# FWO DMP Template - Flemish Standard Data Management Plan

# Version KU Leuven

Project supervisors (from application round 2018 onwards) and fellows (from application round 2020 onwards) will, upon being awarded their project or fellowship, be invited to develop their answers to the data management related questions into a DMP. The FWO expects a **completed DMP no later than 6 months after the official start date** of the project or fellowship. The DMP should not be submitted to FWO but to the research co-ordination office of the host institute; FWO may request the DMP in a random check.

At the end of the project, the **final version of the DMP** has to be added to the final report of the project; this should be submitted to FWO by the supervisor-spokesperson through FWO’s e-portal. This DMP may of course have been updated since its first version. The DMP is an element in the final evaluation of the project by the relevant expert panel. Both the DMP submitted within the first 6 months after the start date and the final DMP may use this template.

The DMP template used by the Research Foundation Flanders (FWO) corresponds with the Flemish Standard Data Management Plan. This Flemish Standard DMP was developed by the Flemish Research Data Network (FRDN) Task Force DMP which comprises representatives of all Flemish funders and research institutions. This is a standardized DMP template based on the previous FWO template that contains the core requirements for data management planning. To increase understanding and facilitate completion of the DMP, a standardized **glossary** of definitions and abbreviations is available via the following [link](https://www.fwo.be/media/1024841/glossary-flemish-standard-data-management-plan.pdf).

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| 1. **General Project Information** | |
| Name Grant Holder & ORCID | **Ann Rousseau** [**http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7086-9938**](http://orcid.org/0000-0002-7086-9938) |
| Contributor name(s) (+ ORCID) & roles | **Ann Rousseau – main researcher** |
| Project number [[1]](#footnote-1) & title | 1274824N-7029 - Adolescents’ processing of and response to incidentally encountered social media content – Differentiating between polarizing and depolarizing incidental social media effects. |
| Funder(s) GrantID [[2]](#footnote-2) |  |
| Affiliation(s) | X KU Leuven  ☐ Universiteit Antwerpen  ☐ Universiteit Gent  ☐ Universiteit Hasselt  ☐ Vrije Universiteit Brussel  ☐ Other:  ROR identifier KU Leuven: 05f950310 |
| Please provide a short project description | Social media platforms have been argued to facilitate polarization processes, as they allow people to cocoon themselves with like-minded messages, thereby creating echo chambers in which exposure to attitude-incongruent information is minimal and existing attitudes tend to be reinforced. At the same time, however, the abundance of news and user-generated content on social media makes it increasingly likely that individuals incidentally encounter information without actively searching for it. Such incidental exposure (IE) may operate as an antecedent to more cross-cutting media diets and can create opportunities for initially uninterested audiences to encounter and engage with news, potentially diminishing existing knowledge and engagement gaps. The idea that social media can facilitate cross-cutting exposure and mobilize issue-engagement among uninterested users runs counter to the idea that social media facilitate and contribute to polarization. To date, no scholarly consensus exists as to whether IE can increase ideological diversity and in doing so contribute to depolarized audiences. Therefore, the current project aims to a/ distinguish different types of IE and explore conditions under which they result in attitude-discrepant vs. congruent climate exposure and b/examine whether incidentally encountered attitude-discrepant/congruent climate content results in polarizing or depolarizing outcomes, paying specific attention to the mediating role of cognitive response states. |

