2003 USAMO #4

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 $21~\mathrm{Apr}~2019$

Let ABC be a triangle. A circle passing through A and B intersects segments AC and BC at D and E, respectively. Lines AB and DE intersect at F, while lines BD and CF intersect at M. Prove that MF = MC if and only if $MB \cdot MD = MC^2$.

Reflect D over M to get D'. Then

$$\angle FBC = \angle ABE = \angle ADE = \angle CDF = \angle FD'C$$

so FBCD' is cyclic. By Power of a Point,

$$MB \cdot MD' = MC \cdot MF \implies MB \cdot MD = MC \cdot MF.$$

The conclusion follows.