FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Christian Schwarz
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Koenraad Muylaert, co-PI
Project number ¹ & title	D-2024-2931 Sediment Transported In Coastal systems is reworked by eco-sYstem engineering algae: Field observations, lab experiments and modeling - STICKY
Funder(s) GrantID ²	G029524N
Affiliation(s)	■ KU Leuven
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen
	☐ Universiteit Gent
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt
	☐ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

Please	provide a	short	project	description
. icasc	provide a	311016	pi oject	acscription

There is increasing evidence for a close interaction between suspended sediment transport and phytoplankton primary production in coastal waters. There is growing evidence that phytoplankton or extracellular polymers produced by phytoplankton induce flocculation of sediments, with important implications of sediment transport. Flocculation of small sediment particles into larger flocs in turn reduces underwater light extinction and, hence, may enhance phytoplankton primary production. Consequently, phytoplankton could be viewed as engineering its environment by reducing turbidity through flocculation. This project uses a novel combination of field measurements and laboratory flume experiments to understand feedbacks between phytoplankton and flocculation and the consequences for sediment transport and primary production. The novelty of the current approach consists in an intensive characterization of field conditions and the replication of field conditions in the lab and decomposition of parameters inducing flocculation in a factorial laboratory experiment. Gathered insights will subsequentially be incorporated in a coupled flocculation, phytoplankton and sediment transport model. This model will finally be applied to answer a crucial and timely question in coastal zone management, i.e. how the recent increase in offshore windfarms influence coastal sediment transport and primary production.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data ³.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset	Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data	Physical Volume
Name			Physical		Format	Volume (MB, GB,	
						TB)	
Biological	Phytoplankton	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Excel data	□<1 GB	Water samples will
samples	distribution	data	⊠ Physical	☐ Images		□ < 100 GB	be taken during
	estimated from	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB	North Sea ship
	water samples	data		⊠ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	campaigns.
	in the North Sea			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB	Phytoplankton will
				☐ Model		□ NA	be sampled in 1l
				☐ Software			bottles and fixed
				☐ Other:			using lugol.
							Subsequentially
							samples will be
							identified and
							counted through
							microscopy in the
G 11							lab.
Sediment	Sediment	☐ Generate new	☐ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	.CSV	□ < 1 GB	Suspended
samples	concentration	data	□ Physical	☐ Images	Excel	☐ < 100 GB	sediment will be
	and type (grain	☐ Reuse existing		Sound		□ < 1 TB	sampled in 1l
	size analysis)	data		Numerical		□ < 5 TB	bottles. The
	estimated from			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB	samples will be
	water samples			☐ Model		│ □ NA	subsampled. (a) 0.5

³ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

	in the North Sea			☐ Software ☐ Other:			I will be filtered on GFF filers to determine the mass of sediment/volume. (b) 0.5 I will be brought back to the
							KUL lab and analysed for the
							grainsize distribution.
Sediment	Sediment concentration and type will be continuously measured during North Sea 13h ship campaigns using an optical backscatter sensor (OBS, measuring sediment concentration), and a laser diffraction sensor (LISST-200x, measuring particle size	⊠ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	⊠ Digital □ Physical	□ Audiovisual □ Images □ Sound □ Numerical □ Textual □ Model □ Software □ Other:	.csv Excel	□ < 1 GB □ < 100 GB ⊠ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB □ NA	distribution.

	distributions).					
Elevation	Field locations	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Excel data	□ < 1 GB
data	and elevations	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		⊠ < 100 GB
	measured with	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB
	a dGPS present	data		⊠ Numerical		□ < 5 TB
	onboard the			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB
	Simon Steven			☐ Model		□ NA
	research vessel.			☐ Software		
				☐ Other:		
Flow velocity	Flow velocity,	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Excel data	□ < 1 GB
data	turbulence and	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		⊠ < 100 GB
	water level data	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB
	measured with	data		⊠ Numerical		□ < 5 TB
	an ADCP and			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB
	ADV at different			☐ Model		□ NA
	depth will be			☐ Software		
	collected.			☐ Other:		
Rotational	Flow,	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Excel data	□ < 1 GB
Flume data	turbulence,	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		⊠ < 100 GB
	particle size	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB
	distribution and	data		⋈ Numerical		□ < 5 TB
	algae biomass			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB
	data will be			☐ Model		□ NA
	collected during			☐ Software		
	flume			☐ Other:		
	experiments					
Model data	Numerical	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Excel data	□ < 1 GB
	model results	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		⊠ < 100 GB
	predicting algal	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB
	biomass, flow	data		□ Numerical		□ < 5 TB
	and sediment			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB

	transport across			☐ Model		□NA		
	the Southern			☐ Software				
	Bight of the			☐ Other:				
	North Sea will							
	be generated.							
ranging from raw valuable, difficult	data to processed ar to replace and/or eth cumentation is an int	nd analysed data nical issues are a	i including analysis ssociated. Materio	is detailed and complete. It in s scripts and code. Physical da als that are not considered da ould described under docume	ta are all materials tha ta in an RDM context ii	nt need proper managen	nent because they are	
source, preferab	ting data, please sp ly by using a persis OI, Handle, URL etc ype.	tent	NA					
•	hical issues concerr	ning the		subject data; provide SMEC	• •	ber:		
creation and/or				data; provide ECD reference				
	s on humans or ani		☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:					
•	to specific datasets		⊠ No					
	opriate and provid approval number.	e the	Additional infor	rmation:				
Will you proces	s personal data ⁴ ?	If so, please	☐ Yes (provide	PRET G-number or EC S-nu	mber below)			
refer to specific	datasets or data	types when	⊠ No					
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or \ensuremath{UZ}			Additional information:					
Leuven privacy r	egister number (G	or S number).						

