

# Asynchronous JavaScript

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# Lectures

- Basics
- Patterns
- Reactive Programming

# Got question?

- Raise your hand, or
- Leave it at <http://wudi.link/baF60b>

# ES6 Primer

- Arrow function (<http://wudi.link/67a368>)
- Not just a syntax sugar

# Asynchronous JavaScript Basics

Lecture 1

```
var startTime = Date.now();  
setTimeout(function() {  
    var endTime = Date.now();  
    console.log(endTime - startTime);  
}, 1000);
```

```
var startTime = Date.now();  
setTimeout(function() {  
    var endTime = Date.now();  
    console.log(endTime - startTime);  
}, 1000);  
for (var i = 0; i < 10000000000; i++) {}
```



# JavaScript is ...

- Single-threaded! (fundamentally)
- Should be **non-blocking** (hold on ...)

As example

# Chrome is ... Multi-threaded!

- ui\_thread, io\_thread
- file\_thread, db\_thread
- safe\_browsing\_thread
- ... more threads



# JS runs in main thread!

Style, layout, and some paint setup operations run on the renderer's main thread, which is the same place that JavaScript runs.

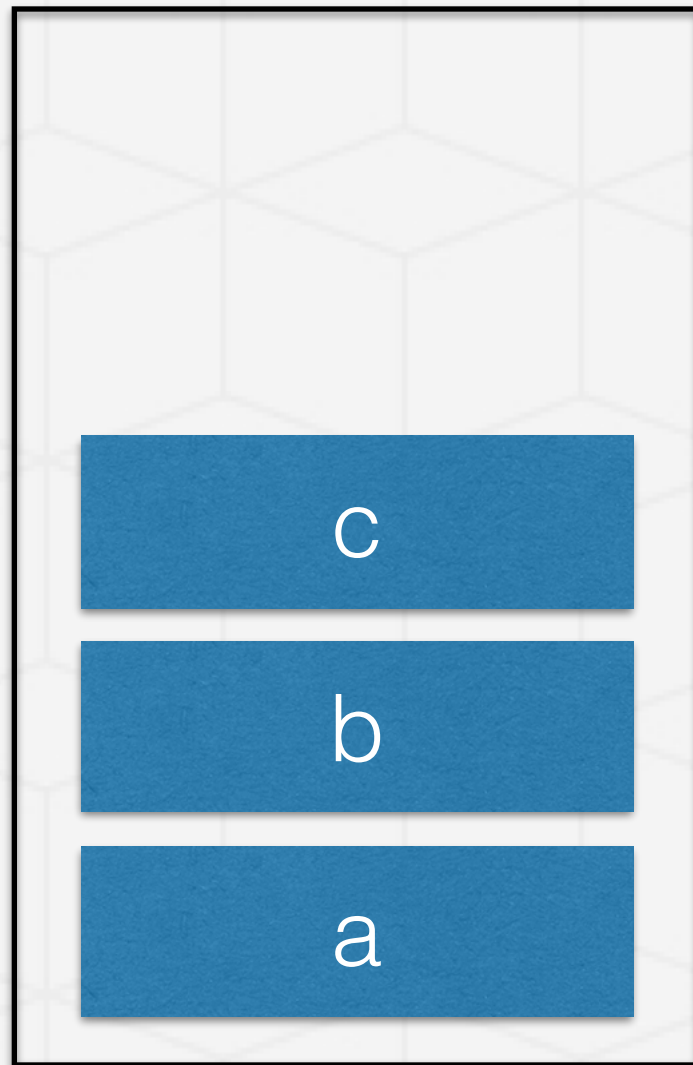
— Chrome Developer Documentations

```
// uncomment after placing your favicon in /public
//app.use(favicon(__dirname + '/public/favicon.ico'));
app.use(logger('dev'));
app.use(bodyParser.json());
app.use(bodyParser.urlencoded({ extended: false }));
app.use(cookieParser());
app.use(express.static(path.join(__dirname, 'public')));

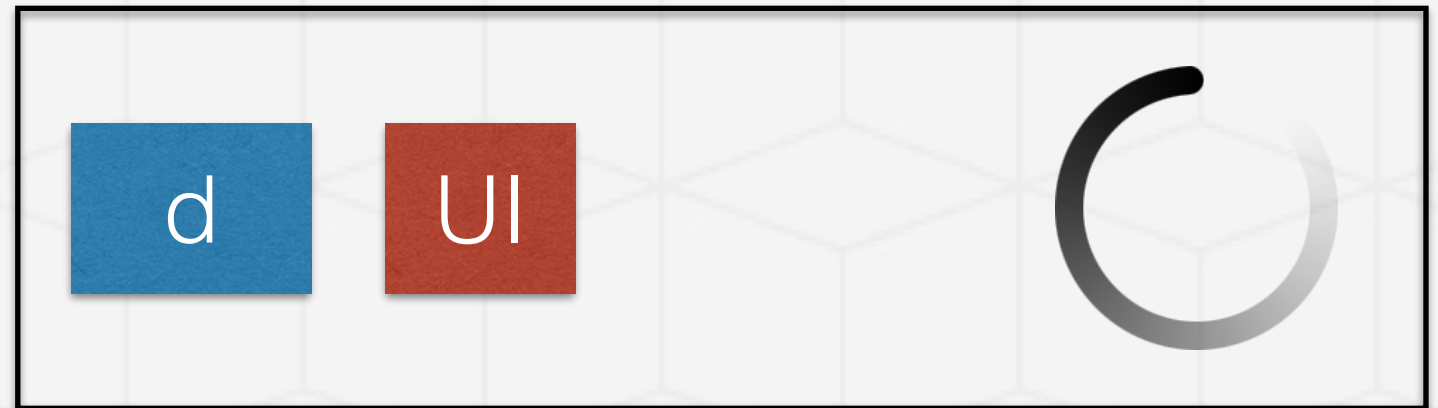
app.use('/', routes);

// catch 404 and forward to error handler
app.use(function(req, res, next) {
```

