

About the data

folder lung_image_sets contains three secondary subfolders: lung_aca subfolder with 5000 images of lung adenocarcinomas, lung_scc subfolder with 5000 images of lung squamous cell carcinomas, and lung_n subfolder with 5000 images of benign lung tissues.

Importing libraries

In [1]:

```
import os                      # for working with files
import numpy as np              # for numerical computations
import pandas as pd             # for working with dataframes
import seaborn as sns
import torch                     # Pytorch module
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # for plotting informations on graph and images using t
import torch.nn as nn            # for creating neural networks
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader # for dataloaders
from PIL import Image            # for checking images
import torch.nn.functional as F # for functions for calculating Loss
import torchvision.transforms as transforms # for transforming images into tensors
from torchvision.utils import make_grid # for data checking
from torchvision.datasets import ImageFolder # for working with classes and images
# from torchsummary import summary           # for getting the summary of our model
import tensorflow as ts
from tensorflow import keras
import itertools
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, accuracy_score, recall_score, confusion_matrix
from mlxtend.plotting import plot_confusion_matrix

%matplotlib inline
```

Data loading and exploring

In [2]:

```
lung_dir = "../input/lung-and-colon-cancer-histopathological-images/lung_colon_image_se
lungs = os.listdir(lung_dir)
```

In [3]:

```
lungs
```

Out[3]:

```
['lung_aca', 'lung_scc', 'lung_n']
```

In [4]:

```
# Number of images for each disease
nums_train = {}
nums_val = {}
for lung in lungs:
    nums_train[lung] = len(os.listdir(lung_dir + '/' + lung))
img_per_class_train = pd.DataFrame(nums_train.values(), index=nums_train.keys(), columns=['Train data distribution :'])
img_per_class_train
```

Train data distribution :

Out[4]:

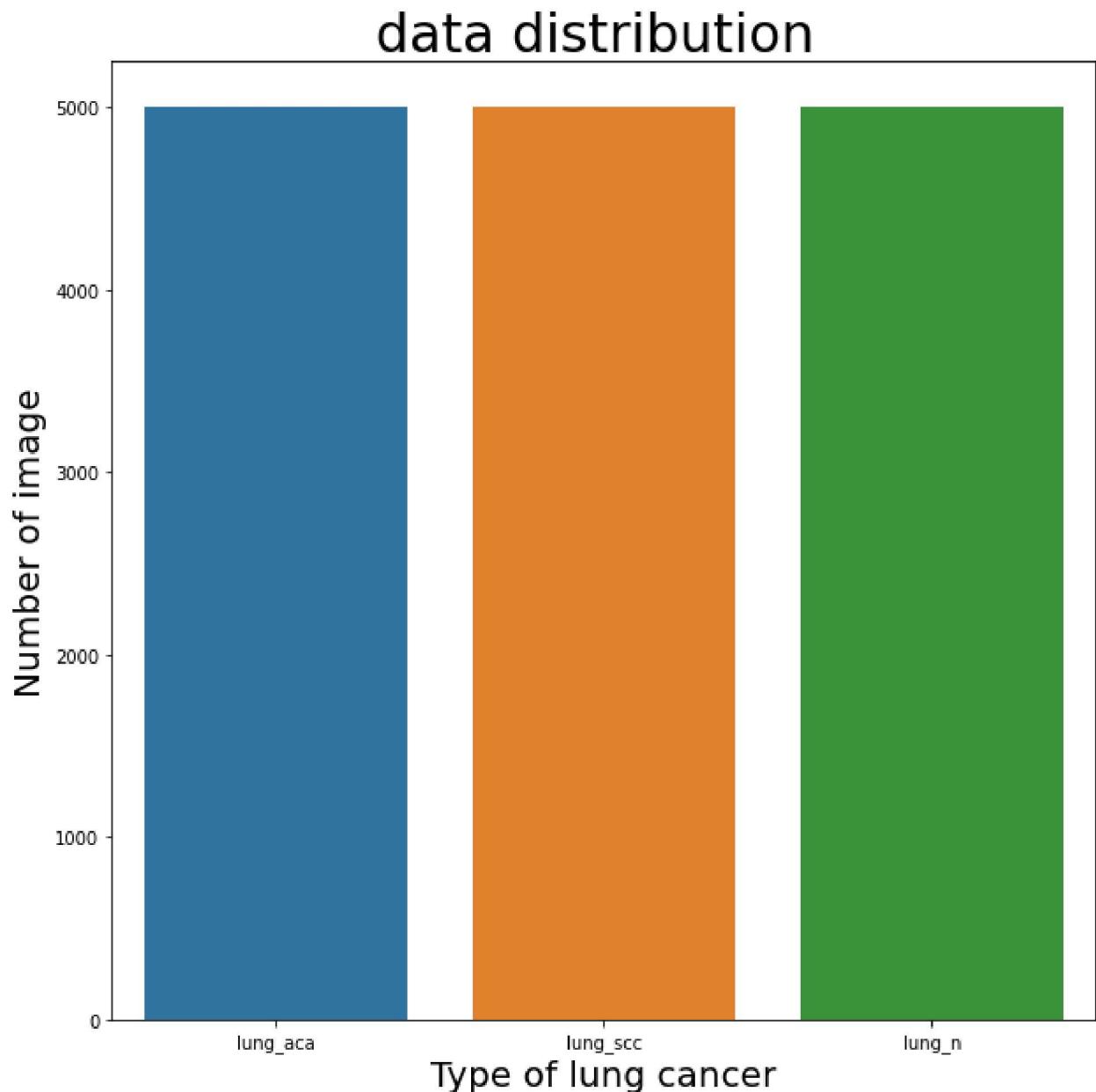
no. of images	
lung_aca	5000
lung_scc	5000
lung_n	5000

In [5]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.title('data distribution ', fontsize=30)
plt.ylabel('Number of image', fontsize=20)
plt.xlabel('Type of lung cancer', fontsize=20)

keys = list(nums_train.keys())
vals = list(nums_train.values())
sns.barplot(x=keys, y=vals)
```

Out[5]: <AxesSubplot:title={'center':'data distribution '}, xlabel='Type of lung cancer', ylabel='Number of image'>



Show some example for lung cancer

In [6]:

```
# Function to show image
train = ImageFolder(lung_dir, transform=transforms.ToTensor())
def show_image(image, label):
    print("Label :" + train.classes[label] + "(" + str(label) + ")")
    return image.permute(1, 2, 0)
```

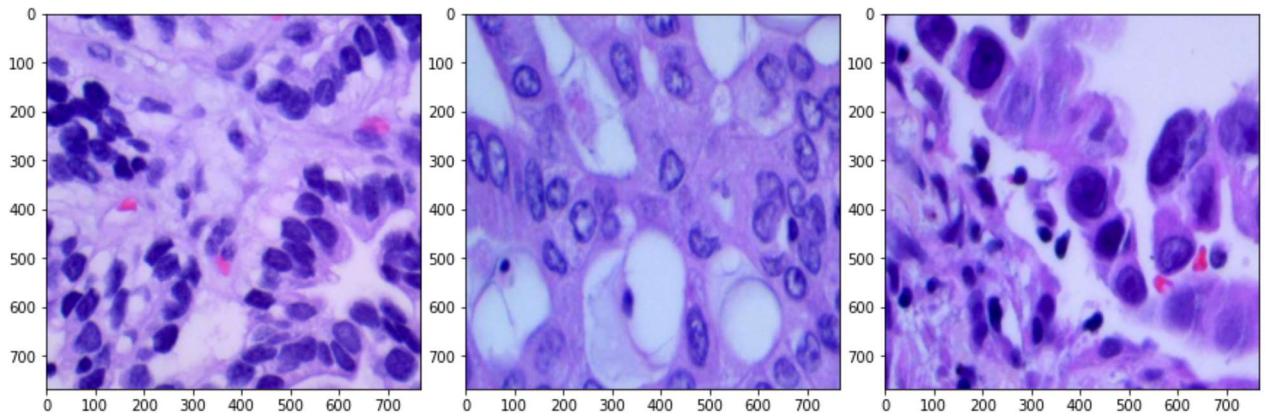
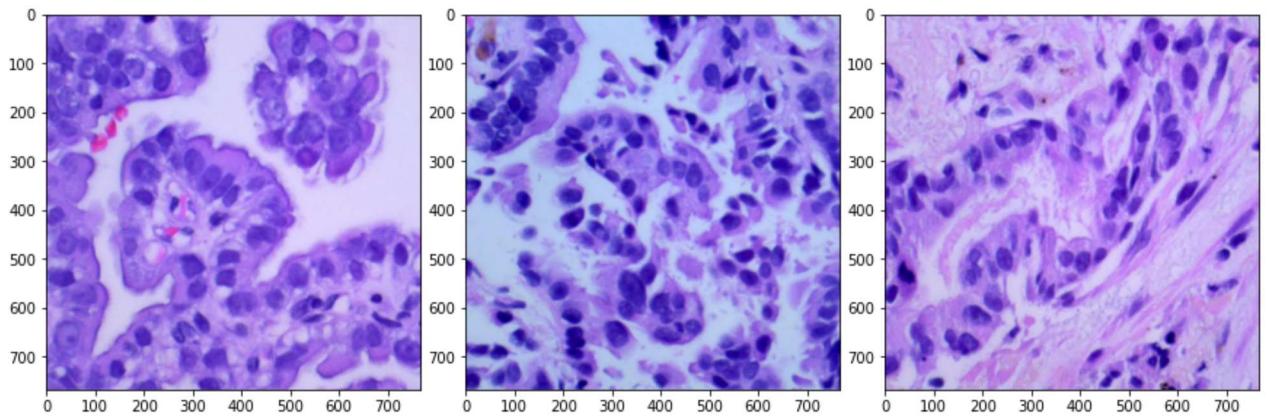
Lung_aca

In [7]:

```
fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(12,10))
fig.tight_layout(pad=0)
axs[0,0].imshow(show_image(*train[1]))
axs[0,1].imshow(show_image(*train[1100]))
axs[1, 0].imshow(show_image(*train[2010]))
axs[1,1].imshow(show_image(*train[3500]))
axs[0,2].imshow(show_image(*train[4120]))
axs[1,2].imshow(show_image(*train[4860]))
```

Label :lung_aca(0)
Label :lung_aca(0)
Label :lung_aca(0)
Label :lung_aca(0)
Label :lung_aca(0)
Label :lung_aca(0)

Out[7]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f593704b190>

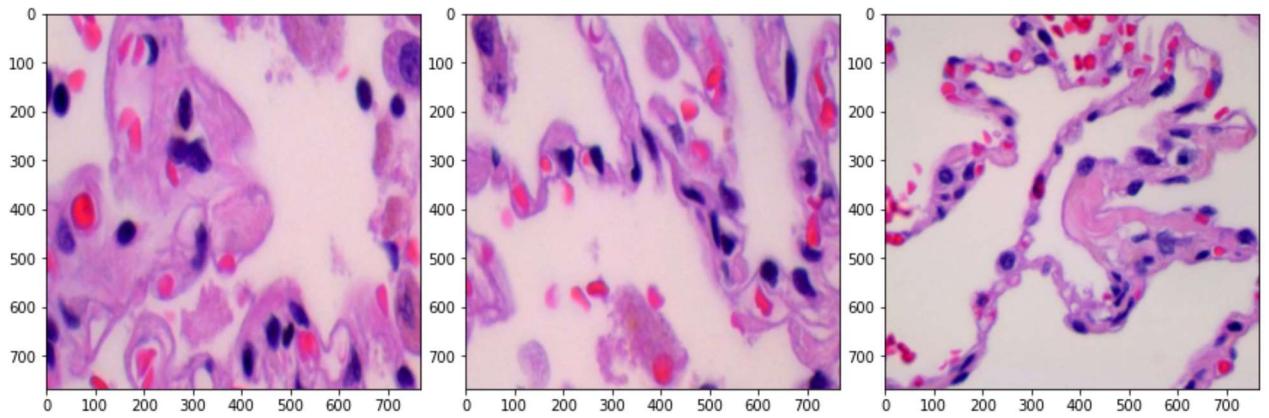
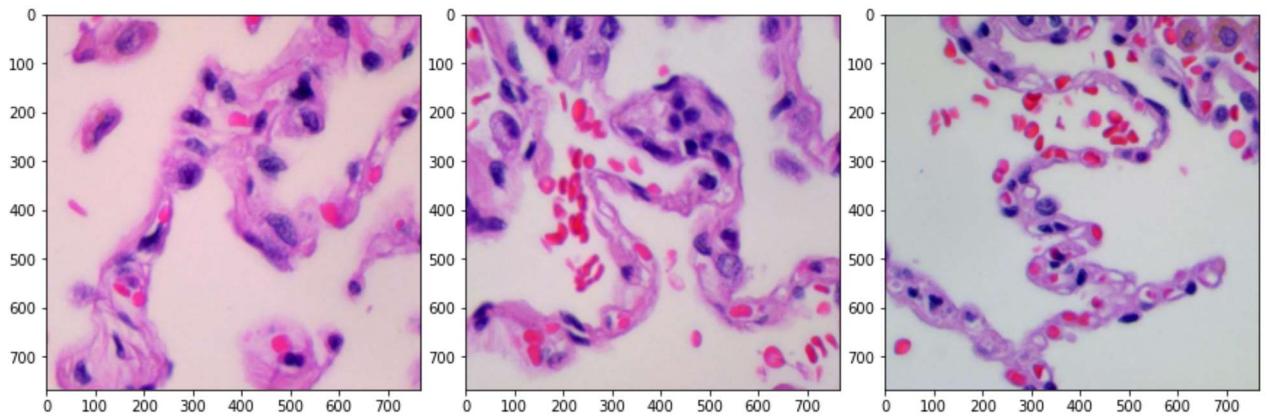


Lung_n

