

# Programming 2 - SoSe 23

Project 4 - Ultimate Tic-Tac-Toe

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Saarland University

#### Overview

- 1. Organisation
- 2. The Game
- 3. Project Details

Exercise 1 - Writing Tests

Exercise 2 - UTTT Implementation

Autoplayer

# Organisation

#### Git Project Repository

You can get the project files with git clone using the following command:

```
$ git clone ssh://git@git.prog2.de:2222/project4/ $NAME.git $FOLDER
```

NAME = Your username in the CMS / our course website <math display="block">FOLDER = The folder where you want to put the project

#### Timeline

The project is split into two parts:

1. Writing tests

```
Deadline: Tuesday, 13.06.2023, 23:59h
```

2. Implementing the project specification

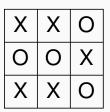
```
Deadline: Tuesday, 20.06.2023, 23:59h
```

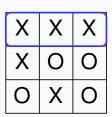
(Yes, that does mean you have to start earlier.)

# The Game

#### Tic-Tac-Toe

- 1. Game for two players, where each player has a symbol (X, O)
- 2. Played on a 3x3 grid
- 3. The players take turns placing their symbol on the board
- 4. The first player with 3 marks in a row (also diagonally), wins the game





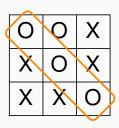


Figure 1:

Winner: tie

Figure 2:

Winner: X

Figure 3:

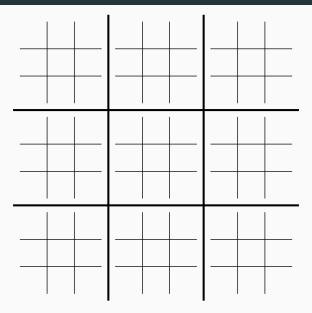
Winner: O

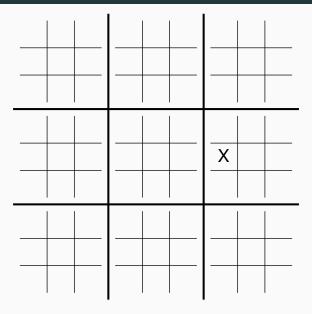
## Ultimate Tic-Tac-Toe

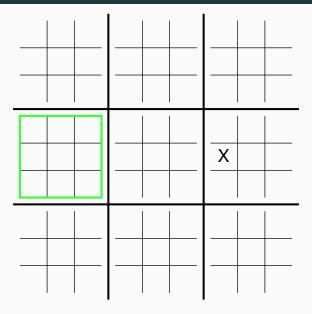
X 0	X	X X X
0 0	O X O X	0 0
X	X	X   O

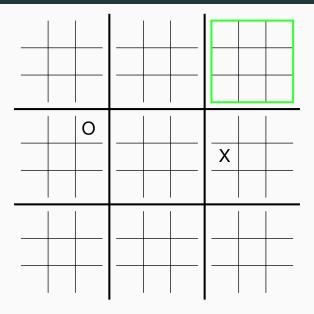
#### **UTTT** Rules

- 1. First player places mark on any board
- 2. Move of the next player is locked to the board, which position corresponds to the previous move on its board
- 3. This continues for future moves
- 4. If next board is won or full, player can choose board for next move
- 5. Winning a board is done like normal Tic-Tac-Toe
- 6. To win the game, a player has to win three boards in a row

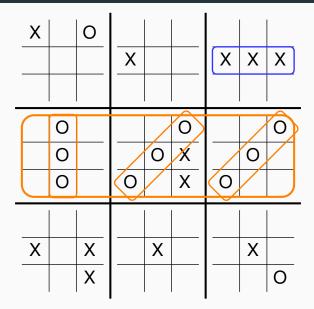








## Ultimate Tic-Tac-Toe



# Project Details

## **Project Details**

Exercise 1 - Writing Tests

#### Exercise 1 - Writing Tests

- 1. Your task: Write tests for a game implementation
- 2. Such tests are used to check that an implementation works as expected
- 3. Tests can help you in the implementation phase later

Deadline: Tuesday, 13.06.2023, 23:59h

## Reference Implementations

#### On the test server:

- Incorrect implementations: At least one test must fail
- Correct implementations: No test may fail
- $\hookrightarrow$  Black-Box-Tests

#### Hint

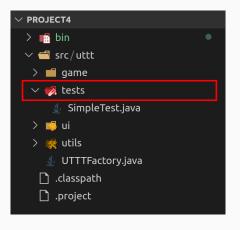
Correct implementations are useful for checking the specification

# Where to start?

- What do you not want to see?
- What do you want to see?

## Where to put my tests?

New test classes should go into the tests folder



```
public class BoardTest {
    BoardInterface board;
    @Before
    public void setUp() throws Exception {
        this.board = UTTTFactory.createBoard();
    @Test
    public void simpleBoardTest() {
        assertNotNull(this.board);
```

Tests are marked with a @Test annotation

```
@Test
public void simpleBoardTest() {
    assertNotNull(this.board);
```

Use asserts to check the behavior of the given implementation

```
@Test
public void simpleBoardTest() {
   assertNotNull(this.board);
```

@Before marks a method that is executed before each test

```
public class BoardTest {
    BoardInterface board;
    @Before
    public void setUp() throws Exception {
        this.board = UTTTFactory.createBoard();
   @Test
    public void simpleBoardTest() {
        assertNotNull(this.board);
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```
public class BoardTest {
   BoardInterface board;
   @Before
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        this.board = UTTTFactory.createBoard();
   @Test
    public void simpleBoardTest() {
        assertNotNull(this.board);
```

