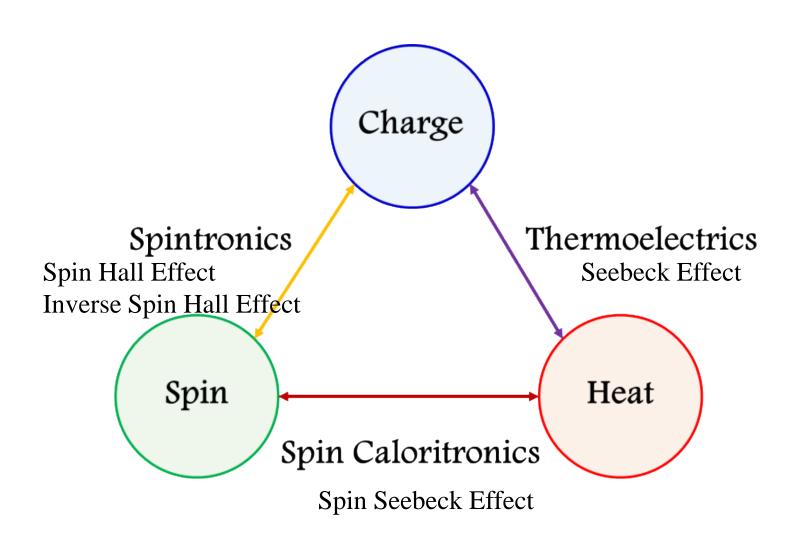


张志斌 北京大学 物理学院 2017/12/22

Outline



Spin Hall Effect & Inverse Spin Hall Effect

Spin Hall effect
Input charge current

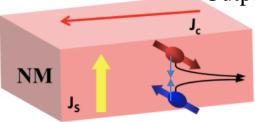
NM

Output spin current

(b)

Inverse spin Hall effect

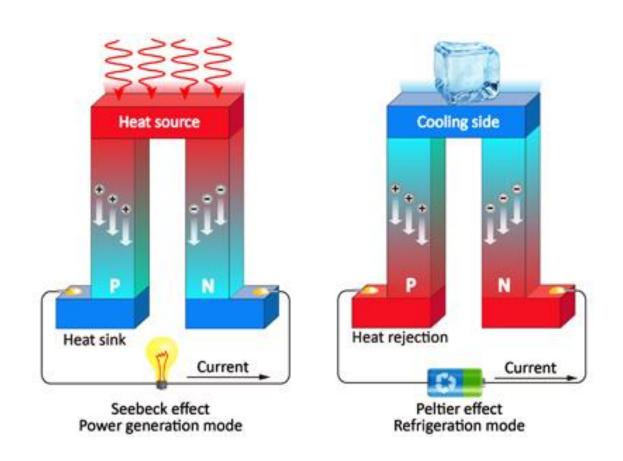
Output charge current



Input spin current

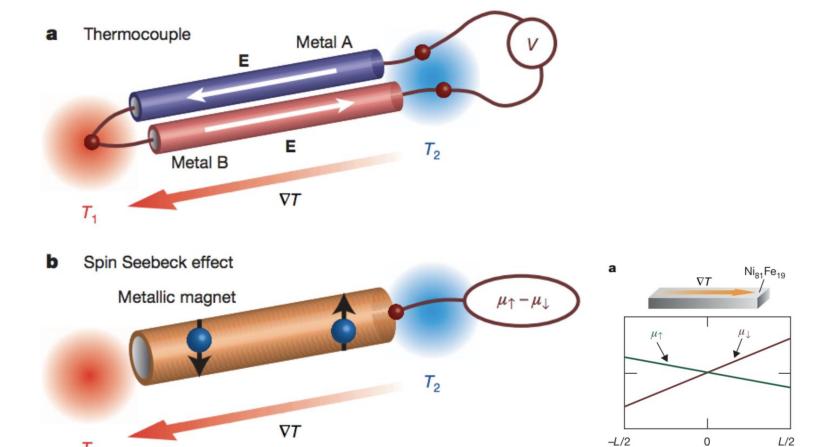
$$\mathbf{E}_{\text{SHE}} = D_{\text{ISHE}} \mathbf{J}_{\text{S}} \times \mathbf{\sigma}$$

Seebeck Effect



Seebeck coefficient $S = -\frac{\Delta V}{\Delta T}$

Spin Seebeck Effect

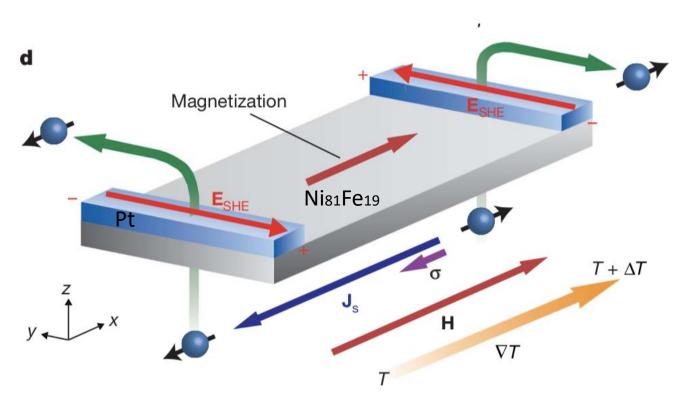


Scenario for the spin Seebeck effect:

 T_1

In the spin sector, a magnet works in the same way as a thermocouple

Spin Seebeck Effect



$$\mathbf{E}_{\mathrm{SHE}} = D_{\mathrm{ISHE}} \mathbf{J}_{\mathrm{S}} \times \mathbf{\sigma}$$

nature nanotechnology **IFTTFRS**

https://doi.org/10.1038/s41565-017-0015-9

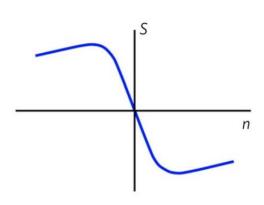
Thermoelectric spin voltage in graphene

Juan F. Sierra^{1*}, Ingmar Neumann^{1,2}, Jo Cuppens¹, Bart Raes¹, Marius V. Costache¹ and Sergio O. Valenzuela^{1,3*}

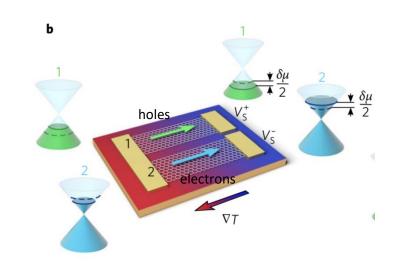
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Published online: 04 December 2017

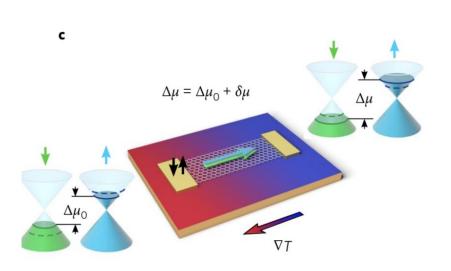


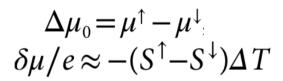


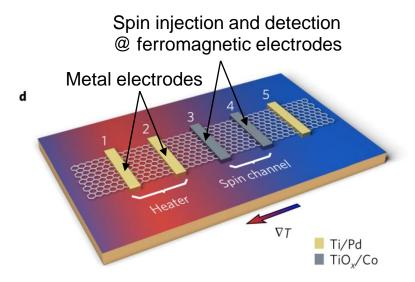
$$\Delta S = S_2(n_2) - S_1(n_1)$$



$$V_S = V_S^+ - V_S^- = -\Delta S \Delta T = -(S_2 - S_1) \Delta T$$







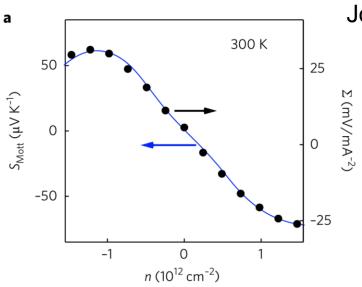
$$S_{\text{Mott}} = \frac{\pi^2 k_{\text{B}}^2 T}{3e} \frac{\text{d ln}R}{\text{d}\mu}_{|\mu=\mu_{\text{F}}}$$

$$V_{\rm dc} = -S\Delta T = -\Sigma I_{\rm dc}^2$$
 $\Delta T = \alpha I_{\rm dc}^2$

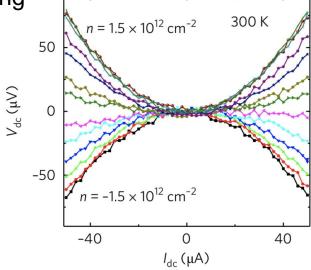
$$\Delta T = \alpha I_{\rm dc}^2$$

Joule heating

$$\Sigma \approx \alpha S_{\text{Mott}}$$

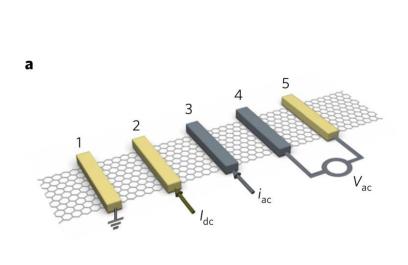


Joule heating

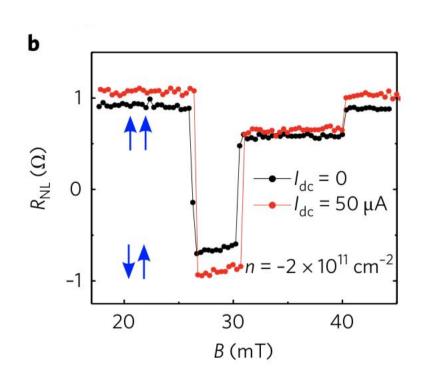


Juan F. Sierra et al. Nature Nano 2017

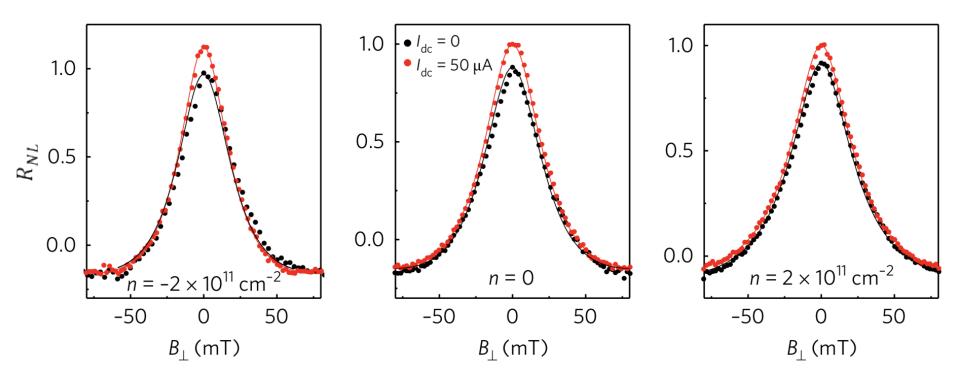
Thermoelectric spin voltage detection



$$R_{\rm NL} = V_{\rm ac}/i_{\rm ac}$$



Out-of-plane magnetic field



Thanks