Evaluation of the molecular determinants of rare unexplained immunological diseases in adults.

A Data Management Plan created using DMPonline.be

Creator: Rik Schrijvers

Affiliation: KU Leuven (KUL)

Funder: Fonds voor Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek - Research Foundation Flanders (FWO)

Template: FWO DMP (Flemish Standard DMP)

Data Manager: Rik Schrijvers, n.n. n.n.

Grant number / URL: 1805523N

ID: 198614

Start date: 01-10-2022

End date: 30-09-2027

Project abstract:

Exploring rare manifestations in allergy and clinical immunology is an unmet need for most patients and can provide seminal insights for the field. They encompass inborn errors of immunity (IEI), such as STAT1 gain-of-function (GOF), hereditary angioedema (HAE), as well as anaphylaxis, all potentially life-threatening conditions. Detailed knowledge on disease mechanism in most adults with IEI is lacking and diagnostic tools for rare causes of anaphylaxis often insufficient.

This FWO mandate has 4 objectives: (I) to elucidate the molecular determinants of IEI in adults; (II) improve insights in the pathophysiology of STAT1 GOF and its responsiveness to JAKinhibitors as well as developing a gene therapeutic approach for STAT1 GOF; (III) explore endothelial (dys)function in different forms of HAE and provide a comparison with histamine-induced angioedema; (IV) generate improved diagnostic tools for rare causes of anaphylaxis and evaluate the impact of environmental nitrogen deposition on the allergenicity of plant pollen and vegetable food. By focusing on extreme clinical manifestations, this FWO mandate not only aims to improve the individual care of patients confronted with a rare disease, but also to contribute significantly to our overall knowledge in allergy and immunology. Finally, we will provide crucial insights in a hitherto unrecognized environmental parameter, nitrogen deposition.

Last modified: 13-04-2023

Evaluation of the molecular determinants of rare unexplained immunological diseases in adults.

Application DMP

Questionnaire

Describe the datatypes (surveys, sequences, manuscripts, objects ...) the research will collect and/or generate and /or (re)use. (use up to 700 characters)

Spreadsheets created from data from FACs, RNAseq, immunohistochemistry, histology, imaging, qPCR, ELISA, Western. Relevant patient metadata (collected via RedCap). High resolution images obtained from live imaging. Text notes and manuscripts.

Specify in which way the following provisions are in place in order to preserve the data during and at least 5 years after the end of the research? Motivate your answer. (use up to 700 characters)

A fixed laboratory staff member is appointed to preserve the data during and at least 5y after the end of the research. Data will be stored during and after the research at our research group, facility of KU Leuven. Ms Lieve Coorevits, a UZ Leuven associated laboratory technician (Full time, long-term contract), under supervision by the applicant, provides the link with the clinical and laboratory samples and is part of the research group Allergy and clinical immunology (KU Leuven), will assist in providing the necessary databases, stores and collections.

What's the reason why you wish to deviate from the principle of preservation of data and of the minimum preservation term of 5 years? (max. 700 characters)

not applicable

Are there issues concerning research data indicated in the ethics questionnaire of this application form? Which specific security measures do those data require? (use up to 700

not applicable

Which other issues related to the data management are relevant to mention? (use up to 700 characters)

In light of the GDPR, the issue concerning data management is in full development at the KU Leuven and the University hospitals Leuven. We will follow-up in close collaboration with the dedicated persons of the University appointed for this issue, the necessary steps needed to optimize these questions. Dr. Sabien Fevery (MD, PhD, fixed staf within our lab) is responsible for this optimization.

The study protocol for the related studies (study S58466, WP1, 2, parts of WP3; S60734, WP4a; approval for WP4b, S65184 is pending) have been made conform these recent GDPR-regulations.

Evaluation of the molecular	determinants of rare	unexplained i	immunological	diseases in
adults.				

DPIA

DPIA

Have you performed a DPIA for the personal data processing activities for this project?

Not applicable

Evaluation of the molecular determinants of rare unexplained immunological diseases in adults.

