# SSY191 - Model-based development of cyberphysical systems Individual Assignment 3

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### Problem 1

Legend for all the figures in this question: "r" means that a task was released, green "d" means deadline met and red "d" means deadline missed. The x axis is in time units.

### A)

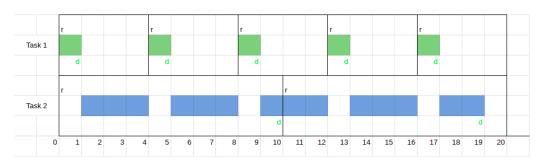


Figure 1: Rate-monotonic schedule for tasks 1 and 2

B) Adding a mutex lock to the processes make rate-monotonic schedule not feasible, since some deadlines will no longer be met. This can be shown with the following sketch:

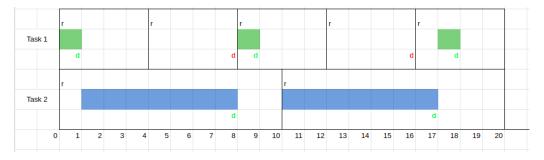


Figure 2: Rate-monotonic schedule with mutex

C) Assuming now that task 2 is running an *anytime algorithm*, we can calculate the maximum execution time for task 2, such that rate-monotonic schedule is feasible, using the Liu-Layland-Criteria, which is a sufficient condition for schedulability:

$$\sum_{i}^{N} \frac{C_i}{T_i} \le N(2^{1/N} - 1) \tag{1}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{e_2}{10} \le 2(2^{1/2} - 1) \tag{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow e_2 \le 5.7842 \tag{3}$$

which means that the execution task of task 2 must be equal or less than 5. This can be proven to be sufficient with the following sketch:

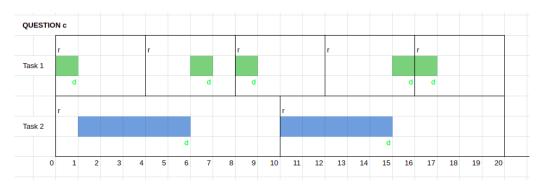


Figure 3: Rate-monotonic schedule. Task 2 running an anytime algorithm

D) If an EDF schedule is used, the deadlines are still met, as can be shown bellow:

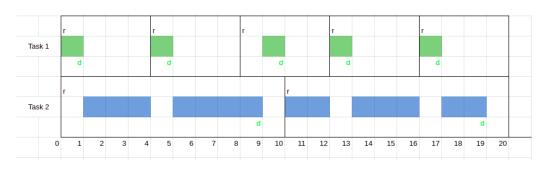


Figure 4: EDF schedule

E) To evaluate the maximum execution time for task 2 in an EDF schedule we can use the utilizationbased test:

$$\sum_{i}^{N} \frac{C_i}{T_i} \le 1 \tag{4}$$

$$\sum_{i}^{N} \frac{C_{i}}{T_{i}} \le 1$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + \frac{e_{2}}{10} + \frac{2}{5} \le 1$$
(5)

$$\Rightarrow e_2 \le 3.5 \tag{6}$$

which tell us that the maximum execution time for task 2 is equal 1, as can be seen bellow:

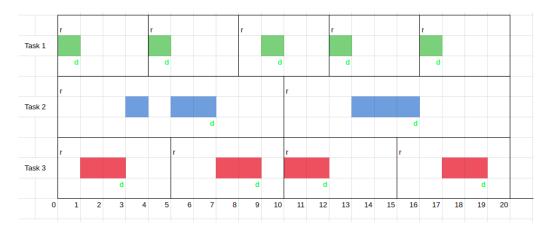


Figure 5: EDF schedule. Task 2 running an anytime algorithm

## Problem 2

$$\mathbf{A}$$
)  $\Box \neg (T_{1,use} \wedge T_{2,use})$ 

$$\mathbf{B}) \neg \Diamond \Box (T_{1,use}) \wedge \neg \Diamond \Box (T_{2,use})$$

$$\mathbf{C}$$
)  $\Box(T_{1_req} \to \Diamond T_{1,use}) \land \Box(T_{2_req} \to \Diamond T_{2,use})$ 

$$\mathbf{D}) \neg \Diamond \Box (T_{1,req}) \wedge \neg \Diamond \Box (T_{2,req})$$

$$\mathbf{E}) \Box (T_{1,rel} \to (\neg T_{1,use} \bigcup T_{2,use})) \quad \land \quad \Box (T_{2,rel} \to (\neg T_{2,use} \bigcup T_{1,use}))$$