

HW4 Supplement

Local Feature Matching and Image Stitching

Due: 23:59 12/22/2016

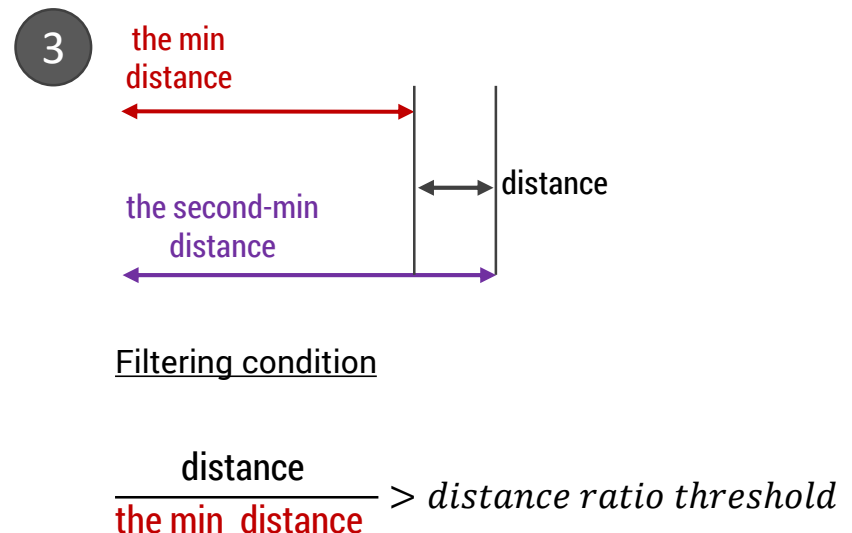
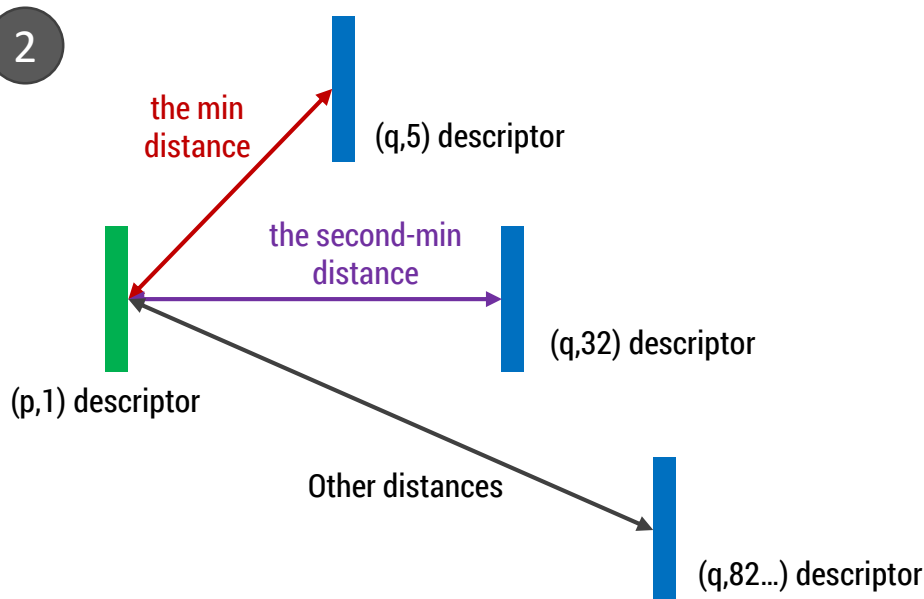
Office Hour

(Mon) 7:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.

(Wed) 7:00 p.m. – 8:00 p.m.

@Delta 721

- Filter matching correspondences with distance ratio?
 - For image **p** and **q**, where **p** has **m** descriptors and **q** has **n** descriptors
 - You can use Euclidean distance to find closest matching
 - The **distance** of (the min distance) and (the second min distance) between SIFT descriptor should be large enough
- Ex:



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• Ex:

$$\text{distVec}(p1, q1 \dots qn) = \text{dist}(p_{\text{descriptor}}(1, 1:128), q_{\text{descriptor}}(1 \dots n, 1:128))$$

