FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO's e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following link.

	1. General Project Information
Name Grant Holder & ORCID	Daan Dierickx (0000-0002-8917-022X) & Marlies Vanden Bempt (0000-0003-0111-0263)
Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles	
Project number ¹ & title	Molecular characterization of genetic events driving development of peripheral T cell lymphoma
Funder(s) GrantID ²	G056823N
Affiliation(s)	□ KU Leuven
	□ Universiteit Antwerpen
	☐ Universiteit Gent
	☐ Universiteit Hasselt
	□ Vrije Universiteit Brussel
	□ Other:
	ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310
Please provide a short project description	Peripheral T cell lymphoma (PTCL) is a form of blood cancer that develops from mature T cells, a kind of
	white blood cells. These T cells are growing uncontrollably, thereby forming a tumor that is mostly located
	in the lymph nodes. PTCL patients are currently treated with chemotherapy, but the chances of survival
	are only 30%. Therefore, there is a high clinical need for new therapeutic options for these patients.
	With this research project, we want to investigate the contribution of specific genetic errors that we found
	in PTCL patients. For this, we will generate these specific genetic errors in mice, so that they will develop T
	cell lymphomas. We can then use these mice to study the exact mechanisms how these genetic errors
	drive the development of a lymphoma. We will use this knowledge to identify ways to effectively block the
	growth of these lymphomas with targeted drugs. Ultimately, we aim to uncover new therapeutic
	strategies for PTCL patients.

¹ "Project number" refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number.

² Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used.

2. Research Data Summary

List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data ³.

				ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA	ONLY FOR DIGITAL DATA
Dataset Name	Description	New or	Digital or	Digital Data Type	Digital Data	Digital Data Volume
		Reused	Physical		Format	(MB, GB, TB)
		□ Generate	□ Digital	□ Audiovisual		□ < 1 GB
		new data	□ Physical	□ Images		□ < 100 GB
		□ Reuse		□ Sound		□ < 1 TB
		existing data		□ Numerical		□ < 5 TB
				☐ Textual		□ > 5 TB
				□ Model		□NA
				☐ Software		
				□ Other:		
WGS PTCL	Whole genome sequencing data	Reuse existing	Digital	Textual		> 5 TB
	from 28 PTCL cases	data				
CUT&TAG /	PTCL patient chromatin profiling on	Generate new	Digital	Textual		< 1 TB
CUT&RUN	selected PTCL cases	data				
Optical genome	Optical genome mapping dataset	Generate new	Digital	Textual		< 100 GB
mapping	from selected PTCL cases	data				
UMI 4C	4C on engineered cell lines	Generate new	Digital	Textual		< 100 GB
		data				
Cell lines ChIP	Chromatin profiling on engineered	Generate new	Digital	Textual		< 100 GB
	cell lines	data				
Mouse survival	Data on the mice that developed	Generate new	Digital	Textual + numerical	Xlsx, doc	< 1 GB
data + phenotypic	disease	data				
information						
NGS analysis mice	RNA-seq, ChIP-seq, ATAC-seq on	Generate new	Digital	Textual		

³ Add rows for each dataset you want to describe.

	mouse models	data				
Treatment data	Data from treatment experiments ex	Generate new	Digital	Textual + numerical	xlsx, doc,	< 1 GB
mouse models	vivo and in vivo	data			fcs	
BLI treatment	Bioluminescent imaging during	Generate new	Digital	Images	TIFF	< 100 GB
mouse models	treatment experiments	data				
CRISPR screen	Sequencing data from CRISPR screen	Generate new	Digital	Textual		< 100 GB
		data				

GUIDANCE:

The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated. Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.