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| 1. **Research Data Summary** | |
| List and describe all datasets or research materials that you plan to generate/collect or reuse during your research project. For each dataset or data type (observational, experimental etc.), provide a short name & description (sufficient for yourself to know what data it is about), indicate whether the data are newly generated/collected or reused, digital or physical, also indicate the type of the data (the kind of content), its technical format (file extension), and an estimate of the upper limit of the volume of the data [[3]](#footnote-3).   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | |  | | | | *Only for digital data* | *Only for digital data* | *Only for digital data* | *Only for physical data* | | Dataset Name | Description | New or Reused | Digital or Physical | Digital Data Type | Digital Data Format | Digital Data Volume (MB, GB, TB) | Physical Volume | | Experimental study\_climate IE | Dataset of experimental study on the impact of incidental IE on climate change learning and engagement outcomes. | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | SPSS | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | Topic list\_focus group interviews | Topic list that contains topics and questions to ask during the focus group interviews | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | pdf | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | Audio recordings\_focus group interviews | Audio recordings made during the focus group interviews | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | Mp3 | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | Transcript\_focus group interviews | Transcripts of the focus group interviews | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | pdf | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | Pilot study\_cross-sectional data | Dataset of cross-sectional survey used to validate new IE measures | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | SPSS | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | EMA\_climate IE | Dataset containing ecological momentary assessment data used to measure frequency and type of daily encounters with pro- and counter-attitudinal IE content | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | SPSS | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | | Longitudinal study\_longitudinal survey | Dataset of longitudinal survey used to measure bidirectional relations between IE and climate change outcomes | Generate new data  Reuse existing data | Digital  Physical | Audiovisual  Images  Sound  Numerical  Textual  Model  Software  Other: | SPSS | < 1 GB  < 100 GB  < 1 TB  < 5 TB  > 5 TB  NA |  | |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | |
| *Guidance:*  *The data description forms the basis of your entire DMP, so make sure it is detailed and complete. It includes digital and physical data and encompasses the whole spectrum ranging from raw data to processed and analysed data including analysis scripts and code. Physical data are all materials that need proper management because they are valuable, difficult to replace and/or ethical issues are associated.* *Materials that are not considered data in an RDM context include your own manuscripts, theses and presentations; documentation is an integral part of your datasets and should described under documentation/metadata.*  [*RDM Guidance on data*](https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/guidance/data-standards) | |
| If you reuse existing data, please specify the source, preferably by using a persistent identifier (e.g. DOI, Handle, URL etc.) per dataset or data type. | / |
| Are there any ethical issues concerning the creation and/or use of the data  (e.g. experiments on humans or animals, dual use)? If so, refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the relevant ethical approval number. | Yes, human subject data; provide SMEC or EC approval number: G-2023-7389-R4(AMD)  Yes, animal data; provide ECD reference number:  Yes, dual use; provide approval number:  No  Additional information: In all mention studies above, we will make use of human subject data (demographic info, personality, pro-environmental behaviour and attitudes, social media use).  Privacy Registry Reference: ethical approval has been asked and received from the Ethical Commission of KU Leuven (SMEC) for the experimental study (G-2023-6433) the focus group interviews (G-2023-7389-R4(AMD)) and the cross-sectional pilot study (G-2023-7389-R4(AMD)).  For all other studies (the EMA study and the longitudinal survey) ethical approval will be asked from the Ethical Commission of KU Leuven (SMEC) in the near future. |
| Will you process personaldata*[[4]](#footnote-4)*? If so, please refer to specific datasets or data types when appropriate and provide the KU Leuven or UZ Leuven privacy register number (G or S number). | Yes (provide PRET G-number or EC S-number below)  No  Additional information: In all mentioned studies above, personal data of participants will be collected in the form of socio-demographical data (e.g. gender, age) and background information of the participants (e.g. email addresses). This personal information will be stored separately and all datasets will be pseudonymized.  Privacy Registry Reference: ethical approval has been asked and received from the Ethical Commission of KU Leuven (SMEC) for the experimental study (G-2023-6433) the focus group interviews (G-2023-7389-R4(AMD)) and the cross-sectional pilot study (G-2023-7389-R4(AMD)).  For all other studies (the EMA study and the longitudinal survey) ethical approval will be asked from the Ethical Commission of KU Leuven (SMEC) in the near future. |
| Does your work have potential for commercial valorization (e.g. tech transfer, for example spin-offs, commercial exploitation, …)?  If so, please comment per dataset or data type where appropriate. | Yes  No  If yes, please comment: |
| Do existing 3rd party agreements restrict exploitation or dissemination of the data you (re)use (e.g. Material/Data transfer agreements, research collaboration agreements)?  If so, please explain to what data they relate and what restrictions are in place. | Yes  No  If yes, please explain: |
| Are there any other legal issues, such as intellectual property rights and ownership, to be managed related to the data you (re)use?  If so, please explain to what data they relate and which restrictions will be asserted. | Yes  No  If yes, please explain: |

