```
∞ Share
main.py
                                                                       Run
                                                                                 Output
 1 def roman_to_int(s):
       roman_dict = {'I': 1, 'V': 5, 'X': 10, 'L': 50, 'C': 100, 'D': 500, 'M': 9
                                                                               58
       result = 0
                                                                               1994
       prev_value = 0
                                                                               === Code Execution Successful ===
       for char in s:
           value = roman_dict[char]
           result += value
           if value > prev_value:
10
               result -= 2 * prev_value
           prev_value = value
       return result
14 print(roman_to_int("IV"))
15 print(roman_to_int("IX"))
16 print(roman_to_int("LVIII"))
17 print(roman_to_int("MCMXCIV"))
```

2.

```
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                                                                               Output
1 def longestCommonPrefix(strs):
                                                                              f1
       if not strs:
3
                                                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
       prefix = strs[0]
       for s in strs[1:]:
          while s[:len(prefix)] != prefix:
              prefix = prefix[:-1]
              if not prefix:
      return prefix
16 print(longestCommonPrefix(["flower", "flow", "flight"]))
   print(longestCommonPrefix(["dog", "racecar", "car"]))
```

```
main.py
                                              # ×
                                                         ∝ Share
                                                                      Run
                                                                                Output
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                              True
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                              False
 2 -
           self.val = val
           self.left = left
                                                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
 6
 7 def hasPathSum(root: TreeNode, targetSum: int) -> bool:
       if not root:
 8
10
     if not root.left and not root.right:
          return root.val == targetSum
       return hasPathSum(root.left, targetSum - root.val) or hasPathSum(root
           .right, targetSum - root.val)
13 root1 = TreeNode(5)
14 root1.left = TreeNode(4)
15 root1.right = TreeNode(8)
16 root1.left.left = TreeNode(11)
17 root1.left.left.left = TreeNode(7)
18 root1.left.left.right = TreeNode(2)
19 root1.right.left = TreeNode(13)
20 root1.right.right = TreeNode(4)
21 root1.right.right.right = TreeNode(1)
22
23 print(hasPathSum(root1, 22))
```

4. Given the root of a binary tree and an integer of targetsum return true if the tree has a root to leaf such that adding up all the values

```
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                                                                               Output
main.py
                                                                     Run
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                              True
       def __init__(self, val=0, left=None, right=None):
                                                                              False
           self.val = val
           self.left = left
                                                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
           self.right = right
 7 def hasPathSum(root: TreeNode, targetSum: int) -> bool:
       if not root:
           return False
      if not root.left and not root.right:
10 -
          return root.val == targetSum
12
       return hasPathSum(root.left, targetSum - root.val) or hasPathSum(root
           .right, targetSum - root.val)
13 root1 = TreeNode(5)
14 root1.left = TreeNode(4)
15 root1.right = TreeNode(8)
16 root1.left.left = TreeNode(11)
17 root1.left.left.left = TreeNode(7)
18 root1.left.left.right = TreeNode(2)
19 root1.right.left = TreeNode(13)
20 root1.right.right = TreeNode(4)
21 root1.right.right.right = TreeNode(1)
23 print(hasPathSum(root1, 22))
```

5.bit reversing?

```
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main.py
                                                                          Output
                                                                 Run
1 def reverseBits(n: int) -> int:
                                                                         964176192
       result = 0
3 for i in range(32):
                                                                         === Code Execution Successful ===
       result = (result << 1) | (n & 1)
      n >>= 1
     return result
9 num = 43261596
10 reversed_num = reverseBits(num)
11 print(reversed_num)
12
```

6. convert sorted array to binary search tree?

```
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 main.py
                                                #
                                                     -0-
                                                                         Run
                                                                                    Output
                                                                                   Inorder traversal of the BST:
 1 class TreeNode:
                                                                                   -10 -3 0 5 9
        def __init__(self, value=0, left=None, right=None):
            self.value = value
                                                                                   === Code Execution Successful ===
            self.left = left
            self.right = right
    def sorted_array_to_bst(nums):
        if not nums:
12
        mid = len(nums) // 2
13
        root = TreeNode(nums[mid])
15
16
17
        root.left = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[:mid])
18
        root.right = sorted_array_to_bst(nums[mid * 1:])
19
20 return root
21
22 def print_bst_inorder(root):
23
24
            print_bst_inorder(root.left)
```

7. given a binary tree, determine if it is height-balanced?

```
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                                                                      Run
                                                                                 Output
main.py
1 class TreeNode:
                                                                                Is the tree balanced? True
       def __init__(self, value=0, left=None, right=None):
2
           self.value = value
                                                                                === Code Execution Successful ===
          self.left = left
          self.right = right
  def is_balanced(root):
       def check_height(node):
           if not node:
10
12
13
           left_height = check_height(node.left)
           if left_height == -1:
           right_height = check_height(node.right)
           if right_height == -1:
           if abs(left_height - right_height) > 1:
           return max(left_height, right_height) + 1
```

8. Climbing stairs?

```
main.py
                                                                     ∝ Share
 1 def climb_stairs(n):
                                                                                               Number of ways to climb the stairs: 8
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
                                                                                               === Code Execution Successful ===
         dp = [0] * (n + 1)
        dp[0] = 1
dp[1] = 1
11
12
        for i in range(2, n + 1):
    dp[i] = dp[i - 1] + dp[i - 2]
13
14
15
16
         return dp[n]
17
18
    print("Number of ways to climb the stairs:", climb_stairs(n))
20
```

```
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main.py
                                                                      Run
                                                                                Output
1 - def max_profit(prices):
                                                                              Maximum profit: 5
       if not prices or len(prices) < 2:
                                                                              === Code Execution Successful ===
      min_price = float('inf')
       max_profit = 0
       for price in prices:
10
          if price < min_price:</pre>
             min_price = price
         profit = price - min_price
         if profit > max_profit:
              max_profit = profit
20
      return max_profit
22
23 prices = [7, 1, 5, 3, 6, 4]
24 print("Maximum profit:", max_profit(prices))
```

10.sum of two binary strings?