## FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

#### Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Yasmine Arafa, https://orcid.org/my-orcid?orcid=0009-0007-7345-7035
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Peter Carmeliet, <a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7961-1821">https://orcid.org/0000-0001-7961-1821</a> , Supervisor
Project number <sup>1</sup> & title	11A3W25N, Novel Immunostimulatory Genes in Immunomodulatory Endothelial Cells as Therapeutic Targets for Vascular Endothelial Dysfunction in Non-Alcoholic Steatohepatitis (NASH)
Funder(s) GrantID <sup>2</sup>	FWO (11A3W25N)
Affiliation(s)	KU Leuven ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Endothelial cell (EC) dysfunction is a hallmark of multiple inflammatory disorders including cardiovascular disease (CVD) and its comorbidity such as non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH). In fact, NASH, with persistent immuno-inflammation, serves not only as a surrogate model for vascular EC dysfunction, but also represents a condition with increased risk of CVD. The host lab reported immunoregulatory functions of ECs (coined IMECs) in different disease contexts, but identifying new drug target candidates expressed by IMECs in inflammatory disorders is still urgently needed. I hypothesize that targeting immunostimulatory genes in liver sinusoidal ECs (LSEC) reprograms them towards an immunosuppressive phenotype and unlocks an anti-inflammatory response as a new therapeutic approach. I will (i) Uncover unexplored genes encoding immunostimulatory proteins via RNA-seq of healthy and NASH LSECs, prioritize them using in silico analyses and in vitro siRNA-silencing based prioritization assays, (ii) Validate (n=2) selected candidates in vivo using EC-selective lipid nanoparticle-based siRNA delivery in NASH mice, and (iii) perform an initial Mode of Action analysis for the top (n=1) target. My work will yield novel insights that can help pave the way for the development of new drugs for reversing EC dysfunction. My prior experience in cellular and molecular biology combined with the lab's expertise in EC biology and single cell -omics will ensure high-quality project execution.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

#### 2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data <sup>3</sup>.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset	Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data	Physical Volume
Name			Physical		Format	Volume (MB, GB,	
						TB)	
		☐ Generate new	□ Digital	□ Audiovisual		□ < 1 GB	
		data	☐ Physical	□ Images		□ < 100 GB	
		☐ Reuse existing		□ Sound		□ < 1 TB	
		data		□ Numerical		□ < 5 TB	
				□ Textual		□ > 5 TB	
				□ Model		□ NA	
				☐ Software			
				□ Other:			
TEXT	Protocols,	New	Digital	Textual	.csv, .docx	< 1 GB	
	description of						
	research results,						
	literature stud-						
	ies, output of						
	predicted unex-						
	plored genes						
Gene priorit-	Gene prioritiza-	- Reuse (public data-	Digital	- Software	.jpg, .pdf	< 1 GB	
ization soft-	tion tool + pre-	bases; software)		(UniApp)			
ware	liminary inquiry	- New (gene prioriti-		- Textual			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

(UniApp, Unicle Biomedical Datascience) & Public databases	into mechanistic understanding of candidate targets	zation outcome & predictions on mechanistic actions)	Physical	- Experimental			Storage in N2 tanks
samples	and cultured cell lines	INEW	Pilysical	Experimental			Storage III NZ taliks
Fluorescent and confocal microscopy images	Confocal microscopy images of NASH samples	New	Digital	Images, Experi- mental	.czi, .tif, .jpg	< 1 TB	
RNAseq	RNAseq on NASH samples and cultured cell lines upon tar- get silencing	New	Digital	Other (transcrip- tomic)	.bam, .fastq, .cou nt, .txt, .csv	< 1 TB	
Flow cyto- metry data	Flow Cytometry and FACS sort files (FlowJo and equipment specific files)	New	Digital	Other (experi- mental)	.fcs, .pdf	< 1 GB	
Observational numerical data	Characterization of molecular mode of action	New	Digital	Numerical	.xls, .csv, .pzfx	< 100 GB	

ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are a	IP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum a including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and prelatasets and should described under documentation/metadata.
If you reuse existing data, please specify the	Public databases will be consulted during this project. These include:
source, preferably by using a persistent identi-	<ul> <li>https://www.genecards.org/</li> </ul>
fier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or	<ul> <li>https://www.proteinatlas.org/</li> </ul>
data type.	<ul> <li>https://maayanlab.cloud/Harmonizome/dataset/Biocarta+Pathways</li> </ul>
	•
Are there any ethical issues concerning the cre-	$\square$ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number
ation and/or use of the data	
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	$\square$ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	□ No
types when appropriate and provide the relev-	Additional information:
ant ethical approval number.	Yes, animal experiments will be done (WP2, ECD: P218/2023).
Will you process personal data <sup>4</sup> ? If so, please	☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)
refer to specific datasets or data types when ap-	⊠ No
propriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	⊠ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	□ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	Deep mechanistic studies will be performed on the top unexplored target to uncover its immunomodula-

tory properties on a molecular level. Not only will this provide us fundamental knowledge to publish in a top journal, but it also provides the most promising unexplored target with potential to be translated to

clinical applications. Submission of patents will be evaluated in collaboration with VIB.

where appropriate.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict ex-	☐ Yes
ploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as intellec-	☐ Yes
tual property rights and ownership, to be man-	⊠ No
aged related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

### 3. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

RDM guidance on documentation and metadata.

Generated sequencing data for this project will be uploaded to EGA and GEO in combination with related metadata (e.g. age, gender, case/control status, sequencing platform/library... etc.) to be accessible to the public upon submission.

A physical sample inventory will be stored in freezers (plasmids, vectors, RNA and protein extracts) and liquid nitrogen tank (cells) and a file with sample details will be saved on the shared server.

Flow cytometry and sorting: information on gating strategy for cell identification and sorting will be saved in electronic files with details on antibody concentrations and protocols for cell preparation and staining will be described in detail in lab books.

Imaging (confocal and cytation5 imager): images and settings will be saved in electronic files. Details on staining techniques and antibody or dye concentrations and protocols for cell preparation will be described in detail in lab books.

Datafiles and the imaging protocols will be stored on KULeuven servers.

Excel documents will always be saved in the csv format, so that it can be read as American csv/tab-delimited text or European csv/tab-delimited text. For publication, the standards of the journal in which the data will be published, will be used. For all stored data, a readme-file is provided, which includes a short description of the filename, definitions of column headings and row labels, data processing steps, storage information and contact information.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it	⊠ Yes
easier to find and reuse the data?	□ No
	If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:
If so, please specify which metadata standard	
will be used. If not, please specify which	The metadata standards of EGA will be used for submission of sequencing data, as can be consulted on
metadata will be created to make the data	https://ega-archive.org/submission/metadata/submission/sequencing-phenotype/submitter-portal/
easier to find and reuse.	
REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN	
FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E.	
STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.	

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project			
Where will the data be stored?	☐ Shared network drive (J-drive)		
	☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)		
Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)		
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online		
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis		
	☐ Large Volume Storage		
	☐ Digital Vault		
	☑ Other: L-drive (lvs.inetloc) KU Leuven LUNA, centrally managed by the central computer, IT department		
	of KU Leuven: ICTS (Informatie en Communicatie: Technologie en Systemen), Archive.inetloc, Synology		
	Imaging server, data can also be stored at the institutional research data repository: RDR from KU Leuven		
	(after completion of the project).		

How will the data be backed up?	Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
M/WAT CTORACE AND DARWIN DECEMBER WILL DE WAS TO	Personal back-ups I make (specify)
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?	☐ Other (specify)
	The data will be backed up in a double way. Automatic back-up (every 24 hours) of the network L-drive is
	controlled by the ICTS KU Leuven department. In addition, every researcher's computer has installed the
	Druva Cloud Platform. Druva Cloud protects and manages data across all devices, and allows to perform
	the backup operations even every 5 minutes (managed individually - depends on the user).
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	⊠ Yes
capacity during the project? If yes, specify con-	□ No
cisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	KU Leuven provides sufficient storage and back-up capacity during and after the project. A dedicated
will be taken care of.	folder will be made for the project on which the collaborators will work jointly and store data files.
How will you ensure that the data are securely	
stored and not accessed or modified by unau-	The network drive for the FWO project folder and the large volume storage folder are secured by the ICTS
thorized persons?	service of KU Leuven with a mirror copy. Only other lab members, will have access to the shared folder. Unauthorized persons do not have access to this system.
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY,	
NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND	
FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND	
TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE.	
Guidance on security for research data	
What are the expected costs for data storage	Yearly storage costs of 1TB data on large storage servers of the host lab are estimated at 130 €/year. Costs
and backup during the research project? How	will be covered by internal lab fundings.
will these costs be covered?	

