FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information	
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Kristiaan Temst 0000-0002-1377-5097	
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Andre Vantomme (copromoter) 0000-0001-9158-6534	
	Claudia Fleischmann (copromoter) 0000-0003-1531-6916	
	Jan Van Houdt (copromoter) 0000-0003-1381-6925	
Project number ¹ & title	C14/24/110	
	Electrostatic control of the superconducting quantum state in ferroelectric/superconducting	
	heterostructures	
Funder(s) GrantID ²	KU Leuven BOF C1 funding	
Affiliation(s)	X KU Leuven	
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen	
	☐ Universiteit Gent	
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt	
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel	
	□ Other:	
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310	
Please provide a short project description	Within this C1 project, we aim to investigate to what extent we can electrically tune the properties of	
	superconducting films and circuits by interfacing them with ferroelectric layers and/or	
	ferroelectric/ferromagnetic double layers. Our proposed research is of fundamental nature and fits within the	
	developing scientific area of superconducting spintronics. Our research bears high relevance for further developments	
	of superconducting structures (e.g., qubits and resonators) within the context of the second quantum revolution.	

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data ³.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB)	Physical Volume
Thin film samples	Films with a thickness of maximum 100 nm deposited on bulk substrates	☑ Generate new data☐ Reuse existing data	☐ Digital ⊠ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:		☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	Area 1 cm by 1 cm Total thickness of substrate + film a few millimeter
Magnetore- sistance mea- surements	Measurements of the electrical resistance as function of temperature and applied magnetic field	⊠ Generate new data	⊠ Digital	⊠ Numerical	ASCII files	⊠ < 1 GB	
Atom Probe Tomography data	Results of the Atom Probe Tomography measurements intended for 3D	⊠ Generate new data	⊠ Digital	⊠ Numerical	Data format of Cameca LEAP software (Cameca is the producer of the instrument)	⊠ < 1 TB	

³ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

	reconstructions of atomic arrangements						
Processed data	Graphs in which the measurement data are visually represented and combined	⊠ Generate new data	⊠ Digital	⊠ Numerical	Origin files	⊠ < 100 GB	
Scientific presentations	Text and graphs on presentation slides for internal and external use	⊠ Generate new data	⊠ Digital	⊠ Numerical	PowerPoint files	⊠ < 1 TB	
Logbooks	Logbooks made by individual researchers s well as logbooks pertaining to a p[articular measurement setup	⊠ Generate new data	⊠ Digital	☑ Images☑ Numerical☑ Textual	Digital logbooks (in Word format) as well as scans of written notes.	⊠ < 100 GB	

GUIDANCE:

The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.

RDM Guidance on data

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	
Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number:☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	⊠No
types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number.	Additional information:
Will you process personal data ⁴ ? If so, please	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)
refer to specific datasets or data types when	⊠ No
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	⊠ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	□ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	Our work is of fundamental scientific nature, but potentially the results could be of interest for future
where appropriate.	spintronic devices. In that respect, I believe that the graph representations that are used in publications and/or scientific presentations are the most relevant.
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	

⁴ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

3. Documentation and Metadata Clearly describe what approach will be followed All involved researchers have to keep personal records of their measurement data (identification of to capture the accompanying information data and link with physical samples). Some researchers keep electronic logbooks, others prefer to necessary to keep data understandable and work on paper and to digitize their records afterwards. Researchers are also requested to keep usable, for yourself and others, now and in the README.txt files in the folders in which they arrange their measurement data. The main future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and experimental tools that are used in this research also have their own electronic logbooks in which types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab the measurement parameters and notes are stored. Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). RDM guidance on documentation and metadata. ☐ Yes Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data? \bowtie No If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used: If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created: easier to find and reuse. REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT. WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES. I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

	4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project
Where will the data be stored?	⊠ Shared network drive (J-drive)
	☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to	☐ Teams
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	□ Large Volume Storage
	☐ ManGO
	☐ Digital vault
	☐ Other:
How will the data be backed up?	☐ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	Personal back-ups I make (specify)
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?	☐ Other (specify)
PREVENT DATA LOSS:	
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	⊠ Yes
capacity during the project? If yes, specify	□ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	If no, please specify:
will be taken care of.	

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?	Access to data is restricted via u-number of the involved researchers and technical staff.
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data	
What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	The total amount of data to be stored is (in our line of research) relatively small and therefore easy to backup. Costs will be covered from funding that is at that moment available from running projects.

5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project Which data will be retained for at least five ☑ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with years (or longer, in agreement with other medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans retention policies that are applicable) after the □ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain) end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this Digital data will be kept for at least 10 years. Some of the physical samples deteriorate with time, although they are stored in a medium-level (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, vacuum. All physical samples are stored until at least the final publications of involved PhD students or postdocs have been published (plus one or two years extra), but after that period some samples have to be discarded. storage/budget issues, institutional policies...). Guidance on data preservation

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)? Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	 □ KU Leuven RDR ☑ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) □ Shared network drive (J-drive) □ Other (specifiy):
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	The data volume is actually relatively small in our branch of research. Data preservation on longer term will easily be covered by ongoing projects at that time.

	6. Data Sharing and Reuse
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.	 Yes, as open data Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction) Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only) No (closed access) Other, please specify:
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	

If access is restricted, please specify who will be	Data can be made available, upon reasonable and motivated request, after the work has been published
able to access the data and under what	and/or presented in a PhD thesis or via conferences. Access will be given to the actual research data but
conditions.	not to logbooks and also not to the physical samples. The latter data types will remain available for the PIs
Conditions.	and the involved research team members.
A so the second of the second	
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in	Yes, intellectual property rights
an agreement with a 3rd party, legal	☐ Yes, ethical aspects
restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available?	☐ KU Leuven RDR
If already known, please provide a repository	☐ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☑ Other (specify)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	This will need to be discussed on individual basis when there is a specific request.
When will the data be made available?	☐ Upon publication of research results
	☐ Specific date (specify)
	☐ Other (specify)

Which data usage licenses are you going to	☐ CC-BY 4.0 (data)
provide? If none, please explain why.	□ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	☐ Other (specify)
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY	
REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A	
LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER	
ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the RDR guidance on licences for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
<u>tool</u> to help you choose.	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	☐ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
•	
number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here.	☐ My dataset already has a PID
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here. INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	☐ My dataset already has a PID
number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here. Indicate whether you intend to ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	☐ My dataset already has a PID ☐ No
number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here. Indicate whether you intend to ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA. What are the expected costs for data sharing?	☐ My dataset already has a PID
number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here. Indicate whether you intend to ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	☐ My dataset already has a PID ☐ No

	7. Responsibilities
Who will manage data documentation and	The PIs of the project.
metadata during the research project?	
Who will manage data storage and backup	The PIs of the project after consultation of the IT colleagues.
during the research project?	
Who will manage data preservation and	The PIs of the project after consultation of the IT colleagues.
sharing?	
Who will update and implement this DMP?	The PIs of the project.