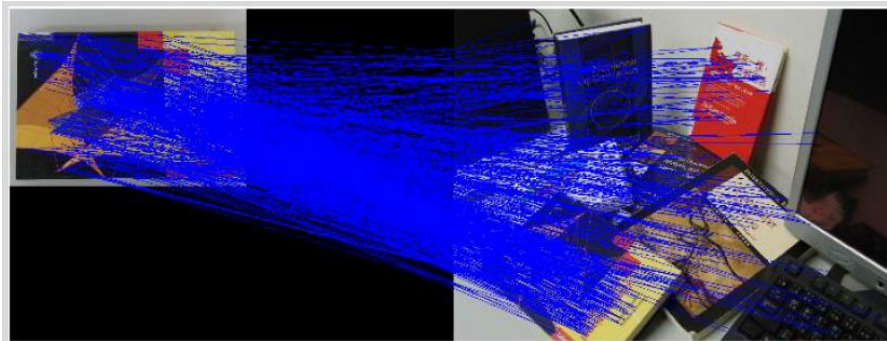
$$\text{if } \frac{1^{\text{st}} \min(\text{distVec}) - 2^{\text{nd}} \min(\text{distVec})}{1^{\text{st}} \min(\text{distVec})} > \text{distance ratio threshold},$$

keep this matching correspondances under NN strategy
 else,

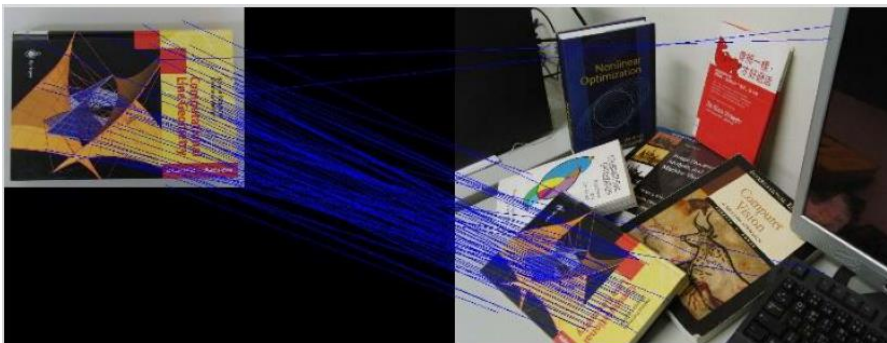
abandon this matching correspondces.

- Test to determine the **distance** threshold

- An example of showing results (use green line in your figures)



Correspondences in low distance threshold



Correspondences in high distance threshold

- Steps

1. Randomly select a seed group of points on which to base transformation estimate (e.g., a group of matches)
2. Compute transformation from seed group
3. Find inliers to this transformation
4. If the number of inliers is sufficiently large, re-compute least-squares estimate of transformation on all of the inliers

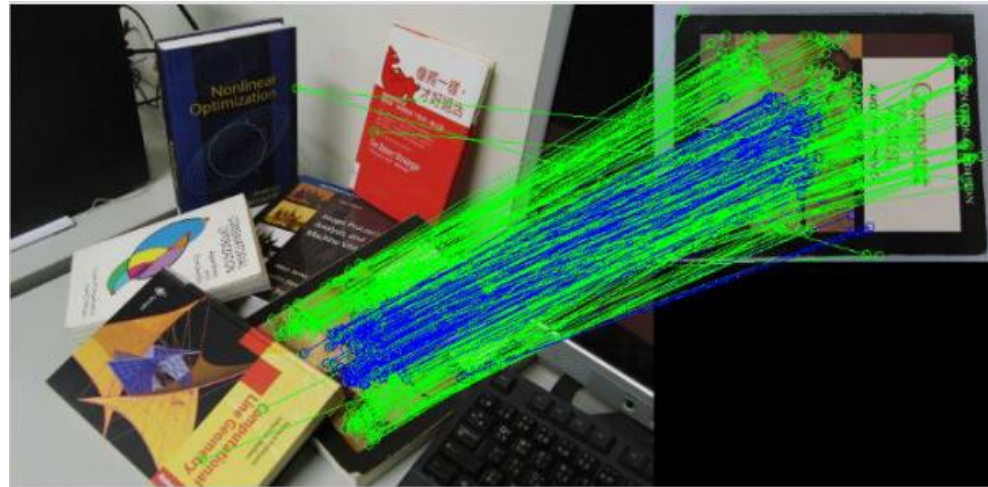
- Parameters settings

- Set a threshold to find inliers (step 3)
 - Euclidean distance of (**Transformed points** and **Target points**) < **Threshold**
- Max iterations (1 iteration / step 1 to 4)

Part 1

Problem B

1. Plot the inliers(**red**) and outliers(**green**). (3 images)



2. Plot the human labeled boundary of each book image and transform them into cluttered-book image. (3 images)



Hints: Use "**clicker.m**" to get the books corner and draw "**line**" on the edges

