## Correspondence Problems in Computer Vision (CopCV) Winter Term 2019/20



Prof. Dr.-Ing. A. Bruhn Computer Vision and Intelligent Systems Group Institute for Visualization and Interactive Systems University of Stuttgart

## Assignment 3

## Programming Exercise 3 (Horn and Schunck Method)

You can download the file copcv19\_ex03.tgz from ILIAS. To unpack the archive, use

tar xzvf copcv19\_ex03.tgz

- 1. Supplement the routines compute\_motion\_tensor() and horn\_schunck\_jacobi() in the C programme horn\_schunck.c with the missing code such that it becomes an implementation of the variational method of Horn and Schunck. In order to compile your programme please use the contained makefile. The compiled programme is then executed by
  - ./frontend <input\_image1.pgm> <input\_image2.pgm> <zoom\_ratio> [ground\_truth.F] where the integer parameter zoom\_ratio is in general set to 1. The use of a ground truth file ground\_truth.F is optional and triggers the computation of the average angular error (AAE).
- 2. Use the provided image pairs ett1.pgm and ett2.pgm as well as yos1.pgm and yos2.pgm and evaluate the performance of the method of Horn and Schunck for different values of the smoothness weight  $\alpha$ . Is there a relation between the value for  $\alpha$  and the number of required Jacobi iterations? Investigate also the influence of the presmoothing parameter  $\sigma$  on the quality of the results. In the case of the Yosemite sequence you can make use of the ground truth yos\_truth.F to optimise your results with respect to the average angular error. Which is the smallest error you can obtain?