$$A^{\alpha}B_{\alpha} = \frac{3}{5}A^{\alpha}B_{\alpha} = 0 + 0 - 4 + 0$$

$$= -4$$

b) 
$$\beta = 0$$
:  $5 + b + (-4) + 6 = 7$ 
 $\beta = 1$ : 1

2) 
$$F = fiee d = dumy noe: number of equal a)$$

5.

a) for any numbers 
$$\alpha_{\theta}$$
, the linear comb = 0 only  $\alpha_{\theta} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

d₀ €₀ + a₁ €₁ + a₂ €₂ + a₂ €₃

7. 
$$\alpha \text{ | equ 2.10} : (\vec{e}_{\alpha})^{\theta} = S_{\alpha}^{\theta}$$

write  $(\vec{e}_{\alpha})^{\theta}$  as making  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$A^{\alpha}\left(\Lambda^{\bar{B}}_{\alpha}\vec{e}_{\bar{P}}-\vec{e}_{\alpha}\right)=0$$

$$A^{V} = (A^{O}, A^{I}, A^{2}, A^{3}) \begin{bmatrix} A^{\overline{o}} = \Lambda^{\overline{o}}, A^{\circ} + \Lambda^{\overline{o}}, A^{I} + \cdots \\ - \chi A^{O} = \chi \chi A^{I} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{2} = (A^{0}, A^{1}, A^{2}, A^{3})$$

$$A^{0} = \Lambda^{0}, A^{0} + \Lambda^{0}, A^{1} + \Lambda^{0}$$

$$= \gamma A^{0} - \gamma \gamma A^{1}$$

$$A^{2} = -\gamma \gamma A^{0} + \gamma A^{1}$$

$$A^{2} = A^{2}$$

$$A^{3} = A^{3}$$

$$A^{\frac{1}{2}} = A^{2}$$

$$A^{\frac{3}{3}} = A^{3}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 52 \\ 2 \\ 4 = E \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 7 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = V$$

$$V = \frac{4}{\sqrt{14}}$$

$$M = \sqrt{14}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\vec{D} \\
\vec{P}_{5} = \vec{O} & (3, -2, 1, 0) & (-9) \\
\vec{P}_{L} = (2-, 0, 1, 0) & (-9) \\
\vec{V}_{cm} = (0, \frac{1}{5}, 0)
\end{array}$$