FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Laura Van der Jeucht - 0000-0002-5009-2279
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Bram Van de Poel – promotor
	Wim Van den Ende – co-promotor
Project number ¹ & title	1SHAY24N - Using far-red light to steer carbon assimilation and translocation in tomato
Funder(s) GrantID ²	1SHAY24N
Affiliation(s)	☐ KU Leuven
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen
	☐ Universiteit Gent
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	The advancement in LED technology has transformed horticulture, including vegetable production in greenhouses.
	Besides assimilation LEDs to drive photosynthesis, the introduction of far-red light (730 nm) into greenhouse
	production is the latest trend. Research has shown that additional far-red lighting, on top of full-LED lighting, of tomato plants leads to a higher yield. Also, fruit have a higher sugar content, making them sweeter. It is known that
	far-red light activates phytochrome signaling, but not what the downstream responses are related to the plant's
	sugar metabolism. We postulate that far-red light enhances the yield of tomato plants via 3 mechanisms: altering of
	plant architecture, direct activation of leaf photosynthesis, and regulation of gene expression related to the sugar
	metabolism. Our preliminary data has shown that the first mechanism is influenced by far-red light, but the second
	is not. We will focus our research efforts on the third mechanism. We will do so by analyzing gene expression
	through RNAseq, creating knockouts of identified key genes, and performing far-red trials to monitor physiology (plant architecture) and biochemistry (sugar levels and transport). This approach will enable us to unravel the
	mechanism how far-red light steers carbon assimilation and translocation via phytochrome signaling in tomato. This
	knowledge can help to further increase yield in a sustainable way and support high-tech innovations in horticulture.

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data ³.

WP1: Effect of far-red light on tomato sugar metabolism

			ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA
Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume
					(MB, GB, TB)
Sucrose synthase: the absorbance of samples	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB
is compared to a sucrose standard curve, and				.csv	
this allows for the calculation of the activity					
of sucrose synthase.					
Phloem sap: HPLC chromatogram peak areas,	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB
used to calculate sucrose concentration in				.csv	
sample					

WP2: Revealing the role of the phytochromes

			ONLY FOR DIGITAL	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA
			DATA		
Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume
					(MB, GB, TB)
CRISPR/Cas9: sequencing datasets	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.fastq	< 1 TB
CRISPR/Cas9: analysis sequencing data	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical +	.xlsx	< 1 GB
			textual	.docx	
Plants' response to far-red experimental data	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB

³ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

(length increase, chlorophyll fluorescence,				.csv	
petiole angles & length, canopy cover, source					
leaf surface area, photosynthesis &					
transpiration rate, stomatal conductance)					
Images of plants to calculate canopy cover,	Generate new data	Digital	Images	.jpg	< 1 GB
petiole length, and source leaf surface area					
HPLC chromatogram peak areas, used to	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB
calculate glucose, fructose and sucrose				.csv	
concentrations in plant tissue					

			ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Physical Volume
CRISPR/Cas9: knockout lines of the different phytochromes	Generate new data	Physical	Up to 20 plants + up to 1000 seeds
CRISPR/Cas9: vector DNA	Generate new data	Physical	1 box in -20

WP3: Uncovering far-red controlled molecular pathway

			ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA
Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume
		Physical			(MB, GB, TB)
RNA-sequencing data raw	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical, textual	.fastq.gz	< 1 TB
RNA-sequencing data processed	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical, textual	.bam	< 1 TB
Data analysis	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical, textual	.rmd, .html, .docx, .	< 1 TB
				png, .txt, .xlsx	

CRISPR/Cas9: sequencing datasets Generate new data Digital Numerical .fastq < 1 TB

			ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Physical Volume
CRISPR/Cas9: knockout lines of selected sugar metabolism genes	Generate new data	Physical	Up to 20 plants + up to 1000 seeds
CRISPR/Cas9: vector DNA	Generate new data	Physical	1 box in -20
Reporter lines: plant material and seeds	Generate new data	Physical	Up to 20 plants + up to 1000 seeds

WP4: Validation of findings for yield increase

			ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA
Description	New or Reused	Digital or Physical	Digital Data Type	Digital Data Format	Digital Data Volume
					(MB, GB, TB)
Plants' response to far-red experimental data	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB
(length increase, chlorophyll fluorescence,				.CSV	
petiole angles & length, canopy cover, source					
leaf surface area, photosynthesis &					
transpiration rate, stomatal conductance)					
Images of plants to calculate canopy cover,	Generate new data	Digital	Images	.jpg	< 1 GB
petiole length, and source leaf surface area					
HPLC chromatogram peak areas, used to	Generate new data	Digital	Numerical	.xlsx	< 1 GB
calculate glucose, fructose and sucrose				.CSV	
concentrations in plant tissue					

GUIDANCE:

The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.

