Day 04: questions from the course on OWL.

```
Q5.1 What can we deduce?
```

```
ex:Man owl:intersectionOf (ex:Male ex:Human) .
ex:Woman owl:intersectionOf (ex:Female ex:Human) .
ex:Human owl:unionOf (ex:Man ex:Woman) .
ex:Jane a ex:Human .
ex:John a ex:Man .
ex:James a ex:Male .
ex:Jane a ex:Female .
```

Answer

Jane is also a Woman and Human

John is a Human Male

Q5.2 What are we defining and inferring?

```
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/>
ex:Father rdfs:subClassOf [
   a owl:Class;
   owl:intersectionOf ( ex:Parent ex:Man )
] .
ex:Jim a ex:Man, ex:Parent .
ex:Jack a ex:Father .
```

Answer

So here we know only that Jack is a Father, Man and Parent. (we cannot say the Jim)

It's in subclass of a cursive so only one direction.

Q5.3 What can we deduce?

```
ex:hasSpouse a owl:SymmetricProperty .
ex:hasChild owl:inverseOf ex:hasParent .
ex:hasParent rdfs:subPropertyOf ex:hasAncestor .
ex:hasAncestor a owl:TransitiveProperty .
ex:Jim ex:hasChild ex:Jane .
ex:Jane ex:hasSpouse ex:John .
ex:Jim ex:hasParent ex:James .
```

Answer

Jane hasParent Jim

John has Spouse Jane

James hasChild Jim

Jim has Ancestor James

Jane has Ancestor Jim and James

Q5.4 What can we deduce?

Answer

Foaf:Person is equivalentClass as ex:Human

Ex:name is also equivalentProperty as foaf:name

Ex:JimmyPage is a human also person (foaf:person) and it's the same as ex:JamesPatrickPage and different from ex:JimmyHendrix

Q5.5 What are we defining and inferring?

```
ex:UnluckyPerson owl:equivalentClass [a owl:Class;
  owl:intersectionOf ( ex:Person
      [ a owl:Class; owl:complementOf ex:Lucky ])] .
```

Answei

If you are a person and the complement of lucky, you are unluckyPerson

Q5.6 What can we deduce?

```
ex:Human rdfs:subClassOf
  [ a owl:Restriction ;
   owl:onProperty ex:hasParent ;
   owl:allValuesFrom ex:Human ] .
ex:Tom a ex:Human .
ex:Tom ex:hasParent ex:James, ex:Jane.
```

Answer

James and Jane become human

Q5.7 What are we defining and inferring?

```
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/>
ex:PersonList rdfs:subClassOf
[
    a owl:Restriction ;
    owl:onProperty rdf:first ;
    owl:allValuesFrom ex:Person
] , [
    a owl:Restriction ;
    owl:onProperty rdf:rest ;
    owl:allValuesFrom ex:PersonList
] .

ex:value rdfs:range ex:PersonList .
ex:abc ex:value (ex:a ex:b ex:c) .
```

Answer

OnProperty first must be a person onProperty of rest must be personlist (a, b, c) become a personlist

A become a person, (b c) become a person list

B become a person, (c) become a person list. And C become a person

Q5.8 What are we defining and inferring?

Answer

A human only one biological father, and one biological mother The system would deduce that James and Jhon are the same person

Q5.9 What are we defining and inferring?

```
@prefix ex: <http://example.org/>
ex:Wealthy a owl:Class;
  owl:equivalentClass [
    a owl:Class; owl:intersectionOf (
        [ a owl:Restriction; owl:onProperty ex:hasChild; owl:allValuesFrom ex:Wealthy],
        [ a owl:Restriction; owl:onProperty ex:hasChild; owl:onProperty ex:hasChild; owl:someValuesFrom ex:Wealthy]
        ]
        )].
ex:Tom a ex:Wealthy; ex:hasChild ex:Tim.
```

Answer

- 1. All your child has to be wealthy
- 2. You need to at least have one child
- 3. So Tim is wealthy too

Day 04: Answers to the practical session on OWL.

Software requirements

- The RDF XML online validation service by W3C: https://www.w3.org/RDF/Validator/
- The RDF online translator: http://rdf-translator.appspot.com/
- The SPARQL Corese engine: http://wimmics.inria.fr/corese

A, Query data augmented by an OWL schema

Make a copy of the human.rdfs file, name it humans.owl and use it for the rest of the session. For each of the following statements, specify a SPARQL query that shows that the difference before and after running the OWL inferences: you will find that answers to these queries are different depending on whether you load the ontology humans.rdfs or the humans.owl you modified.