- Plot the deviation vectors of the inlier correspondences. (3 images)



Part 2

Goals

- We are stitching left and right images to the center image
- Similar to Part 1. Extract features with defined distance ratio and apply Homography using RANSAC
- Show the stitching result

H1

H2



Left



Center



Right

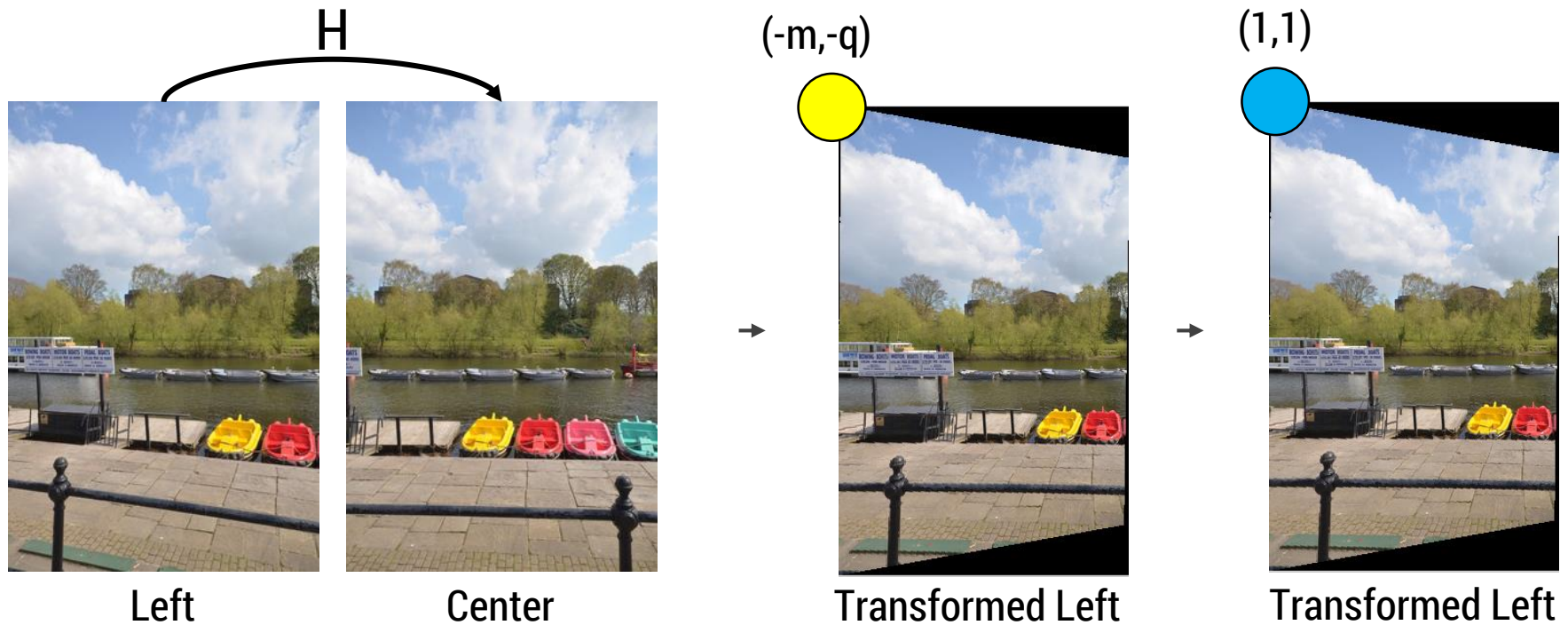


Stitching Result

Part 2

Problem C

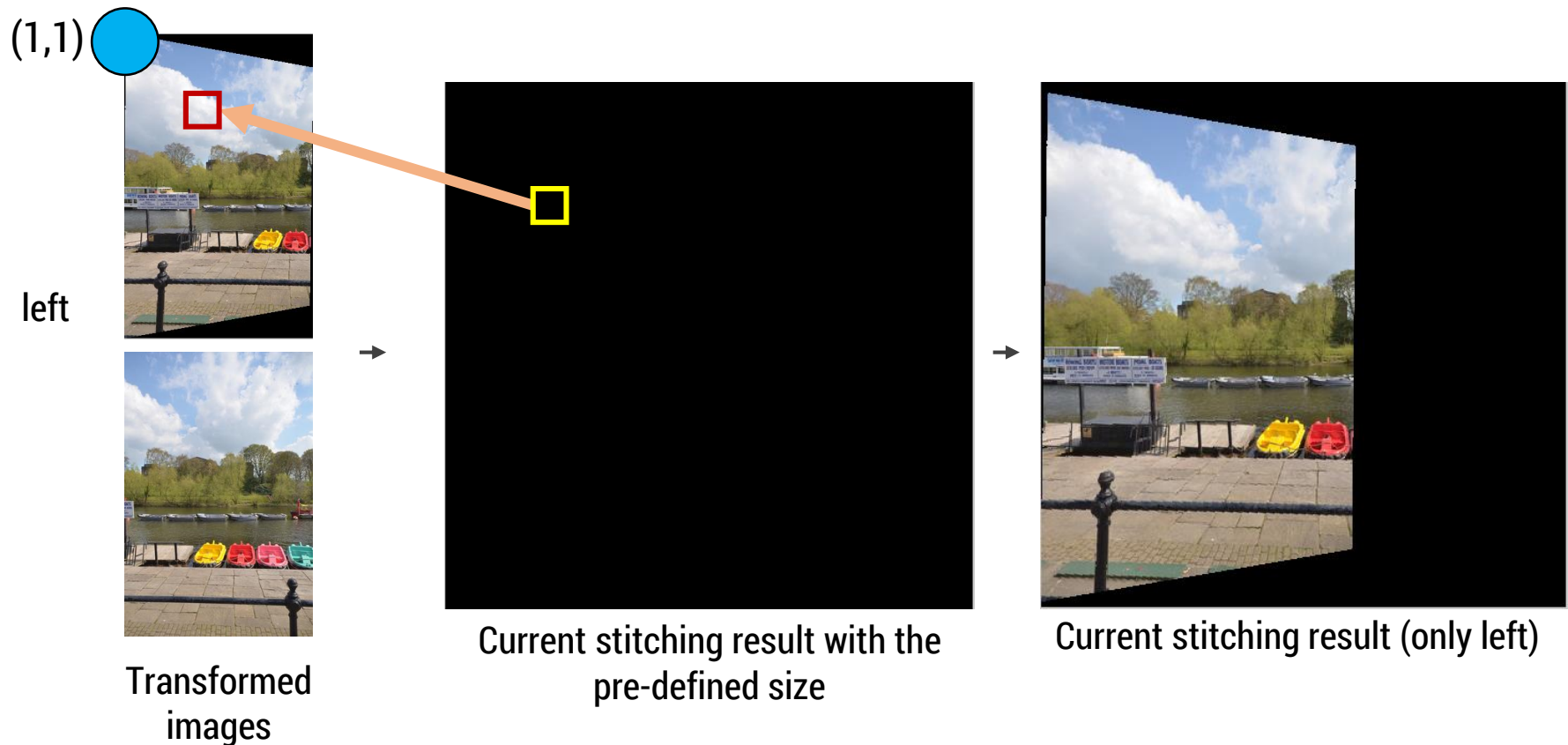
- Shift the transformed image coordinates to proper ranges $(1,1) - (H,W)$
 - The final size of stitching image can be determined by (H,W) from shifted coordinates