# 5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project

Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies).  Guidance on data preservation	<ul> <li>✓ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy</li> <li>☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans</li> <li>☐ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain)</li> </ul>
Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?  Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	<ul> <li>         ⊠ KU Leuven RDR         □ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes)         □ Shared network drive (J-drive)         ⊠ Other (specifiy): Archive.inetloc     </li> <li>All the generated data will be stored and archived on the "large storage network L-drive" - KU Leuven LUNA, centrally managed by the central computer, IT department of KU Leuven. All data is backed-up daily to the cloud-storage to ensure safe storage.     </li> </ul>
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	Yearly storage costs of 1TB data on large storage servers of the host lab are estimated at 130 €/year. Costs will be covered by internal lab fundings.

# 6. Data Sharing and Reuse

Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project? Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.  Note that 'Available' does not necessarily mean that the data set becomes openly available, conditions for access and use may apply. Availability in this question thus entails	<ul> <li>☐ Yes, as open data</li> <li>☒ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)</li> <li>☒ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)</li> <li>☐ No (closed access)</li> <li>☐ Other, please specify:</li> <li>Embargoed data: data with temporary access restriction until publication (e.g.RNA-sequencing datasets)</li> <li>Restricted data: data/material under MTA agreement (physical data, e.g. newly constructed plasmids,</li> </ul>
BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION:  HTTPS://WIKI.SURFNET.NL/DISPLAY/STANDARDS/INFO-EU-REPO/#INF  OEUREPO-AccessRights	mouse samples)
If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	All relevant data will made publicly available upon publication. However, before publication, the data will be accessible only by the researchers working on the project. The identity of the person who accesses the data will be verified using institutional account system. If for any reason of accession is needed at an earlier time-point, this can be arranged through collaborations and in cooperation with the host institution's guidance.  All third parties will be able to access data under restriction, under MTA with VIB.
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restric-	<ul><li>✓ Yes, intellectual property rights</li><li>☐ Yes, ethical aspects</li></ul>
tions)? Please explain per dataset or data type	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
	□ No
	If yes, please specify: Some data will become available when published. Further, some mystery targets may be considered for patent applications. However, this will be decided internally upon discussion with VIB and KU Leuven/LRD, to decide which candidate targets will be considered for this purpose.

Where will the data be made available?	
If already known, please provide a repository	☐ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☑ Other (specify) VIB
When will the data be made available?	☑ Upon publication of research results
	☐ Specific date (specify)
	☑ Other (specify): For Restricted data: upon finalization of an MTA agreement with VIB.
Which data usage licenses are you going to	☐ CC-BY 4.0 (data)
provide? If none, please explain why.	□ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	☑ Other (specify): Material Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY	
REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER	
ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the RDR guidance on licences for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
tool to help you choose.	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession num-	
ber to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	□ No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	
IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
What are the expected costs for data sharing?	We do not expect any costs for data sharing to publicly available repositories.
How will these costs be covered?	

7. Responsibilities		
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	Yasmine Arafa, Peter Carmeliet (promotor)	
Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?	Yasmine Arafa and departmental IT staff (Urbain Scherpereel, Pieter Joris) and the ICTS KU Leuven department	
Who will manage data preservation and sharing?	While the project is ongoing, the doctoral researcher (Yasmine Arafa) will manage the data preservation. Prof. Peter Carmeliet, the promoter, will take care of the preservation after the completion of the doctoral dissertation, together with the departmental IT staff (Urbain Scherpereel, Pieter Joris). The researcher will manage the sharing of the data.	
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Yasmine Arafa	