GDPR

GDPR

Have you registered personal data processing activities for this project?

- Not applicableNot applicable

Evaluation of the molecular determinants of rare unexplained immunological diseases in adults.

FWO DMP (Flemish Standard DMP)

1. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data.

				Only for digital data		Only for digital data	Only for physical data
Dataset Name	Description	New or reused		Digital Data Type	Digital Data format	Digital data volume (MB/GB/TB)	Physical volume
JAKi <i>in vitro</i> – THP1 cell lines	Existing STAT1 mutation-specific cell lines to be used for JAKi compounds testing 7 cell lines	□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ⊠NA	□.fcs □.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq □.bam ⊠ NA	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB	THP1 cells lines are stored in liquid nitrogen (LN2) in MolMed, KUL
JAKi <i>in vitro –</i> pSTAT1 data	Flow cytometry and western blot data for the pSTAT1 and STAT1 measurements on cell lines	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational 図Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	⊠.fcs ⊠.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq □.bam □NA	□<100MB □<1GB ■<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB □NA	None
JAKi <i>in vitro</i> – Sequencing	Bulk RNAseq sequencing data to study effect of JAKi in IFNy pathway 7 cell lines x 4 conditions x 5 replicates	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	□.fcs □.tiff □.tab ⊠.cvs □.pdf ⊠.txt ⊠.fastq ⊠.bam □NA	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB ⊠<1TB □<5TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB □NA	RNA samples will be stored in LN2 at MolMed, KULeuven
JAKi <i>in vivo</i> – PBMCs	Healthy and patients' PBMCs obtained in UZLeuven	□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ⊠NA	□.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB	PBMCs are stored at the Biobank in KULeuven
JAKi <i>in vivo</i> – pSTAT1 data	Flow cytometry and western blot data for the pSTAT1 and STAT1 measurements on PBMCs	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational ⊠Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	⊠.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt	□<100MB □<1GB ⊠<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □<50TB	None
JAKi <i>in vivo</i> – Sequencing	Bulk RNAseq sequencing data to study effect of JAKi in IFNy pathway # samples x 4 conditions x 5 replicates	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital ⊡Physical	□Observational ⊠Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	□.fcs □.tiff □.tab 図.cvs □.pdf □.txt 図.fastq 図.bam □NA	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB	RNA samples will be stored in LN2 at MolMed, KULeuven

THP1 cell lines (:		□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data	□.rcs □.xml □.tab □.cvs	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB	THP1 cells lines are stored in liquid nitrogen (LN2) in				
- ' -				Software □Other ⊠NA	□.txt □.fastq □.bam ⊠NA	□<10TB □<50TB □>50TB ⊠NA	MolMed, KUL				
	donors obtained in UZLeuven	□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ■NA	□.tcs □.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB □>50TB	PBMCs are stored at the Biobank in KULeuven				
	pSTAT1 and STAT1 measurements on PBMCs	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational ⊠Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA		□<100MB □<1GB ⊠<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB □NA	None	Only for digital data	Only for digital data	Only for digital data	Only for physical data
Overexpression J - # Sequencing 2		□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	□.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB ⊠<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB □NA	None				
_ e	2 patients x 3 time -points	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational ⊠Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	□.pdf ⊠.txt	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB ⊠<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB □>NA	None				
e e		□Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ■NA	□.tes □.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq □.bam	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB	Cell lines are stored in LN2 at MolMed, KUL. NBs and LVs are stored at - 80°C at LVVC, KULeuven				
KO/Addback 9	gene therapy IFNy pathway 3 cell lines x 5 replicates	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	⊠Digital □Physical	□Observational Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	□.tiff □.tab ⊠.cvs □.pdf □.txt	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB ⊠<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB □>NA	RNA samples will be stored in LN2 at MolMed, KULeuven				
	and rAAV viral vectors	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data	□Digital ⊠Physical	□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ■NA	□.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq □.bam	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<11TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □>50TB ☑NA	Cell lines will be stored in LN2 at MolMed, KUL. NBs and LVs will be stored at -80°C at LVVC, KULeuven				

