

Kyiv 2019 Generalization

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9 May 2019

Let a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n be positive real numbers such that $a_1 a_2 \dots a_n \geq 1$. Prove that

$$a_1^{n+1} + a_2^n + \dots + a_n^2 \geq a_1^n + a_2^{n-1} + \dots + a_n.$$

We prove the stronger statement that

$$\sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c+1-k} \geq \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c-k}$$

for any $c > 0$.

Write

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c+1-k} &= \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(n+c-k)a_k^{n+c+1-k} + 1}{n+c-k} - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{n+c-k} \\ &\geq \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{(n+c+1-k)a_k^{n+c-k}}{n+c-k} - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{n+c-k} \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c-k} a_k + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{a_k^{n+c-k} + n+c-1-k}{n+c-k} - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{n+c-1-k}{n+c-k} - \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{n+c-k} \\ &\geq \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c-k} + \sum_{k=1}^n a_k - n \\ &\geq \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c-k} + n \prod_{k=1}^n a_k^{1/n} - n \\ &\geq \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+c-k} \end{aligned}$$

as desired. ■

Remark. By taking limits as $c \rightarrow 0$, we deduce that $\sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n+1-k} \geq \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^{n-k}$.