

312706019 Assignment 1

For the kernel compilation part:

Paste the screenshot of the results of executing `uname -a` and `cat /etc/os-release` commands.

```
zhuyan1228@zhuyan1228:~$ uname -a
Linux zhuyan1228 5.19.12-os-312706019 #1 SMP Mon Oct 23 03:35:05 UTC 2023 aarch64 aarch64 aarch64 GNU/Linux
zhuyan1228@zhuyan1228:~$ cat /etc/os-release
PRETTY_NAME="Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS"
NAME="Ubuntu"
VERSION_ID="22.04"
VERSION="22.04.3 LTS (Jammy Jellyfish)"
VERSION_CODENAME=jammy
ID=ubuntu
ID_LIKE=debian
HOME_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/"
SUPPORT_URL="https://help.ubuntu.com/"
BUG_REPORT_URL="https://bugs.launchpad.net/ubuntu/"
PRIVACY_POLICY_URL="https://www.ubuntu.com/legal/terms-and-policies/privacy-policy"
UBUNTU_CODENAME=jammy
```

For the system call part:

1. sys_hello:

- a. create the folder hello to store system call files. (in linux-5.19.12)

Then, create a file **hello.c** to implement our system call:

```
1  #include <linux/kernel.h>
2  #include <linux/syscalls.h>
3
4  SYSCALL_DEFINE0(hello)
5  {
6      printk("Hello world\n");
7      printk("312706019\n");
8      return 0;
9  }
```

And create a **Makefile** for our system call, also in the same hello file:

```
obj-y := hello.o
```

- b. Modify kernel's **Makefile** (in linux-5.19.12), add our system call module in it. Ensure our system call file can be found.

```
ifeq ($(KBUILD_EXTMOD),)
core-y      += kernel/ certs/ mm/ fs/ ipc/ security/ crypto/ hello/ revstr/
core-$(CONFIG_BLOCK) += block/
core-$(CONFIG_IO_URING) += io_uring/
```

- c. Move to `linux-5.19.12/include/uapi/asm-generic`, modify the file of **unistd.h**. add system call into this table, define our `sys_hello`. and change `__NR_syscalls` number to the last one.

```
889 #define __NR_hello 451
890 __SYSCALL(__NR_hello, sys_hello)
891
892 #define __NR_revstr 452
893 __SYSCALL(__NR_revstr, sys_revstr)
894
895 #undef __NR_syscalls
896 #define __NR_syscalls 453
```

- d. Move to `linux-5.19.12/include/linux`, modify the file of **syscalls.h**. Add our system call to kernel header file.

```
1388 asmlinkage long sys_hello(void);
1389 asmlinkage long sys_revstr(int len, char __user *str);
1390 #endif
```

- e. Then compile our kernel again and reboot.
- f. Move to user program: create the file name **test.c**, compile it to invoke the system call `sys_hello`

```
1 #include <assert.h>
2 #include <unistd.h>
3 #include <sys/syscall.h>
4
5 #include <stdio.h>
6
7 /*
8  * You must copy the __NR_hello marco from
9  * <your-kernel-build-dir>/arch/x86/include/generated/uapi/asm/unistd_64.h
10  * In this example, the value of __NR_hello is 548
11  */
12 #define __NR_hello 451
13
14 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
15     int ret = syscall(__NR_hello);
16     printf("%d\n", ret);
17     assert(ret == 0);
18
19     return 0;
20 }
```

- g. Use `dmesg` command, show the screenshot of the messages the system call printed:

```
[ 188.002395] Hello world
[ 188.002406] 312706019
```

2. sys_revstr:

- a. create the folder revstr to store system call files. (in linux-5.19.12)

Then, create a file **revstr.c** to implement our system call

```
1  #include <linux/kernel.h>
2  #include <linux/syscalls.h>
3
4  SYSCALL_DEFINE2(revstr, int, len, char __user *, str)
5  {
6      int i = 0;
7      int j = len - 1;
8      char *kstr;
9      unsigned long ret;
10     kstr = (char *)kmalloc(len + 1, GFP_KERNEL);
11     if (!kstr)
12         return -ENOMEM;
13     if (copy_from_user(kstr, str, len))
14         return -EFAULT;
15     kstr[len] = '\0';
16     printk("The origin string: %s\n", kstr);
17     while (i < j) {
18         char tmp = kstr[i];
19         kstr[i] = kstr[j];
20         kstr[j] = tmp;
21         i++;
22         j--;
23     }
24     printk("The reversed string: %s\n", kstr);
25     ret = copy_to_user(str, kstr, len);
26     kfree(kstr);
27     return 0;
28 }
```

And create a **Makefile** for our system call, also in the same revstr file:

```
obj-y := revstr.o
```

- b. Modify kernel's **Makefile** (in linux-5.19.12), add our system call module in it. Ensure our system call file can be found.

```
ifeq ($(KBUILD_EXTMOD),)
core-y      += kernel/ certs/ mm/ fs/ ipc/ security/ crypto/ hello/ revstr/
core-$(CONFIG_BLOCK) += block/
core-$(CONFIG_IO_URING) += io_uring/
```

- c. Move to `linux-5.19.12/include/uapi/asm-generic`, modify the file of **unistd.h**. add system call into this table, define our `sys_revstr`. and change `__NR_syscalls` number to the last one.

```
889 #define __NR_hello 451
890 __SYSCALL(__NR_hello, sys_hello)
891
892 #define __NR_revstr 452
893 __SYSCALL(__NR_revstr, sys_revstr)
894
895 #undef __NR_syscalls
896 #define __NR_syscalls 453
```

- d. Move to `linux-5.19.12/include/linux`, modify the file of **syscalls.h**. Add our system call to kernel header file.

```
1388 asmlinkage long sys_hello(void);
1389 asmlinkage long sys_revstr(int len, char __user *str);
1390 #endif
```

- e. Then compile our kernel again and reboot.
- f. Move to user program: create the file name **test_rev.c**, compile it to invoke the system call `sys_revstr`:

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <assert.h>
3 #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <sys/syscall.h>
5
6 /*
7  * You must copy the __NR_revstr marco from
8  * <your-kernel-build-dir>/arch/x86/include/generated/uapi/asm/unistd_64.h
9  * In this example, the value of __NR_revstr is 549
10 */
11 #define __NR_revstr 452
12
13 int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
14     int ret1 = syscall(__NR_revstr, 5, "hello");
15     assert(ret1 == 0);
16
17     int ret2 = syscall(__NR_revstr, 11, "5Y573M C411");
18     assert(ret2 == 0);
19
20     return 0;
21 }
```

- g. Use `dmesg` command, show the screenshot of the messages the system call printed:
the screenshot of the messages the system call printed:

```
[ 96.651140] The origin string: hello
[ 96.651149] The reversed string: olleh
[ 96.651155] The origin string: 5Y573M C411
[ 96.651155] The reversed string: 114C M375Y5
```