FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Thibault Debord - 0000-0001-6971-4093
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	PI – Hans Steenackers (https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5021-2069)
Project number ¹ & title	The Impact of Biofilm Structure and Heterogeneity on Bacterial Evolution - 11PV924N
Funder(s) GrantID ²	11PV924N
Affiliation(s)	X KU Leuven
	□ Universiteit Antwerpen
	□ Universiteit Gent
	□ Universiteit Hasselt
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Bacteria typically live embedded in structured communities known as biofilms. It has been shown that living in these structured environments can impact bacterial evolution, especially in the context of antibiotic resistance development and the stability of cooperation. However, biofilms are highly heterogeneous environments with varying architectural properties. Due to the limited spatial resolution of the current state-of-the-art, often comparing biofilm to planktonic cultures at population level, it is unclear how biofilm heterogeneity impacts evolution. We hypothesize that the local biofilm architecture can have a significant impact on the evolutionary dynamics by altering both the supply of novel mutants (~diversity) and the evolutionary success of emerging mutants (~selection). In this project we will therefore study the influence of the spatial architecture of biofilms on the emergence and evolutionary success of antibiotic resistant mutants and biofilm-deficient cheaters. Overall, this project will allow us to study bacterial evolution at an unprecedented spatial resolution.

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data ³.

	_			ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB)	Physical Volume
Microscopy data	Raw and processed biofilm images acquired with the Zeiss confocal and widefield microscope generated in WP1-5	☑ Generate new data☐ Reuse existing data	⊠ Digital □ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.czi, .tif	□ < 1 GB □ < 100 GB □ < 1 TB ⊠ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB □ NA	
Biofilm data	Extracted properties of the biofilm images generated in WP1-5	☑ Generate new data☐ Reuse existing data	⊠ Digital □ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☑ Numerical ☐ Textual ☑ Model ☑ Software ☐ Other:	.xlsx,.jpg	□ < 1 GB □ < 100 GB □ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB □ NA	
Fluorescently labelled	Salmonella typhimurium	⊠ Generate new data	☐ Digital ☑ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images		☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB	Bacterial strains will be stored as

³ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

knockout	strains based on	☐ Reuse existing		Sound	□ < 1 TB	glycerol stocks at
mutants	the McClelland	data		☐ Numerical	□ < 5 TB	-80°C
	collection			☐ Textual	□ > 5 TB	
	present at the			☐ Model	□ NA	
	lab will be					
	altered to be			☐ Other:		
	kanamycin					
	sensitive					
	(removal KanR					
	cassette) and					
	fluorescent					
	(pFPV25.1)					
Mutation	Salmonella	⊠ Generate new	☐ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	□ < 1 GB	Bacterial strains
detection	typhimurium	data	⊠ Physical	☐ Images	□ < 100 GB	will be stored as
mutants	ATCC14028 and	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound	□ < 1 TB	glycerol stocks at
	knockout	data		☐ Numerical	□ < 5 TB	-80°C
	mutants from			☐ Textual	□ > 5 TB	
	the McClelland			☐ Model	□ NA	
	collection will			☐ Software		
	be transformed			☐ Other:		
	with a mutation					
	detection gene					
	as described in					
	WP2					
Mutation	Salmonella	☐ Generate new	☐ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	□ < 1 GB	Bacterial strains
detection	typhimurium	data	□ Physical	☐ Images	□ < 100 GB	will be stored as
mutants	ATCC14028 and	☐ Reuse existing		Sound	□ < 1 TB	glycerol stocks at
	knockout	data		□ Numerical	□ < 5 TB	-80°C
	mutants from			☐ Textual	□ > 5 TB	
	the McClelland			□ Model	□ NA	
	collection will			☐ Software		

	be transformed with an optogenetic construct as described in WP3			□ Other:			
Flow cytometry measurement s	The mutation detection gene and optogenetic construct will be evaluated using flow cytometry before visualizing the construct in biofilms as described in WP2-5	_	□ Digital ⊠ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.CSV	□ < 1 GB ⊠ < 100 GB □ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB □ NA	Bacterial strains will be stored as glycerol stocks at -80°C

GUIDANCE:

The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.

