$f'(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 - 1$$

f.
$$f'(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2} + 1$$

g. $f'(x) = 4x^3 + 3x^2 - 1$
h. $f'(t) = 800\pi f \cos(2\pi \cdot f \cdot t + \frac{\pi}{4})$

i.
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

i.
$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

j. $f'(x) = 2e^{2x} + e^x$

k.
$$f'^{(x)} = -\sin(x)e^{\cos(x)}$$

$$I. \quad f'^{(x)} = \sin(x) + x\cos(x)$$

m.
$$f'(x) = 2x\sin(x) + x^2\cos(x)$$

n.
$$f'(x) = \frac{\cos(x) + x\sin(x)}{\cos^2(x)}$$

o.
$$f(x) = 2xe^{(x^2)}$$

2.

a.
$$F(x) = -\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x - 1) + C$$

b.
$$F(x) = -\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x) - x + 0$$

c.
$$F(x) = -2\sin(-x) + C = 2\sin(x) + C$$

d.
$$F(x) = \frac{e^{3x}}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - x + C$$

a.
$$F(x) = -\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x - 1) + C$$

b. $F(x) = -\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x) - x + C$
c. $F(x) = -2\sin(-x) + C = 2\sin(x) + C$
d. $F(x) = \frac{e^{3x}}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - x + C$
e. $F(t) = -\frac{3}{\omega}\cos(\omega t - 30^\circ) - \frac{4}{\omega}\sin(\omega t - 45^\circ) + C$

f.
$$F(x) = \ln|x| + \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

g.
$$F(x) = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} - x + C$$

f.
$$F(x) = \ln|x| + \frac{x^2}{2} + C$$

g. $F(x) = \frac{x^5}{5} + \frac{x^4}{4} - \frac{x^2}{2} - x + C$
h. $F(t) = -\frac{200}{\pi \cdot f} \cos\left(2\pi \cdot f \cdot t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + C$

i.
$$F(x) = x \ln(x) - 2x + C$$

j.
$$F(x) = \frac{e^{2x}}{2} + e^x + 1 + C$$

3.

a.
$$\left[-\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x-1) \right]_0^1 = -\frac{3}{4}(\cos(3) - \cos(-1)) \approx 1.15$$

b.
$$\left[-\frac{3}{4}\cos(4x) - x \right]_0^1 = -\frac{3}{4}\cos(4) - 1 + \frac{3}{4}\cos(0) \approx 0.24$$

c.
$$[-2\sin(-x)]_0^1 = -2\sin(-1) + 2\sin(0) \approx 1,68$$

d.
$$\left[\frac{e^{3x}}{3} + \frac{x^2}{2} - x\right]_0^1 = \frac{e^3}{3} + \frac{1}{2} - 1 - \frac{1}{3} \approx 5,86$$