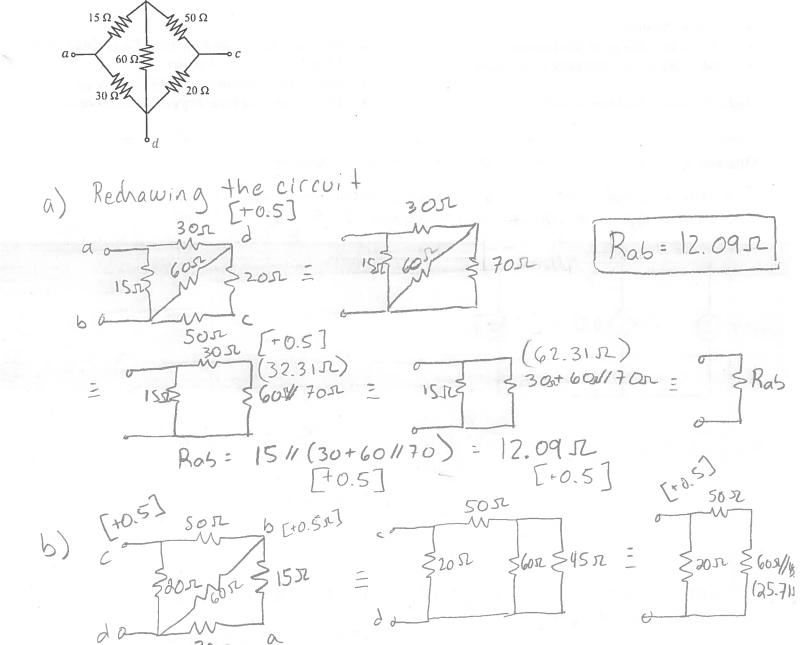
ECSE-200 Electric Circuits 1

Quiz #2 (Jan. 25, 2019)	
LAST NAME SOLUTIONS	MCGILL ID#
FIRST NAME	SIGNATURE
 Show all your work Clearly indicate your final answer Only a standard calculator is accepted Indicate your calculator model: 	 Provide symbol for both the SI multiplier and SI unit in your final answer You have 45 minutes to complete this quiz Plagiarism will have important consequences
Question 1. Consider the circuit shown. Answer the	following two questions.
a. What is the value of the current supplied by the bound of the current supplied by the current su	ige source delivers if $R_2 = 4R_1$? [2 pt] $R_1 = 10 \text{ SL} = \text{added on bound}$
a) i: 0.2A.2b Vb: SV. Ri+R	$(2)^{(1)} = 5V \cdot \frac{R_1}{R_1 + R_2} = 2.5V \cdot [+1]$
1:0-2A. 2.5V = 0.5A [+1] [i=0.5A]
b) KCL@ node a si=0 with labeled currents m=1 m 2-5=5V. Ri = 1V	100 - 0.21. NO - 0 [FU. 3.
Power= 5V. (-0.1A) = -0.5W Power delivered: [+0.5] -0-5W	-i, + IV = 0.2A = 0

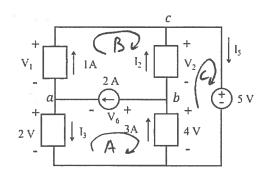
Question 2. Consider the circuit shown below with four terminals (a, b, c, and d). Answer the two questions below.

- a) What is the equivalent resistance between terminal pair ab? [2 pt]
- b) What is the equivalent resistance between terminal pair cd? [2 pt]



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Question 3. Consider the circuit shown below. Answer all questions.



- a) Write down the KCL equation at node labeled a and solve to find I₃. [1 pt]
- b) Write down the KCL equation at node labeled b, and solve to find I_2 . [1 pt]
- c) Write down the KCL equation at node labeled c, and solve to find I_5 . [1 pt]
- d) Find V₆ by solving the appropriate KVL equation. [1 pt]

e) Find
$$V_0$$
 by solving the appropriate KVL equation. [1 pt]

f) Find V_1 by solving the appropriate KVL equation. [1 pt]

f) Find V_1 by solving the appropriate KVL equation. [1 pt]

 E_0 , E_0 ,