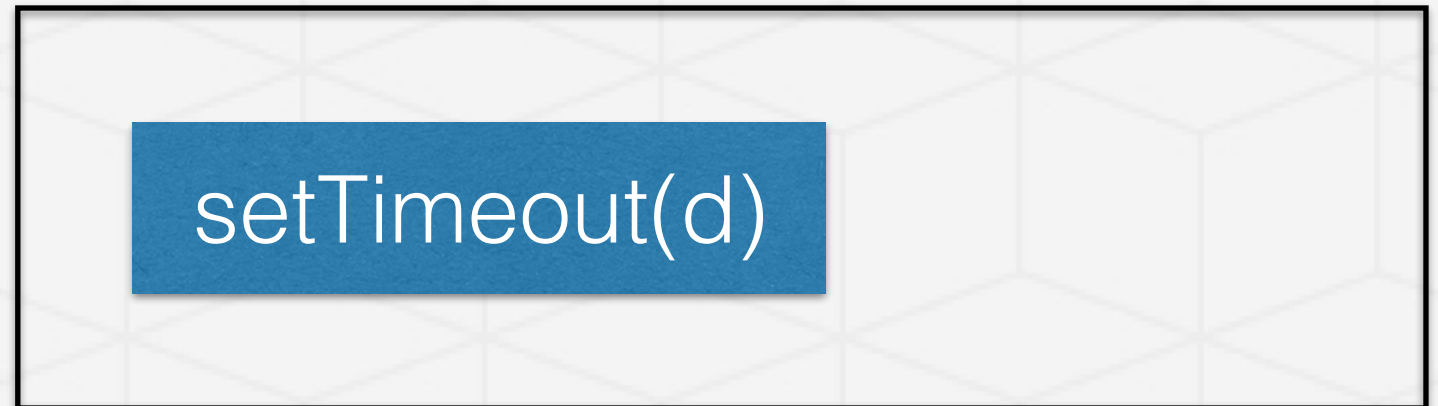
# Event Loop



Call Stack



Task Queue



Async Runtime / Web API

```
function d() { ... };  
function c() { ...; setTimeout(d, 200); };  
function b() { c(); };  
function a() { b(); };  
a();
```



# Non-blocking

- An algorithm is called non-blocking if failure/suspension of any thread cannot cause failure/suspension of another thread

# Simplest Case

```
$.getJSON('http://example.com/posts',  
          (result) => console.log(result));
```

**<http://wudi.link/568EEC>**

# Categories of Async Fns

- setTimeout/setInterval
- I/O
- ...

