FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

1. General Project Information			
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Boris Louis, 0000-0003-2882-6907		
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles			
Project number ¹ & title	Optical binding of nanoparticles outside the photon beam: the creation of primeval optical matter		
Funder(s) GrantID ²	Fonds voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek (FWO), 12AGZ24N		
Affiliation(s)	☑ KU Leuven		
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen		
☐ Universiteit Gent			
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt		
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel		
	□ Other:		
	Provide ROR ³ identifier when possible:		

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional since not every institution has an internal project number different from the GrantID. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

³ Research Organization Registry Community. https://ror.org/

Please provide a short project description	Since the pioneering work of Ashkin in 1986, optical trapping has been used in various research fields (e.g., biology, chemistry, physics, and material sciences) for three-dimensional trapping and manipulation of micro- and nano-scale objects (e.g., nanoparticles (NPs), live cells, proteins, DNA, or small molecules). When trapping at an interface, all the optical forces (gradient, scattering and absorption) contribute to trapping the objects. As a result, so-called "dynamic evolving assemblies" have been recently reported using different types of nano- and micro-objects. These assemblies can gather more than hundreds of objects outside the irradiated area, which can only be explained by an expansion of the optical potential, most likely through multiple scattering processes and optical binding. In this project, we will further investigate the unexplored optical binding outside of the irradiated area, which has a unique potential to develop sub-millimetre-sized optical matter. Our initial working hypothesis considers that the NPs are optically bound outside the focal spot by the back-scattered light and multi-channel light scattering, forming a dynamic optical binding network. We will explore the different experimental conditions which yield optical binding outside the irradiated area, from both optical (e.g., laser beam mode, pattern, polarization) and material (e.g., size, shape, metallic vs dielectric vs hybrid materials, surface decoration, etc.) points of view.
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2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data⁴.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset	Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data	Physical Volume
Name			Physical		Format	Volume (MB, GB,	,
						TB)	
		☐ Generate new	☐ Digital	☐ Observational	☐ .por	□ < 100 MB	
		data	☐ Physical	☐ Experimental	☐ .xml	□ < 1 GB	

⁴ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

		☐ Reuse existing		☐ Compiled/	☐ .tab	□ < 100 GB	
		data		aggregated data	□ .csv	□ < 1 TB	
				☐ Simulation	☐ .pdf	□ < 5 TB	
				data	☐ .txt	□ < 10 TB	
				☐ Software	☐ .rtf	□ < 50 TB	
				☐ Other	☐ .dwg	□ > 50 TB	
				□ NA	☐ .tab	□ NA	
					☐ .gml		
					\square other:		
					□NA		
Optical	Bright field,	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital		⊠ other:	⊠ < 10GB	/
trapping	Dark field,	data		⊠ Observational	Instrument-		
measurement	fluorescence				specific		
on multi-	images and				format .ome.tif, .		
plane setup	movies acquired				tif, TIFF		
and FluoSEM	from advanced,						
	custom build						
	microscopes.						
	The images will						
	be composed of						
	multiple						
	nanoparticles in						
	order to study						
	their light-						
	matter						
	interaction and						
	optical binding.						
	This will be						
	done in 3D						
	when needed or						
	in parallel with						

IL SAMPLES,). DATA TYPE: DATA ARE OFTEN GROUPED BY TYPE (OBSERVATIONAL, EXPERIMENTAL ETC.), FORMAT AND/OR COLLECTION/GENERATION
SOR READINGS, SENSORY OBSERVATIONS); EXPERIMENTAL (E.G. MICROSCOPY, SPECTROSCOPY, CHROMATOGRAMS, GENE SEQUENCES); ARIABLES, 3D MODELLING); SIMULATION DATA (E.G. CLIMATE MODELS); SOFTWARE, ETC.
ED TEXT OR MARK-UP FILE XML, .TAB, .CSV), TEXTUAL DATA (.RTF, .XML, .TXT), GEOSPATIAL DATA (.DWG,. GML,), IMAGE DATA, AUDIO DATA, VIDEO
UME OF THE DATA PER DATASET OR DATA TYPE.
SEARCH MATERIALS (FOR EXAMPLE THE NUMBER OF RELEVANT BIOLOGICAL SAMPLES THAT NEED TO BE STORED AND PRESERVED DURING THE PROJECT
Not applicable
 Yes, human subject data Yes, animal data Yes, dual use No If yes, please describe:

 $^{^{\}rm 5}\,{\rm These}$ data are generated by combining multiple existing datasets.

Will you process personal data ⁶ ? If so, briefly	
describe the kind of personal data you will use.	
Please refer to specific datasets or data types	If yes:
when appropriate. If available, add the reference	
to your file in your host institution's privacy	- Short description of the kind of personal data that will be used:
register.	- Privacy Registry Reference:
Does your work have potential for commercial	□ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

⁶ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

3. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

- 1. A README file will be provided for each dataset. Containing the information needed to understand the dataset, such as the purpose of the measurement and the experimental condition (in this case, frame rate, exposure time, laser wavelength/power, number, and types of nanoparticles, etc...)
- 2. I will use a standard vocabulary for all data types present to allow inter-disciplinary interoperability and avoid abbreviation.
- 3. The code will be saved on a standard repository (GitHub) with explanation of the principles and a minimal example of how to use the code on a standard dataset.
- 4. Some of my metadata are instrument specific. I will provide information about the instrument(s), such as brand name, serial number, year of manufacture. All metadata fields will be clearly labeled.
- 5. Notebooks with detailed explanation of the measurement and condition will also be made available.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to **find and reuse the data**?