RDM Guidance on data

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	Not applicable
Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number:
•	☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	⊠ No
types when appropriate and provide the	Additional information:
relevant ethical approval number.	
Will you process personal data ⁴ ? If so, please	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)
refer to specific datasets or data types when	⊠ No
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Door your work have not ential for commercial	□ Yes
Does your work have potential for commercial	
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	☐ Yes
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	

⁴ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

3. Documentation and Metadata Clearly describe what approach will be followed During and after the research: all digital data will be registered using an electronic lab notebook (ELN) based on the Sharepoint platform and backed up on the internal server of KU Leuven which is maintained by the IT to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep data understandable and service of KU Leuven. This notebook stores all data in a standardized manner and attaches a fixed set of usable, for yourself and others, now and in the metadata (see below). In addition, separate folders are created for the raw data, processed, and final data. future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and The raw data files are read-only and cannot be altered once submitted types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). RDM guidance on documentation and metadata. ☐ Yes Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data? \bowtie No If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used: If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created: The ELN used in the lab incorporates a fixed set of metadata, including the user coordinating the easier to find and reuse. experiment, the user performing the experiment, the data and the experimental procotol used FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

	4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project
Where will the data be stored?	
	□ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the <u>interactive KU Leuven storage guide</u> to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	☐ Large Volume Storage
	☐ Digital Vault
	☐ Other: ELN
How will the data be backed up?	☑ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify)
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?	☐ Other (specify)
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	⊠ Yes
capacity during the project? If yes, specify	□ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	If no, please specify:
will be taken care of.	KU Leuven provides storage space based on their internal server maintained by the IT service of KU Leuven. This can be easily increased when necessary. The lab works with two drives on the KU Leuven internal server: the J-drive, intended for daily use, and the K-drive, mainly for long-term storage.

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?	The electronic lab notebook is only accessible through KU Leuven Single Sign On. To access the data, each user should have a valid KU Leuven intranet user ID and password. Access can be regulated more specifically by the local admin of the SharePoint site. The biological samples are stored in freezers at the facility, where access requires a valid KU Leuven ID and
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data	a key that is kept in secure offices.

5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project			
Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies). Guidance on data preservation	 ✓ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans ☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain) 		

Where will these data be archived (stored and	☐ KU Leuven RDR
curated for the long-term)?	☐ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes)
	☐ Shared network drive (J-drive)
<u>Dedicated data repositories</u> are often the best place	☐ Other (specifiy):
to preserve your data. Data not suitable for	
preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU	
Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU	
<u>Leuven storage guide</u> .	
What are the expected costs for data	The ELN does not carry any costs.
preservation during the expected retention	The storage of SharePoint data costs 372.04€ the first year and 295.04€/year thereafter.
period? How will these costs be covered?	All large data storage will be done on the interal KU Leuven server, where our lab has a J-drive
	(503.66€/TB/year) and a K-drive (104.42€/TB/year).
	The costs will be covered by the project.

6. Data Sharing and Reuse			
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project?	☐ Yes, as open data ☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)		
Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.	✓ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)☐ No (closed access)☐ Other, please specify:		
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: HTTPS://WIKI.SURFNET.NL/DISPLAY/STANDARDS/INFO-EU-REPO/#INF OEUREPO-ACCESSRIGHTS			
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	Users will be able to access the data under permission of Hans Steenackers, PI of the project.		

Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate.	 Yes, privacy aspects Yes, intellectual property rights Yes, ethical aspects Yes, aspects of dual use Yes, other No If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available?	
If already known, please provide a repository	☐ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☐ Other (specify)
When will the data be made available?	 ☑ Upon publication of research results ☐ Specific date (specify) ☐ Other (specify)
Which data usage licenses are you going to	
provide? If none, please explain why.	Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY	☐ Other (specify)
REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A	
LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the RDR guidance on licences for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
<u>tool</u> to help you choose.	

Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	☑ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	□ No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
What are the expected costs for data sharing?	
How will these costs be covered?	

7. Responsibilities	
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	Thibault Debord
Who will manage data storage and backup	Thibault Debord
during the research project? Who will manage data preservation and	ELN IT technicians Thibault Debord
sharing?	Hans Steenackers ELN IT technicians
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Thibault Debord