

# Operating System for the Raspberry Pi

A Unix-like Kernel, Shell, and Coreutils for the 64-bit Raspberry Pi 3b

**Sam Whitehead** - 14325283  
psysrw@nottingham.ac.uk  
Msci Computer Science

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Project Supervisor: Steve Bagley  
University of Nottingham

# 1 Aims and Objectives

I am aiming to produce a Unix-like Operating System which is capable of being used as a general purpose hobbyist OS. The objectives of the project are as follows.

## OS components/features I expect to complete

- Microkernel with UART serial output and graphics driver for the Pi's HDMI video output. User interaction will use the display and read from the keyboard.
- Shell (hopefully POSIX-compliant) with scripting capabilities. Depending on time constraints, this may be a port of Dash [2].
- Multi-process system allowing multiple processes to time-share the CPU with a process scheduler.
- An implementation of the System V ABI for executable files (statically compiled ELF files).
- Suite of core utilities (like those provided by GNU) - these may be partially or totally ported from the GNU coreutils [3].
- An init program for starting the OS's essentials and for starting the root\* shell.
- A service manager for starting services at boot and ensuring that they remain running, restarting them if they fail. This may be bundled with the init system, like with systemd on most Linux distributions, or may be a separate program.

## Nice-to-haves

- A threads system with multithreading support (multiple threads owned by one process).
- A multi-user system with basic passwords and access control on files (file/directory ownership).
- Runs on hardware (not just a VM/emulator).

# 2 Work Plan

## Tasks

Tasks are the individual components of the project, separated into the components of the Kernel and Shell, the miscellaneous parts, and the documents I will need to produce for the project. These tasks are enumerated in Table 1 and then assembled into a Gantt chart in Figure 1.

## Work Packages

A “Work Package” is a collection of tasks with a well-defined deliverable. Not every task will be part of a work package, and some tasks will be work packages on their own. Table 2 contains all of the work packages for this project.

## References

- [1] Maurice J. Bach. *The Design of the UNIX Operating System*. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1986. ISBN: 978-0132017992.
- [2] *Debian Almquist Shell (Dash)*. URL: <https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/dash/dash.git/> (visited on 2021-10-26).
- [3] *GNU Coreutils*. URL: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/> (visited on 2021-10-26).
- [4] Brian W. Kernighan and Rob Pike. *The UNIX Programming Environment*. Prentice-Hall, Inc., 1984. ISBN: 978-0139376818.
- [5] *The OSDev Wiki*. URL: [wiki.osdev.org](http://wiki.osdev.org) (visited on 2021-10-20).

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\*Here, “root” means PID 0, not a root user (although if users are implemented, it would be both).

Task	Duration (weeks)
<b>Kernel</b>	
Bootloader	1
Graphics driver	2
Syscalls	6
Filesystem	3
Statically linked ELF Loader	2
Memory management	4
Process control	8
Init system and service manager	5
Threads and multithreading	4
<b>Shell</b>	
Debug shell	2
<code>pwd</code> , <code>cd</code> , <code>ls</code> , <code>stat</code> , etc.	2
<code>export</code> , variables, <code>set</code> , etc.	2
<code>if</code> , <code>while</code> , <code>for</code> , <code>case</code> , globs, etc.	3
Command substitution	4
IO pipes and output redirection	1
<b>Misc parts</b>	
Setup cross-compiler and build environment	1
IO and strings libraries	2
<code>libc</code>	8
<code>cat</code> , <code>head</code> , <code>less</code> , etc.	2
<code>roff</code>	1
<code>man</code>	1
<b>Documents</b>	
Interim report	1
Documentation	5
Dissertation	7

Table 1: The plan of work for the project, including how many weeks I think each component will take.

Work package	Description of the deliverable
Debug shell using the graphics driver	A debug shell which is printed on the Pi's display and which uses keyboard input. The debug shell should accept several commands for debugging the processor status (including, but not limited to, printing the contents of memory, writing to memory, and jumping to a given memory address).
A basic kernel which can load (from disk) and jump into a compiled ELF program.	A program that can load a statically compiled ELF executable binary into memory and then jump to its entry point. This requires a filesystem library to be implemented, and also includes the ELF loader task.
Scheduling algorithm	A scheduling algorithm with support for multiple processes running on the system concurrently. This will include an implementation of <code>fork(3)</code> or a similar function in order to spawn new processes and <code>execve(2)</code> to replace the current program with a new process.
Init system and service manager	An init system which is run at boot and starts all necessary parts of the OS and then spawns the root shell. The service manager ensures that all desired daemons and processes are started at the correct times and remain running, restarting them if they die.
A shell	A (POSIX-compliant) shell <b>or</b> a port of a simple shell like Dash[2]. If I decide that implementing my own POSIX-compliant shell is too large of a task, then I will port the source code for Dash to run on my OS, implementing the required syscalls to get it working. This shell will be the main way users interact with the OS.
Documentation	This package contains several parts. I will create documentation for how each part of the OS works, and a guide for how new programmers can get started developing programs for the system. The documentation will be completed in stages as I develop the operating system, and I will go back to keep it up-to-date as I make changes to components and add new components.
Multithreading support and multi-core scheduling	The Pi 3 has 4 CPU cores. This work package will enable users to take advantage of the additional processing power of the other 3 cores for their programs. This includes a threading library similar to <code>pthread</code> on Linux systems, and improvements to the scheduler so that it can give different CPU cores to multiple threads owned by the same process. <b>This work package is optional.</b>