RDM Guidance on data

If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type.	The existing PTCL patient data we are using is partially described in this publication: https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-021-24037-4 .
Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number.	 ✓ Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number: S61200 ✓ Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number: 031/2023 ☐ Yes, dual use; provide approval number: ☐ No Additional information:

Will you process personal data ⁴ ? If so, please	☑ Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below): S61200
refer to specific datasets or data types when	□ No
appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ	Additional information:
Leuven privacy register number (G or S number).	
Does your work have potential for commercial	⊠ Yes
valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-	□ No
offs, commercial exploitation,)?	If yes, please comment: we might identify novel drug targets for the treatment of PTCL from our
If so, please comment per dataset or data type	sequencing data. We will discuss the data and potential commercial valorization with LRD at KU Leuven to
where appropriate.	determine the possibilities for tech transfer. We will work with them to determine a publication plan to
	ensure that publication does not affect the tech transfer possibilities.
Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict	□ Yes
exploitation or dissemination of the data you	⊠ No
(re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements,	If yes, please explain:
research collaboration agreements)?	
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
what restrictions are in place.	
Are there any other legal issues, such as	☐ Yes
intellectual property rights and ownership, to be	⊠ No
managed related to the data you (re)use?	If yes, please explain:
If so, please explain to what data they relate and	
which restrictions will be asserted.	

⁴ See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

3. Documentation and Metadata Clearly describe what approach will be followed Each dataset will be accompanied by a detailed excel file and text file explaining how the experiment was to capture the accompanying information performed (samples used, oncogenes used, cell culture conditions, amounts of cells used, RNA/protein necessary to keep data understandable and isolation methods, purification methods, antibodies used, gRNAs included in the screen, meaning of the **usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the different labels used in the dataset). future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded). RDM guidance on documentation and metadata. Will a metadata standard be used to make it X Yes easier to find and reuse the data? □ No If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used: If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which For the next generation sequencing data, we will follow the recommendations of the KU Leuven genomics core facility. MIAME guidelines will be followed: https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/info/MIAME.html metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse. If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created: REPOSITORIES COULD ASK TO DELIVER METADATA IN A CERTAIN

4. Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project

FORMAT, WITH SPECIFIED ONTOLOGIES AND VOCABULARIES, I.E.

STANDARD LISTS WITH UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS.

Where will the data be stored?	⊠ Shared network drive (J-drive) (only for short-term storage before publication) □
	☐ Personal network drive (I-drive)
Consult the <u>interactive KU Leuven storage guide</u> to	☐ OneDrive (KU Leuven)
find the most suitable storage solution for your data.	☐ Sharepoint online
	☐ Sharepoint on-premis
	☐ Large Volume Storage
	☐ Digital Vault
	☑ Other: VSC
How will the data be backed up?	☑ Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution
	☐ Personal back-ups I make (specify)
What storage and backup procedures will be in place to	☐ Other (specify): VSC has automatic back-ups. The data will also be stored on additional external hard
PREVENT DATA LOSS?	drives as back-up.
	·
Is there currently sufficient storage & backup	☑ Yes: We pay yearly for storage space at VSC and KU Leuven.
capacity during the project? If yes, specify	□ No
concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup	
capacities are available, then explain how this	If no, please specify:
will be taken care of.	
How will you ensure that the data are securely	secure login (2 factor authorization login)
stored and not accessed or modified by	
unauthorized persons?	
and an engel persons.	
CLEARLY DESCRIBE THE MEASURES (IN TERMS OF PHYSICAL SECURITY,	
NETWORK SECURITY, AND SECURITY OF COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND	
FILES) THAT WILL BE TAKEN TO ENSURE THAT STORED AND	
TRANSFERRED DATA ARE SAFE.	
Guidance on security for research data	

What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered?

70 Euro per TB per year. We have budgeted the costs for data storage (especially for large sequencing data files) on the fund for lymphoma research, which is managed by prof. Daan Dierickx.

