

# 2008 China TST Quiz 6 #2

Tristan Shin

30 Apr 2019

Prove that for all  $n \geq 2$ , there exists a polynomial  $f(x) = x^n + a_1x^{n-1} + \dots + a_n$  such that:

- (1)  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  are all non-zero;
- (2)  $f(x)$  cannot be factored into the product of two non-constant polynomials with integer coefficients;
- (3) For any integer  $x$ ,  $|f(x)|$  is not prime.

---

Consider the polynomial  $f(x) = x^n + 210(x^{n-1} + \dots + x^2) + 105x + 5$ . This is constructed so that:

- $f$  only outputs even numbers
- $f$  is irreducible by Eisenstein on  $p = 5$
- $f - 2$  is irreducible by Eisenstein on  $p = 3$
- $f + 2$  is irreducible by Eisenstein on  $p = 7$

Thus  $|f(x)|$  is an even integer but not 2 and is thus composite. ■