

Passkey Workshop

DevFest Berlin - 23rd November 2024



The background is a solid green color. It is populated with numerous white-outlined icons of stylized human figures and keys. Some figures are holding keys, and some keys are floating independently. The icons are scattered across the entire frame, creating a sense of a large crowd or a network of users.

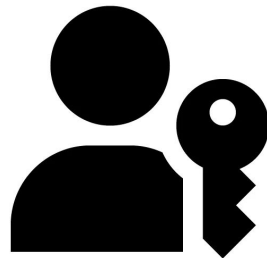
JS?

Android?

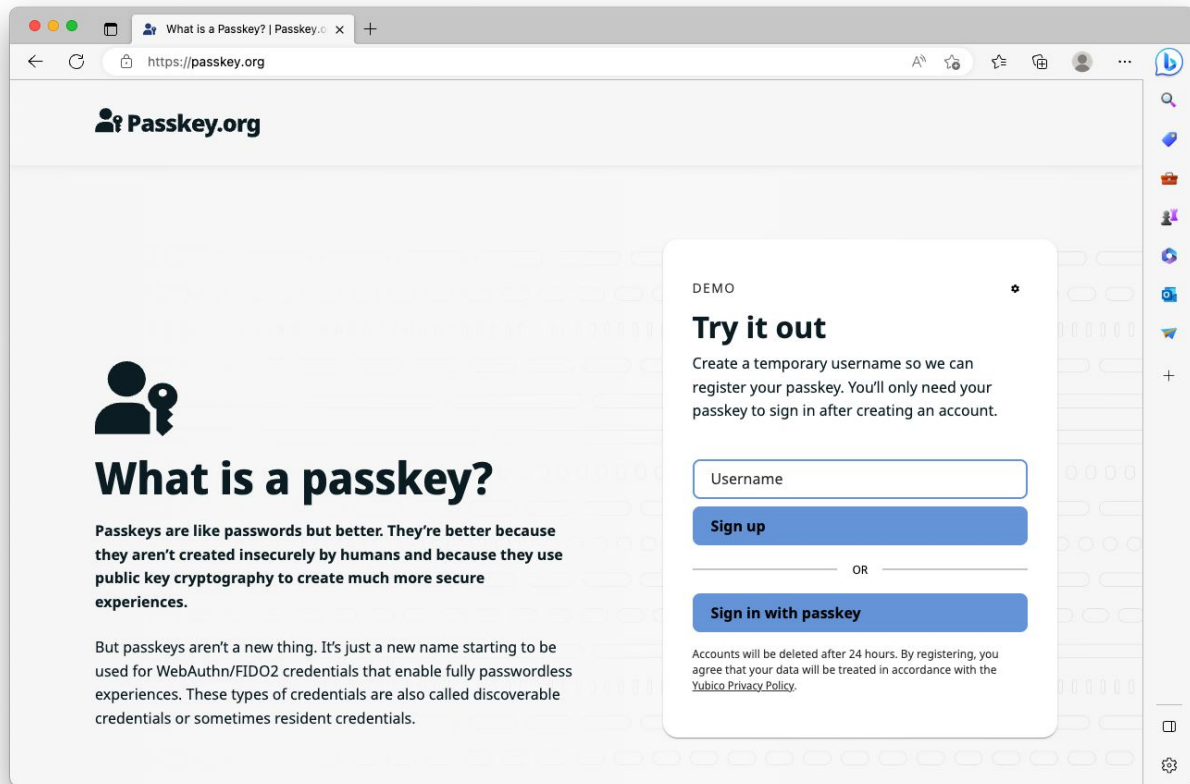
Passkeys?

What are passkeys?

