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1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 from sklearn import preprocessing
4 import torch
5 from torch import optim
6 import torch.nn.functional as F
7 from net import housing_NN
8 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9
10 def load_data():
11     feature=pd.read_excel("BostonHousingData.xlsx", sheet_name="Sheet1", header=0)
12
13     #取出标签，同时在读入的数据中删除标签
14     label=feature["MEDV"]
15     label=np.array(label)
16
17     feature=feature.drop("MEDV",axis=1)
18     data=np.array(feature)
19
20     #对输入数据做归一化
21     data=preprocessing.StandardScaler().fit_transform(data)
22
23     #print(data)
24
25     #3:1划分测试集和训练集
26     train_data=[]
27     train_label=[]
28     test_data=[]
29     test_label=[]
30     for i in range(len(data)):
31         if(i%3==0):
32             test_data.append(data[i])
33             test_label.append(label[i])
34         else:
35             train_data.append(data[i])
36             train_label.append(label[i])
37
38     #转为tensor向量
39     train_data=torch.tensor(train_data, dtype=float, requires_grad=True).to(torch.float32)
40     train_label=torch.tensor(train_label, dtype=float, requires_grad=True).to(torch.float32)
41     test_data=torch.tensor(test_data, dtype=float, requires_grad=True).to(torch.float32)
42     test_label=torch.tensor(test_label, dtype=float, requires_grad=True).to(torch.float32)
43
44     return train_data, train_label, test_data, test_label
45
46 #训练
47 def train(epochs,model,loss_func,opt,batch_size,data,label):
48     print("start training...")
49     for epoch in range(epochs):
50         for start in range(0,len(data),batch_size):
51             if start+batch_size<=len(data):
52                 end=start+batch_size
53             else:
54                 end=len(data)
55             x=data[start:end]
56             y=label[start:end]
57             model.train()
58             pre=model(x)
59             loss=loss_func(pre,y)
60             opt.zero_grad()
61             loss.backward()
62             opt.step()
63         if epoch%500==0:
64             print(f"epoch:{epoch}, loss:{loss}")
65         if loss<0.1:
66             print(f"epoch:{epoch}, loss:{loss}")
67             print("已达预设")
68             torch.save(model.state_dict(), "best_model.pth")
69             print("model saved")
70             break

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71     torch.save(model.state_dict(), "last_model.pth")
72     print("model saved")
73
74     def test(my_model, test_data, test_label, loss_func):
75         pre=[]
76         act=[]
77         mean_mse = 0
78         print("start testing...")
79         my_model.load_state_dict(torch.load("best_model.pth"))
80         my_model = my_model.eval()
81         for i in range(len(test_data)):
82             p=my_model(test_data[i])
83             pre.append(p.item())
84             act.append(test_label[i].item())
85             loss = loss_func(p, test_label[i])
86             mean_mse += loss.item()
87         mean_mse /= len(test_data)
88         print("mean_mse = " + str(mean_mse))
89         plt.figure(1)
90         plt.plot(pre,color="r")
91         plt.plot(act,color="b")
92         plt.savefig("pred.png")
93
94
95     def main(mode):
96
97         my_epochs=80000
98         my_model=housing_NN()
99         my_loss_func = F.mse_loss
100        my_opt=optim.Adam(my_model.parameters(),lr=0.001)
101        my_batch_size=64
102
103        train_data, train_label, test_data, test_label = load_data()

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104
105        if mode == "train":
106            train(my_epochs,my_model,my_loss_func,my_opt,my_batch_size,train_data,train_label)
107
108        if mode == "test":
109            test(my_model, test_data, test_label, my_loss_func)
110
111    if __name__ == "__main__":
112        #main("train")
113        main("test")
114

```