1. Declare that has Spouse is a symmetrical property and do the same for and has Friend.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#hasSpouse> a rdf:Property, owl:SymmetricProperty;
<#hasFriend> a rdf:Property, owl:SymmetricProperty;
Query:
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x ?p ?y. filter(?p= :hasFriend || ?p= :hasSpouse)}
```

Result before addition to the schema:

Graph	Graph XML/RDF Table Validate					
num	?x	?p	?y			
1	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice			
2	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston			
3	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>			
4	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice			
5	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice			
6	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie			
7	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie			
8	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David			
9	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston			
10	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jennifer>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John			
11	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine			
12	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#William	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura			

Result after addition to the schema:

Graph	XML/RDF	Table	Validate			
num			?x	?p	?y	
			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice
				ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl
			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice
			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gastor</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gastor
			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John
i			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve
			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack
9			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura
ĺ			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David
0			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Alice
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2			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasFriend	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
3			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
4			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jennif</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jennif
5			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry
6			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David
7			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve
8			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora
9			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gasto</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gasto
0			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#William</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#William
1			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jennifer></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jennifer>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John
2			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl
3			<http: td="" www.inr<=""><td>ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Cathe.</td></http:>	ia.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Cathe.
		http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasSpouse	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura			

Explanation:

At first I only have 12 result but after I have 24. Take the first data Eve for example. She has friend Alice. But in the first result Alice does not have friend Eve. While adding Symmetric property to has friend and has Spouse it would automatically make the relationship both side.

2. Declare that hasChild is the inverse property of the hasParent property.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#hasChild>
  a rdf:Property ;
  owl:inverseOf <#hasParent> ;
   Query:
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where { ?x ?p ?y. filter(?p= :hasChild || ?p= :hasParent )}
```

Result before addition to the schema:

Graph	XML/RDF	Table	Validate			
	num			?x	?p	?y
1			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John></td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>
2			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack
3			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre
4			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry
5			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre
6			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
7			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John></td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>
8			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine
9			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas></td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl
10			<http: td="" ww<=""><td>w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Cather</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent</td><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura</td></http:>	w.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Cather	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura

Result after addition to the schema:

Graph XML	RDF Table Validate		
num	?x	?y	?p
1	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
2	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
3	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
4	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
5	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
6	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
7	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
8	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
9	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
10	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasChild
11	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
12	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
13	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
14	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
15	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
16	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
17	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
18	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
19	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent
20	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#hasParent

Explanation:

By adding has parent inverse of has child means that if we only have has child the opposite relationship has parent would be set. Likewise if we only have has Parent relation then has child inverse would be setup. See first data Harry for example. He has child John while John has parent Sophie. Then the new query John would have parent Harry and Sophie would has child John.

3. **Declare** hasAncestor as transitive property.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#hasAncestor>
```

a rdf:Property, owl:TransitiveProperty;

Query:

```
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x :hasAncestor ?y}
```

Result before addition to the schema:

?x	?y
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura

Result after addition to the schema:

?x	?y
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Harry
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#John>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Sophie
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Mark	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Jack	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Pierre	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Flora
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Lucas	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Karl
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Catherine	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura

Explanation:

By doing transitive property we can see that the parents of our parent would be our ancestor too even if we didn't specify it. Take 2 first data for example Mark has ancestor John and John has ancestor Sophie. Now Mark has ancestor Sophie too (as well as Harry because from the last exercise we get that harry is John's father)

- 4. Declare the disjunction between Male and Female. Violate the constraint in the data, check the results and then remove the violation you created.
 - Code added to the schema:

```
<#Male>
  a owl:Class, rdfs:Class;
  owl:disjointWith <#Female>;
```

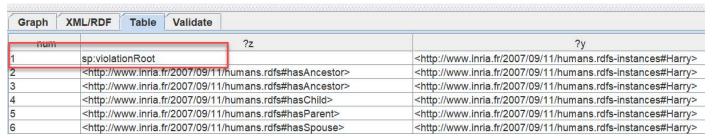
Query:

```
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
SELECT ?z ?y
WHERE {?x ?z ?y. ?y :name "Harry"}
```

• Result before addition to the schema:



• Result after addition to the schema:



Explanation:

I have added Female to Harry, who was a Man (that would auto inherit Person, Male and Animal class). Which violate the rule we set up about the disjointWith in the schema. We can query and see the sp:violationRoot result.

5. Declare that the class Professor is the intersection of the class Lecturer and Researcher class.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#Professor>
  a rdfs:Class, owl:Class;
  owl:intersectionOf(<#Lecturer> <#Researcher>).
```

Querv:

```
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x a :Lecturer; a ?y}
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x a :Professor}
```

Result before addition to the schema:

?x	?y
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Person
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Lecturer
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#female="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#person="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#lecturer="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#researcher="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#animal="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>
num	?x
	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve">http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 11="" 2007="" a="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#laura<="" www.inria.fr=""> <a 09="" 2007="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura <a href=" http:="" humans.rdfs-instances#la<="" td="" www.inria.fr="">

Result after addition to the schema:

n	?x	?y
1	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Animal
2	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Person
3	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Lecturer
4	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Academic
5	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	owl:Thing
6	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Animal
7	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Female
8	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Person
9	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Lecturer
10	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Researcher
11	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Professor
12	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Academic
13	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	owl:Thing

Graph	XML/RDF	Table	Validate	
		nur	m	?x
1				http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura

Explanation:

We define that only if we have both Lecturer and Researcher then it is a Professor using owl:intersectionOf. Before the owl. Professor was automatically added to the relationship of Laura after adding owl:intersectionOf.

