

Prim's Algorithm

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Discussions

Given an undirected, connected and weighted graph $G(V, E)$ with V number of vertices (which are numbered from 0 to $V-1$) and E number of edges. Find and print the Minimum Spanning Tree (MST) using Prim's algorithm. For printing MST follow the steps - 1. In one line, print an edge which is part of MST in the format - $v1 \ v2 \ w$ where, $v1$ and $v2$ are the vertices of the edge which is included in MST and whose weight is w . And $v1 \leq v2$ i.e. print the smaller vertex first while printing an edge. 2. Print $V-1$ edges in above format in different lines. Note : Order of different edges doesn't matter.

Input Format

Line 1: Two Integers V and E (separated by space) Next E lines : Three integers e_i , e_j and w_i , denoting that there exists an edge between vertex e_i and vertex e_j with weight w_i (separated by space)

Constraints

$2 \leq V, E \leq 10^5$ $1 \leq W_i \leq 10^5$ Time Limit: 1 sec

Output Format

Print the MST, as described in the task.

Sample Input 0

```
4 4
0 1 3
0 3 5
1 2 1
2 3 8
```

Sample Output 0

```
0 1 3
1 2 1
0 3 5
```



Contest ends in 16 days

Submissions: 1

Max Score: 10

Difficulty: Medium

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Java 15



```
1 import java.io.*;
2 import java.util.*;
3
4 public class Solution {
5
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7         /* Enter your code here. Read input from STDIN. Print output to STDOUT. Your class should
           be named Solution. */
8     }
```

```

8      Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
9      int v=sc.nextInt();
10     int e=sc.nextInt();
11     int arr[][]=new int[v][v];
12     boolean[] vis=new boolean[v];
13     for(int i=0;i<e;i++){
14         int st=sc.nextInt();
15         int ed=sc.nextInt();
16         arr[st][ed]=sc.nextInt();
17         arr[ed][st]=arr[st][ed];
18     }
19     vis[0]=true;
20     for(int i=0;i<v-1;i++){
21         int x=0,y=0,min=Integer.MAX_VALUE;
22         for(int st=0;st<v;st++){
23             if(vis[st]){
24                 for(int ed=0;ed<v;ed++){
25                     if(arr[st][ed]!=0 && !vis[ed]){
26                         if(arr[st][ed]<min){
27                             min=arr[st][ed];
28                             x=st;
29                             y=ed;
30                         }
31                     }
32                 }
33             }
34         }
35         System.out.println(x+" "+y+" "+arr[x][y]);
36         vis[y]=true;
37     }
38 }
39 }

```

Line: 1 Col: 1

Testcase 0 

Congratulations, you passed the sample test case.

Click the **Submit Code** button to run your code against all the test cases.

Input (stdin)

```
4 4
0 1 3
0 3 5
1 2 1
2 3 8
```

Your Output (stdout)

```
0 1 3
1 2 1
0 3 5
```

Expected Output

```
0 1 3
1 2 1
0 3 5
```