## FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

### **Version KU Leuven**

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Angela Moreno Anguita (0000-0002-3465-8279)
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	Atilgan Yilmaz (0000-0003-0309-1588), Principal Investigator
Project number <sup>1</sup> & title	3M230467. Identification of genes that can reverse sarcopenia-associated phenotypes using CRISPR screens
Funder(s) GrantID <sup>2</sup>	1190625N
Affiliation(s)	⊠ KU Leuven
	☐ Universiteit Antwerpen
	☐ Universiteit Gent
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Sarcopenia is an age-related disorder defined by the progressive loss of skeletal muscle mass and function. This deficiency causes an increase in the incidence of falls, weakness, frailty, and mortality, thus representing a major health risk to rapidly aging societies. Although several in vivo and in vitro models of this disorder have been established, there are no well-established experimental tools to study the gene networks involved in this disorder in a systematic and high-throughput way. Stem cell biology and CRISPR screens offer unique tools to address a variety of biological questions. In this project, I will leverage the cellular models of sarcopenia together with CRISPR screening to systematically search for genes that can reverse the cellular phenotypes of this disorder, which will be then validated in 2D and 3D skeletal muscle cell systems. These studies will shed light on the gene networks regulating the cellular phenotypes of sarcopenia and will potentially reveal genes that can serve as putative drug targets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

#### 2. Research Data Summary

ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data <sup>3</sup>.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR PHYSICAL DATA
Dataset	Description	New or Reused	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data	Physical Volume
Name			Physical		Format	Volume (MB, GB,	
						TB)	
Digital images	Phase contrast	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	☐ Audiovisual	.png, .tiff, .jpg, .m	□ < 1 GB	
	and	data	☐ Physical		p4, .avi, .pdf, .ai, .	□ < 100 GB	
	fluorescence	☐ Reuse existing		☐ Sound	pptx,	□ < 1 TB	
	microscope	data		☐ Numerical		⊠ < 5 TB	
	images, gel			☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB	
	scans, graphs,			☐ Model		□ NA	
	schematic			☐ Software			
	illustrations			☐ Other:			
Sequencing	Bulk (next-	⊠ Generate new	□ Digital	□ Audiovisual	.sam, .bam, .tsv	□ < 1 GB	
data	generation	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images	(.gz), .mtx, .loom,	□ < 100 GB	
	sequencing	□ Reuse existing		□ Sound	.rds	□ < 1 TB	
	(NGS)) data,	data		□ Numerical	(.gz), .bcl, .fastq	□ < 5 TB	
	NGS data for			☐ Textual	(.gz), .csv, .txt, .xls	⊠ > 5 TB	
	custom-made			□ Model	x, .R, .py	□NA	
	DNA libraries,			□ Software			
	Sanger			☑ Other:			
	sequencing data		<u> </u>				
Algorithms	Codes written	☐ Generate new	□ Digital     □	☐ Audiovisual	R and python	□ < 1 GB	
and scripts	and reused from	data	☐ Physical	☐ Images	scripts	□ < 100 GB	
	existing	□ Reuse existing					

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Nucleic acid and cell	pipelines for NGS analyses Nucleic acid libraries for	data  ⊠ Generate new data	□ Digital ⊠ Physical	☐ Sound ☐ Numerical ☐ Textual ☐ Model ☐ Software ☐ Other: NA	NA		Tubes containing the frozen cell vials
culture samples	NGS, plasmid libraries encoding gRNAs, newly cloned plasmids for gRNAs or homology- directed recombination, frozen cell pellets and frozen cell vials	□ Reuse existing data				□ < 1 TB □ < 5 TB □ > 5 TB ⊠ NA	are stored at -150 °C freezers, frozen cell pellets are stored at -80 °C freezers, NGS libraries and plasmids are kept in 20 °C freezers. An electronic database is used to keep track of the physical storage places of the samples.
Add rows for e	ach dataset you wa	nt to describe.					

ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are a	P, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and fur datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.
If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	Bulk RNA sequencing data: GSE167186, GSE111006, GSE111010 and GSE111016.
Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number.	<ul> <li>✓ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number: EC approval S66794</li> <li>☐ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:</li> <li>☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number:</li> <li>☐ No</li> <li>Additional information:</li> <li>Experiments will be performed on human immortalized myoblasts. The research will be performed under normal laboratory safety rules. All necessary safety measures for laboratory will be taken. The use of human derived cell lines in the present study was approved by the Ethics Committee of the University Hospitals Leuven (S66794).</li> </ul>
Will you process personal data <sup>4</sup> ? If so, please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	<ul> <li>☐ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)</li> <li>☒ No</li> <li>Additional information:</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Does your work have potential for commercial	☐ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	⊠ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment:
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	
where appropriate.	
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	☐ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

### 3. Documentation and Metadata

Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).

To keep data understandable and usable, we will document and store the data generated throughout the project in an electronic laboratory notebook using our Benchling account. For previously published NGS datasets, we will generate a shared folder in our KU Leuven OneDrive storage space, where we organize the URLs of the source data, the names, dates, authors of the associated manuscripts, the type of NGS datasets and the species of the samples used in the study. We will keep a record of experimental protocols, the digital map of the freezers where experimental materials are kept in numbered boxes, data files (raw and processed), analysis scripts (R and Python -as Jupyter Notebooks), observations during the experiments. NGS samples will be stored for up to 5 years after the end of the project.

RDM guidance on documentation and metadata.

Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to **find and reuse the data**?

If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.

REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E. STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

□ No

If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used: Next Generation Sequencing data is required to be deposited to public repository such as GEO, SRA, ArrayExpress or ENA at the time of the publication. The data that has not yet been submitted to these databases will be standardized using the metadata schemes such as Dublin Core, DataCite or Genome Metadata. This standardization will include a title, the name and the affiliation of the creator, date and time references, the subject and a text describing the contents of the dataset and its analysis pipeline, the format of the file, the category of the data such as NGS datasets, images or audio/video files, an identifier and access rights. In any data deposition case, a readme.txt document will be added to the initial directory to include all of the above-mentioned information to allow easy sharing, reusing and interpretation of the data in future.

If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:

	4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project
Where will the data be stored?	⊠ Shared network drive (J-drive)
	☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	☐ Large Volume Storage
	☐ Digital Vault
	☐ Other:
How will the data be backed up?	☑ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify)
WHAT STORAGE AND BACKUP PROCEDURES WILL BE IN PLACE TO PREVENT DATA LOSS?	☐ Other (specify)
PREVENT DATA LOSS?	
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	⊠ Yes
capacity during the project? If yes, specify	□ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	KU Leuven ICTS has sufficient storage options, which are scalable and variable. The Staging and Archive on
capacities are available, then explain how this	VSC are also scalable.
will be taken care of.	
	If no, please specify:

The J drive will only be available to the members of the laboratory. Researchers working on the project How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by have the control over who can access the files in their personal or shared OneDrive folders. The VSC unauthorized persons? storage is reached by personal accounts in a space accessible to group members. The ICTS data center at KU Leuven ensures a mirror network storage as a back-up strategy and easy recovery of the data. CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY, NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE. Guidance on security for research data The current cost of J Drive is 51.9 Euros/100Gb/Year. OneDrive accounts are free of charge to KU Leuven What are the expected costs for data storage personnel. VSC staging costs 130 Euros/TB/Year. and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered? The costs will be covered by part of the allocated project budget.