⁴ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Does your work have potential for commercial	☐ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

3. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information	1. TELEMAC model will be saved along with a script (Fortran source) in the same folder in which explanatory comments are included. Additional calculations (with relevant input data) will be made
necessary to keep data understandable and usable, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). RDM guidance on documentation and metadata.	 in Excel and saved in the corresponding folder. Sediment and Phytoplankton data files will be saved with date and sample type. An overview Excel will be set-up with relevant data, on which further reporting can be done. Sediment and Phytoplankton samples will be saved at 4 degrees with date and sample type. After processing measurement results will be documented in folders with date of measurement, and subfolders with the sample type. Here, a text file is included of the sediment and phytoplankton analysis, jpg files of the images describing sample locations. Elevation data will be saved in excel (dGPS data) and as Geotiffs. Raw data and agisoft-data-processing will be settings will be safed in an excel file. Rotational Flume data and Flow velocity data will be saved as raw-data files (*.udt; *.csv) with the respective post-processing scripts(python). Data properties such as measurement location or experimental run ID will be shown in an overview Excel file for all the experimental runs, together with the operating conditions and date.
Will a metadata standard be used to make it	☐ Yes
easier to find and reuse the data ?	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:
If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.	If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:
REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.	

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project

☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)
☐ ☑ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
☐ Sharepoint online
☐ Sharepoint on-premis
☐ Large Volume Storage
☐ Digital Vault
□ Other:
☑ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify)
☐ Other (specify)
⊠ Yes
□ No
Storage capacity is resp. 50 GB and 0.99 TB at personal and shared network drive of
KU Leuven which is automatically backed-up. The network drives can also be
accessed at drives.kuleuven.be. KU Leuven has concluded an agreement with the
online cloud storage provider Box. Here, an additional capacity of 100 GB can be
stored with a maximum file size of 15 GB, and, when necessary, storage capacity can
be extended to 400 GB. Moreover, standard every KU Leuven user has 2 TB with a
maximum file size of 100 GB on OneDrive for Business, and an option to extend the
capacity to 5 TB without costs.

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons? CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data	Only the (co)promotors and involved researchers (e.g. thesis students) have access to the shared folders where the data, analysis files and reports will be stored on OneDrive for Business. Additionally, the two-factor authentication of KU Leuven provides secure storage against unauthorized persons.
What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	The amount of data that will be generated in this project should not exceed a few hundred of GBs, which can be stored (with automatic back-up) on the current university's central servers without extra cost.

5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project					
Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the	☑ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans ☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain)				

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?	 ⊠ KU Leuven RDR □ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) ⊠ Shared network drive (J-drive)
<u>Dedicated data repositories</u> are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the <u>interactive KU</u> <u>Leuven storage guide</u> .	☐ Other (specifiy):
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	

6. Data Sharing and Reuse		
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.	 ✓ Yes, as open data ☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction) ☐ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only) ☐ No (closed access) ☐ Other, please specify: 	
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	All data can be made available on an Open Access repository, for example when requested by the editor or publisher of a scientific journal or via restricted access upon request of an individual (e.g. a researcher who intends to reproduce an experiment).	

If access is restricted, please specify who will be	
able to access the data and under what	
conditions.	
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in	☐ Yes, intellectual property rights
an agreement with a 3rd party, legal	☐ Yes, ethical aspects
restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available?	⊠ KU Leuven RDR
If already known, please provide a repository	☐ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☐ Other (specify)
When will the data be made available?	□ Upon publication of research results
	☐ Specific date (specify)
	☐ Other (specify)

Which data usage licenses are you going to	☐ CC-BY 4.0 (data)
provide? If none, please explain why.	☐ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	☐ Other (specify)
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY	
REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A	
LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER	
ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the <u>RDR guidance on licences</u> for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
<u>tool</u> to help you choose.	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	☐ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	⊠ No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIOUE	
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	Freeware such as WeTransfer can be used to transfer and share the files.
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA. What are the expected costs for data sharing?	Freeware such as WeTransfer can be used to transfer and share the files.
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	Freeware such as WeTransfer can be used to transfer and share the files.

7. Responsibilities		
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	The PI, co-PI and promotor of the project.	
Who will manage data storage and backup	The PI, co-PI and promotor of the project, together with the IT service that is responsible for	
during the research project?	the implementation of the storage and regular back up on the shared d s	
Who will manage data preservation and	The PI, co-PI and promotor of the project.	
sharing?		

Who will update and implement this DMP?	The PI bears the end responsibility of updating & implementing this DMP (day-to-day
	management), while the promotor will be responsible for overall data management.