

A* Applications in 8-Puzzle Game & Multiple Goals Maze Search

CIS 521 Term Project

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8-Puzzle Game

- Admissible Heuristic Total Manhattan Distance (Number of moves from desired locations of each tile)
- Maximum simultaneous online robots: (5 6), need to disconnect and reconnect

Pseudocode

```
function find_path(start, goal, scene) returns path, distance function r2d2 action(path, robots) returns robot commands
    nodes visited ← empty set
                                                                  path = (robot id, move direction)
    path ← list beginning with start
                                                                      if robots(robot id) not connect:
    X ← collection of possible movements
                                                                          disconnect one online robot
    while queue is not empty:
                                                                         connect current robot
         node ← pop(frontier)
                                                                         action(robot id, move direction)
         if current position is goal:
                                                                      else:
              return path, distance
                                            //path found
                                                                         action(robot id, move direction)
         if current position not in nodes visited:
              add to nodes visited
              for each movement in X:
                   update next position
                   if next position possible:
                        node ← next position
                        update gueue with new node(COST, PATH, NEW STATE)
```

8-Puzzle Game



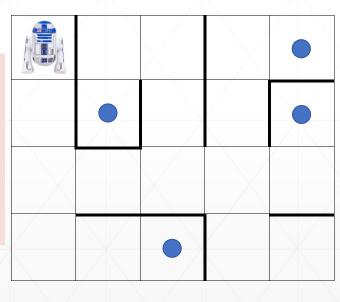
Video link

Multiple Goals Maze Search

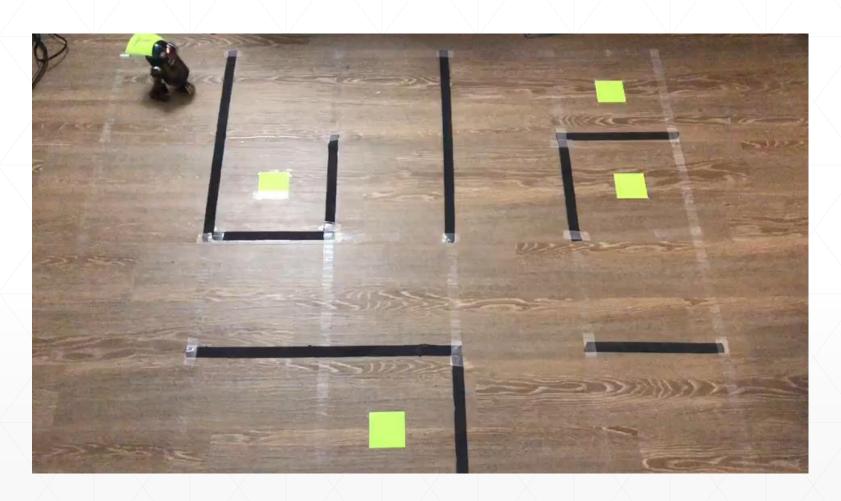
- Traveling Salesman Algorithm: Simple small-scale solution using permutations.
- For example, start = (0, 0), Goals = ((2, 2), (3, 1), (4, 3),).
- Calculate the distance of each pairs, ((0, 0), (2, 2)), ((2, 2), (3, 1)), etc.
- Find the optimal order that makes the total distance shortest.

Pseudocode

```
function tsp(goals) returns path, minimum_distance
minimum_distance = 0
path = None
for permutation in ALL_PERMUTSTIONS_OF_GOALS:
    path ← list of positions(from start to goals to start)
    calculate Euclidean_distance
    if current_distance < minimum_distance
        update path, minimum_distance //path found
return path,minimum_distance
```



Multiple Goals Maze Search



Video link

Thank you!