```
In [8]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(12,10))
fig.tight_layout(pad=0)
axs[0,0].imshow(show_image(*train[5010]))
axs[0,1].imshow(show_image(*train[6050]))
axs[1, 0].imshow(show_image(*train[7000]))
axs[1,1].imshow(show_image(*train[7500]))
axs[0,2].imshow(show_image(*train[8000]))
axs[1,2].imshow(show_image(*train[8620]))
```

```
Label :lung_n(1)
Label :lung_n(1)
Label :lung_n(1)
Label :lung_n(1)
Label :lung_n(1)
Label :lung_n(1)
```

```
Out[8]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f593550d190>
```

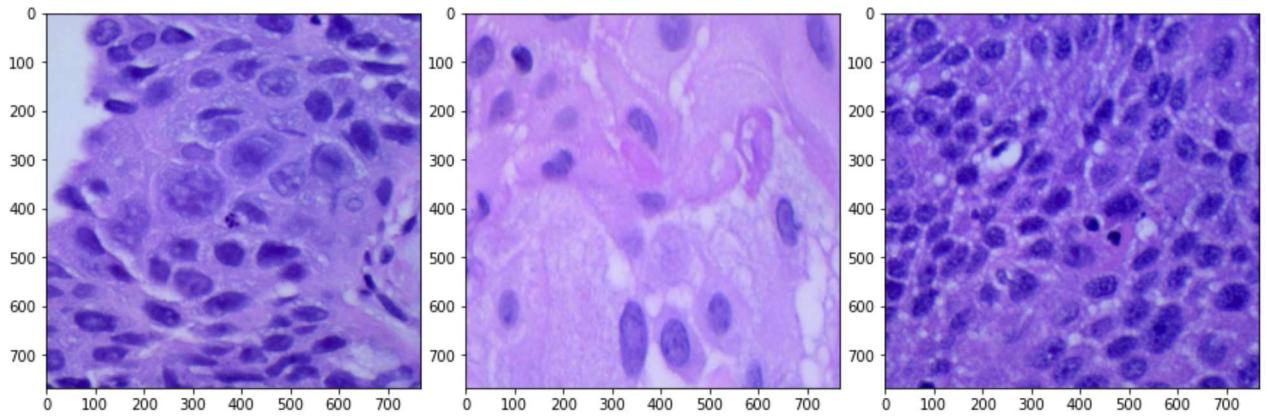
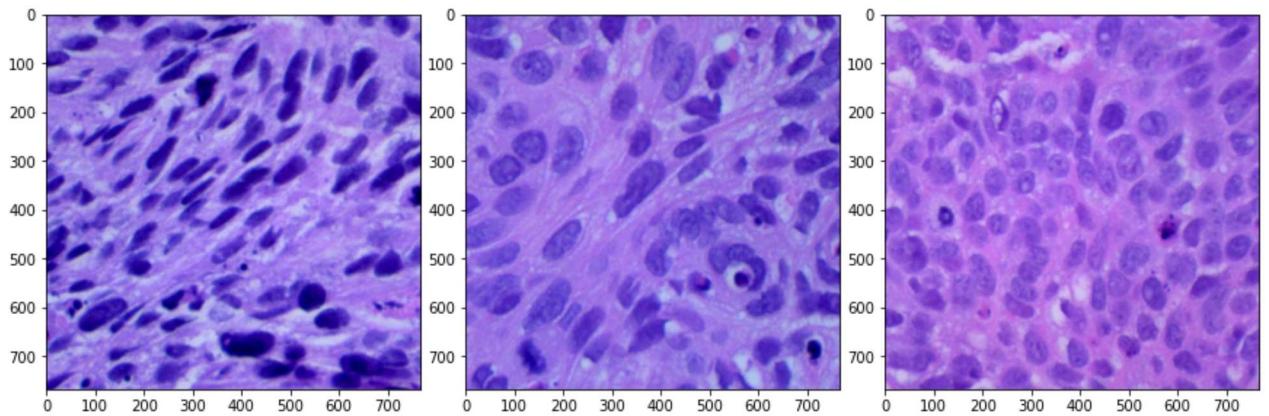


Lung_scc

```
In [9]: fig, axs = plt.subplots(2, 3, figsize=(12,10))
fig.tight_layout(pad=0)
axs[0,0].imshow(show_image(*train[11001]))
axs[0,1].imshow(show_image(*train[12000]))
axs[1, 0].imshow(show_image(*train[13050]))
axs[1,1].imshow(show_image(*train[14000]))
axs[0,2].imshow(show_image(*train[14200]))
axs[1,2].imshow(show_image(*train[14800]))
```