# Callback Hell

```
$.getJSON('http://lzx.com/posts', (result) => {  
  $.getJSON('http://lzx.com/users', (result) => {  
    $.getJSON('http://lzx.com/features', (result) => {  
      });  
    });  
  });  
});
```



# Simple Solution

```
$.getJSON('http://lzx.com/pics', (result) => {  
    // do something  
    anotherCall();  
    // do something else  
});  
  
function anotherCall() {  
    $.getJSON('http://lzx.com/cars', (result) => {  
        // ...  
    });  
}
```

**<http://wudi.link/E69412>**

# Error Handling Caveat

- When error is thrown asynchronously, it cannot retain the original call stack
- <http://wudi.link/3C3F0b>

# Asynchronous JavaScript Patterns

Lecture 2

# Async.js

- Build async workflow
- Error handling
- <http://wudi.link/F0C0B1>

# PubSub

- Publisher
- Subscriber

```
e1.addEventListener('click', function(e) {  
    // handle click event  
});
```

# jQuery Custom Events

- Works on any object
- Events can be customized (<http://wudi.link/5d0439>)
- Implement your own Custom Event System (<http://wudi.link/b5e40B>)

```
// subscribe  
$("#foo").on("click", function() {  
    alert($(this).text());  
});
```

```
// publish  
$("#foo").trigger("click");
```



# Caveat

```
$(dom).on('click', function() {  
    $(this).trigger('click');  
    // Call stack overflow!  
});
```

# Error Handling

- Pub/Sub to error event

# Promise



```
doSomething(function(value) {  
    console.log('Got a value:' + value);  
});
```

```
doSomething().then(function(value) {  
    console.log('Got a value:' + value);  
});
```

```
function doSomething() {  
  return {  
    then: function(callback) {  
      var value = 42;  
      callback(value);  
    }  
  };  
}
```

# Promise

- Intuition (<http://wudi.link/d70aa0>)
- Promise Chaining (<http://wudi.link/420b42>)
- catch

# Promise

- No more callback hell (yay!)
- We can now use **throw/catch** and **return** in async code!



# Promise

- *We have a problem with promise (<http://wudi.link/883605>)*

# ES7 async/await

```
async function loadStory() {  
  try {  
    let story = await getJSON('story.json');  
    addHtmlToPage(story.heading);  
    for (let chapter of story.chapterURLs.map(getJSON)) {  
      addHtmlToPage(await chapter.html);  
    }  
    addTextToPage("All done");  
  } catch (err) {  
    addTextToPage("Argh, broken: " + err.message);  
  }  
}
```

# Reactive Programming

## Lecture 3

# JS - Functional Part

- forEach
- map
- reduce
- filter
- concatAll (not native JS)
- Functional Programming in JS (<http://wudi.link/b60ceA>)

# Think of A Mouse





...(time)...



...(time)...