חטת	Primary cells from healthy donors and patients obtained in UZLeuven to be transduced by NBs and rAAV viral vectors	⊠Generate new data ⊠Reuse existing data	□Digital	□Software □Other ⊠NA	□.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq □.bam ⊠NA	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □<50TB	Cell lines will be stored in LN2 at MolMed, KUL. NBs and LVs will be stored at -80°C at LVVC, KULeuven			
Gene Therapy – HDR – HSCs		□Generate new data ☑Reuse existing data		□Observational □Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other ■NA	□.tiff □.tab □.cvs □.pdf □.txt □.fastq	□<100MB □<1GB □<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB	HSCs will be stored in the Verhoeyen's lab at INSERM, Lyon (France) following their DMP procedure			
Gene Therapy – HDR – Characterization	Flow cytometry and western blot data for the pSTAT1 and STAT1 measurements and immune cells populations	⊠Generate new data □Reuse existing data		□Observational Experimental □Compiled/ aggregated data □Simulation data □Software □Other □NA	⊠.tcs ⊠.tiff □.tab □.cvs ⊠.pdf ⊠.txt ⊠.fastq	□<100MB □<1GB ⊠<100GB □<1TB □<5TB □<10TB □<50TB □<50TB □>50TB □NA	None			

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type:

Transcriptomics data from Giovannozzi et al., 2021 might be reused for corroboration of the mutation-specific transcriptomic profile. DOI: https://doi.org/10.3389/fimmu.2021.632997

Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? Describe these issues in the comment section. Please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate.

- Yes, human subject data
- Yes, human subject data

The study protocol for the related studies (ethical committee approval S58466) have been made conformed to recent GDPR-regulations. Assays on hematopoietic stem cells (HSCs) from healthy donors will be obtained via obtained via the collaboration at INSERM, Lyon; all related assays will be performed (and remain there). HSCs are obtained after informed consent of donors and approval was obtained by the ethics committees of the hospitals according to the Helsinki Declaration.

Will you process personal data? If so, briefly describe the kind of personal data you will use in the comment section. Please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate.

Yes

Primary cells data are held by Prof. Rik Schrijvers (submitting PI), the cell vials contain a symbol identifiers that uniquely matches a specific patient. Relevant clinical information such as symptomatology and clinical measurements will be used when necessary, always ensuring the privacy of the patient.

Does your work have potential for commercial valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-offs, commercial exploitation, ...)? If so, please comment per dataset or data type where appropriate.

No

The final proof-of-concept for the gene therapy strategy might have potential for commercial valorization in terms of tech transfer.

Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict exploitation or dissemination of the data you (re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements/ research collaboration agreements)? If so, please explain in the comment section to what data they relate and what restrictions are in place.

Yes

Hematopoietic stem cells' (HSCs) data that will come out of the collaboration with the Verhoeyen's group at INSERM Lyon (France). IPR will be owned by both parts.

Are there any other legal issues, such as intellectual property rights and ownership, to be managed related to the data you (re)use? If so, please explain in the comment section to what data they relate and which restrictions will be asserted.

Yes

Nanoblades, also known as, Cas9-engineered virus-like particles are patented by Philippe Mangeot and Emiliano Ricci; application number: WO 2017/068077 Al; patent status: published, 27th April 2017.

2. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep data understandable and usable, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g., in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

All information obtained in the Laboratory for Allergy and Clinical Immunology (LAKI) lab and Laboratory for Molecular virology and Gene Therapy (LMVGT) (division Molecular Medicine (MolMed)), as well as the information obtained from the collaboration, will be stored in synchronized electronic lab notebooks (OneNote) backed up on the university drives.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data? If so, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.

• Vac

Bulk RNAseq and scRNAseq data will be made available at the following repository: Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO Database) from NCBI. Metadata standards will be used for all data types, including: date, who, machine, type of experiment, treatment, ...

