

MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS IMMUNOGENETICS: MOVING TO MULTIMODAL SINGLE-CELL RESOLUTION

A Data Management Plan created using DMPonline.be

Creator: Margaux David

Affiliation: KU Leuven (KUL)

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Principal Investigator: Prof. dr. Bénédicte Dubois

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Project abstract:

Multiple sclerosis (MS) is an autoimmune disease of the central nervous system affecting 2.8 million people worldwide and leading to disability in young adults. Thus far, no cure is available for MS and current therapies can come with severe adverse effects as they are based on the depletion of broad ranges of immune cells. Recently, our group was closely involved in the identification of 236 MS genetic risk variants through genome-wide association studies. These variants are >90% non-coding, but display significant enrichment for variants affecting gene expression and/or splicing. Increasing evidence points to the cell- and condition specificity of these processes, however, approaches to study gene expression or splicing have been limited to bulk RNA from broader immune cell subsets in blood. In this project, I will move beyond the state-of-the-art by applying a unique multimodal approach that allows quantification of specific variants or splice forms at the single-cell level across thousands of cells. This approach adds two layers to the standard single-cell RNA sequencing landscape: one targeted layer to cover variants at specific positions, and a second long-read sequencing layer to optimally detect alternative splicing. After validation of the results by combining RNA with protein level where possible, data integration will take us one step closer to uncovering the mechanism of action of MS risk variants, and thereby open the door to novel more targeted therapies for MS.

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Application DMP

QUESTIONNAIRE

Describe the datatypes (surveys, sequences, manuscripts, objects ...) the research will collect and/or generate and /or (re)use. (use up to 700 characters)

- Primary and secondary quantitative and qualitative: demographic and clinical data
- Primary experimental: experimental from human biological material
- Primary derived: data processing, statistical and bioinformatics analyses

- Secondary reference: standard genetic references databases that are publicly available
- Primary quantitative quantitative and qualitative: summaries, presentations, publications,...
- Biological material: human biological material from MS patients and controls (blood, DNA, RNA, PBMCs, plasma, serum, cerebrospinal fluid)

Specify in which way the following provisions are in place in order to preserve the data during and at least 5 years after the end of the research? Motivate your answer. (use up to 700 characters)

a) Responsible persons:

- Demographic and clinical data, patient identifiers, ethics approval and implementation of UZ Leuven guidelines: Prof. Bénédicte Dubois

- Pseudonymized, experimental and derived data and implementation of KU Leuven guidelines: Prof. An Goris

b) Storage:

- During research: preferentially on KU Leuven file shares (I, J, L), removable storage media for large data exceeding the capacity of file shares, KU Leuven approved laptops and on the supercomputer server for calculations, biobank

- After research: KU Leuven file shares (Archive K-drive and Large-Data L drive), data repositories for genetic data if allowed, long-term storage biobanksearch

What's the reason why you wish to deviate from the principle of preservation of data and of the minimum preservation term of 5 years? (max. 700 characters)

We do not wish to deviate.

Are there issues concerning research data indicated in the ethics questionnaire of this application form? Which specific security measures do those data require? (use up to 700 characters)

KU Leuven and UZ Leuven Ethics and GDPR guidelines will be followed.

Which other issues related to the data management are relevant to mention? (use up to 700 characters)

NA

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DPIA

DPIA

Have you performed a DPIA for the personal data processing activities for this project?

- Not applicable

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GDPR

GDPR

Have you registered personal data processing activities for this project?

- Not applicable

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FWO DMP (Flemish Standard DMP)

1. RESEARCH DATA SUMMARY

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data.

Dataset Name	Description	New or reused	Digital or Physical	Only for digital data	Only for digital data	Only for digital data	Only for physical data
				Digital Data Type	Digital Data format	Digital data volume (MB/GB/TB)	Physical data volume
		Please choose from the following options:	Please choose from the following options:	Please choose from the following options:	Please choose from the following options:	Please choose from the following options:	
		• Generated	• Digital	• Observational	• .por, .xml, .tab, .csv, .pdf, .txt, .rtf, .dwg, .gml, ...	• < 100 MB	
				• Experimental	• NA		
			• Physical	• Compiled/aggregated data		• < 1 GB	
				• Simulation		• < 1	

