

Midterm Review

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Basic Data Structures

Things to know:

- ▶ Atomic vs. generic vectors
- ▶ Data frames vs. Matrices/arrays
- ▶ Data types
 - ▶ Primitives
 - ▶ Coercion
 - ▶ NA vs. NULL vs. NaN

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)  
  
## [1] "list"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)  
typeof(as.matrix(df))
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
    "C"))  
typeof(df)
```

```
## [1] "list"
```

```
typeof(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)  
typeof(as.matrix(df))  
class(as.matrix(df))
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
    "C"))
```

```
typeof(df)
```

```
## [1] "list"
```

```
typeof(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
class(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "matrix" "array"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)  
typeof(as.matrix(df))  
class(as.matrix(df))  
  
typeof(df$y)
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
    "C"))
```

```
typeof(df)
```

```
## [1] "list"
```

```
typeof(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
class(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "matrix" "array"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice II

```
typeof(df$y)
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
typeof(df)  
typeof(as.matrix(df))  
class(as.matrix(df))  
  
typeof(df$y)  
class(df[["y"]])
```

Basic Data Structures Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
    "C"))
```

```
typeof(df)
```

```
## [1] "list"
```

```
typeof(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

```
class(as.matrix(df))
```

```
## [1] "matrix" "array"
```

Basic Data Structures Practice II

```
typeof(df$y)
```

```
## [1] "logical"
```

```
class(df["y"])
```

```
## [1] "data.frame"
```

Subsetting

Things to know:

- ▶ Subsetting 1-D objects (lists/vectors)
 - ▶ [] vs. [[]] vs. \$
- ▶ Subsetting 2+-D objects (matrices, arrays, data frames)
- ▶ Simplification
 - ▶ Data frames vs. matrices
 - ▶ Named vectors
 - ▶ Factors

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
df$y
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
df$y
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
df$y  
df[, "y"]
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))
```

```
df$y
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
df[, "y"]
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
df$y  
df[, "y"]  
df[4]
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))
```

```
df$y
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
df[, "y"]
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
df[4]
```

```
## Error in '[.data.frame'(df, 4): undefined columns selected
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))  
df$y  
df[, "y"]  
df[4]  
as.matrix(df)[4]
```

Subsetting Practice I

```
df <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2, 3), y = c(T, T, F), z = c("A", "B",  
      "C"))
```

```
df$y
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
df[, "y"]
```

```
## [1] TRUE TRUE FALSE
```

```
as.matrix(df) [4]
```

```
## [1] "TRUE"
```

Conditions, Loops I

Things to know:

- ▶ Logical operators
 - ▶ `&`, `|`, `!`, `xor()`
 - ▶ Vectorized vs. non-vectorized
- ▶ Comparison operators
- ▶ `if()` statements
 - ▶ Results with input length 0, 1 or > 1
- ▶ Loops
 - ▶ `for()`, `while()`, `repeat`

Environments and scoping I

Things to know:

- ▶ Function basics
 - ▶ Arguments and default values
 - ▶ Scope of variables in function
 - ▶ `return()`
- ▶ Binding, copy-on-modify
- ▶ Environments
 - ▶ What environments do
 - ▶ Global environment and its parent
 - ▶ Base environment and its parent
 - ▶ Empty environment
- ▶ Function Environments
 - ▶ Enclosing environment
 - ▶ Calling environment
 - ▶ Execution environment

Environments and scoping II

- ▶ Default behavior when searching for variables
- ▶ `get()`
- ▶ Packages
 - ▶ Package environment vs. namespace
- ▶ Super assignment (`<<-`)

Environments and Scoping Practice I

```
x <- "a"
y <- "b"
z <- "c"
f <- function(x, y, z) {
  z <- "d"
  print(g()) ## print here
  c(x, y, z)
}
g <- function(x = "p", y = "q") {
  c(x, y, get("z", envir = parent.frame()))
}
print(f(x, y, z))
```

Environments and Scoping Practice I

```
x <- "a"
y <- "b"
z <- "c"
f <- function(x, y, z) {
  z <- "d"
  print(g()) ## print here
  c(x, y, z)
}
g <- function(x = "p", y = "q") {
  c(x, y, get("z", envir = parent.frame()))
}
print(f(x, y, z))
```

```
## [1] "p" "q" "d"
## [1] "a" "b" "d"
```

Environments and Scoping Practice I

```
x <- "a"
y <- "b"
z <- "c"
f <- function(x, y, z) {
  z <- "d"
  print(g()) ## print here
  c(x, y, z)
}
g <- function(x = "p", y = "q") {
  z <<- "m"
  c(x, y, z)
}
paste(f(x, y, z), z)
```

Environments and Scoping Practice I

