Available as of v1.4.0

Harvester allows you to encrypt and decrypt virtual machine images. The encryption mechanism utilizes the Linux kernel module dm_crypt and the command-line utility cryptsetup.

Prerequisites

Prepare the following resources:

• Secret: A Kubernetes secret is used as the passphrase of dm_crypt. You must specify the value of the CRYPTO_KEY_VALUE field. All other fields are fixed.

Example Secret:

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Secret
metadata:
name: encryption
namespace: default
data:
CRYPTO_KEY_CIPHER: aes-xts-plain64
CRYPTO_KEY_HASH: sha256
CRYPTO_KEY_PROVIDER: secret
CRYPTO_KEY_SIZE: 256
CRYPTO_KEY_VALUE: "Your encryption passphrase"
CRYPTO_PBKDF: argon2i
```

:::info important

The example contains the default YAML code for Kubernetes secrets. Aside from this, you can use <u>encryption options for LUKS mode</u>, which is a cryptsetup operating mode. Harvester v1.4.1 and later versions support these options, but you must verify that these are supported by your nodes.

Option	Possible Values
CRYPTO_KEY_CIPHER	aes-xts-plain, aes-xts-plain64, aes-cbc-plain, aes-cbc-plain64, aes-cbc-essiv:sha256
CRYPTO_KEY_HASH	sha256, sha384, sha512
CRYPTO_KEY_SIZE	256, 384, 512
CRYPTO_PBKDF	argon2i, argon2id, pbkdf2

You can create a secret in the system namespace using kubectl or the Harvester UI (**Edit as YAML** feature). Resources in the system namespace are not displayed on the Harvester UI **Secrets** screen. :::

 StorageClass: Images are encrypted using Longhorn, so required fields must be passed to the Longhorn CSI Driver. You can specify the encryption secret when creating a StorageClass. For more information, see Image StorageClass.

Example of a StorageClass:

```
allowVolumeExpansion: true
apiVersion: storage.k8s.io/v1
kind: StorageClass
metadata:
 name: encryption
parameters:
  csi.storage.k8s.io/node-publish-secret-name: encryption
  csi.storage.k8s.io/node-publish-secret-namespace: default
  csi.storage.k8s.io/node-stage-secret-name: encryption
  csi.storage.k8s.io/node-stage-secret-namespace: default
  csi.storage.k8s.io/provisioner-secret-name: encryption
  csi.storage.k8s.io/provisioner-secret-namespace: default
  encrypted: "true"
  migratable: "true"
  numberOfReplicas: "3"
  staleReplicaTimeout: "2880"
provisioner: driver.longhorn.io
reclaimPolicy: Delete
volumeBindingMode: Immediate
```

:::info important

You can create a secret in the system namespace using the Harvester UI (**Edit as YAML** feature) and kubectl. Resources in the system namespace are not displayed on the Harvester UI **Secrets** screen.

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Encrypted Volumes

You can create an encrypted volume using an encrypted StorageClass on the following UI locations:

• Volumes: Create screen



• Volumes tab on the Virtual Machine: Create screen



Advanced Usage with Rancher Integration

The secret is an unencrypted Base64-encoded string. To keep the secret safe, you can use projects and namespaces to isolate permissions. For more information, see <u>Multi-Tenancy</u>.

Limitations

You cannot perform the following actions:

- Export a new volume from an encrypted volume
- Restore an encrypted volume to an unencrypted volume
- Restore an unencrypted volume to an encrypted volume