Patient Data	Demographic and clinical data collected by Prof. Bénédict e Dubois (neurologist). As researcher, we only receive the sample number and characteristics important for the analysis (pseudonymization)	New & reused	Digital	Observational	Microsoft Access Database	<100MB	/
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reuse existing data 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Software • Other • NA 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <1TB • <5TB • <10TB • <50TB • >50TB • NA 	

).	Approval from EC was already obtained.						
Biological material	Preservation of plasma, CSF supernatant, DNA and RNA at -80°C. Preservation of PBMCs and CSF cells in liquid nitrogen.	New & reused	Physical	/	/	/		1 mL per tube/aliquot
Sequencing data	Sequencing data from scRNA-sequencing experiments. This includes: - Raw sequencing data files - Scripts for analysis (supercomputer + R) - Output figures	New & reused	Digital	Experimental	- .fastq, .bam, .mtx, .tsv - .bash, .R, .rds - .xlsx, .png, .pdf	<1TB	/	
Documentation	- Experimental protocols (stored digitally + on paper in laboratory notebooks) - Manuscripts - Standard genetic reference	New & reused	Digital & physical	Experimental	.docx, .pdf, .xlsx + stored on paper in laboratory notebooks	<100GB		1 A4 laboratory notebook

database
s
(publicly
available
)

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type:

- scRNA-sequencing data generated as part of current or previous research projects within our laboratory will be reused. This data was generated for the project of Lies Van Horebeek, Stijn Swinnen or Jarne Beliën.
- Patient data collected as part of current or previous research projects within our laboratory will be reused. This data was generated for the projects of Dr Lies Van Horebeek, Stijn Swinnen or Jarne Beliën.
- Publicly available genetic reference databases such as Genome Browser, Gene Cards, Human Protein Atlas, Ensembl.

Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? Describe these issues in the comment section. Please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate.

- Yes, human subject data

The Ethics Committee Research UZ Leuven/KU Leuven approved the use of samples (blood and CSF) of patients and healthy controls for the purposes of research (S60222 and S50354).

Will you process personal data? If so, briefly describe the kind of personal data you will use in the comment section. Please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate.

- Yes

We will use personal data of patients and controls included in the study. The collected patient data consists of general characteristics such as age and sex, as well as disease-specific information (e.g. types of treatment received, dates during which patient was treated,...) and the result of the single-cell RNA sequencing and genotype information for specific genetic variants. The data of the controls included in the study consists of general characteristics, clinical data and results of the single-cell RNA sequencing and genotype information for specific genetic variants. Clinical data will be collected by Prof. Bénédicte Dubois. The researchers will receive the data pseudonymized to prevent patient name tracing.

Does your work have potential for commercial valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-offs, commercial exploitation, ...)? If so, please comment per dataset or data type where appropriate.

- No

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Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict exploitation or dissemination of the data you (re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements/ research collaboration agreements)? If so, please explain in the comment section to what data they relate and what restrictions are in place.

- No

/

Are there any other legal issues, such as intellectual property rights and ownership, to be managed related to the data you (re)use? If so, please explain in the comment section to what data they relate and which restrictions will be asserted.

- No

/

2. DOCUMENTATION AND METADATA

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep data understandable and usable, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g., in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

Documentation including experimental protocols and parameters (concentrations measured, number of cells counted,...) will be recorded in physical laboratory books and stored into Word or Excel files, which also contains the necessary metadata (user, date,...) regarding the experiment.

Data folders containing the raw and processed data will be hierarchically organized and labeled based on the date of data generation and source of the data. Each main data folder will contain a ReadMe.txt file containing all the necessary information to keep the data understandable and usable.

All of the R scripts will be made in Rmarkdown format and knitted to HTML format so that comments can be added in between the chunks of code, thereby providing explanations to keep the analysis understandable. R markdown files automatically contain metadata (user, date,...)

All of these files will be stored in the KU Leuven share storage space (J-drive) and will be backed up regularly to the KU Leuven large storage space (L-drive) and an external hard drive.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data? If so, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.

- No

See above.

3. DATA STORAGE & BACK-UP DURING THE RESEARCH PROJECT

Where will the data be stored?