RDM Guidance on data

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	
Are there any ethical issues concerning the	☐ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number:
creation and/or use of the data	☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:
(e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual	☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:
use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data	⊠ No
types when appropriate and provide the	Additional information:
relevant ethical approval number.	
Will you process personal data ⁴ ? If so, please	,
refer to specific datasets or data types when	
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	☐ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	

⁴ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

3. Documentation and Metadata Clearly describe what approach will be followed Experimental work will be documented in protocols and lab books. README.txt files will be provided for to capture the accompanying information raw datafiles, elaborating on the origin of the dataset and describing the necessary to keep data understandable and variables. Physical data (plant tissue/extracts) will be stored and labeled appropriately. usable, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). RDM guidance on documentation and metadata. ☐ Yes Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to find and reuse the data? \bowtie No If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used: If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created: easier to find and reuse. REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT. WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES. I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

	4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project
Where will the data be stored?	
	□ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	☐ Large Volume Storage
	☐ Digital Vault
	☐ Other:
How will the data be backed up?	☑ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify)
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO	☐ Other (specify)
PREVENT DATA LOSS?	
Is there surrently sufficient storage 2 haskup	⊠ Yes
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	
capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	If no, please specify:
will be taken care of.	The lab currently uses 315 MB of the available 0.99 TB on the server. Physical data (crushed plant material,
	RNA) will be stored on silica at room temperature for dry samples and in the -80 °C freezer for other
	samples. The lab has sufficient space in the -80 °C freezer. The -80 °C freezer is equipped with an
	automated temperature alarm, provided by the KU Leuven central dispatch team. A backup contact list is
	provided in case the -80 °C goes into alarm.

How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons? CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data	The KU Leuven drives are password protected through the central KU Leuven login. KU Leuven obliges users to update passwords regularly. The network drive of the shared folder is secured by the ICTS service of KU Leuven with a mirror copy. Only specific lab members will have access to the shared folder. Unauthorized persons do not have access to this system.
What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?	We don't expect extra cost for data storage. But in case the lab does not have enough storage room, the PI has budget to buy more.

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)? Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	 □ KU Leuven RDR □ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) □ Shared network drive (J-drive) ☒ Other (specifiy): University's central service, -80°C freezer and seedstock (4°C).
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	We don't expect extra costs. In case there will be, the PI had budget for this.

6. Data Sharing and Reuse		
Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project?	☐ Yes, as open data ☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)	
Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.	 ☐ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only) ☐ No (closed access) ☒ Other, please specify: 	
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights	We aim to publish all data and make it available for requests afterwards. Until publication the data will be protected.	

If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions.	All lab members will have access to the data. The published data will be available upon request for non-lab members.
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in	☐ Yes, intellectual property rights
an agreement with a 3rd party, legal	☐ Yes, ethical aspects
restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
type where appropriate.	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify:
Where will the data be made available?	☐ KU Leuven RDR
If already known, please provide a repository	☐ Other data repository (specify)
per dataset or data type.	☑ Other (specify)
,,	Upon request by mail.
When will the data be made available?	☐ Upon publication of research results
	☐ Specific date (specify)
	☐ Other (specify)
1	

Which data usage licenses are you going to	
provide? If none, please explain why.	☐ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
	☐ MIT licence (code)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS	☐ Other (specify)
GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY	(-1, //)
reused. Do note that you may only release data under a	
LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER	
ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.	
Check the <u>RDR guidance on licences</u> for data and	
software sources code or consult the <u>License selector</u>	
tool to help you choose.	
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	\square Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	\square My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	⊠ No
please provide it here.	⊠ No
please provide it here. Indicate whether you intend to ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	⊠ No
	⊠ No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	⊠ No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE	
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA. What are the expected costs for data sharing?	

7. Responsibilities	
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	Laura Van der Jeucht
Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?	Laura Van der Jeucht
Who will manage data preservation and sharing?	Bram Van de Poel
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Bram Van de Poel