## Mouse Click Event Stream

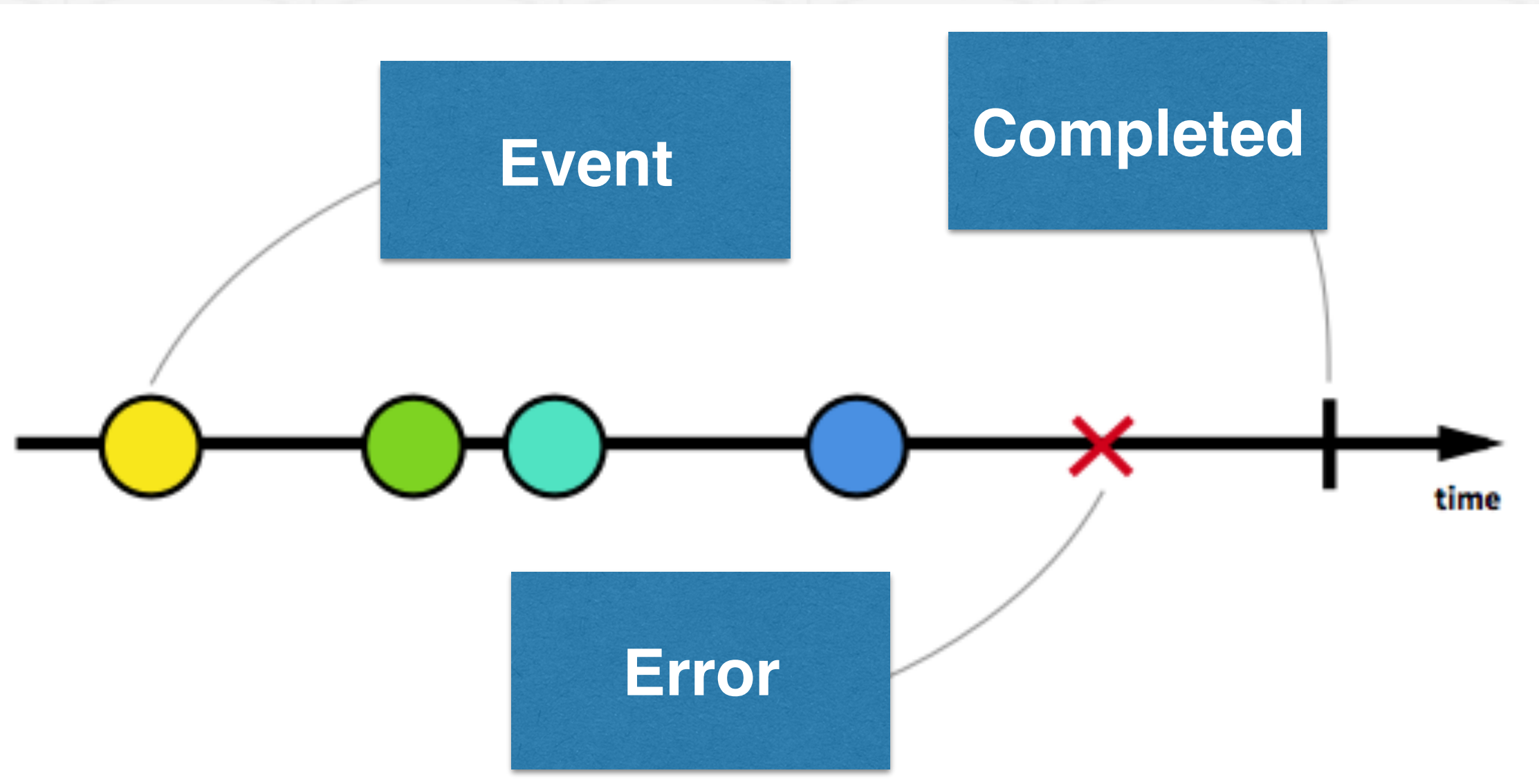


Image Credit: <http://wudi.link/79242B>

Event Stream

VS.

Array



Observer Pattern

VS.

Iterator Pattern

```
mouseClicks.forEach(function(e) {  
    // process click event  
});
```

## **Iterator Pattern on Streams!**

```
var getElementDrags = elmt =>
  elmt.mouseDowns.
    map(mouseDown =>
      document.mouseMoves.
        takeUntil(document.mouseUps)).
    concatAll();

getElementDrags(image).
  forEach(pos => image.position = pos);
```

**Drag & Drop!**

# RxJS

- Observable
- Interactive diagram of Observables (<http://wudi.link/037693>)

# Demo

- Drag & Drop (<http://wudi.link/FD8571>)

# Wrap Up

A Final Touch

# Keywords

- Internal
- Patterns & Tools
- Scenario

# Going Further

- Jafar Husain: Async Programming in ES7 (<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lil4YCCXRYc>)
- The introduction to Reactive Programming you've been missing (<https://gist.github.com/staltz/868e7e9bc2a7b8c1f754>)
- JavaScript Promises - There and back again (<http://www.html5rocks.com/zh/tutorials/es6/promises/>)