GUSTAVO GONZÁLEZ

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Home Contact Information

6044 S Ingleside Ave, Apt 2N Chicago, IL, 60637

Personal Information:

Date of birth: April 18, 1988

Sex: Male

Citizenship: Chilean

Employment

Central Bank of Chile, Big Data Analysis Department, June 2021-present

Education

Ph.D., The University of Chicago, Economics, 2015-2021

Thesis Title: "Commodity Price Shocks, Factor Utilization, and Productivity Dynamics"

Committee: Mikhail Golosov (Chair), Joseph Vavra, Rodrigo Adao

M.A. in Economics, Pontifical Catholic University of Chile (PUC-Chile), 2010-2012

B.A. in Business and Economics, Pontifical Catholic University of Chile (PUC-Chile), 2006-2010

Teaching and Research Fields:

Primary fields: Macroeconomics, International Economics

Secondary fields: Development

Teaching Experience:

Fall, 2020	Applied Regression Analysis, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching
	Assistant for Professor Max Farrell
Spring, 2020	Industrial Organization, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of Economics, Teaching
	Assistant for Professor Michael Dinerstein
Spring, 2020	Elements of Economic Analysis III, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of Economics,
	Teaching Assistant for Lecturer Josh Morris-Levenson
Winter, 2020	Macroeconomics, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching Assistant for
	Professor Joseph Vavra
Fall, 2019	Applied Regression Analysis, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching
	Assistant for Professor Max Farrell
Spring, 2019	Elements of Economic Analysis III: Honors, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of
	Economics, Teaching Assistant for Professor Kotaro Yoshida
Winter, 2019	International Economics, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of Economics, Teaching
	Assistant for Professor Felix Tintelnot

Winter, 2019	Macroeconomics, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching Assistant for
	Professor Joseph Vavra
Fall, 2018	International Financial Policy, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching
	Assistant for Professor Brent Neiman
Spring, 2018	Applied Macroeconomics: Heterogeneity and Macro, Univ. of Chicago, Dept.
	of Economics, Teaching Assistant for Professors Joseph Vavra and Rohan
	Kekre
Winter, 2018	Elements of Economic Analysis III: Honors, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of
	Economics, College Lecturer
Fall, 2017	Inequality: A Perspective from Macroeconomics, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of
	Economics, Teaching Assistant for Professor Greg Kaplan
Spring, 2017	Elements of Economic Analysis III, Univ. of Chicago, Dept. of Economics,
	Teaching Assistant for Professor Melissa Tartari
Winter, 2017	Macroeconomics, Chicago Booth School of Business, Teaching Assistant for
	Professor Joseph Vavra

Research Experience and Other Employment:

2017	Chicago Booth School of Business, Research Assistant for Professor Veronica
	Guerrieri
2017	University of Chicago, Department of Economics, Research Assistant for
	Professor Robert Lucas
2012-2014	Pontifical Catholic University of Chile, Research Assistant for Professor Klaus
	Schmidt-Hebbel
2010-2011	Central Bank of Chile, Research Assistant for Professor Sebastian Claro
2010-2011	Pontifical Catholic University of Chile, Research Assistant for Professors
	Matias Tapia and Veronica Mies
2009	Pontifical Catholic University of Chile, Research Assistant for Professor
	Francisco Gallego

Honors, Scholarships, and Fellowships:

2019	Prize to Best Lecturer of Undergraduate Macro Sequence, University of
	Chicago
2016	Sherwin Rosen Fellowship

Conference and Seminar Presentations:

2014	19th Annual Meeting of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic
	Association (LACEA), Sao Paulo, Brazil
2014	Annual Meeting of the Chilean Society of Economics (SECHI), Viña del Mar,
	Chile
2013	Annual Meeting of the Chilean Society of Economics (SECHI), Santiago, Chile
2013	18th Annual Meeting of the Latin American and Caribbean Economic
	Association (LACEA), Mexico City, Mexico

Language and Computer Skills:

<u>Languages:</u>

English (Fluent), Spanish (Native)

<u>Computer</u>

Skills: Matlab, Stata, R

Research Papers:

"Commodity Price Shocks, Factor Utilization, and Productivity Dynamics" (Job Market Paper)

I investigate the importance of commodity price shocks on aggregate productivity dynamics through the variable utilization of primary factors. I exploit sectoral variation in product tradability and cost exposure to the copper industry to characterize the within-plant responses of manufacturing Chilean firms to copper price shocks. I find that, when copper prices increase, establishments selling non-tradables display higher RTFP than similar establishments selling tradables. At the same time, plants more cost-exposed to the copper industry display lower RTFP. I develop a multi-sector small open economy framework featuring frictions to primary input management and variable factor utilization. I find that variable factor utilization can generate a positive and strong association between copper price shocks and measured aggregate TFP, as is observed in Chilean data. The model induced volatility in aggregate TFP is larger than the actual one, which points to a negative correlation between utilization-adjusted aggregate TFP and copper price shocks.

"Entrepreneurship and the Efficiency Effects of Migration"

This paper constructs and calibrates a parsimonious two-country dynamic general equilibrium model of entrepreneurship and migration. Countries differ in their TFP levels and in their degree of financial frictions. The model is calibrated to replicate the economic and migratory situation of the United States and the rest of the world. I evaluate the impact of changing migration barriers on GDP per capita, average firms' productivity, business ownership rates, and consumption on both regions. I find that migration barriers have a non-monotone impact on the average productivity of the host country, depending this on the quality and the mass of people that move in and that are displaced by the entrants. A migration policy that favors the entry of foreign people with a higher entrepreneurial pulse would reduce profits of native entrepreneurs but would make the economy more efficient and would raise the welfare of workers of the host economy.

"Social Connections and Earnings Inequality"

Inequality has been a topic of lively debate during the last decade. This paper contributes to this literature by positing the channel of social connections and evaluating its quantitative importance. To do that, I have built a heterogeneous agent life-cycle model whose main features are a labor market with search and initial investments in education. Educational expenditures fulfill the double purpose of enhancing the human capital stock of the individual and his arrival rate of job offers when unemployed. The main result of the paper is that social connections play a very small role in generating a worse earnings inequality. Educational expenditures are performed mostly to raise the human capital stock, as the relative marginal return in terms of job offers is low. Subsidies to educational expenditures that are focused on the lowest skill types of the population are a more effective policy to decrease earnings inequality than universal free public education, although shutting down the social connections channel is the most effective one.