## FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

### Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Christa MAES, ORCID 0000-0003-4243-5486
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	<b>Seppe Melis,</b> PhD student, 0000-0001-5681-7122
	Johanna Besold, PhD student, 0000-0002-3348-7869
	Roger Valle tenney, postdoc, 0000-0002-0187-1460
	Elena Nefyodova and Ruben Cardoen, lab technicians
Project number <sup>1</sup> & title	G038224N
	THE YIN AND YANG OF PDGF SIGNALING IN SKELETAL STEM/PROGENITOR CELLS: MECHANISMS
	UNDERLYING ITS ROLES IN AGE-RELATED BONE LOSS AND ANABOLIC BONE RESPONSES
Funder(s) GrantID <sup>2</sup>	FWO
Affiliation(s)	X KU Leuven
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Age-related osteoporosis and non-healing fractures pose major clinical problems. There is urgent need for effective and safe bone-building drugs and regenerative cell therapy procedures. Bone-forming osteoblasts are derived from skeletal stem/progenitor cells (SSPCs). Despite their importance in safeguarding bone mass with age and mediating skeletal repair, very little is known about the mechanisms controlling the preservation and activation of SSPCs. Interestingly, our recent studies uncovered important roles for the platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF) pathway. Building thereon, in this continuation project we study how perivascular SSPCs, via PDGF receptor signaling, contribute to the regulation of lifelong bone remodeling, age-related bone loss, regeneration of bone, and osteoblast formation in response to osteo-anabolic drugs, which is required for therapeutic bone gain.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

<sup>2</sup> Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

# 2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data <sup>3</sup>.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume	Physical Volume
Imaging data	MicroCT scanning; Microscopy images, incl. brightfield and fluorescent microscopy, confocal / lightsheet images, a.o.	☐ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data (Similar materials previously generated in the lab on preceding projects related to the topic may be reused, e.g. morphological information of previously collected samples and images)	⊠ Digital □ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.tif, .jpg, .png, .czi, .nd2, .mp4, .avi, .ai, .pdf, .pptx	□ < 1 GB □ < 100 GB □ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB □ NA	
Molecular profiles and sequencing data	Expression of individual or sets of candidate genes, or full transcriptomes; Single cell/ nuclei or spatial sequencing data; raw sequencing reads, processed data	<ul> <li>☑ Generate new data</li> <li>☑ Reuse existing data</li> <li>(Similar materials previously generated in the lab may be reused, e.g. datasets consisting of molecular information)</li> </ul>	⊠ Digital □ Physical	<ul> <li>☐ Audiovisual</li> <li>☑ Images</li> <li>☐ Sound</li> <li>☐ Numerical</li> <li>☐ Textual</li> <li>☐ Model</li> <li>☐ Software</li> <li>☒ Other:</li> <li>sequencing reads</li> </ul>	.txt, .xlsx, .csv, .tsv, .fa, .bam, .rds, .h5ad, .loom, .R, .ipynb, .html, .pdf, .tif, .png, .py, .pbs	☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☑ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

Samples	Tissue samples and DNA, RNA and protein extracts derived thereof; fixed or snapfrozen bone and soft tissue samples from mice; serum samples; processed material (embedded tissues, histological sections,)	<ul> <li>☑ Generate new data</li> <li>☑ Reuse existing data</li> <li>(Similar materials previously generated in the lab may be reused, e.g. collected samples consisting of mousederived material or morphological and molecular information thereof)</li> </ul>	□ Digital ☑ Physical	N/A	N/A	□ < 1 GB □ < 100 GB □ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB ⊠ NA	Frozen samples: Tubes stored at - 20°C or - 80°C; Tissue for histology: fixed and stored at 4°C or - 20°C; DNA samples stored at RT.
Scripts	Code written for analysis pipelines	<ul> <li>☑ Generate new data</li> <li>☑ Reuse existing data</li> <li>(Similar materials previously generated in the lab will be reused)</li> </ul>	☑ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☑ Software ☐ Other:	R scripts	☐ < 1 GB	
Documents	Manuscripts, presentations, data summaries, literature reviews, etc	<ul> <li>☑ Generate new data</li> <li>☑ Reuse existing data</li> <li>(Similar materials previously generated in the lab will be reused)</li> </ul>	☑ Digital ☐ Physical	<ul><li>☑ Textual</li><li>☑ Other:</li></ul>	.doc, .ppt, .xls, .pdf, .png, etc.		

ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are a	IP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum a including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and ur datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.
If you reuse existing data, please specify the	Publicly available RNA-seq datasets related to bone and bone marrow, e.g.:
source, preferably by using a persistent	https://singlecell.broadinstitute.org/single_cell/study/SCP1248/resolving-the-bone-marrow-niche-
identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per	heterogeneity
dataset or data type.	http://altanalyze.org/ICGS/Public/Scadden-Stromal/User.php
Are there any ethical issues concerning the	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number:
creation and/or use of the data	☑ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number: P083/2022 and P216/2023
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	$\square$ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	□ No
types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number.	Additional information: New ECD dossiers or amnedments to the existing approvals are applied for as the project evolves.
Will you process personal data <sup>4</sup> ? If so, please	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)
refer to specific datasets or data types when	
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	□ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment: This project is essentially involving fundamental research. In case commercial
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	valorization is seen as an option, we will contact the Leuven R&D office to discuss the feasibility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	⊠ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	□ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements, research collaboration agreements)?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and what restrictions are in place.	MTAs are in place for some of the mouse models used in our research. These allow academic research without restrictions, but usually stipulate that commercial exploitation is not allowed. This will not hamper the execution of the project.
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

#### 3. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

RDM guidance on documentation and metadata.

All persons performing experiments have to keep a lab book (paper or digital). The lab book contains information on experimental plan, as well as details about how and when the experiment was performed. The book will not leave the lab.

Data files will contain the unique name of the experiment, the type of analyses and the date of the analyses.

All raw data files will be stored. All subsequent analyses of these data will be stored too and clearly linked to the raw data where relevant.

Electronic inventories are kept of cell line- and mouse-derived material that is stored at minus 80 degrees.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it	☐ Yes
easier to find and reuse the data?	⊠ No
If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data	If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:  If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:
easier to find and reuse.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E.	Data files will contain the unique name of the experiment, the type of analyses and the date of the analyses.
STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.	All raw data files will be stored. All subsequent analyses of these data will be stored too and clearly linked to the raw data where relevant.
	Electronic inventories are kept of cell line- and mouse-derived material that is stored at minus 80 degrees.

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project			
Where will the data be stored?	⊠ Shared network drive (J-drive)		
	☑ Personal network drive (I-drive)		
Consult the <u>interactive KU Leuven storage guide</u> to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)		
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online		
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis		
	□ Large Volume Storage		
	☐ Digital Vault		
	☑ Other:		
	During the project, the researchers store and backup all data they generate on laptops and PCs, backup		
	disks, and the central servers of the KU Leuven, which are equipped with automated daily backup procedures.		

How will the data be backed up?	<ul> <li>         ⊠ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution         □ Personal back-ups I make (specify)     </li> </ul>
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?	☑ Other (specify): Personal back-ups the researchers involved in the project make on a regular basis. During the project, the researchers store and backup all data they generate. Individual external drives are foreseen for continual computer backup (daily use of synchronizing software). In addition, the data are stored on secured internal servers provided by the KU Leuven IT Services, with automatic daily back-up procedures.
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify	⊠ Yes □ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of.	There is currently sufficient storage at KU Leuven ICTS. For small volumes, fast internal/shared space is available ('J-drive', 20GB). For long-term Large Volume storage of raw data and large datasets, we reserve 20Tb secured capacity ('L-drive') plus space on the KU Leuven "Archive" deposit.
How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by	The data will be stored at the university's secure environment.
unauthorized persons?	Of note: This project does not involve ethically sensitive data or data from human subjects.
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data	
What are the expected costs for data storage	We expect the costs to gradually increase up to 3000 euro/year. The costs will be covered by the project
and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	funds.