- **Passkeys are a more secure alternative to passwords**
- **More secure, because:**
 - Passkeys are resistant to *phishing*
 - Passkeys have no secrets that can be leaked from servers
 - Passkeys are generated automatically and never reused
 - Passkeys can be protected using secure hardware: security keys
- **Also easier to use:**
 - No need to remember a secret for every account
 - “Sign in with your face, your finger, or your PIN”
 - Optionally, automatically backed up and synced
- **Technically, a passkey is a *FIDO2 credential***



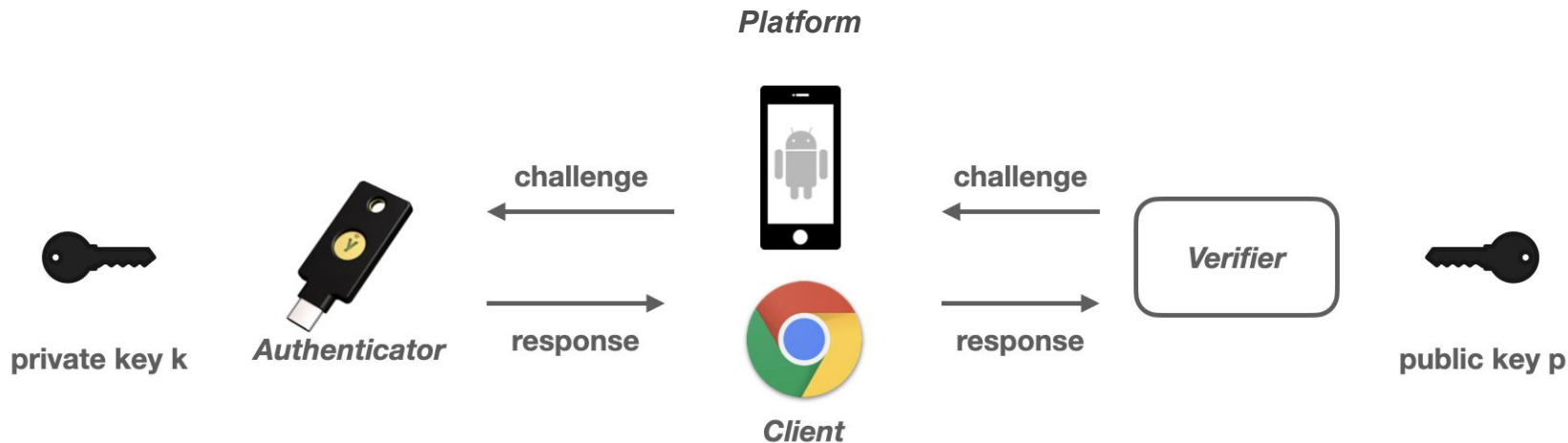
Demo



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `https://passkey.org`. The page title is "What is a Passkey? | Passkey.org". The main heading is "What is a passkey?" with a subheading: "Passkeys are like passwords but better. They're better because they aren't created insecurely by humans and because they use public key cryptography to create much more secure experiences." Below this, it says: "But passkeys aren't a new thing. It's just a new name starting to be used for WebAuthn/FIDO2 credentials that enable fully passwordless experiences. These types of credentials are also called discoverable credentials or sometimes resident credentials."

On the right side, there is a "DEMO" section titled "Try it out" with the text: "Create a temporary username so we can register your passkey. You'll only need your passkey to sign in after creating an account." Below this text is a form with a "Username" input field, a "Sign up" button, and a "Sign in with passkey" button. At the bottom of the form, it says: "Accounts will be deleted after 24 hours. By registering, you agree that your data will be treated in accordance with the [Yubico Privacy Policy](#)."

