## FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

## Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Hideaki Mizuno; 0000-0002-6983-5255
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Luc Van Meervelt; 0000-0003-2186-5209; co-promoter
	Jeremy Harvey; 0000-0002-1728-1596; co-promoter
	Eduard Fron; 0000-0003-2260-0798; co-promoter
Project number <sup>1</sup> & title	G0A8523N: Exploring excited state dynamics of fluorescent proteins by X-ray free electron laser (XFEL)
Funder(s) GrantID <sup>2</sup>	FWO
Affiliation(s)	▼ KU Leuven
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen
	□ Universiteit Gent
	□ Universiteit Hasselt
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Fluorescent proteins (FPs) have become a widely opted choice for protein labelling in living specimen. Some FPs show unique photoswitching properties (psFPs) with which advanced microscopic techniques such as superresolution microscopy have been developed. Optimizing the photoswitching properties is crucial for further advancement of the microscopic technologies, and knowledge of molecular bases behind the photoswitching reactions is essential for rational design of improved psFPs. However, since the photoswitchings are excited processes proceeding in femto- to picosecond order, their structural dynamics are inaccessible by traditional synchrotron X-ray crystallography. In this project, we will address this unexplored information by employing the next generation X-ray source, X-ray free electron laser (XFEL). XFEL provides extremely short (10 fs), strong, and coherent X-ray pulses, which enables serial femtosecond X-ray crystallography (SFX). We will also employ ultrafast spectroscopy and QM/MM simulation to acquire complementary information and integrate results with SFX, aiming full understanding of the molecular basis of the photoswitching processes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

## 2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data <sup>3</sup>.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset	Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data	Physical Volume
Name			Physical		Format	Volume (MB, GB,	
						TB)	
Protein	coordinates and	□ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	.pdb	⊠ < 1 GB	
structure	diffraction data	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images	.mtz	□ < 100 GB	
		☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB	
		data		☐ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	
				☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB	
				⊠ Model		□NA	
				☐ Software			
				☐ Other:			
spectra	ultrafast	□ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	. CSV	⊠ < 1 GB	
	fluorescence,	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		□ < 100 GB	
	absorption, and	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB	
	Raman spectra	data		☐ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	
				□ Textual		□ > 5 TB	
				☐ Model		□NA	
				☐ Software			
				☐ Other:			
protein and	sequence data	□ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	. txt	⊠ < 1 GB	
DNA	of psFP mutants	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images		□ < 100 GB	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

sequence		☐ Reuse existi	ing	☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB	
		data		☐ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	
						□ > 5 TB	
				☐ Model		$\square$ NA	
				☐ Software			
				☐ Other:			
QM/MM	QM/MM	⊠ Generate nerente nerent	ew 🔲 Digit	al 🗆 Audiovisual	NA	⊠ < 1 GB	
simulation	simulations of	data	☐ Phys	ical		□ < 100 GB	
	protein	☐ Reuse existi	ing	☐ Sound		□ < 1 TB	
	structures	data		☐ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	
				☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB	
				☐ Model		$\square$ NA	
				☐ Software			
				☐ Other:			
Guidance: The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.  RDM Guidance on data							
If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.							

Are there any ethical issues concerning the	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number:
creation and/or use of the data	☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	⊠ No
types when appropriate and provide the	Additional information:
relevant ethical approval number.	
Will you process personal data <sup>4</sup> ? If so, please	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)
refer to specific datasets or data types when	⊠ No
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	□ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

	3. Documentation and Metadata
Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep data understandable and usable, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).  RDM quidance on documentation and metadata.	We will keep all experimental procedures and data acquisition parameters electronically. The file will be saved with the data files.
Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data?  If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.	<ul> <li>✓ Yes</li> <li>☐ No</li> <li>If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:</li> <li>We are going to use KU Leuven RDR: https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/rdr</li> <li>If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:</li> </ul>
REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.	

## 4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project

Where will the data be stored?	☐ Shared network drive (J-drive)
	☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	□ Large Volume Storage
	☐ Digital Vault
	☐ Other:
How will the data be backed up?	☐ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	☑ Personal back-ups I make (specify) external storage such as HDD
What storage and backup procedures will be in place to	☐ Other (specify)
PREVENT DATA LOSS?	
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	⊠ Yes
capacity during the project? If yes, specify	□ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	If no, please specify:
will be taken care of.	
How will you ensure that the data are securely	
stored and not accessed or modified by	We believe OneDrive (KU Leuven) is secure enough
unauthorized persons?	For backup, external storage will be kept offline.
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY,	
NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND	
FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE.	
Guidance on security for research data	

What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	Maximum 1000 euro
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	5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project
Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies).  Guidance on data preservation	<ul> <li>✓ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy</li> <li>☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans</li> <li>☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain)</li> </ul>
Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?  Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	<ul> <li>         ⊠ KU Leuven RDR         □ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes)         □ Shared network drive (J-drive)         □ Other (specifiy):     </li> </ul>
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	No additional cost is necessary.

	6. Data Sharing and Reuse
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.  Note that 'available' does not necessarily mean that the data set becomes openly available, conditions for access and use may apply. Availability in this question thus entails both open & restricted access. For more information: https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	<ul> <li>Yes, as open data</li> <li>☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)</li> <li>☐ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)</li> <li>☐ No (closed access)</li> <li>☐ Other, please specify:</li> </ul>
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate.	<ul> <li>Yes, privacy aspects</li> <li>Yes, intellectual property rights</li> <li>Yes, ethical aspects</li> <li>Yes, aspects of dual use</li> <li>Yes, other</li> <li>No</li> <li>If yes, please specify:</li> </ul>
Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.	<ul><li>         ⊠ KU Leuven RDR         □ Other data repository (specify)         □ Other (specify)     </li></ul>

When will the data be made available?	<ul> <li>☑ Upon publication of research results</li> <li>☐ Specific date (specify)</li> <li>☐ Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Which data usage licenses are you going to	□ CC-BY 4.0 (data)
provide? If none, please explain why.  A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.  Check the RDR quidance on licences for data and software sources code or consult the License selector tool to help you choose.	<ul> <li>□ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)</li> <li>□ MIT licence (code)</li> <li>□ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)</li> <li>□ Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	☐ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.  Indicate whether you intend to ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	⊠ No
What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered?	No additional cost is necessary.

	7. Responsibilities
Who will manage data documentation and	Researchers who will get the data (e.g., PhD Students and Postdoc) will take care of depositing the data
metadata during the research project?	under supervision of the (co)promoters

Who will manage data storage and backup	Researchers who will get the data (e.g., PhD Students and Postdoc) will take care of depositing the data
during the research project?	under supervision of the (co)promoters
Who will manage data preservation and	One of the (co)promoters takes responsibility for respective data sets. The responsible person will be
sharing?	appointed at the time of deposition to RDR, depending on the type of data.
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Prof. Hideaki Mizuno