### 5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project Which data will be retained for at least five ☑ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy years (or longer, in agreement with other ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans retention policies that are applicable) after the ☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain) end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this In principle, all data will be preserved for 10 years after publication of the study. However, some biological (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, samples will not be of any use anymore prior to the ending of this timeframe. storage/budget issues, institutional policies...). Guidance on data preservation Digital data: We will retain all data for the expected 10 year period. We expect that we will make the data publicly available on data repositories upon publication of the manuscripts. Physical data: Samples taken from experiments will be documented and stored for up to 5 years after the end of the project. We deviate from the 10 years rule because after 5 years, quality of some of the physical samples cannot be guaranteed anymore. Where will these data be archived (stored and ☐ KU Leuven RDR curated for the long-term)? ☐ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) Shared network drive (J-drive) Dedicated data repositories are often the best place ☑ Other (specifiy): to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Digital data will be stored at the Archive (K:) server from KU Leuven ICTS. Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage quide. The data are stored on secured internal servers provided by the KU Leuven IT Services. After the project, all data (raw and analyzed) will be stored on the KU Leuven Archive Storage repository. For long-term Large Volume storage of raw data and large datasets, we currently reserve 20Tb secured capacity. This capacity will be enlarged as the needs increase. Physical samples will be stored in the freezers from the Research Group of Skeletal Cell Biology and Physiology (SCEBP), SBE Center.

What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?

Cost for Archive Storage are ±800 Euro/5TB/year. The costs will be covered by the FWO fund. After the project, data preservation costs will be covered by other grants.

	6. Data Sharing and Reuse
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.  Note that 'available' does not necessarily mean that the data set becomes openly available, conditions for access and use may apply. Availability in this question thus entails both open & restricted access. For more information:  https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	<ul> <li>Yes, as open data</li> <li>✓ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)</li> <li>□ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)</li> <li>□ No (closed access)</li> <li>□ Other, please specify:</li> </ul>
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	The results of the project will be compiled thematically into original research papers and made publically available as peer-reviewed publications, preferably open-access. Data availability requirements of the journal/publisher will be followed.
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate.	<ul> <li>Yes, privacy aspects</li> <li>Yes, intellectual property rights</li> <li>Yes, ethical aspects</li> <li>Yes, aspects of dual use</li> <li>Yes, other</li> <li>No</li> </ul> If yes, please specify:

Where will the data be made available?	☐ KU Leuven RDR
If already known, please provide a repository	□ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☑ Other (specify)
	Z other (speaky)
	Data availability requirements of the journal/publisher will be followed. This could include depositing full
	datasets in a public repository (e.g. for transcriptome data generated by RNA-Seq). Other requests can be
	made by mail and will be handled individually, by the PI.
When will the data be made available?	
when will the data be made available?	☐ Upon publication of research results
	☐ Specific date (specify)
	☐ Other (specify)
Which data usage licenses are you going to	
provide? If none, please explain why.	☐ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE REUSED	☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS GRANTED,	☐ Other (specify)
THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO	
NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN	
BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the <u>RDR quidance on licences</u> for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
tool to help you choose.	
<u>coor</u> to no.p you encoor	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	
product provide terrorer	
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	

What are the expected costs for data sharing?	Publication fees will be covered from the project budget. Data transfer costs depend on the data
How will these costs be covered?	repository selected. Costs will be covered by the project funding.

	7. Responsibilities
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	The PI (Christa Maes), and the lab member researchers involved in the execution and day-to-day management of the project. During the project, the PhD/PD/technician researchers document all data they generate; currently including: Seppe Melis, Johanna Besold, Roger Valle Tenney, Elena Nefyodova, Ruben Cardoen.
Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?	The PI (Christa Maes), and the lab member researchers involved in the execution and day-to-day management of the project. During the project, the PhD/PD/technician researchers (currently including: Seppe Melis, Johanna Besold, Roger Valle Tenney, Elena Nefyodova, Ruben Cardoen) store and backup all data they generate. The PI takes final responsibility for the preservation of the data.
Who will manage data preservation and sharing?	Data preservation is managed by the PI (Christa Maes) and the lab member researchers involved in the execution and day-to-day management of the project (currently including: Seppe Melis, Johanna Besold, Roger Valle Tenney, Elena Nefyodova, Ruben Cardoen).  Data sharing is managed by the PI (Christa Maes).  The PI takes final responsibility for the preservation and reuse of the data.
Who will update and implement this DMP?	The end responsibility for updating and implementing the DMP is with the PI, Christa Maes