Public Key Cryptography



$\text{response} = \text{sign}(k, \text{challenge})$

$\text{result} = \text{verify}(p, \text{response}, \text{challenge})$

FIDO Authenticator

- **Cross-platform Authenticator**

- aka *roaming authenticator* or FIDO security key
- example: Yubikey
- Supports *device attestation*



- **Platform Authenticator**

- Built into devices (phone, laptop, etc)
- example: Apple TouchID and FaceID
- example: Windows Hello



- **Authenticators can store multiple passkeys**

- **Cross-platform authenticators can use different transports:**

- USB, NFC, BLE, Hybrid

Types of Passkeys

Device bound



- Single-device passkeys
- Not copyable; stays on single trusted device (authenticator)
- No device, no access
- Hardware attestation; highly provable security
- Ideal for high assurance use cases
- FIPS Eligible



Syncable | Copyable



- Multi-device passkeys
- Copyable; can be copied to other devices
- Syncable; can be synced to a cloud account
- No hardware attestation
- Ideal for low assurance use cases
- Does not meet FIPS requirements



WebAuthn

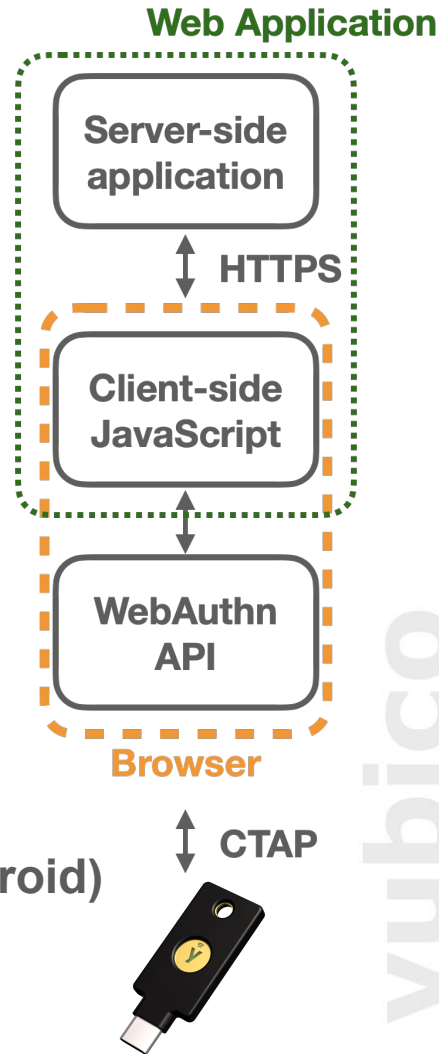
The Web Authentication API (Webauthn) has two basic methods:

1. `navigator.credentials.create()`
register a new public key credential
2. `navigator.credentials.get()`
authenticate using a previously registered credential

See:

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Web_Authentication_API

WebAuthn is provided by your Webauthn client such as your browser (e.g. Chrome) or platform (e.g. Android)



WebAuthn API - Authentication

- **The `navigator.credentials.get()` operation initiates an authentication flow:**
 - User selects an authenticator
 - User selects a credential (passkey)
 - User Presence/Verification
 - Authenticator signs the challenge with the matching private key
 - Returns assertion
- **Assertion is relayed to server for verification**

```
<script>
var getOptions = {
  publicKey: {
    challenge: serverChallenge
    // random nonce set by server
  }
}
function get() {
  navigator.credentials.get(getOptions)
    .then( (assertion) => {
      relayToServer(assertion)
    } )
}
</script>

<div>
  <button onClick="get()">get</button>
</div>
```

WebAuthn API - Registration

- **The** `navigator.credentials.create()` operation initiates a registration flow:
 - User selects an authenticator
 - User Presence/Verification
 - Authenticator creates a key pair
 - and signs the challenge with the private key
 - Returns credential
- **Credential is relayed to server for validation and storage**

```
<script>
var createOptions = {
  publicKey: {
    rp: { name: "Example Relying Party" },
    user: { // set by server
      id: johnsUserID,
      name: "johnny",
      displayName: "John Doe"
    },
    pubKeyCredParams: [ ],
    authenticatorSelection: {
      residentKey: "required"
    },
    challenge: serverChallenge
  }
}

function create() {
  navigator.credentials.create(createOptions)
    .then( (credential) => { relayToServer(credential) } )
}
</script>
<div>
  <button onClick="create()">create</button>
</div>
```