Part 2

Problem C, D

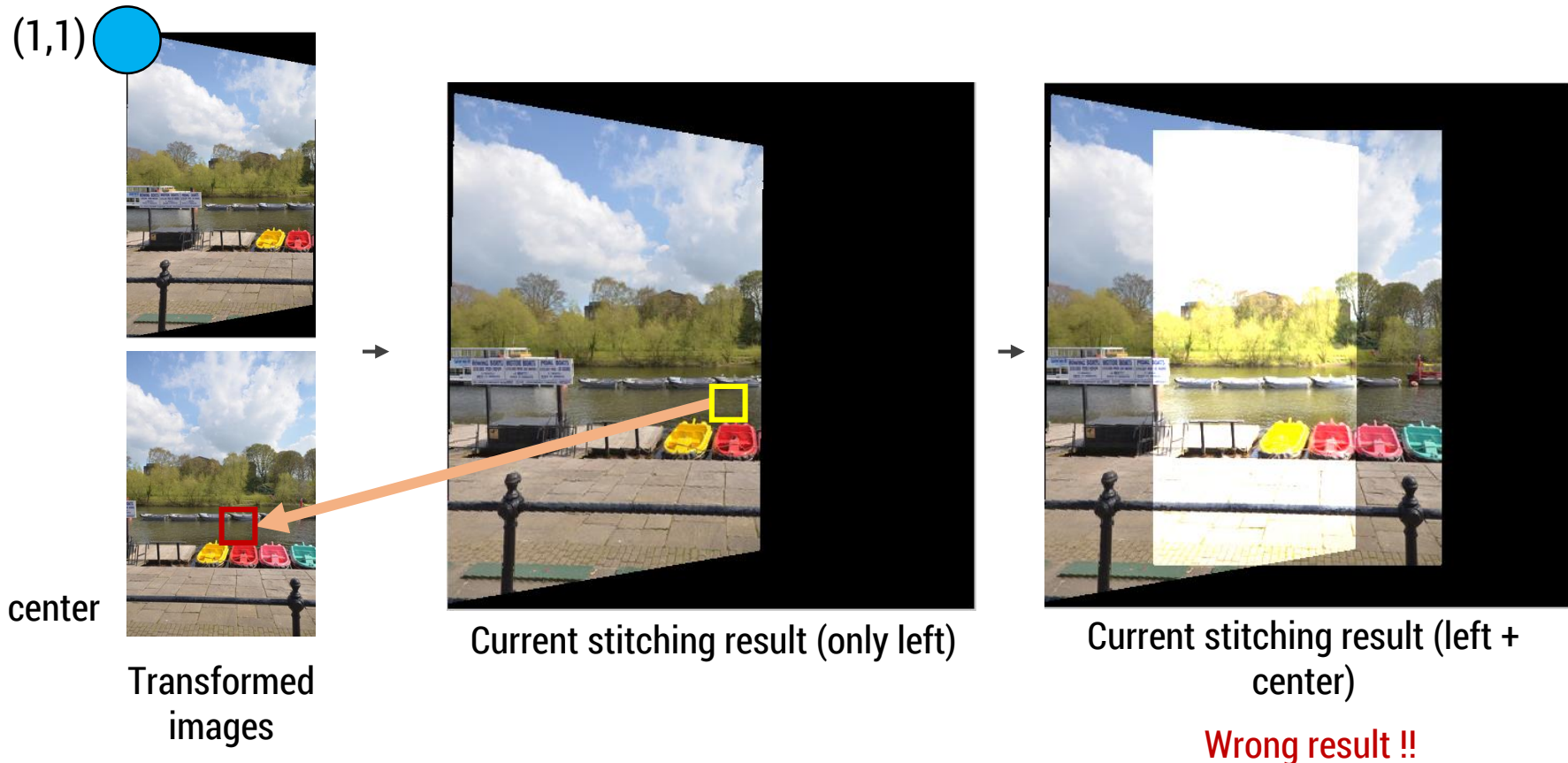
- Warp the transformed images to a map with pre-defined size
- Using backward warping (learned from HW2)



Part 2

Problem C, D

- Warp the images in order
- How to deal with overlapping regions ?



Part 2

Problem C, D

- Alpha blending – blend the overlapping regions with weighted average
 - Set $\alpha = 0.5$
 - For **overlapping regions** from left and center image

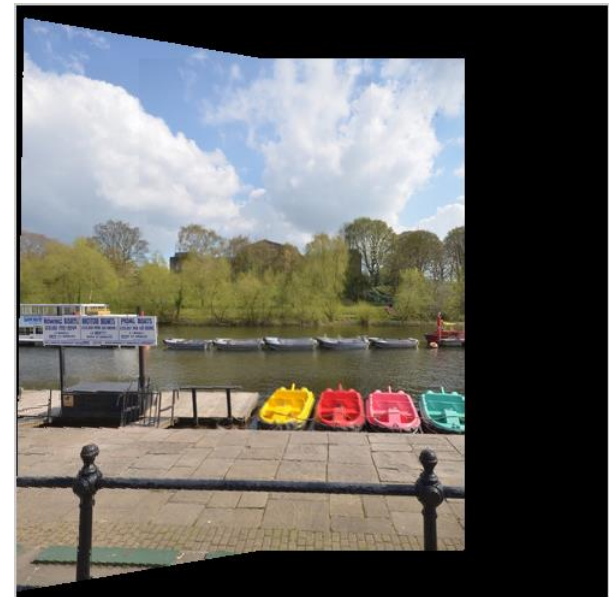
$$\text{overlappings} = (1 - \alpha) * \text{transformed}_{\text{overlap}} + \alpha * \text{current}_{\text{overlap}}$$



Transformed
image (center)



Current stitching result (only left)



Final stitching result (left + center)