```
x <- "a"
y <- "b"
z <- "c"
f <- function(x, y, z) {
  z <- "d"
  print(g()) ## print here
  c(x, y, z)
}
g <- function(x = "p", y = "q") {
  z <<- "m"
  c(x, y, z)
}
paste(c(f(x, y, z), z))

## [1] "p" "q" "m"
```

Environments and Scoping Practice II

```
## [1] "a" "b" "d" "m"
```

tidy |

Things to know:

- ▶ Tidy data
 - ▶ Role of variables, observations, and values
- ▶ Pivoting
 - ▶ `pivot_wider()` vs. `pivot_longer()`

tidyR Practice I

```
dat <- tibble(yr = rep(2011:2013, each = 3), ID = rep(c("A",  
"B", "C"), 3), score = sample(100, 9))
```

```
dat
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 3  
##       yr   ID   score  
##   <int> <chr> <int>  
## 1  2011    A     42  
## 2  2011    B     17  
## 3  2011    C     33  
## 4  2012    A     88  
## 5  2012    B     41  
## 6  2012    C     11  
## 7  2013    A     37  
## 8  2013    B     22
```

tidyr Practice II

```
## 9 2013 C 94
```

```
pivot_wider(dat, names_from = "ID", values_from = "score")
```

tidyR Practice I

```
dat <- tibble(yr = rep(2011:2013, each = 3), ID = rep(c("A",  
"B", "C"), 3), score = sample(100, 9))
```

```
dat
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 3  
##       yr   ID   score  
##   <int> <chr> <int>  
## 1  2011    A     89  
## 2  2011    B     30  
## 3  2011    C     64  
## 4  2012    A     17  
## 5  2012    B     75  
## 6  2012    C     71  
## 7  2013    A     60  
## 8  2013    B     85
```

tidy় Practice II

```
## 9 2013 C      58
```

```
pivot_wider(dat, names_from = "ID", values_from = "score")
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 4
##       yr     A     B     C
##   <int> <int> <int> <int>
## 1  2011    89    30    64
## 2  2012    17    75    71
## 3  2013    60    85    58
```

dplyr I

Things to know:

- ▶ Main dplyr functions and chaining them together
 - ▶ `select()`, `filter()`, `mutate()`, `arrange()`, `summarise()`, `group_by()`
 - ▶ Joins

Regular Expressions I

Things to know:

- ▶ String functions
 - ▶ `str_c()`, `str_length()`, `str_sub()`, `str_trim()`, etc.
- ▶ Regex functions
 - ▶ `str_detect()`
 - ▶ `str_locate()`
 - ▶ `str_extract()`
 - ▶ `str_match()`
 - ▶ `str_split()`
- ▶ Regex patterns
 - ▶ Wildcards
 - ▶ Metacharacters
 - ▶ Character sets and classes
 - ▶ Anchors
 - ▶ Quantifiers
 - ▶ Capture groups
 - ▶ Lookarounds

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern1 <- "T.*."  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern1)
```

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern1 <- "T.*."  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern1)
```

```
##      [,1]  
## [1,] "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."
```

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern2 <- "T.*\\."  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern2)
```

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern2 <- "T.*\\."  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern2)  
  
##      [,1]  
## [1,] "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."
```

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern3 <- "T.*?\\."  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern3)
```

Regular Expressions Practice I

```
test_str <- "The quick. Brown fox. Jumps over. The lazy dog."  
pattern3 <- "T.*?\\".  
  
str_match(test_str, pattern3)
```

```
##      [,1]  
## [1,] "The quick."
```

- ▶ Base types
- ▶ Generic functions
- ▶ Creating class-specific versions of generics
- ▶ Method dispatch
- ▶ Creating structures and giving objects classes

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  print(obj)  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  print(obj)  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)
```

```
## $fruit  
## [1] "Banana" "Apple"   "Pear"  
##  
## $quantity  
## [1] 5 2 3  
##  
## attr(,"class")  
## [1] "fruitbowl"
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
  quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)
```

```
## [1] "Banana : 5" "Apple : 2"  "Pear : 3"
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)  
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",  
    "STATS 101A")))  
showContents(notebook)
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),  
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")  
showContents(obj1)
```

```
## [1] "Banana : 5" "Apple : 2"   "Pear : 3"
```

```
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",  
    "STATS 101A")))  
showContents(notebook)
```

