FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

1. General Project Information	
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	**Jana Mertens** 0009-0007-7569-8668
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	**Bram Van de Poel -Promotor**
Project number [1] & title	11H3325N - Revealing the ancient ethylene biosynthesis pathway in liverworts
Funder(s) GrantID [2]	11H3325N
Affiliation(s)	☒ KU Leuven ☐ Universiteit Antwerpen ☐ Universiteit Gent ☐ Universiteit Hasselt ☐ Vrije Universiteit Brussel ☐ Other: ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Ethylene is a plant hormone that regulates numerous growth and developmental processes and it plays an important role in both biotic and abiotic stress responses. The biosynthesis pathway of ethylene in seed plants is well characterized. In this pathway, the precursor ACC is converted in ethylene by the enzyme ACO. This enzyme is missing in non-seed plants, suggesting that these plants produce ethylene via an alternative, still unknown pathway. Furthermore, there is also little known about the functions of ethylene in non-seed plants. Ethylene seems to be involved in abiotic stress tolerance but how ethylene regulates this, still requires further investigation. In this project, we will use the liverwort Marchantia polymorpha to unravel the different steps of the alternative ethylene biosynthesis pathway and to get more insight in the role of ethylene in non-seed plants, specifically in abiotic stress. We will perform a forward genetic screen to find possible novel ethylene biosynthesis genes. In the next step we will characterize the corresponding enzymes to elucidate their function. We will also study the effect of ethylene in abiotic stress using RNA sequencing. Altogether, our project will unravel the ethylene biosynthesis pathway which will provide new insights in the evolution of ethylene as a stress hormone and plant evolution in general.

[1] "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

[2] Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data [3].

WP1: Finding new ethylene biosynthesis mutants

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA*
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB)	Physical Volume
Ebm mutants	Gemmae ebm mutants	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☐ Digital ☒ Physical				4 boxes of 15x15x5 cm
	Phenotyping ebm lines: ethylene production, growth under different conditions	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.txt .xlsx .jpg	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
spores	Crossed ebm lines	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☐ Digital ☒ Physical				1 box of 15x15x5 cm
WGS data	raw	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other:fasta	Sequences .fasta	☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☒ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	processed	☒ Generate new data	☒ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	Sequences, SNP's	☐ < 1 GB	

		☐ Reuse existing data	☐ Physical	☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other: fasta	.fasta	☐ < 100 GB ☒ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	Analysis	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☒ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	Model	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

[3] Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

WP2: Characterization of candidate ethylene biosynthesis enzymes.				*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA*
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB)	Physical Volume
Plasmids +plasmid sequences	Knock out and overexpression lines + reporter lines	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☒ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other: fasta, geneious	Sequences .fasta	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	2 boxes of 15x15x5cm
Plant material	Gemmae transformed plants	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☐ Digital ☒ Physical				1 box of 15x15x5 cm
Phenotyping plants	Expression profiles (qPCR)	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.pcrd .xlsx	☐ < 1 GB ☒ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	Microscope images reporter lines	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical	images	☐ < 1 GB ☒ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB	

				☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:		☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	Ethylene levels +growth phenotypes	☐ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.txt .xlsx .jpg	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
Task 2.3 Protein purification	Protein extracts and column chromatography fractions	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☒ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.txt .xlsx .jpg	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	1 box of 15x15x5 cm
	SDS-PAGE and western blot of protein extracts	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.tif .jpg	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

	Protein kinetics and conditions for optimal activity	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	.txt .xlsx	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

WP3: Unraveling how ethylene causes abiotic stress tolerance in Marchantia.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA*	*ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA*
Dataset Name	Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB)	Physical Volume
ERF's	Bio informatical analysis ERF's	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other:fasta	Sequences .fasta	☐ < 1 GB ☒ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
Phenotyping effect ethylene and salt stress	Phenotyping: thallus size and shape, rhizoid development, gemmae and gemmae cup development	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software	.txt .xlsx .jpg	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

RNA sequencing	Raw data	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other:fasta	Sequences .fasta	☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☒ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	Processed data	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☒ Images ☐ Sound ☒ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☒ Other: fasta	.fasta .txt .jpg	☐ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☒ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	
	Analysis	☒ Generate new data ☐ Reuse existing data	☒ Digital ☐ Physical	☐ Audiovisual ☐ Images ☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☒ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other:	Model	☒ < 1 GB ☐ < 100 GB ☐ < 1 TB ☐ < 5 TB ☐ > 5 TB ☐ NA	