Electronical data will be stored in conformity with KU Leuven and FWO RDM policy. All datatypes including protocols, raw data and analysed data will be stored on KU Leuven file shares (J, K, L). A copy of all data will also be stored on an external hard drive kept by the researchers in the laboratory. In case additional storage is required, the capacity of the KU Leuven shares can be increased.

Hard copy laboratory notebooks with raw data and records of the experiments will be physically stored in our laboratory.

How will the data be backed up?

The KU Leuven file shares (central ICTS data centre) provides hourly, daily and weekly automatic back ups. These back-ups are saved on their servers.
Moreover, the data will also be backed-up on external hard drives kept by the researchers in the laboratory.

**Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely.
If no or insufficient storage or backup capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of.**

- Yes

Yes, enough storage and back-up capacity is available on the KU Leuven shares. In case additional storage is required, the capacity of the KU Leuven shares can be increased.

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?

To ensure our data is protected, the KU Leuven shares are secured with a login and password connected to our KU Leuven accounts. Only members of our laboratory have access to these drives.

What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?

Data storage and costs will be managed by the principal investigator responsible for this project, Prof. An Goris. The costs for data storage is € 503.66/TB/year, which comes to approximately € 2000 for the duration of this FWO fellowship.

The costs will be covered by previous funding obtained by the laboratory and/or by the FWO fellowship bench fee.

4. DATA PRESERVATION AFTER THE END OF THE RESEARCH PROJECT

Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies...).

Physical samples from patients and controls will be kept for 30 years, as stated in the informed consent form signed by the participants. Clinical data from patients and controls will be kept for at least 25 years, according to recommendations for clinical trials.

According to KU Leuven RDM policy, all other research data will be kept for at least 10 years.

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?

During and after the research project, data will be stored on KU Leuven shares. The same data will also be backed-up on an external hard drive.

The registry containing all clinical data of patients and controls will be stored on UZ Leuven drives, with adequate back-up provided by UZ Leuven.

What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?

Data that need to be easily accessed will be stored on the KU Leuven shares J-drive, for which the costs are € 503.66/TB/year. On the longer term, data can be preserved on the K-drive, specifically dedicated to archive storage. This costs € 5.69/100Gb/year.

Long-term data storage and costs will be managed and evaluated by the principal investigator responsible for this project, Prof. An Goris

5. DATA SHARING AND REUSE

Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? In the comment section please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.

- No (closed access)
- Yes, in an Open Access repository
- Yes, in a restricted access repository (after approval, institutional access only, ...)

Counts matrix (or raw data) of single-cell RNA sequencing data will be made available in an open access repository such as GEO (Gene Expression Omnibus). Scripts will be shared upon request.
The rest of the data will not be made available to third parties.

If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.

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Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain in the comment section per dataset or data type where appropriate.

- No

/

Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.

The raw single-cell sequencing data (or counts matrix) will be made available in an open access repository such as GEO (Gene Expression Omnibus) if this is a requirement from the journal.
The scripts for data analysis will be shared upon request, for example through a (private- GitHub repository.

When will the data be made available?

The data that will be shared, namely the counts matrix from single-cell RNA sequencing data and the scripts, will be made available upon publication.

Which data usage licenses are you going to provide? If none, please explain why.

As advised by the KU Leuven RDM helpdesk and the license selector tool, we will use the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike (CC BY-SA-4.0) license. This license allows others to use, copy, distribute, and modify the data for any purpose, as long as the original source is properly attributed and any modifications are distributed under the same license terms

Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession number to your dataset(s)? If already available, you have the option to provide it in the comment section.

- Yes

Data in the GEO repository will be granted a GEO accession number.

What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered?

Sharing single-cell RNA sequencing data on GEO is usually free of charge for smaller datasets. The basic GitHub accesses are also free for individuals and organizations.

6. RESPONSIBILITIES

Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?

The principal investigator (Prof. An Goris) and the researcher (Margaux David) bear the responsibility for the data documentation during the research project.

Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?

The principal investigator (Prof. An Goris) and the researcher (Margaux David) bear the responsibility for data storage and back-up during the research project.

Who will manage data preservation and sharing?

The principal investigator (Prof. An Goris) and the researcher (Margaux David) bear the responsibility for the data preservation and sharing.

Who will update and implement this DMP?

The principal investigator (Prof. An Goris) and the researcher (Margaux David) will update and implement this DMP.