Package 'mac'

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\mathbf{Title}	Measures	of	Uncertainty	for	model	selection

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Description Following the common types of measures of uncertainty(MOU) for parameter estimation, Liu, et.al. (2020) proposed two measures of uncertainty for model selection. The first measure is a kind of model confidence set that relates to the variation of model selection, called MAC. The second measure focuses on error of model selection, called LogP. They are all computed via bootstrapping. This package provides functions to compute these two measures. Furthermore, a similar model confidence set adapted from Bayesian Model Averaging can also be computed using this package. For more details, see Liu, X., Li, Y. & Jiang, J. Simple measures of uncertainty for model selection. TEST (2020). https://doi.org/10.1007/s11749-020-00737-9.

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Imports BMA,
plot.matrix,
rlist

R topics documented:

Index																							6
	plot_MAC .	 	 		 •	 		•					•		•								4
	$Models_gen$	 	 			 			 														4
	MAC	 	 			 			 														3
	bms	 	 	•	 ٠	 	•	•	 	•	٠	•	•	 ٠	٠		•	•	•	•	•	•	2

2 bms

Description

This function allows you to obtain a bayesian model confidence set with prosterior as the confidence level of each model.

Usage

```
bms(data, alpha, eps = 1e-06)
```

Arguments

data a list including

x covariates matrix, of dimension nobs and nvars; each row is an observa-

tion vector.

 \mathbf{y} response variable.

alpha a vector of significance levels. The confidence levels are 1-alpha. Default

value is 0.05.

eps toterance level in choosing models with total posteriors at least 1-alpha.

Default value is 1e-6.

Value

Returns a list containing:

models A list with one entry for each model. Each entry is an integer vector that

specifies the columns of matrix **x** to be used as a regressor in that model.

Models is ordered with decreasing posteriors.

con_sets a list with with one entry for a 1-alpha model confidence set. Each entry

is an integer vector that specifies the models selected in this set. The

model indexes used in ${\tt con_sets}$ are their orders in ${\tt models}$.

length_con lengths of confidence sets.

 ${\tt probs_inorder} \quad \operatorname{Model posteriors in decreasing order}.$

beta_ls a list with one entry for each model. Each entry is a vector of estimated

coefficients for that model.

Examples

```
n= 100
B=100
p=6
x = matrix(rnorm(n*p, mean=0, sd=1), n, p)
true_b = c(1:3, rep(0,p-3))
y = x%*% true_b+rnorm(n)
alpha=c(0.1,0.05,0.01)
data=list(x=x,y=y)
result=bms(data,alpha)
```

MAC

MAC	MAC and LogP measure

Description

This function allows you to obtain a model confidence set using MAC procedure and the LogP uncertainty measure for a selection method based on an information criterion.

Usage

```
MAC(models, data, B, alpha, method = "bic", delta = 1e-04, eps = 1e-06)
```

Arguments

0	
models	A list with one entry for each model. Each entry is an integer vector that specifies the columns of matrix data\$x to be used as a regressor in that model. An intercept will be fitted automatically.
data	a list including
	${\bf x}$ covariates matrix, of dimension nobs and nvars; each row is an observation vector.
	y response variable.
В	number of bootstrap replicates to perform; Default value is 200.
alpha	a vector of significance levels. The confidence levels of the model confidence sets are 1-alpha. Default value is 0.05 .
method	Information criterion. Users can choose from "bic", "aic". Default value is "bic".
delta	A small positive number added inside of LogP when the bootstrap probability of selected model is 1. Default value is 1e-4.
eps	to terance level in choosing models with total bootstrap probabilities at least 1-alpha. Default value is 1e-6.

Value

Returns an object of class "MAC". An object of class "MAC" is a list containing at least the following components:

hat_M	numeric index of selected model.
con_sets	a list with with one entry for a 1-alpha model confidence set. Each entry is an integer vector that specifies the models selected in this set. The model indexes used in con_sets are their orders in models.
length_con	lengths of confidence sets.
order	Model indexes with increasing information scores based on original data.
$probs_inorder$	Bootstrap probabilities for the models in order.
beta_ls	a list with one entry for each model. Each entry is a vector of estimated coefficients based on original data for that model.
hat_prob	the Bootstrap probability for single selected model.
hat_logp	the LogP measure.

4 plot_MAC

Examples

```
set.seed(0)
n= 100
B=100
p=6
x = matrix(rnorm(n*p, mean=0, sd=1), n, p)
true_b = c(1:3, rep(0,p-3))
y = x%*% true_b+rnorm(n)
alpha=c(0.1,0.05,0.01)
data=list(x=x,y=y)
models=Models_gen(1:p)
result=MAC(models, data, B, alpha)
```

Models_gen

Generate all subset models

Description

This function generates a list including all subset models given a vector of candidate predictors.

Usage

```
Models_gen(predictors)
```

Arguments

predictors

a vector including the indexes of all predictors, such as 1:p.

Value

Returns a list with one entry for each model. Each entry is an integer vector that specifies the columns of matrix **x** to be used as a regressor in that model.

Examples

```
Models_gen(1:5)
```

plot_MAC

Visualize model confidence sets

Description

This funcion generates a heat map for a given model confidence set. Each row represents a model in the confidence set, and colored cell represents the variables in that model.

Usage

```
plot_MAC(models, alpha, con_sets, p, xnames = NULL, color = "lightblue")
```

plot_MAC 5

Arguments

models A list with one entry for each model. Each entry is an integer vector

that specifies the columns of matrix X without intercept to be used as a regressor in that model. Intercept will be fitted automatically for every

model. such as 1:p.

alpha Significance levels. The confidence levels for confidence sets are 1-alpha.

con_sets a list with with one entry for a 1-alpha model confidence set. Each entry

is an integer vector that specifies the models selected in this set. The

model indexes used in con_sets are their orders in models.

p the number of candidate variables.

xnames variable names of all candidate variables. Default is 1:p.

color the color that indicates a variable is selected. Default is "lightblue".

Value

Returns a logical matrix per confidence set with one row per model and one column per variable indicating whether that variable is in the model.

Generates a corresponding heat map per confidence set with one row per model and one column per variable indicating whether that variable is in the model. A cell in white means the variable is not in that model; a cell in user-specified color means the variable is in that model.

Examples

```
n= 100
B=100
p=5
x = matrix(rnorm(n*p, mean=0, sd=1), n, p)
true_b = c(1:3, rep(0,p-3))
y = x%*% true_b+rnorm(n)
alpha=c(0.1,0.05,0.01)
data=list(x=x,y=y)
models=Models_gen(1:p)
result=MAC(models, data, B, alpha)
plot_MAC(models, alpha, result$con_sets, p)
result2=bms(data, alpha)
plot_MAC(result2$models, alpha, result2$con_sets, p)
```

Index

```
*Topic Bayesian
bms, 2
*Topic LogP
MAC, 3
*Topic MAC
MAC, 3
bms, 2

MAC, 3
Models_gen, 4

plot_MAC, 4
```