## **Data Modeling Assignment**

## **Problem Statement**

Consider an application such as Blackboard, an online learning management system (LMS) that provides tools for faculty and students to create and share a learning experience. Faculty can author courses that contain learning modules broken up into lessons. Modules and lessons can be rearranged into a different order based on the calendar schedule. An LMS should provide a set of rich content widgets to build each of the various topics in a particular lesson. Widgets come in variety of types: youtube videos, slides, text documents, raw HTML, evaluations, and many more. **Evaluation widgets** can be a simple essay assignment, a submission assignment, or an exam. **Exams** are used to evaluate the **student**'s progress as they answer the various types of **questions** in an exam, such as <u>essay questions</u>, <u>multiple</u> choice questions, fill in the blank questions, and many more types of questions. Based on the **popularity** of courses, **the registrar's office** creates several **sections** for a course for a given **semester**. There are 5 types of semesters: fall, spring, full summer, summer 1 and summer 2. Some of the less popular courses are only taught in particular semester in a given academic year. Students enroll in different sections for a course. When registering for a course, students can see a section's seat capacity, and the faculty assigned to teach the section for a particular course. <u>Undergrad students</u> tend to enroll for many more courses than graduate students. The registrar's office keeps track of student progress in the enrollment, such as the final grade, letter grade, and student feedback. From time to time, the University asks everyone to verify their personal profile information such as username, password, first name, last name, emails, phones, and addresses. Users can provide multiple emails, addresses and phones. Faculty additionally need to update their benefits, tenure status, parking, and bank account info. Students have to verify their financial aid info, work-study, and scholarship. Students with scholarships are always keeping an eye on their gpa that it does not drop below a certain threshold. Students can see their final grades for a particular course they were enrolled in. Grades are neatly broken by the various **assessments** such as assignments and exams. Even down to the points they lost on a particular question based on a **rubric** that keeps track on how much each question was worth on an exam or how much a particular part of an assignment was worth. Students often go to office hours to review an evaluation with their instructor or teaching assistant. They go question by question reviewing their answers and where they might have gone wrong.

Nouns that are candidate classes or attributes

User (username, password, first name, last name, emails, phones, addresses),

Faculty (benefits, tenure states, parking, bank account info),

Students (type: Undergrad, Grad, financial aid info, work-study, scholarship, gpa),

Courses (popularity).

Learning modules.

Lessons (topics)

Calendar schedule,

Widgets (types: youtube videos, slides, text documents, raw HTML, evaluations, and many more),

Evaluation widgets (types: a simple essay assignment, a submission assignment, or an exam), Exam (question types: essay questions, multiple choice questions, fill in the blank questions, and many more types of questions)

Section (semesters: fall, spring, full summer, summer 1 and summer 2, academic year, seat capacity).

Grades

Assignment

Office hours (instructor/teaching assistant)

- · List verbs as candidate relations between classes
  - Faculty author courses
  - Courses contain learning modules
  - o Learning modules broken up into lessons
  - Modules and lessons can be rearranged into a different order based on the calendar schedule
  - Widgets build topic
  - Evaluation is a widget
  - Evaluation widgets can be essay assignment, submission assignment, or exam
  - Exam evaluate student
  - Questions in exam
  - Registrar's office creates sections based on popularity of courses
  - Sections for a course for a semester
  - Students enroll in sections

- Section has seat capacity, assigned faculty
- Registrar's office tracks student in enrollment
- Grades broken by assessments
- Assignments and exams are assessments
- Rubric tracks points of questions in exams or parts in assignments
- Students go to office hours
- Office hour has instructor or teaching assistant
- Generalization/specialization (inheritance, if applicable, explain) show parts of your diagram that specifically illustrates the use of inheritance

As is shown in the naive UML,

- the registrar's office, faculty and student extend the abstract class user;
- youtube videos, slides, text documents, raw HTML and evaluations extends the abstract class widget;
- essay assignment and submission assignment extend the abstract class assignment;
- assignment and exam extend the abstract class assessment.

And all the subclasses possess attributes belong to their superclass and their own.

- Associations, aggregation and/or composition, e.g., empty or filled in diamonds (1 to \* or 1 to 1...\*, if applicable, explain) - capture any lifecycle dependencies between classes using aggregation or composition.
  - Association is like relationship between faculty and section, faculties are assigned to teach sections for courses.
  - Aggregation is presented by lesson consists of widgets.
  - Composition is the relationship between course and learning modules, if the course is removed, then there shouldn't be any modules exist for this course.
- · Classes vs. attributes analysis

As is shown in naive diagram, I suggest office hour as a attribute of class faculty. However, I soon realize a office hour involves not only instructors, but also students who becoming a TA or making reservation to meet instructors at office hour. Meanwhile office hour should have information about where it will be held. In this case, I change the "office hour" from attribute to a class.

- · Naive diagram link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1PrxcuF-3YBh8GbdnAPaUfWIYbQKdfKwJ/view?
- Final diagram link: https://drive.google.com/file/d/1ZXTqYXE6y25NaufTluurjVOJuMwD3jUz/view?
- Reify process
  - In naive diagram, I used "students enroll in sections" to describe their relationship. This indicated a weak relationship. After referring to the course material, I added a class enrollment. By review the problem statement, I also added some attributes to it. These attributes are for the registrar's office to track student progress.
  - Deleted class calendar schedule. In this schema, I cannot foresee any information required from calendar schedule. Lesson can be rearrange to the corresponding time frame through an attribute schedule, which also meets the requirement in problem statement.