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| 1. **Documentation and Metadata** | |
| Clearly describe what approach will be followed to capture the accompanying information necessary to keep **data understandable and usable**, for yourself and others, now and in the future (e.g. in terms of documentation levels and types required, procedures used, Electronic Lab Notebooks, README.txt files, Codebook.tsv etc. where this information is recorded).  [*RDM guidance on documentation and metadata*](https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/guidance/documentation-metadata)*.* | The main researcher will collect all data and group the different data files in het secured KU Leuven folder. For each study, a separate folder will be created.  Per folder, and thus for each study, the main researcher will upload the raw dataset as well as the analytical dataset (the dataset that will be used to conduct analyses and test hypotheses). With respect to the analytical dataset, the main researcher will –for each study –upload a word document, explaining how the dataset was cleaned (for example, removal of participants that failed the attention check).  Regarding understandability and re-use, codes will be well-explained within each dataset. Specifically, with respect to the SPSS data files, each code will be clearly labelled, meaning that we will give a clear description of the item that was measured and name it accordingly. Uploaded dataset and interview guides will be in English to enable cross-cultural re-use.  All data transformations and analyses performed on these datasets will be explained in a document and stored in a safe folder. Datasets in OSF will be accompanied by metadata so datasets are understandable for later re-use. |
| Will a metadata standard be used to make it easier to **find and reuse the data**?  If so, please specify which metadata standard will be used. If not, please specify which metadata will be created to make the data easier to find and reuse.  *Repositories could ask to deliver metadata in a certain format, with specified ontologies and vocabularies, i.e. standard lists with unique identifiers.* | Yes  No  If yes, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata standard will be used:  If no, please specify (where appropriate per dataset or data type) which metadata will be created:  For the focus group study a metadatafile will be created including the semi-structured interview guide and the context specific information in which the focus group interviews were conducted.  For the ecological momentary assessment study (EMA) a metadatafile (with compiled data) will be created in the following steps: 1) a unique identification code is given to each participant; 2) participants answers across consecutive days will be linked in diary research through their unique identification codes. After participants have been linked, the unique identification codes will be deleted and the metadatafile will no longer contain personal information and will be pseudonymized.  For the longitudinal survey study a metadatafile (with compiled data) will be created in the following steps: 1) a unique identification code will be given to each participant; 2) participants’ answers across waves will be linked through their unique identification codes. After participants have been linked, the unique identification codes will be deleted and the metadatafile will no longer contain personal information and will be pseudonymized.  For the experimental study a detailed explanation will be given for the experimental protocol so this methodology can be used again. This explanation includes detailed information on the creation of the stimuli material, the manipulation check used to validate the stimuli material, and the circumstances in which the experiment was conducted. |

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| 1. **Data Storage & Back-up during the Research Project** | |
| Where will the data be stored?  *Consult the*[*interactive KU Leuven storage guide*](https://icts.kuleuven.be/storagewijzer/en)*to find the most suitable storage solution for your data.* | Shared network drive (J-drive)  Personal network drive (I-drive)  OneDrive (KU Leuven)  Sharepoint online  Sharepoint on-premis  Large Volume Storage  Digital Vault  Other: |
| How will the data be backed up?  *What storage and backup procedures will be in place to prevent data loss?* | Standard back-up provided by KU Leuven ICTS for my storage solution  Personal back-ups I make (specify)  Other (specify) |
| Is there currently sufficient storage & backup capacity during the project? If yes, specify concisely. If no or insufficient storage or backup capacities are available, then explain how this will be taken care of. | Yes  No  If no, please specify: |
| How will you ensure that the data are securely stored and not accessed or modified by unauthorized persons?  *clearly describe the measures (in terms of physical security, network security, and security of computer systems and files) that will be taken to ensure that stored and transferred data are safe.*  [*Guidance on security for research data*](https://icts.kuleuven.be/storagewijzer/en) | The secure central storage infrastructure of KU Leuven has very strict rules of access. Access is personal to KU Leuven employees (who received access) and can only be obtained through the password protected intranet or through VPN. The ICTS of KU Leuven guarantees the safety and ensures to update this platform to be resilient to cyber-attacks. The personal data will only be used by the primary researchers of KU Leuven (i.e., main researcher) and will not be distributed to anyone else. This personal data will be stored separately from the pseudonymized data sets |
| What are the expected costs for data storage and backup during the research project? How will these costs be covered? | There are no additional costs for this project. Costs are covered by the research group. The I- and J-drive can be accessed for this project |

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| **5. Data Preservation after the end of the Research Project** | |
| Which data will be retained for at least five years (or longer, in agreement with other retention policies that are applicable) after the end of the project? In case some data cannot be preserved, clearly state the reasons for this  (e.g. legal or contractual restrictions, storage/budget issues, institutional policies...).  [*Guidance on data preservation*](https://icts.kuleuven.be/storagewijzer/en) | ​​ All data will be preserved for 10 years according to KU Leuven RDM policy  All data will be preserved for 25 years according to CTC recommendations for clinical trials with medicinal products for human use and for clinical experiments on humans  Certain data cannot be kept for 10 years (explain): All email addresses, dates of birth, ages, and other information that can identify a person will be deleted after completion of the data collection, and before disseminating the results of the study. |
| Where will these data be archived (stored and curated for the long-term)?  [*Dedicated data repositories*](https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/policy)*are often the best place to preserve your data. Data not suitable for preservation in a repository can be stored using a KU Leuven storage solution, consult the*[*interactive KU Leuven storage guide*](https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/guidance/data-sharing)*.* | KU Leuven RDR  Large Volume Storage (longterm for large volumes)  Shared network drive (J-drive)  Other (specifiy): Data will remain stored on the KULeuven central network drives as well as on the repository of OSF where the files will be, in line with open access guidelines, stay available in the long term. |
| What are the expected costs for data preservation during the expected retention period? How will these costs be covered? | Cost are covered by the research group. |