```
Label :lung_scc(2)
Label :lung_scc(2)
Label :lung_scc(2)
Label :lung_scc(2)
Label :lung_scc(2)
Label :lung_scc(2)
```

```
Out[9]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f59352f2050>
```



Modeling

```
In [10]: train_gen = keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,
                                                               rotation_range = 20 ,
                                                               horizontal_flip = True ,
                                                               validation_split = 0.2
                                                               )
valid_gen = keras.preprocessing.image.ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255,validation_spl
train_data = train_gen.flow_from_directory(lung_dir, subset='training', target_size=(22
                                                               class_mode='categorical', shuffle=True)

val_data = valid_gen.flow_from_directory(lung_dir, subset='validation', target_size=(22
                                                               class_mode='categorical', shuffle=False)
```

Found 12000 images belonging to 3 classes.

Found 3000 images belonging to 3 classes.

```
In [11]: import numpy
unique, counts = numpy.unique(val_data.classes, return_counts=True)

dict(zip(unique, counts))
```

Out[11]: {0: 1000, 1: 1000, 2: 1000}

model_1

In [12]:

```
model_1 = keras.models.Sequential()
model_1.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(8, 3, activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)))

model_1.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.05))
model_1.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_1.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(16, 3, activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)))

model_1.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.1))
model_1.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_1.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)))

model_1.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.1))
model_1.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_1.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu'))

model_1.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.15))
model_1.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_1.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(128, 3, activation='relu'))

model_1.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.2))
model_1.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_1.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_1.add(keras.layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model_1.add(keras.layers.Dense(3, activation='softmax'))

model_1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model_1.summary()
```

2023-02-04 10:46:44.960722: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.962143: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.963976: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.965218: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.966443: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.967804: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:44.970577: I tensorflow/core/platform/cpu_feature_guard.cc:142] This TensorFlow binary is optimized with oneAPI Deep Neural Network Library (oneDNN) to use the following CPU instructions in performance-critical operations: AVX2 AVX512F FMA
To enable them in other operations, rebuild TensorFlow with the appropriate compiler flags.
Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 222, 222, 8)	224
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 222, 222, 8)	0
max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 111, 111, 8)	0
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 109, 109, 16)	1168
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 109, 109, 16)	0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 54, 54, 16)	0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 52, 52, 32)	4640
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 52, 52, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 26, 26, 32)	0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 64)	18496
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 24, 24, 64)	0
max_pooling2d_3 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 12, 12, 64)	0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D)	(None, 10, 10, 128)	73856
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None, 10, 10, 128)	0
max_pooling2d_4 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 5, 5, 128)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 3200)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 256)	819456
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 3)	771

Total params: 918,611

Trainable params: 918,611

Non-trainable params: 0

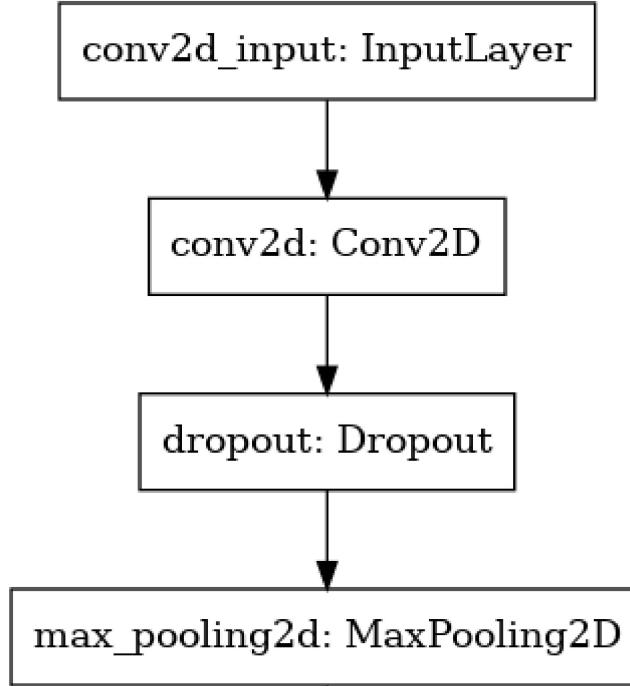
2023-02-04 10:46:45.216682: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
 2023-02-04 10:46:45.217541: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
 2023-02-04 10:46:45.218294: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
 2023-02-04 10:46:45.219015: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
 2023-02-04 10:46:45.219953: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
 2023-02-04 10:46:45.220855: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero

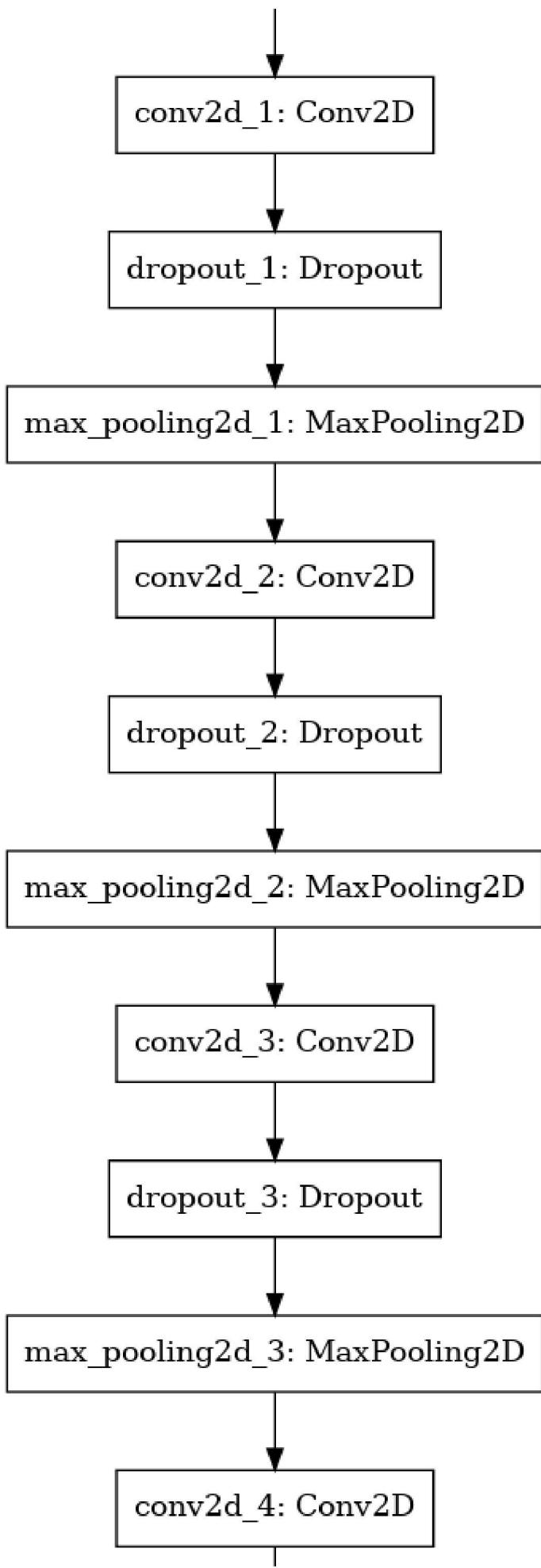
```
2023-02-04 10:46:49.461901: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.463188: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.464269: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.465270: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.466263: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.467226: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_device.cc:1510] Created device /job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:0 with 13349 MB memory: -> device: 0, name: Tesla T4, pci bus id: 0000:00:04.0, compute capability: 7.5
2023-02-04 10:46:49.467706: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_gpu_executor.cc:937] successful NUMA node read from SysFS had negative value (-1), but there must be at least one NUMA node, so returning NUMA node zero
2023-02-04 10:46:49.468717: I tensorflow/core/common_runtime/gpu/gpu_device.cc:1510] Created device /job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:1 with 13349 MB memory: -> device: 1, name: Tesla T4, pci bus id: 0000:00:05.0, compute capability: 7.5
```

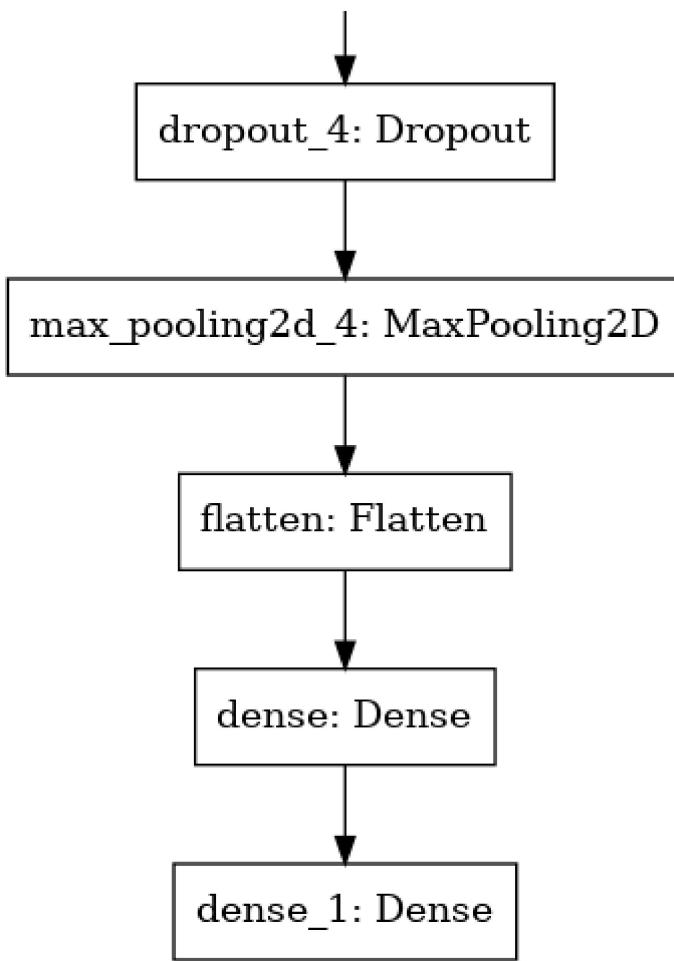
In [13]:

```
keras.utils.plot_model(  
    model_1,  
    to_file="model.png",  
    show_shapes=False,  
    show_dtype=False,  
    show_layer_names=True,  
    rankdir="TB",  
    expand_nested=False,  
    dpi=96,  
    layer_range=None,  
)
```

Out[13]:







```

In [14]: history = model_1.fit(train_data,
                           validation_data=val_data,
                           epochs = 5)

2023-02-04 10:46:51.525589: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/mlir_graph_optimization_pass.cc:185] None of the MLIR Optimization Passes are enabled (registered 2)
Epoch 1/5
2023-02-04 10:46:53.614742: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_dnn.cc:369] Loaded cuDNN version 8005
188/188 [=====] - 264s 1s/step - loss: 0.5249 - accuracy: 0.695
1 - val_loss: 0.3978 - val_accuracy: 0.8483
Epoch 2/5
188/188 [=====] - 262s 1s/step - loss: 0.2462 - accuracy: 0.902
0 - val_loss: 0.1863 - val_accuracy: 0.9343
Epoch 3/5
188/188 [=====] - 262s 1s/step - loss: 0.1775 - accuracy: 0.933
3 - val_loss: 0.2147 - val_accuracy: 0.9190
Epoch 4/5
188/188 [=====] - 262s 1s/step - loss: 0.1492 - accuracy: 0.940
8 - val_loss: 0.1661 - val_accuracy: 0.9500
Epoch 5/5
188/188 [=====] - 261s 1s/step - loss: 0.1438 - accuracy: 0.942
1 - val_loss: 0.2055 - val_accuracy: 0.9120

```

```

In [15]: plt.figure(figsize = (20,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Train and Validation Loss")