Technique DMP Standard Dataset JAKi in vitro - THP1 cell lines Overexpression - THP1 cell lines Overexpression - Primary Cells Both produced using and in-house DMP standard from Leuven Viral Vector Core (directed by the co-promotor of Gene Therapy - KO/Addback - THP1 cell Viral vector generation this project Cell lines generation lines Gene Therapy - HDR - THP1 cell lines Gene Therapy - HDR - Patient-derived cell lines JAKi in vitro – pSTAT1 data JAKi in vivo - pSTAT1 data DOI: 10.25504/FAIRsharing.kcnii2 Flow cytometry data Overexpression – pSTAT1 data Gene Therapy - HDR - Characterization JAKi in vitro - Sequencing JAKi in vivo - Sequencing DOI: 10.25504/FAIRsharing.a55z32 Next generation seguencing Overexpression - Sequencing Gene Therapy - KO/Addback - Sequencing JAKi in vivo – PBMCs Patient sampling Performed by physicians following UZ Leuven Stardards HSCs obtention and Gene Therapy - HDR - HSCs DMP Standard present at INSERM, Lyon transduction

3. Data storage & back-up during the research project

Where will the data be stored?

Data will be stored in the servers of KU Leuven for both laboratories. Ultimately, data will be stored in the archive drive in KU Leuven servers to ensure read-only mode

How will the data be backed up?

Data will be be backed up in the J and K drive of MolMed and LAKI labs at the KU Leuven servers, respectively.

Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of.

Yes

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?

VSC stored data is only available for modification by the owner and authorized people of the project: Cecilia Iglesias Herrero, Prof. Rik Schrijvers and Prof. Rik Gijsbers. VSC access is protected under password.

Shared and Archive Drives in KU Leuven servers' data are managed only by allowed users. K drive is read-only. Servers are protected under password and double authentication. Biobanked samples: locked fridges in a locked lab.

LN2 and -80°C Samples and viral vectors (rAAV and LV-based): are managed only by staff of the Leuven Viral Vector Core (LVVC) at Molecular Medicine lab

What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?

6 Euro per 100Gb/year. Project funding FWO (G054022N)

4. Data preservation after the end of the research project

Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies...).

All data will be retained for at least five years after the end of the project.

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?

Ultimately, data will be archived in the K drive in KU Leuven servers. This drive is read-only and is protected under password and double authentication. Protocols and DMP standards will be stored in electronic lab books.

What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?

6 Euro per 100Gb/year. Project funding FWO (G054022N and others)

5. Data sharing and reuse

Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? In the comment section please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made

Bulk RNAseg data from cell lines will be made available at the following repository: Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO Database) upon publication. Patient-derived RNAseq data will be available only under request to ensure patient privacy.

Raw data from the studies will be available upon request. This will be specified in the publications.

If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.

Restricted data can be used by all the scientists when privacy can be ensured according to GDPR regulations

Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain in the comment section per dataset or data type where appropriate.

· Yes, Privacy aspects

Privacy aspects are involved being patients with very rare cases of STAT1 gain-of-function a disease.

Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.

GEO Database for cell lines RNAseq.

Datasets that will be publicly available in this repository:

- JAKi in vitro Sequencing
- Overexpression Sequencing
 Gene Therapy KO/Addback Sequencing

When will the data be made available?

Data will be made available upon publication.

Which data usage licenses are you going to provide? If none, please explain why.

not applicable

Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession number to your dataset(s)? If already available, you have the option to provide it in the comment section.

Yes

Not available vet.

What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered?

No costs will be involved.

6. Responsibilities

Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?

PhD students (Cecilia Iglesias Herrero, Willem Roosens, Paulien Verscheure) and the promotor (submitting PI, Rik Schrijvers) of the project. Additionally, Sabien Fevery is responsible for Data Management at the Laboratory of Allergy and Clinical Immunology

Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?

PhD and promotor

Who will manage data preservation and sharing?

The data manager and the promotor of the project.

Who will update and implement this DMP?

Promotor (and PhD students)