	5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project
Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies). Guidance on data preservation	 ⊠ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy □ All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans □ Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain)
Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)? Dedicated data repositories are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the interactive KU Leuven storage guide.	 □ KU Leuven RDR ☑ Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes) □ Shared network drive (J-drive) ☑ Other (specifiy): next-generation sequencing data is deposited at GEO.
What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered?	We have budgeted the costs for data storage (especially for large sequencing data files) on the fund for lymphoma research, which is managed by prof. Daan Dierickx. Data storage at GEO is free.

6. Data Sharing and Reuse

Will the data (or part of the data) be made	
available for reuse after/during the project?	☐ Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)
Please explain per dataset or data type which	☑ Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only) (all data from primary human
data will be made available.	samples)
	□ No (closed access)
NOTE THAT 'AVAILABLE' DOES NOT NECESSARILY MEAN THAT THE	☐ Other, please specify:
DATA SET BECOMES OPENLY AVAILABLE, CONDITIONS FOR ACCESS	
AND USE MAY APPLY. AVAILABILITY IN THIS QUESTION THUS ENTAILS	
BOTH OPEN & RESTRICTED ACCESS. FOR MORE INFORMATION:	
HTTPS://WIKI.SURFNET.NL/DISPLAY/STANDARDS/INFO-EU-REPO/#INF	
OEUREPO-ACCESSRIGHTS	
If access is restricted, please specify who will be	For sequencing data from primary human samples, we will work with a data transfer agreement.
able to access the data and under what	To sequencing data from primary number samples, we will work with a data transfer agreement.
conditions.	
Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the	☐ Yes, privacy aspects
sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in	☐ Yes, intellectual property rights
an agreement with a 3rd party, legal	☐ Yes, ethical aspects
restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data	☐ Yes, aspects of dual use
type where appropriate.	☐ Yes, other
	⊠ No
	If yes, please specify: We will make sure that IP rights are handled before the data is deposited. Human
	data will be anonymized.
Where will the data be made available?	☐ KU Leuven RDR
If already known, please provide a repository	□ Other data repository (specify): GEO
per dataset or data type.	☐ Other (specify)
,,	

When will the data be made available?	 ☑ Upon publication of research results (or at manuscript submission if required by the journal) ☐ Specific date (specify) ☐ Other (specify)
Which data usage licenses are you going to	☐ CC-BY 4.0 (data)
provide? If none, please explain why.	☐ Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)
A DATA USAGE LICENSE INDICATES WHETHER THE DATA CAN BE	☐ MIT licence (code) ☐ GNU GPL-3.0 (code)
REUSED OR NOT AND UNDER WHAT CONDITIONS. IF NO LICENCE IS GRANTED, THE DATA ARE IN A GREY ZONE AND CANNOT BE LEGALLY REUSED. DO NOTE THAT YOU MAY ONLY RELEASE DATA UNDER A LICENCE CHOSEN BY YOURSELF IF IT DOES NOT ALREADY FALL UNDER ANOTHER LICENCE THAT MIGHT PROHIBIT THAT. Check the RDR quidance on licences for data and software sources code or consult the License selector tool to help you choose.	☑ Other (specify): the mouse and cell line data will be made available without license. For the human data, we will make the data available under a data transfer agreement.
Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession	☑ Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository
number to your dataset(s)? If already available,	☐ My dataset already has a PID
please provide it here.	\square No
INDICATE WHETHER YOU INTEND TO ADD A PERSISTENT AND UNIQUE IDENTIFIER IN ORDER TO IDENTIFY AND RETRIEVE THE DATA.	
What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered?	70 Euro per TB per year. These costs can be covered by our consumable costs. There are no costs for GEO.

	7. Responsibilities
Who will manage data documentation and	Marlies Vanden Bempt, Sofie Demeyer
metadata during the research project?	

Who will manage data storage and backup	Sofie Demeyer, Marlies Vanden Bempt
during the research project?	
Who will manage data preservation and	Sofie Demeyer, Marlies Vanden Bempt, Daan Dierickx
sharing?	
Who will update and implement this DMP?	Marlies Vanden Bempt