Table 2: The work packages of the project and their deliverables.

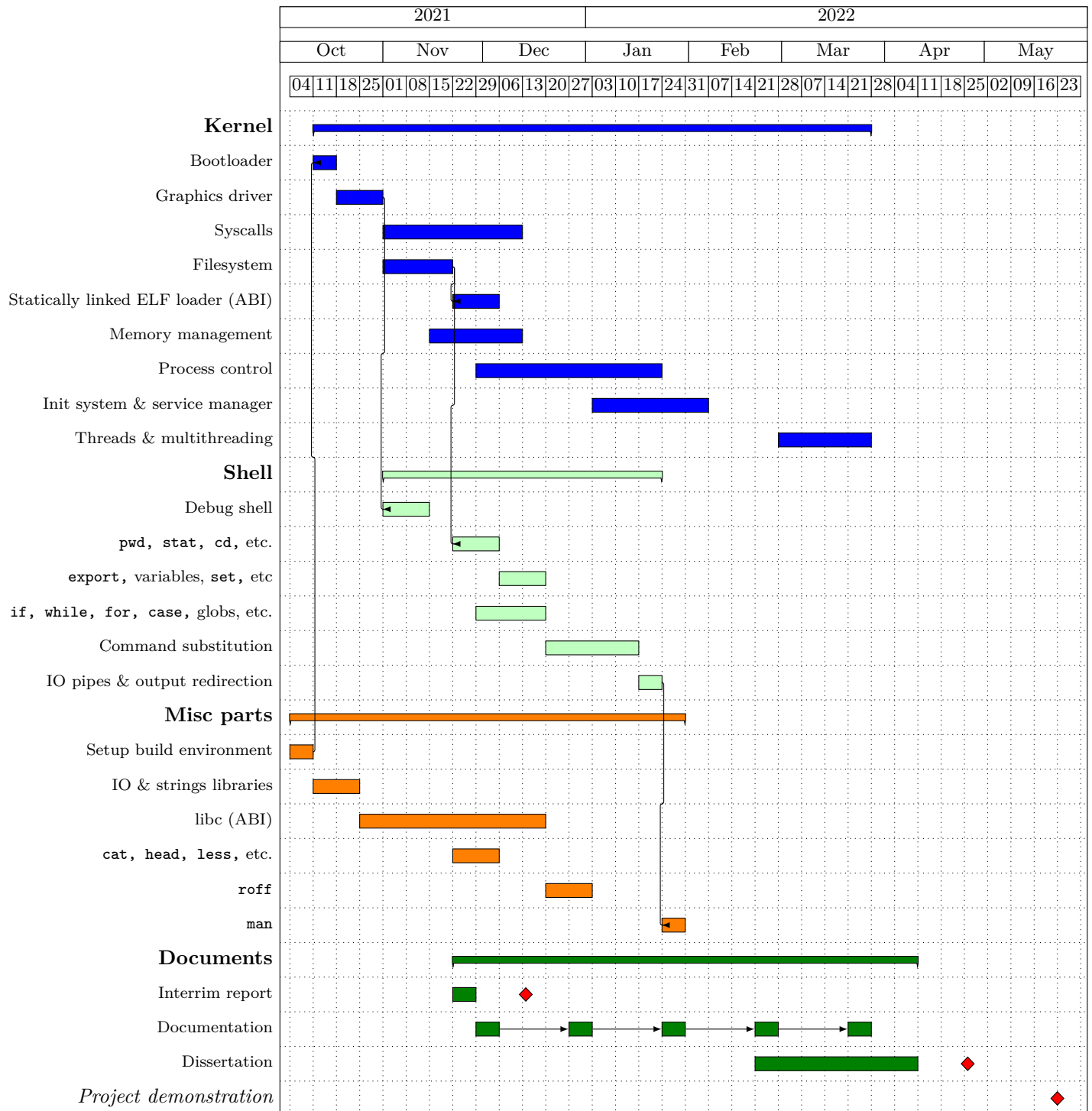


Figure 1: A Gantt chart breaking down the proposed schedule of work for this project.