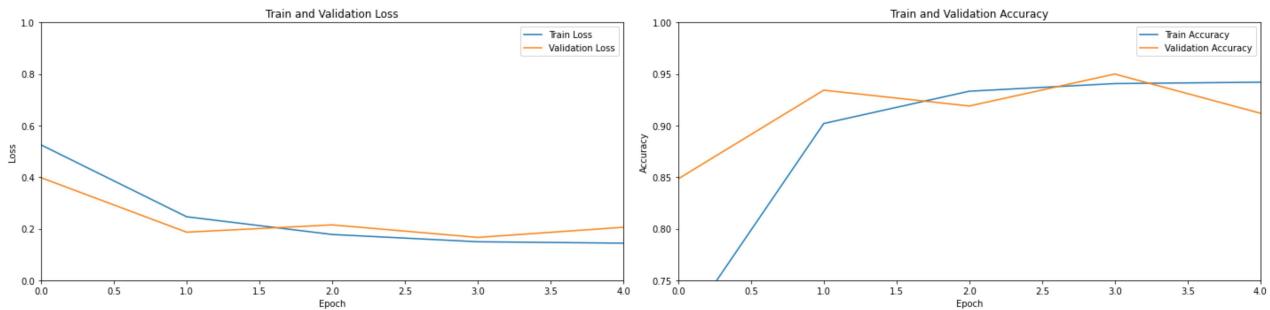
```

```

plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label="Train Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label="Validation Loss")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.0,1.0)
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.title("Train and Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label="Train Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label="Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.75,1.0)
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()

```

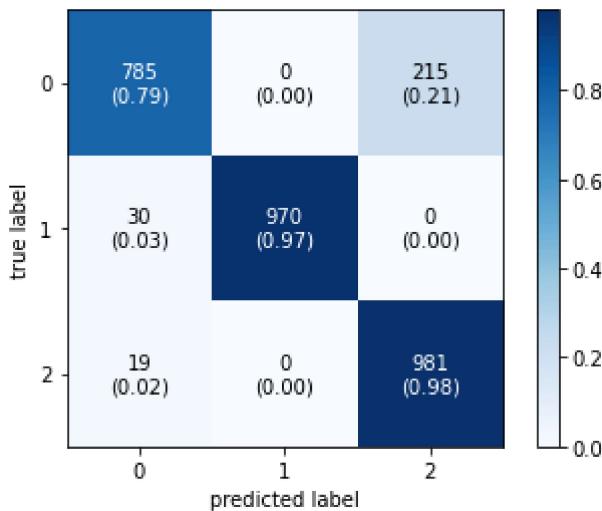


```
In [16]: Y_pred = model_1.predict(val_data)
y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)

print(classification_report(val_data.classes, y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.79	0.86	1000
1	1.00	0.97	0.98	1000
2	0.82	0.98	0.89	1000
accuracy			0.91	3000
macro avg	0.92	0.91	0.91	3000
weighted avg	0.92	0.91	0.91	3000

```
In [17]: # calculating and plotting the confusion matrix
cm1 = confusion_matrix(val_data.classes, y_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(conf_mat=cm1, show_absolute=True,
                      show_normed=True,
                      colorbar=True)
plt.show()
```



Model_2

In [18]:

```
model_2 = keras.models.Sequential()

model_2.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(32, 3, activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)))

model_2.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.1))
model_2.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_2.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu'))
model_2.add(keras.layers.Dropout(0.2))
model_2.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_2.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_2.add(keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model_2.add(keras.layers.Dense(3, activation='softmax'))

model_2.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model_2.summary()
```

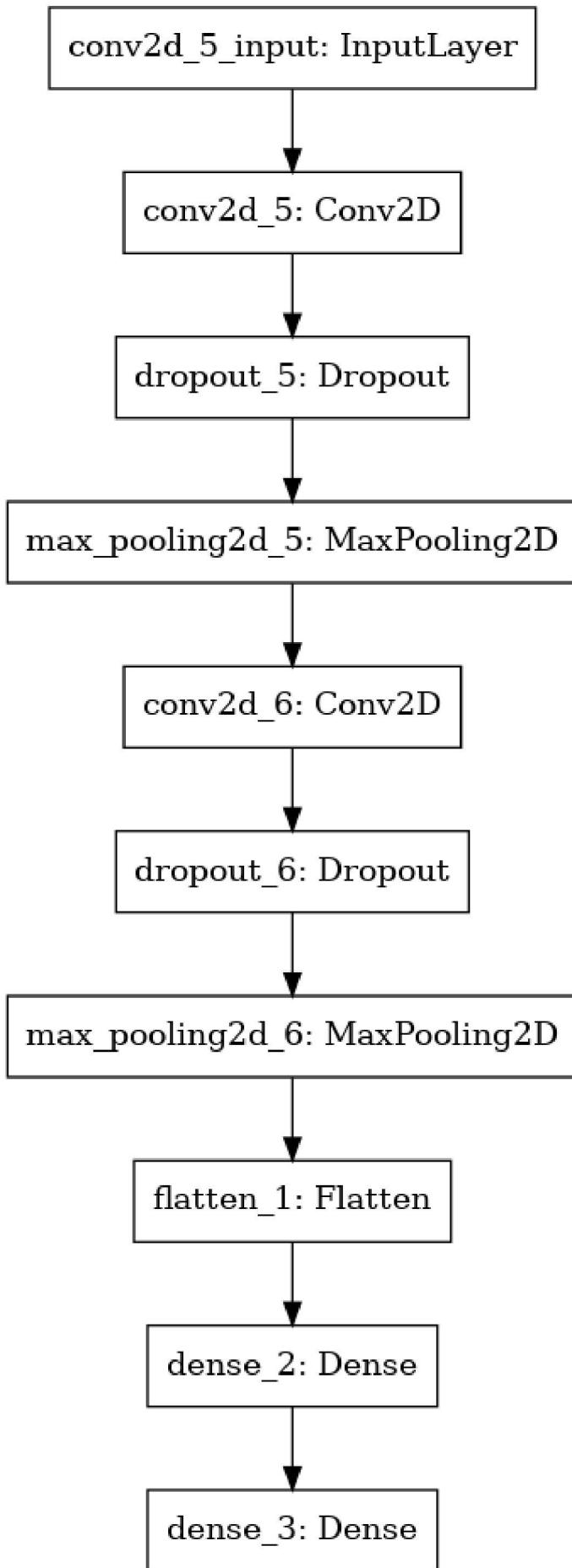
Model: "sequential_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
<hr/>		
conv2d_5 (Conv2D)	(None, 222, 222, 32)	896
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None, 222, 222, 32)	0
<hr/>		
max_pooling2d_5 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 111, 111, 32)	0
conv2d_6 (Conv2D)	(None, 109, 109, 64)	18496
dropout_6 (Dropout)	(None, 109, 109, 64)	0
<hr/>		
max_pooling2d_6 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 54, 54, 64)	0
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 186624)	0
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 128)	23888000
<hr/>		
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 3)	387

```
=====
Total params: 23,907,779
Trainable params: 23,907,779
Non-trainable params: 0
```

```
In [19]: keras.utils.plot_model(  
    model_2,  
    to_file="model.png",  
    show_shapes=False,  
    show_dtype=False,  
    show_layer_names=True,  
    rankdir="TB",  
    expand_nested=False,  
    dpi=96,  
    layer_range=None,  
    #show_layer_activations=False,  
)
```

```
Out[19]:
```