Demo

Yubico demo website

demo.yubico.com/webauthn-developers

CREATE

ASSERT

RESET

Preview

User identity

user

Defined by session

user.id

17af69344cf8639952

user.name

gnPv5FFFrUGK

user.displayName

gnPv5FFFrUGK

Authenticator selection

authenticatorAttachment

unspecified (default)

residentKey


discouraged (default)

userVerification

preferred (default)

attestation

direct



WebAuthn Developer Tool

Create a new credential or authenticate with an already registered one.

Or paste something to decode...

Recognized formats:

- PublicKeyCredential: [JSON](#)
- attestationObject: [binary \(CBOR\)](#)
- authenticatorData: [binary](#)
- WebAuthn client data: [JSON](#) [binary](#)
- X.509 certificate: [PEM](#) [binary-wrapped PEM](#) [binary \(DER\)](#)
- JSON: [plain](#) [binary](#)
- CBOR: [binary](#)

Settings

Binary format:

hex b64 b64u js

Session Management


Use this code on another device/browser to bring up this session, or enter the code from another session to restore it here.

Session

gnPv5FFFrUGK

NEW RESTORE

Credentials



No Credentials

Create some credentials to use to authenticate a session

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Do it yourself



- Clone this repository:
<https://github.com/YubicoLabs/webauthn-workshop-starter>
- Run a web server so you can access its files on localhost
For instance:

```
python3 -m http.server 8000
```
- Open <http://localhost:8000/> in Chrome
Open Developer Tools to monitor logs
- Register some passkeys
- Experiment with get/create options:
https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Web_Authentication_API

Android

may the work begin

Prerequisites

- **Android Studio**
- **Android device running Android 13+**
- **YubiKey 5 Series+**
- **Basic knowledge of Android development**
- **Basic understanding of WebAuthn concepts**
- **Clone project:**



bit.ly/yubifest24repo

Task 1: Try it out

Test USB YubiKey:

- Build the app
- Connect your YubiKey to the phone
- Look at logs
- Test credential creation
- Test authentication

Test NFC YubiKey:

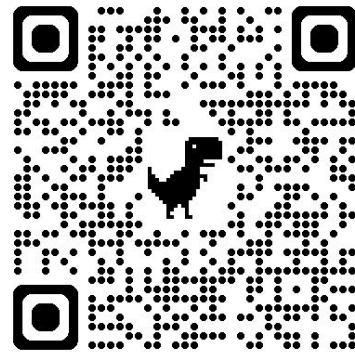
- Enable NFC on device
- Repeat as above



bit.ly/yubifest24repo

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Task 2: Own Backend



Test USB YubiKey:

- Fork this repository:
<https://github.com/YubicoLabs/webauthn-workshop-starter>
- Publish your repo with GitHub pages (Settings > Pages)
<https://<you>.github.io/>
- Add a Button connecting to that page
- Debug interaction between page and signing

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Troubleshooting

Common issues and solutions:

1. USB Permission Issues:

- a. Ensure USB permissions are requested
- b. Check USB configuration

2. NFC Not Working:

- a. Verify NFC is enabled
- b. Check NFC configuration
- c. Position YubiKey correctly

3. PIN Problems:

- a. Handle PIN retries correctly
- b. Implement proper PIN UI
- c. Handle PIN blocks
- d. Handle no pin set scenario

Further Reading



- **Passkey Week @ Google**
- **PGP Signing on Hardware**
 - Github login and commit signing?
 - Emails?
- **Multifactor Authentication**
 - One key to rule all your MFAs
 - (actually two: Have a backup!)
- **typing on touch**
- **Passkey Workshop**
https://developers.yubico.com/Passkeys/Passkey_workshop.html
- **java-webauthn-server**
<https://developers.yubico.com/java-webauthn-server/>

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The key to trust