#### 5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project Which data will be retained for at least five ☐ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy ☐ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with years (or longer, in agreement with other medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans retention policies that are applicable) after the □ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain) end of the project? In case some data cannot be NGS data will be made publicly available upon the publication of the manuscripts. Unpublished NGS data preserved, clearly state the reasons for this will be made available upon request 5 years after the end of the project. Since the sample quality may (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, drop in time, physical data including the NGS samples and cell pellets will be stored until 5 years after the storage/budget issues, institutional policies...). end of the project. Guidance on data preservation

Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?  Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	<ul> <li>□ KU Leuven RDR</li> <li>□ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes)</li> <li>☑ Shared network drive (J-drive)</li> <li>☑ Other (specifiy): VSC archive and public repositories</li> <li>All published NGS datasets will be deposited in dedicated publicly available data repositories (i.e. GEO and EBI ArrayExpress). In addition, we will store these sequencing files in VSC archive. All digital data will be stored in our KU Leuven OneDrive folders and J-drive, while the experimental procedures and notes will also be kept in our electronic lab notebook, together with physical notebooks. Algorithms that deviate from the standard analysis pipelines and developed within our group will be stored on Github.</li> </ul>
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	For a total of ~8TB over 4 years, we anticipate a cost of around 2500 Euros. These costs will be covered by this grant and other grants.

# 6. Data Sharing and Reuse

Will the data (or part of the data) be made	☐ Yes, as open data
available for reuse after/during the project?	☑ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)
Please explain per dataset or data type which	$\square$ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)
data will be made available.	□ No (closed access)
	☐ Other, please specify:
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE	
DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS	Sequencing data will be submitted to public databases (EBI-ENA/NCBI-SRA), where they will be
AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS	permanently archived to preserve access to the public. Written progress reports, thesis will be stored for
BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION: HTTPS://WIKI.SURFNET.NL/DISPLAY/STANDARDS/INFO-EU-REPO/#INF	internal purposes and can be accessed by KU Leuven researcher upon request. The data will be
OEUREPO-ACCESSRIGHTS	embargoed until the publication of the manuscript and will be made fully available to the public thereafter
<u>OLONETO TROCESSITIONIS</u>	and Book and the particular of the manager prairie and manager at the particular and particular
If access is restricted, please specify who will be	As soon as the embargo is lifted on the data, it will be open to public for re-use, conforming the
able to access the data and under what	community norms and the rules listed in the relevant public repository. In such cases of re-use, the article
conditions.	associated with the datasets generated under this project will be cited by the third parties re-using the
	data. For datas shared directly by the PI upon request from third parties, a material transfer agreement
	will be made to describe the extent and the types of the re-use. Data will also be shared under a CC-BY 4.0
	reuse license.
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in	☐ Yes, intellectual property rights
an agreement with a 3rd party, legal	☐ Yes, ethical aspects
restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
,, , , , ,	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify:

Where will the data be made available? If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type.	<ul> <li>□ KU Leuven RDR</li> <li>☑ Other data repository (specify)</li> <li>☑ Other (specify)</li> <li>NGS datasets will be deposited in open access repositories such as the NCBI Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) and the EBI ArrayExpress databases. Experimental protocols will be documented in the published manuscripts. Manuscripts submitted to scientific journals for publication will be made publicly available in pre-print servers such as BioRxiv. Publications will be added to KU Leuven institutional repository, Lirias.</li> </ul>
When will the data be made available?	<ul> <li>☑ Upon publication of research results</li> <li>☐ Specific date (specify)</li> <li>☐ Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Which data usage licenses are you going to provide? If none, please explain why.  A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT.  Check the RDR quidance on licences for data and software sources code or consult the License selector tool to help you choose.	<ul> <li>□ CC-BY 4.0 (data)</li> <li>□ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)</li> <li>□ MIT licence (code)</li> <li>□ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)</li> <li>□ Other (specify)</li> </ul>
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here.  INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	<ul> <li>✓ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository</li> <li>☐ My dataset already has a PID</li> <li>☐ No</li> </ul>

What are the expected costs for data sharing?	The expected cost for data sharing will be low and will be covered by the lab budget.
How will these costs be covered?	

7. Responsibilities		
Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project?	Prof. Atilgan Yilmaz and myself.	
Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project?	Prof. Atilgan Yilmaz and myself.	
Who will manage data preservation and sharing?	Prof. Atilgan Yilmaz and myself.	
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Prof. Atilgan Yilmaz and myself.	