In [20]:

```

history = model_2.fit(train_data,
                      validation_data=val_data,
                      epochs = 5)

```

```

Epoch 1/5
188/188 [=====] - 265s 1s/step - loss: 0.7409 - accuracy: 0.792
7 - val_loss: 0.3001 - val_accuracy: 0.8943
Epoch 2/5
188/188 [=====] - 259s 1s/step - loss: 0.2495 - accuracy: 0.899
9 - val_loss: 0.2845 - val_accuracy: 0.8843
Epoch 3/5
188/188 [=====] - 261s 1s/step - loss: 0.1947 - accuracy: 0.923
2 - val_loss: 0.2789 - val_accuracy: 0.8777
Epoch 4/5
188/188 [=====] - 262s 1s/step - loss: 0.1789 - accuracy: 0.927
5 - val_loss: 0.1763 - val_accuracy: 0.9307
Epoch 5/5
188/188 [=====] - 258s 1s/step - loss: 0.1660 - accuracy: 0.931
3 - val_loss: 0.1556 - val_accuracy: 0.9380

```

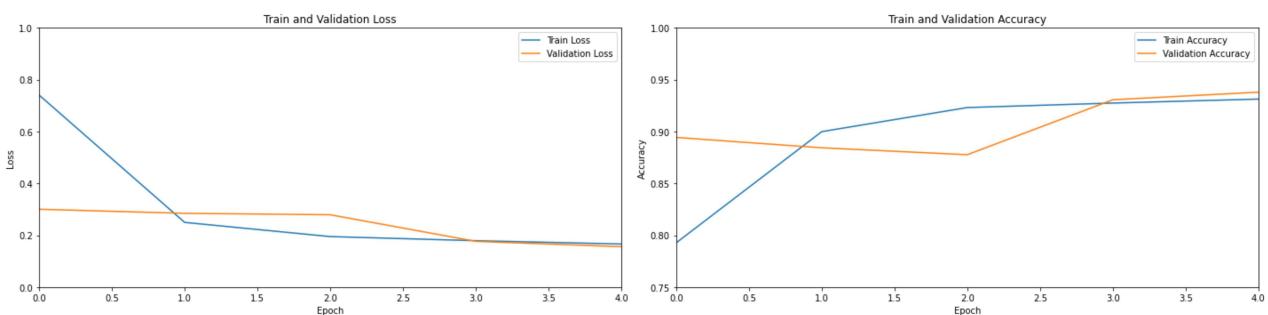
In [21]:

```

plt.figure(figsize = (20,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Train and Validation Loss")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['loss'],label="Train Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label="Validation Loss")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.0,1.0)
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.title("Train and Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label="Train Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label="Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.75,1.0)
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()

```



In [22]:

```

Y_pred = model_2.predict(val_data)
y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)

print(classification_report(val_data.classes, y_pred))

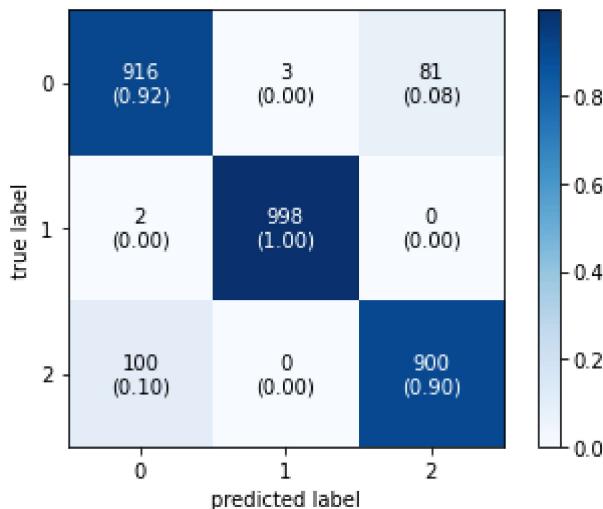
```

precision	recall	f1-score	support
-----------	--------	----------	---------

0	0.90	0.92	0.91	1000
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	1000
2	0.92	0.90	0.91	1000
accuracy			0.94	3000
macro avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	3000
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	3000

In [23]:

```
# calculating and plotting the confusion matrix
cm1 = confusion_matrix(val_data.classes, y_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(conf_mat=cm1, show_absolute=True,
                      show_normed=True,
                      colorbar=True)
plt.show()
```



Model_3

In [24]:

```
model_3 = keras.models.Sequential()

model_3.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(64, 3, activation='relu', input_shape=(224, 224, 3)))
model_3.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D())

model_3.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_3.add(keras.layers.Dense(128, activation='relu'))
model_3.add(keras.layers.Dense(3, activation='softmax'))

model_3.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accuracy'])
model_3.summary()
```

Model: "sequential_2"

