Calculus Exercise

Week 3 (2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.8)

ID:

Name:

2.5.30 Explain, using Theorems 4, 5, 7, and 9, why the function $B(u) = \sqrt{3u-2} + \sqrt[3]{2u-3}$ is continuous at every number in its domain. State the domain.

2.5.36 Use continuity to evaluate the limit $\lim_{\theta \to \pi/2} \sin \left(\tan \left(\cos \theta \right) \right)$

2.5.44 Find the numbers at which f is discontinuous. At which of these numbers is f continuous from the right, from the left, or neither? Sketch the graph of f

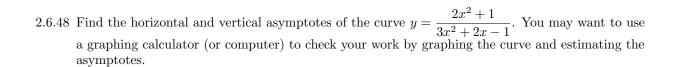
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2^x & \text{if } x \le 1\\ 3 - x & \text{if } 1 < x \le 4\\ \sqrt{x} & \text{if } x > 4 \end{cases}$$

2.5.48 Find the values of a and b that make f continuous everywhere.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & \text{if } x < 2\\ ax^2 - bx + 3 & \text{if } 2 \le x < 3\\ 2x - a + b & \text{if } x \ge 3 \end{cases}$$

2.5.58 Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that there is a solution of the given equation $\sin x = x^2 - x$ in the interval (1, 2).

2.6.30 Find the limit of $\lim_{x\to -\infty} \left(\sqrt{4x^2+3x}+2x\right)$ or show that it does not exist.



2.6.58 Find a formula for a function that has vertical asymptotes x=1 and x=3 and horizontal asymptote y=1.

2.7.34 If the tangent line to y = f(x) at (4,3) passes through the point (0,2), find f(4) and f'(4).

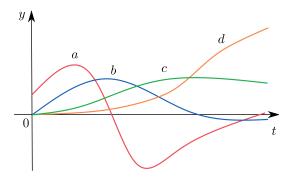
2.7.42 Sketch the graph of a function f where the domain is (-2,2), f'(0)=-2, $\lim_{x\to 2^-}f(x)=\infty$, f is continuous at all numbers in its domain except ± 1 , and f is odd.

2.7.58 Determine whether f'(0) exists, where

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \sin \frac{1}{x} & \text{if } x \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0 \end{cases}.$$

2.8.40 Suppose N is the number of people in the United States who travel by car to another state for a vacation in a year when the average price of gasoline is p dollars per gallon. Do you expect $\frac{dN}{dp}$ to be positive or negative? Explain.

2.8.52 The figure shows the graphs of four functions. One is the position function of a car, one is the velocity of the car, one is its acceleration, and one is its jerk. Identify each curve, and explain your choices.



- 2.8.63 Recall that a function f is called *even* if f(-x) = f(x) for all x in its domain and *odd* if f(-x) = -f(x) for all such x. Prove each of the following
 - (a) The derivative of an even function is an odd function.
 - (b) The derivative of an odd function is an even function.