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| **6. Data Sharing and Reuse** | |
| Will the data (or part of the data) be made available for reuse after/during the project?  Please explain per dataset or data type which data will be made available.  *Note that ‘available’ does not necessarily mean that the data set becomes openly available, conditions for access and use may apply. Availability in this question thus entails both open & restricted access. For more information:* [*https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights*](https://wiki.surfnet.nl/display/standards/info-eu-repo/#infoeurepo-AccessRights) | Yes, as open data  Yes, as embargoed data (temporary restriction)  Yes, as restricted data (upon approval, or institutional access only)  No (closed access)  Other, please specify:  Only anonymised data of all studies will be made available for reuse. Identification data will be deleted from these sub-datasets, so no full datasets will be made available. All identification data will only be made available to the main researcher.  For the focus group interviews, the transcripts of the focus group interviews will be made available. However, all information that can identify a person will be deleted before making these transcripts public.  For the EMA study, the exported data of the responses to the daily questionnaires will be made available. All information that can identify persons will be deleted before making this data public.  For the experimental study, the exported numeric data of the experiment will be made available. All information that can identify persons will be deleted before making this data public.  For the survey studies, the exported data of the merged responses across three waves (survey wave 1, survey wave 2, survey wave 3) will be made available. All information that can identify persons will be deleted before making this data public.  For all studies, participants will be informed about the public availability of the data in the informed consent forms. |
| If access is restricted, please specify who will be able to access the data and under what conditions. | Only the main researcher will have access to the full datasets. The general public will only have access to the datasets without identifiable information. |
| Are there any factors that restrict or prevent the sharing of (some of) the data (e.g. as defined in an agreement with a 3rd party, legal restrictions)? Please explain per dataset or data type where appropriate. | Yes, privacy aspects  Yes, intellectual property rights  Yes, ethical aspects  Yes, aspects of dual use  Yes, other  No  If yes, please specify: Identification data of the participants will never be shared. |
| Where will the data be made available?  If already known, please provide a repository per dataset or data type. | KU Leuven RDR  Other data repository (specify)  Other (specify)  All anonymized datasets will be made available in the open access repository of OSF. Following international standards, the research should be available to the international community who are not familiar with the new RDR |
| When will the data be made available? | Upon publication of research results  Specific date (specify)  Other (specify) |
| Which data usage licenses are you going to provide? If none, please explain why.  *A data usage license indicates whether the data can be reused or not and under what conditions. If no licence is granted, the data are in a grey zone and cannot be legally reused. Do note that you may only release data under a licence chosen by yourself if it does not already fall under another licence that might prohibit that.*  *Check the*[*RDR guidance on licences*](https://www.kuleuven.be/rdm/en/rdr/licenses)*for data and software sources code or consult the*[*License selector tool*](https://ufal.github.io/public-license-selector/)*to help you choose.* | CC-BY 4.0 (data)  Data Transfer Agreement (restricted data)  MIT licence (code)  GNU GPL-3.0 (code)  Other (specify) |
| Do you intend to add a PID/DOI/accession number to your dataset(s)? If already available, please provide it here.  *Indicate whether you intend to add a persistent and unique identifier in order to identify and retrieve the data.* | Yes, a PID will be added upon deposit in a data repository  My dataset already has a PID  No |
| What are the expected costs for data sharing? How will these costs be covered? | None. |

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| **7. Responsibilities** | |
| Who will manage data documentation and metadata during the research project? | The main researcher (Ann Rousseau) |
| Who will manage data storage and backup during the research project? | The main researcher (Ann Rousseau) |
| Who will manage data preservation and sharing? | The main researcher (Ann Rousseau) |
| Who will update and implement this DMP? | The main researcher (Ann Rousseau) |

1. “Project number” refers to the institutional project number. This question is optional. Applicants can only provide one project number. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)
2. Funder(s) GrantID refers to the number of the DMP at the funder(s), here one can specify multiple GrantIDs if multiple funding sources were used. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
3. Add rows for each dataset you want to describe. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
4. See Glossary Flemish Standard Data Management Plan [↑](#footnote-ref-4)