GUIDANCE:
The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.
RDM Guidance on data

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	/
Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number.	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number: ☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number: ☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number: ☒ No Additional information:
Will you process personal data[4]? If so, please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below) ☒ No Additional information:
Does your work have potential for commercial valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-offs, commercial exploitation, …)? If so, please comment per dataset or data type where appropriate.	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, please comment:
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict exploitation or dissemination of the data you (re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements, research collaboration agreements)? If so, please explain to what data they relate and what restrictions are in place.	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, please explain:

[4] See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Are there any other legal issues, such as intellectual property rights and ownership, to be managed related to the data you (re)use? If so, please explain to what data they relate and which restrictions will be asserted.	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, please explain:

3. Documentation and Metadata	
Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). *RDM guidance on documentation and metadata*.	Labbook, protocols (.dox), general calculation sheets (.xlsx), README files for characteristics raw data lists
Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to **find and reuse the data**? If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse. *REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.*	☐ Yes ☒ No If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project	
Where will the data be stored? *Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to find the most suitable storage solution for your data.*	☐ Shared network drive (J-drive) ☐ Personal network drive (I-drive) ☒ OneDrive (KU Leuven) ☒ Sharepoint online ☐ Sharepoint on-premis ☒ Large Volume Storage ☐ Digital Vault ☐ Other:
How will the data be backed up? *WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?*	☒ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution ☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify) ☐ Other (specify)
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of.	☒ Yes ☐ No The digital data is stored on the KU Leuven Sharepoint which is limited by KU Leuven. Physical data (extract, protein, RNA and cDNA samples) will be stored in the lab -80 °C freezer for long term storage. The lab has sufficient space in the -80 °C freezer. The -80 °C freezer is equipped with an automated temperature alarm, provided by the KU Leuven central dispatch team. A backup contact list is provided in case the -80 °C goes into alarm. Gemmae are stored in the labs seedstock at 4°C.

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons? *CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE.* *Guidance on security for research data*	The ICTS service of KU Leuven secures the KU Leuven sharepoint folder. Unauthorized persons do not have access to this folder.
What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	We don't expect extra cost for data storage. But in case the lab does not have enough storage room, the PI has budget to buy more.

5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project	
Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies...). *Guidance on data preservation*	☒ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans ☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain)

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)? *Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.*	☐ KU Leuven RDR ☒ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) ☐ Shared network drive (J-drive) ☐ Other (specifiy):
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	We don't expect extra costs. In case there will be, the PI had budget for this.

6. Data Sharing and Reuse	
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available. *NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: HTTPS://WIKI.SURFNET.NL/DISPLAY/STANDARDS/INFO-EU-REPO/#INFOEUREPO-ACCESSRIGHTS*	☒ Yes, as open data ☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction) ☐ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only) ☐ No (closed access) ☐ Other, please specify: We aim to publish all data and make it available for requests afterwards. Until publication the data will be protected.
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	We aim to publish all data and make it available for requests afterwards. Until publication the data will be protected.

Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, privacy aspects ☐ Yes, intellectual property rights ☐ Yes, ethical aspects ☐ Yes, aspects of dual use ☐ Yes, other ☒ No If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.	☒ KU Leuven RDR ☐ Other data repository (specify) ☐ Other (specify)
When will the data be made available?	☒ Upon publication of research results ☐ Specific date (specify) ☐ Other (specify)
Which data usage licenses are you going to provide? If none, please explain why. *A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.* *Check the RDR guidance on licences for data and software sources code or consult the License selector tool to help you choose.*	☒ CC-BY 4.0 (data) ☐ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data) ☐ MIT licence (code) ☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code) ☐ Other (specify)

Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here. *INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.*	☒ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository ☐ My dataset already has a PID ☐ No
What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered?	Data sharing is organized by the KU Leuven and are free for the lab.

7. Responsibilities	
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	**Jana Mertens**
Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?	**Jana Mertens**
Who will manage data preservation and sharing?	**Prof. Bram Van de Poel**
Who will update and implement this DMP?	**Prof. Bram Van de Poel**