

### Problem 46 (Robotic Arm. 3 - Event Detection)

(a), (b), (c) See the provided solution file. In the lines 29 and 30, you will need to set the parameters 'P\_Baumgarte' and 'D\_Baumgarte' to, respectively, 25 and 10 to run the problem with Baumgarte stabilization, and to 0 and 0 to run it without stabilization.

✂ Let  $P$  be anchorPoint,  $E$  be endeffector, and  $l$  be wireLength. We write the constraint violation as

$$c = -\|{}_I \vec{r}_{IP} - {}_I \vec{r}_{IE}\| + l.$$

Let  $\vec{r} = {}_I \vec{r}_{IP} - {}_I \vec{r}_{IE}$  and  $\vec{r} = \begin{bmatrix} r_x & r_y & r_z \end{bmatrix}^T$ . Then we get

$$\begin{aligned} c &= -\|\vec{r}\| + l = -\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2} + l, \\ \dot{c} &= -\frac{r_x \dot{r}_x + r_y \dot{r}_y + r_z \dot{r}_z}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2}} + l = -\frac{\vec{r} \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2}} = \\ &= -\overrightarrow{dir} \cdot {}_I \vec{v}_{IE} = -\overrightarrow{dir}^T A_{IE \ E} J_E^S \dot{\vec{q}} \end{aligned}$$

Hence, the constraint Jacobian

$$J_\lambda = -\overrightarrow{dir}^T A_{IE \ E} J_E^S.$$

Differentiating  $\dot{c}$  once again, we find

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{c} &= -\frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \dot{\vec{r}}}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2}} \right) = - \left[ \frac{\vec{r} \cdot \ddot{\vec{r}}}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2}} + \frac{\|\vec{r} \times \dot{\vec{r}}\|^2}{(r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2)^{3/2}} \right] = \\ &= - \left[ \overrightarrow{dir}^T A_{IE \ E} \vec{a}_E + \frac{\|\overrightarrow{dir} \times (A_{IE \ E} \vec{v}_E)\|^2}{\sqrt{r_x^2 + r_y^2 + r_z^2}} \right] = - \left[ \overrightarrow{dir}^T A_{IE \ E} \vec{a}_E + \frac{\|\overrightarrow{dir} \times (A_{IE \ E} \vec{v}_E)\|^2}{l} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the bias acceleration is

$$\vec{\sigma}_\lambda = -\overrightarrow{dir}^T A_{IE \ E} \vec{a}_E - \frac{\|\overrightarrow{dir} \times (A_{IE \ E} \vec{v}_E)\|^2}{l}.$$