☐ Yes

⊠ No If yes,

If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.

If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:

REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:

Metadata to the datasets are created automatically by the homebuilt system (Multiplane setup and FluoSEM). I will provide information about the instrument(s), and acquisition software (micromanager) as well as the model and version of the software. All metadata fields will be clearly labeled.

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project		
Where will the data be stored?	In the short-term, the research group will invest in the procurement of portable external hard drive for transport of the data and internal hard drive with dedicated reader for regular storage and backup. Also, the data will be stored in the central storage facilities of the research unit. In a long term, the data will be stored on the university's central servers for at least 5 years after the end of the project, conforming to the RDM policy of KU Leuven.	
How will the data be backed up? What storage and backup procedures will be in place to prevent data loss? Describe the locations, storage media and procedures that will be used for storing and backing up digital and non-digital data during research. Refer to institution-specific policies regarding backup procedures when appropriate.	We will use the central server storage of KU Leuven, which provides a self-mirrored daily automatic back up. In addition, a back-up will be stored in the portable hard drive devices provided by the research group, and in the cloud drive of the instrument devices.	
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of.	 ✓ Yes ☐ No If yes, please specify concisely: The research unit has already invested in short-term and mid-term procuring storage devices and space for data. Budget is also secure to buy more which will be done as the storage devices fill up. If no, please specify: 	

⁷ Source: Ghent University Generic DMP Evaluation Rubric: https://osf.io/2z5g3/

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?

CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. 7

The KU Leuven network drives are incorporated within secured KU Leuven environments, are password-protected (including smartphone-based multi-factor identification) and are only accessible by registered collaborating researchers. Only the PI can request access to the network drive for study personnel. In addition, the data security is ensured by the dedicated service team at the institution, where the KU Leuven university data center has been built and operated at a very high security level with self-mirrored automatic backup at different physical locations. All data is transfered via encrypted methods.

What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?

As mentioned, most of the storage has already been purchase. Depending on how fast these get filled I expect between 500 and 1000 euros of additional costs. The funding source for these costs will have to be discussed in due time with my supervisor but can easily covered with the FWO fellowship I received.

5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project

Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies...).

All data will be retained for the expected 5-year period after the end of the project.

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?	The data will be stored on the university's central servers (with automatic back-up procedures) for at least 5 years after the end of project, conform the KU Leuven RDM policy.
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	The research unit has already invested in short-term and mid-term procuring storage devices and space for data. For long-term data storage till 5 years after the end of the project, we will use the service provided by the institution, which costs approx. 700 Euros yearly, which requests about 3500 Euros for support from the grant.

	6. Data Sharing and Reuse
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available. Note that 'available' does not necessarily mean that the data set becomes openly available, conditions for access and use may apply. Availability in this question thus entails both open & restricted access. For more information: https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	 ✓ Yes, in an Open Access repository After the end of project, the data produced in this project will be made usable by third parties via openaccess publications and shared depository of relevant data upon requests. ☐ Yes, in a restricted access repository (after approval, institutional access only,) ☐ No (closed access) ☐ Other, please specify:
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate.	 Yes, privacy aspects Yes, intellectual property rights Yes, ethical aspects Yes, aspects of dual use Yes, other No If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.	We will deposit the data in our institutional repository, eg. Lirias: https://lirias2.kuleuven.be/default.html

When will the data be made available?	
THIS COULD BE A SPECIFIC DATE (DD/MM/YYYY) OR AN INDICATION SUCH AS 'UPON PUBLICATION OF RESEARCH RESULTS'.	Upon publication of the research results
Which data usage licenses are you going to	Data from the project that can be shared will be made available under a creative commons attribution
provide? If none, please explain why.	license (cc-by 4.0), so that users have to give credit to the original data creators.
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A	
LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER	
ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
EXAMPLE ANSWER: E.G. "DATA FROM THE PROJECT THAT CAN BE	
SHARED WILL BE MADE AVAILABLE UNDER A CREATIVE COMMONS ATTRIBUTION LICENSE (CC-BY 4.0), SO THAT USERS HAVE TO GIVE	
CREDIT TO THE ORIGINAL DATA CREATORS." 8	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	□ No
please provide it here.	If yes:
	A DOI will be available through RDR, but is not yet available.
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
What are the expected costs for data sharing?	RDR is free for KU Leuven personnel, hence, no costs are expected for data sharing.
How will these costs be covered?	Rents free for the Leaven personner, frence, no costs are expected for data sharing.
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⁸ Source: Ghent University Generic DMP Evaluation Rubric: https://osf.io/2z5g3/

7. Responsibilities		
Who will manage data documentation and	The grant holder (Boris Louis) will be responsible for data documentation & metadata, under supervision	
metadata during the research project?	of the PIs (Susana Rocha and Johan Hofkens).	
Who will manage data storage and backup	Data management, storage and back up will be performed by the grant holder (Boris Louis), under	
during the research project?	supervision of the PIs (Susana Rocha and Johan Hofkens).	
Who will manage data preservation and	The PIs (Susana Rocha and Johan Hofkens) will be responsible for ensuring data preservation and sharing.	
sharing?		
Who will update and implement this DMP?	The grant holder (Boris Louis) will be responsible for updating this DMP. The PIs (Susana Rocha and Johan	
·	Hofkens) bears the end responsibility for updating and implementing this DMP.	