

Modals - Review

A. Directions: Fill in the blanks with a suitable form of **have to**, **must**, **should**, **can** or **could**.

e.g. 1. John goes to work at seven o'clock.

He has to get up early.

2. Mary's been playing the piano for a long time.

She _____ play very well now.

3. Joe has a toothache.

He _____ go to the dentist.

4. Sam and Eve want to get married.

First, they _____ get a marriage license.

5. Peter _____ run faster than his parents when he was a boy.

6. Before you apply for a job, you _____ have a social insurance number.

7. Henry's car broke down. He _____ walk home.

8. It's very late. You _____ go to bed.

B. Directions: Fill in the blanks with a negative form of one of the modals above.

e.g. 1. Larry came here last month. He has never studied English before. He can't speak English well yet.

2. Tomorrow is Sunday. I don't work, so I _____ get up early.

3. Jim is such a rich man he _____ work anymore.

4. Mary's getting fat. She _____ eat so much.

5. James took Susie out to dinner last night. She _____ cook dinner.

6. I dropped my keys in the dark the other night. I _____ find them.

7. You _____ put your feet up on the table.

Modals - Review

Directions: Fill in the blanks with a suitable form of **have to**, **should**, or **must**.

- e.g. 1. You have to eat your carrots. You can't leave the table until you finish them.
2. This tastes very good. I _____ have your recipe.
3. I've got an important appointment in 6 minutes. I _____ leave right now.
4. She gets paid this Friday. She _____ be able to repay us then.
5. His condition hasn't improved, so he _____ stay in the hospital a while longer.
6. They do nothing but complain about the place. They _____ look for another one.
7. The landlord has sold that building, so they _____ move by the end of next month.
8. Mary's husband picks her up after class. She _____ take the bus.
9. You _____ go early to avoid the line-up.
10. She has a quick temper. She _____ get upset so quickly.
11. You don't look very well. You _____ rest some more.
12. I won't expect a call from you because I know you're going to be busy, so you _____ telephone me.
13. I can get a ride with someone else. You _____ pick me up.

Modals - Review

Directions: Read the following situations and follow the directions using **should, could, have to, or can't** in your answers.

- e.g. 1. Your girlfriend wants to buy a coat that costs \$60.00. You think it is of poor quality. You want her to buy the \$120.00 coat. Give her some advice.

I think you should buy the \$120.00 coat.

2. Your friend, Victor, has just left for Europe to study French. You want to write him a letter but you don't know his address. Make a request to his mother.
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3. Bill is advising you to buy a car before you go to Mexico. You don't know what kind to get. Ask him for some advice.
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4. You've worked at Eaton's department store for one year. You want to take a vacation. However, you don't know how long it's necessary to wait before you can take holidays. Ask your boss how long.
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5. Your boss saw you chewing gum at work and told you it was against the company rules. Ask him why.
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6. You wanted to take your children swimming but when you got to the pool you found it was adults' night. What did the cashier say to you?
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7. Two companies have offered you a job as a secretary. You don't know which job offer is better. Ask for advice.
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8. You and your co-workers want the boss to install a coffee machine. Ask him.
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9. You just got a T4 slip but you don't know what to do with it. Ask someone.
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10. Your car won't start. Ask someone to give you a jump-start.
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Modals - Review

Directions: Fill in the blanks with **should**, **shouldn't**, **can**, **can't** or **couldn't**.

- e.g. 1. We are going to be late for class. We should hurry.
2. It was very dark last night. I _____ see the man crossing the road.
3. He's not very strong. He _____ try to lift the box.
4. She's singing in the shower. I _____ hear her.
5. We must be home by ten o'clock. Perhaps we _____ go now.
6. Cigarettes are unhealthy. People _____ smoke them.
7. Your face is dirty. You _____ wash it.
8. That money doesn't belong to him. He _____ take it.
9. Emily's on a diet. She _____ eat that cake.
10. I'm very tired. I _____ go to bed.
11. The speed limit is 50 kilometres an hour in the city. You _____ drive over 50 km/h here.
12. Mary was sick in the hospital. She _____ go on the picnic.
13. Is your father really strong? _____ he lift 300 lbs?
14. John knows all about the stock market. He _____ help you understand it.
15. Joe is a good mechanic. I'm sure that he _____ fix your car.
16. When I was young I _____ cook at all, but now I _____.
17. My keys must be in the car. I _____ find them anywhere at home.
18. George has a bad cough. He _____ give up smoking.
19. Please turn on the light. We _____ see in the dark.
20. Please speak up. We _____ hear you back here.

Modals - Review

Directions: Rewrite the following story, using **can**, **could**, **should**, **have** to or **must**, in place of the underlined phrases.

The policeman stopped the speeding car, and, approaching it, he began to roar at the driver, "Don't you know that you are not permitted to drive over 55 m.p.h. on this freeway? You are obliged to obey this law, even if you do drive a sports car that is able to go much faster. It's not necessary for you to be a criminal to cause an accident. It is possible for big smash-ups to happen just because you aren't paying attention. Do you know that you could have caused a really bad one? It's advisable for you to pay more attention to your driving." The driver didn't have a chance to get a word in edgewise.

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.