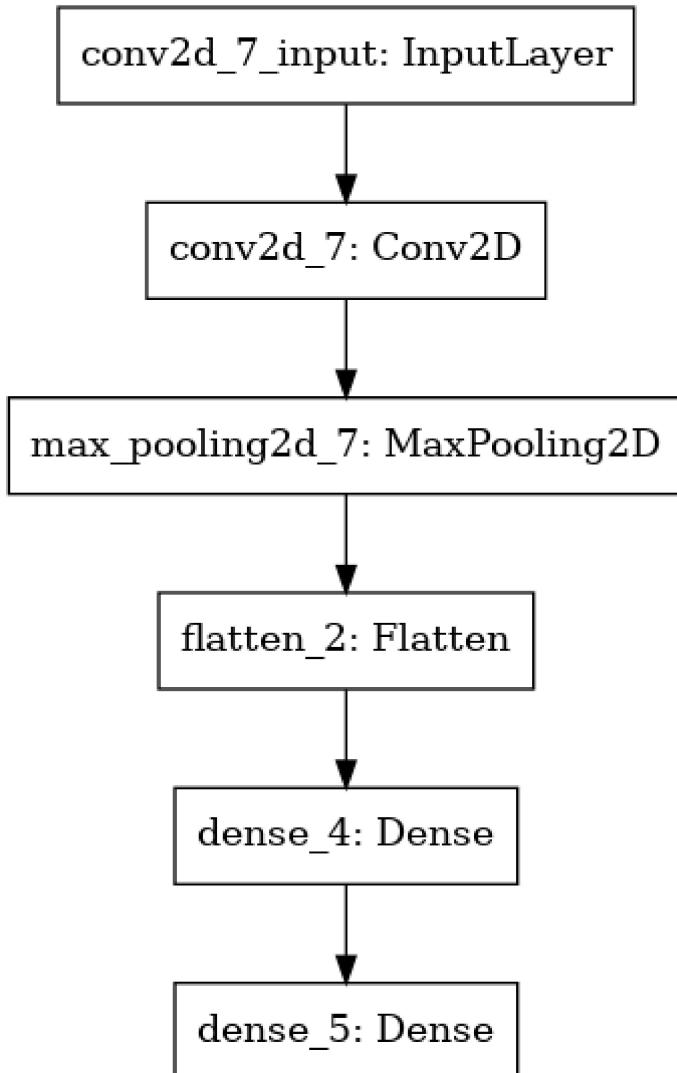
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None, 222, 222, 64)	1792
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 111, 111, 64)	0

flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None, 788544)	0
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 128)	100933760
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 3)	387
=====		
Total params: 100,935,939		
Trainable params: 100,935,939		
Non-trainable params: 0		

In [25]:

```
keras.utils.plot_model(
    model_3,
    to_file="model.png",
    show_shapes=False,
    show_dtype=False,
    show_layer_names=True,
    rankdir="TB",
    expand_nested=False,
    dpi=96,
    layer_range=None,
    #show_layer_activations=False,
)
```

Out[25]:

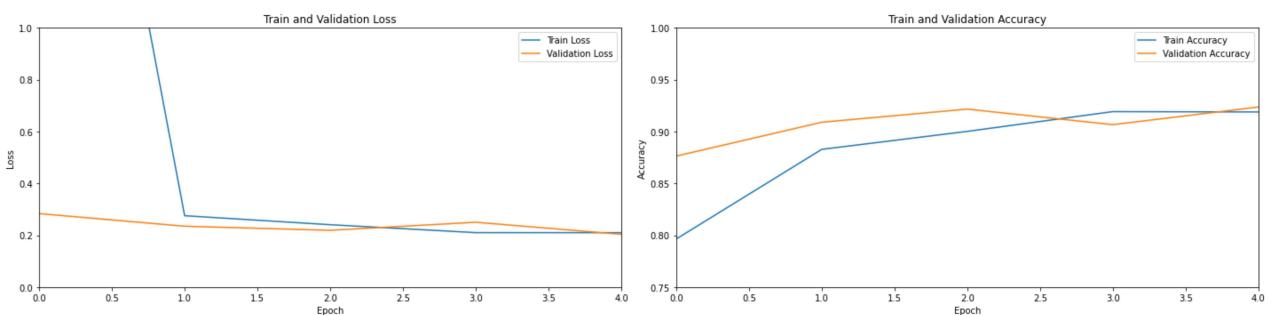


```
In [26]: history = model_3.fit(train_data,
                            validation_data=val_data,
                            epochs = 5)

Epoch 1/5
188/188 [=====] - 263s 1s/step - loss: 3.2486 - accuracy: 0.796
3 - val_loss: 0.2834 - val_accuracy: 0.8763
Epoch 2/5
188/188 [=====] - 257s 1s/step - loss: 0.2752 - accuracy: 0.882
8 - val_loss: 0.2347 - val_accuracy: 0.9090
Epoch 3/5
188/188 [=====] - 255s 1s/step - loss: 0.2406 - accuracy: 0.900
2 - val_loss: 0.2190 - val_accuracy: 0.9217
Epoch 4/5
188/188 [=====] - 286s 2s/step - loss: 0.2100 - accuracy: 0.919
3 - val_loss: 0.2500 - val_accuracy: 0.9067
Epoch 5/5
188/188 [=====] - 266s 1s/step - loss: 0.2098 - accuracy: 0.918
9 - val_loss: 0.2036 - val_accuracy: 0.9237
```

```
In [27]: plt.figure(figsize = (20,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Train and Validation Loss")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['loss'],label="Train Loss")
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label="Validation Loss")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.0,1.0)
plt.legend()

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.title("Train and Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlabel("Epoch")
plt.ylabel("Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label="Train Accuracy")
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label="Validation Accuracy")
plt.xlim(0, 4)
plt.ylim(0.75,1.0)
plt.legend()
plt.tight_layout()
```



```
In [28]: Y_pred = model_3.predict(val_data)
y_pred = np.argmax(Y_pred, axis=1)

print(classification_report(val_data.classes, y_pred))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
--	-----------	--------	----------	---------

0	0.86	0.91	0.89	1000
1	1.00	0.97	0.99	1000
2	0.91	0.88	0.90	1000
accuracy			0.92	3000
macro avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	3000
weighted avg	0.93	0.92	0.92	3000

In [29]:

```
# calculating and plotting the confusion matrix
cm1 = confusion_matrix(val_data.classes, y_pred)
plot_confusion_matrix(conf_mat=cm1, show_absolute=True,
                      show_normed=True,
                      colorbar=True)
plt.show()
```