## Testing for exceptions

 Testing if a function throws an exception can be done using the assertThrows function

```
@Test
public void symbolNullTest() {
    assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, () -> {
        this.mark.setSymbol(symbol:null);
        });
}
```

#### Java tests vs C0 tests

```
void test_null(void) {
    unsigned res = roots(0, 0, 0, NULL);
    assert(res == UINT_MAX);
}
```

Figure 4: C0 Test

```
@Test
public void simpleBoardTest() {
    assertNotNull(this.board);
}
```

Figure 5: Java Test

## What do you need for a test?

1. Correct JUnit-annotation:

```
@Test
```

2. Fitting JUnit-assert-Statement:

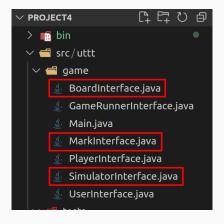
```
assertNull()
```

#### Useful assert-Statements:

- assertNull(message, statement)
- assertNotNull(message, statement)
- assertTrue(message, boolean-statement)
- assertEquals(message, expected, actual)
- (Example)
  assertThrows(message, Exception.class, () -> {...})

#### What to test?

- You need to test all the methods of the interfaces
   MarkInterface, BoardInterface and SimulatorInterface
- Exception: You don't need to test the run methods of BoardInterface and SimulatorInterface



#### **Interfaces**

- Interfaces represent the methods of an actual implementation
- They don't contain any code for the methods and thus can't be instantiated
- If a method is expected to throw an exception at some point,
   it is marked using the throws keyword

```
/**

* Set the symbol of the mark.

* @param symbol The symbol to which the mark shall be assigned.

*/
public void setSymbol(Symbol symbol) throws IllegalArgumentException;
```

#### **UTTTFactory**

Q: We have no implementation yet, how do we get objects for the tests?

A: We use the UTTTFactory class

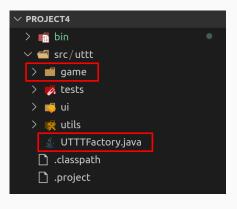
- The UTTTFactory class provides static methods to create the objects we need in the tests
- Example:
   public static BoardInterface createBoard() creates
   a new Tic-Tac-Toe board and returns it

 The test server provides implementation available through the methods in UTTTFactory

## **Project Details**

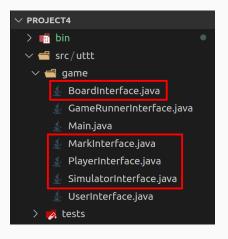
Exercise 2 - UTTT Implementation

## Implementation folder



## Implementation folder

- Implement the marked Interfaces
- Check the comments in the interfaces
- Do not change the given files, except for UTTTFactory



## How to implement an Interface

- Create a new .java file in the game folder
- Give it a reasonable name (e.g. XImplementation.java)
- Use the implements keyword (see 8.7 Inheritance)
- Implement all methods specified in the interface

```
View Problem (Alt+F8) Quick Fix... (Ctrl+.)

public class MarkImplementation implements MarkInterface {
```

#### Hint

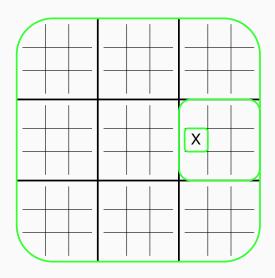
Use Quick Fix... → Add unimplemented methods

#### **UTTTFactory Implementation**

```
Datei Bearbeiten Auswahl Anzeigen Geheizu Ausführen Terminal Hilfe
                                                                                                                                                                                  D ~ 50 4 D = 12 E () ¶
                                                         hrow new UnsupportedOperationException(message: "Not yet implemented");
                                                          nrow new UnsupportedOperationException(message:"Not yet implemented");
                                                         hrow new UnsupportedOperationException(message; "Not yet implemented");
                                                                                                                                       ó Administrator, letzte Woche Zeile 28, Spalte 43 Tabulatororóße: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java C
```

UnsupportedOperationException("Not yet implemented");

## Game Hierarchy





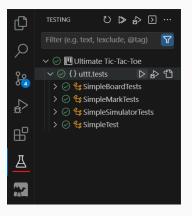
## Inner workings

- Actual game logic will be implemented in the run() method of the simulator
- Runs the game and handles communication with the UI (UserInterface)
- Needs a working implementation of PlayerInterface

# UserInterface methods ui.showGameOverScreen(...) to announce a winner, ui.updateScreen(...) to visualize changes, ui.getUserMove(...) to request a move from the player

## Running your tests

- To run your own tests on your implementation, navigate to the Erlenmeyer Flask in VSCode
- There you can choose which of your tests to run (or debug)



# **Project Details**

**Autoplayer** 

#### Bonus Task - General

- You can implement an Autoplayer for Bonus Points (Deadline: 27.06.2023)
- There are up to 3 bonus points available
- Two getPlayerMove() methods for Tic-Tac-Toe and UTTT autoplayer respectively

#### **Bonus Task - Implementation**

```
Move getPlayerMove(SimulatorInterface game, UserInterface ui)
throws IllegalArgumentException;
```

Figure 6: For UTTT (human or autoplayer)

```
default int getPlayerMove(BoardInterface game, UserInterface ui) {
    return -1; // invalid move
}
```

**Figure 7:** For Tic-Tac-Toe (human or autoplayer)

#### **Bonus Task - Implementation**

- Implement PlayerInterface again. Put autoplayer logic in getPlayerMove() methods
- It's useful to implement the run() method of BoardInterface to test your TicTacToe autoplayer implementation
- For further details: See Project Description!
- There will be an UTTT autoplayer tournament: See Project Description!