```
## Error in UseMethod("showContents"): no applicable method for 'showContents'
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),
  quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")
showContents(obj1)
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",
  "STATS 101A")))
showContents(notebook)
class(notebook) <- "notebook"
showContents(notebook)
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")
showContents(obj1)
```

```
## [1] "Banana : 5" "Apple : 2"  "Pear : 3"
```

```
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",
    "STATS 101A")))
showContents(notebook)
```

```
## Error in UseMethod("showContents"): no applicable method for 'showContents'
```

```
class(notebook) <- "notebook"
showContents(notebook)
```

```
## Subjects:  STATS 102A STATS 100C STATS 101A
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),
  quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")
showContents(obj1)
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",
  "STATS 101A")))
showContents(notebook)
class(notebook) <- "notebook"
showContents(notebook)
showContents.car(notebook)
```

S3 Practice I

```
showContents <- function(obj) {  
  UseMethod("showContents")  
}  
showContents.fruitbowl <- function(obj) {  
  paste(obj$fruit, ":", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.car <- function(obj) {  
  paste("Number of passengers:", obj$quantity)  
}  
showContents.notebook <- function(obj) {  
  cat("Subjects: ", obj$subjects)  
}
```

S3 Practice II

```
obj1 <- structure(list(fruit = c("Banana", "Apple", "Pear"),
    quantity = c(5, 2, 3)), class = "fruitbowl")
showContents(obj1)
```

```
## [1] "Banana : 5" "Apple : 2"  "Pear : 3"
```

```
notebook <- structure(list(subjects = c("STATS 102A", "STATS 100C",
    "STATS 101A")))
showContents(notebook)
```

```
## Error in UseMethod("showContents"): no applicable method for 'showContents'
```

```
class(notebook) <- "notebook"
showContents(notebook)
```

S3 Practice III

```
## Subjects:  STATS 102A STATS 100C STATS 101A
```

```
showContents.car(notebook)
```

```
## [1] "Number of passengers: "
```

- ▶ Creating new classes
 - ▶ R6Class() and its arguments
- ▶ Functions in classes and invisible(self)
- ▶ Modifying object creation with initialize
 - ▶ Changing a class does not affect existing objects with that class!!!
- ▶ Defining custom print()
- ▶ set()
- ▶ Inheritance
- ▶ Reference Semantics
 - ▶ Modification of object vs. copy-on-modify
 - ▶ Cloning

R6 Practice I

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
}, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
}, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
})))
```

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()
```

R6 Practice I

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
}, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
}, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
})))
```

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()
```

```
## Error in clock1$add_hour()$add_hour: $ operator is invalid for atomic v
```

R6 Practice |

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
  minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
    invisible(self)
  }, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, print = function(...) {
    cat("Hour:", self$hour, "\n")
    cat("Minute:", self$minute, "\n")
    cat("Second:", self$second, "\n")
    invisible(self)
  }))
})
```

R6 Practice II

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()  
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()  
clock1
```

R6 Practice |

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
  minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
    invisible(self)
  }, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, print = function(...) {
    cat("Hour:", self$hour, "\n")
    cat("Minute:", self$minute, "\n")
    cat("Second:", self$second, "\n")
    invisible(self)
  })
})
```

R6 Practice II

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()  
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()  
clock1
```

```
## Hour: 2  
## Minute: 0  
## Second: 1
```

R6 Practice |

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
  minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
    invisible(self)
  }, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, print = function(...) {
    cat("Hour:", self$hour, "\n")
    cat("Minute:", self$minute, "\n")
    cat("Second:", self$second, "\n")
    invisible(self)
  }))
})
```

R6 Practice II

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()
clock1
Clock$set("public", "clock_type", "analog")
clock1
```

R6 Practice |

```
library(R6)
Clock <- R6Class(classname = "Clock", public = list(hour = 0,
  minute = 0, second = 0, add_hour = function(x) {
    self$hour <- (self$hour + 1)%%24
    invisible(self)
  }, add_minute = function(x) {
    self$minute <- (self$minute + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, add_second = function(x) {
    self$second <- (self$second + 1)%%60
    invisible(self)
  }, print = function(...) {
    cat("Hour:", self$hour, "\n")
    cat("Minute:", self$minute, "\n")
    cat("Second:", self$second, "\n")
    invisible(self)
  }))
})
```

R6 Practice II

```
clock1 <- Clock$new()  
clock1$add_hour()$add_hour()$add_second()  
clock1
```

```
## Hour: 2  
## Minute: 0  
## Second: 1
```

```
Clock$set("public", "clock_type", "analog")  
clock1
```

```
## Hour: 2  
## Minute: 0  
## Second: 1
```