6. Declare that the Academic class is the union of classes Lecturer and Researcher.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#Academic>
  a rdfs:Class, owl:Class;
  owl:unionOf ( <#Lecturer> <#Researcher> ).
```

Query:

```
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x a ?y. filter (?y = :Lecturer || ?y = :Researcher)}
prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
select * where {?x a :Academic}
```

Result before addition to the schema:

	?x	?y			
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/	11/humans.rdfs-instances#E	<http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#le<="" p="" www.inria.fr=""></http:>	cturer>		
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/	11/humans.rdfs-instances#Da	rid> <a "="" 09="" 2007="" href="http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Re</td><td>searcher</td></tr><tr><td>http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/	11/humans.rdfs-instances#G	ston> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#re<="" td="" www.inria.fr=""><td>searcher</td></http:>	searcher
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/	11/humans.rdfs-instances#La	ra> <http: 09="" 11="" 2007="" humans.rdfs#le<="" td="" www.inria.fr=""><td>cturer></td></http:>	cturer>		
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/	11/humans.rdfs-instances#La	ra> http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Ref	searcher		
Graph XML/RDF 1	Table Validate				
	num	?x			
Orapii America		?x			

Result after addition to the schema:

?x	?y
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Lecturer
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Researcher
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Researcher
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Lecturer
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Researcher

Graph XML/RDF Table Validate	
num	?x
1	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Eve
2	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#David
3	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Gaston
4	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura

Explanation:

We define that both Lecturer and Researcher are Academic using owl:unionOf. Before the owl. We can see the Lecturer and researcher, but not Academic. Academic was automatically added to the relationship after adding owl:union.

7. Create a class Organization and its sub class University. Create a new property mainEmployer, with domain Person and range Organization. Use a restriction to declare that any Professor has for main employer a University.

Code added to the schema (new property, new classes and new restriction):

```
New Property

<#mainEmployer> a rdf:Property;
  rdfs:domain <#Person>;
  rdfs:range <#Organization>.

  New restriction (or equivalent class)

  New restriction (or equivalent class)

  *#Professor>
  a rdfs:Class, owl:Class;
  owl:intersectionOf(<#Lecturer> <#Researcher>);
  rdfs:subClassOf [a owl:Restriction;
    owl:onProperty <#mainEmployer>;
    owl:allValuesFrom <#University>].

  New Classes
  <#Organization> a rdfs:Class .
  <#University> a rdfs:Class ;
  rdfs:subClassOf <#Researcher>);
  rdfs:subClassOf [a owl:Restriction;
  owl:onProperty <#mainEmployer>;
  owl:allValuesFrom <#University>].
```

Code added to the data (just declare the main employer of a Professor):

Result before addition to the schema:

?x	?y	?z
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#DSTI>	7

Result after addition to the schema:

?x	?y	?z
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#DSTI	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Organization
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#Laura	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs-instances#DSTI	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#University

Explanation:

From above we can see that Laura is a researcher and lecturer which would automatically make her a professor. By adding the restriction we can tell that all the mainEmployer of the Laura should be a class university and Organization.

8. Use a restriction to declare that any person must have a parent who is a woman. For this last statement, you need to run the rule engine after loading the ontology and data.

Code added to the schema:

```
<#Person>
  a rdfs:Class, owl:Class;
  owl:equivalentClass [a owl:Restriction;
    owl:onProperty <#hasParent>;
    owl:someValuesFrom <#Woman>];

    Query:
    prefix : <http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#> .
    select ?y where {?x a ?y; :name "Sandy". }
```

Result before addition to the schema:

	?y
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Female	
http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Animal	

Result after addition to the schema:

Graph XML	/RDF	Table	Validate	
num			?y	
1		<http< td=""><td colspan="2">http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Female</td></http<>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Female	
2 3		<http< td=""><td colspan="2" rowspan="2">http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Animal></td></http<>	http://www.inria.fr/2007/09/11/humans.rdfs#Animal>	
		<http< td=""></http<>		
		15.0	10.4	

Explanation:

```
I've added new data

<Female rdf:ID="Sandy">

<name>Sandy</name>

<hasMother rdf:resource="#Catherine"/>

</Female>

This give me a Female (not a person) to the data who has a Parent that is woman. After adding the
```

This give me a Female (not a person) to the data who has a Parent that is woman. After adding the schema. Sandy automatically become a person.

B, Make your own OWL models:

For each one of the following OWL primitives imagine a definition that could use it and provide that definition in OWL using your preferred syntax (RDF/XML or N3/Turtle). For instance a possible definition using owl:TransitiveProperty would be a definition of the Ancestor property. For each primitive in the following list you imagine the definition of a class or property that was not given in the course and you give that definition in English and in OWL.

- 1. owl:oneOf
- 2. owl:unionOf
- 3. owl:intersectionOf
- 4. owl:complementOf
- 5. owl:disjointWith or owl:AllDisjointClasses or owl:disjointUnionOf
- 6. owl:ObjectProperty
- 7. owl:DatatypeProperty
- 8. owl:SymmetricProperty or owl:AsymmetricProperty
- 9. owl:inverseOf
- 10. owl:TransitiveProperty
- 11. owl:propertyDisjointWith

- 12. owl:ReflexiveProperty or owl:IrreflexiveProperty
- 13. owl:propertyChainAxiom
- 14. owl:FunctionalProperty
- 15. owl:InverseFunctionalProperty
- 16. owl:hasKey
- 17. owl:allValuesFrom
- 18. owl:someValuesFrom
- 19. owl:hasValue
- 20. owl:maxCardinality or owl:minCardinality
- 21. owl:qualifiedCardinality

	OWL	ENGLISH
1	<pre><#Gender> a owl:Class ;</pre>	Male and Female are both in Gender
	<pre>owl:oneOf (<#Male> <#Female>).</pre>	Class
2	<pre><#Class> a owl:Class;</pre>	A class class is a union of student and
	<pre>owl:unionOf(<#Student> <#Teacher>).</pre>	teacher class
3	<pre><#AnnualReport> a owl:Class;</pre>	When a thing is both report and annual
	owl:intersectionOf(<#Report>	document then it is an annual report
	<pre><#AnnualDoc>).</pre>	
4	<pre><#Failed> a owl:Class;</pre>	If a person doesn't passed the exam
	owl:complementOf <#Passed>.	then he failed the exam
5	<pre><#Vegetable> a owl:Class;</pre>	A food can only be vegetable or Fruit
	<pre>owl:disjointUnionOf (<#Fruit> <#Meat>).</pre>	or Meat. They can not be both nor all
		for the same food.
6	<pre><#hasFriend> a</pre>	We define a hasFriend relationship
	<pre>owl:SymmetricProperty ,owl:ObjectProperty;</pre>	property that is symmetric between 2
	rdfs:domain f:Person .	person (resource).
7	<pre><#bornYear> a owl:DatatypeProperty;</pre>	We define a relationship between a
	rdfs:domain f:Person;	resource and a literal value (a person to
	rdfs:range xsd:integer.	an integer)
8	<pre><#hasFriend> a</pre>	We define a hasFriend relationship
	<pre>owl:SymmetricProperty ,owl:ObjectProperty;</pre>	property that is symmetric between 2
	rdfs:domain f:Person .	person that is if a person is a friend of
		another person, then the inverse
		hasFriend relationship would be set up.
9	<pre><#hasSchool> owl:inverseOf <#hasStudent>.</pre>	If a person hasSchool A then A would
		have student for that person
10	<pre><#sameReligion> a owl:TransitiveProperty,</pre>	With this transitiveProperty we can link
	owl:SymmetricProperty.	all the person who has the same
		religion together. A sameReligion as B
		and B sameReligion as C then A would
		be same religion as A

11	<pre><#hasFailed> a owl:propertyDisjointWith</pre>	A student can only failed or passed for
	<pre><#hasPassed>.</pre>	every single subject.
12	<pre><#knows> a owl:ReflexiveProperty.</pre>	A person can know others but a person
	<pre><#hasNeighbor> a owl:IrrefleiveProperty.</pre>	also know themselve. A person cannot
		have themselve as a neighbor
13	<pre><#Grandma> owl:propertyChainAxiom</pre>	The mother of your parent is your
	(<#Parent><#Mather>).	grandma.
14	<pre><#hasMother> a owl:FunctionalProperty.</pre>	A person can have one and only mother
		if A has mother B and C, B and C
		should be the same.
15	<pre><#hasHusband> a owl:FunctionalProperty,</pre>	A can only have on and only B as
	owlInverseFunctionalProperty.	husband. If today A C both have
		husband B then AC are the same.
16	<pre><#Student> owl:hasKey (<#cohort></pre>	In dsti from the cohort number (S19 for
	<pre><#studentSequence>)</pre>	example) and the studentsequence
		number can make a student
		identification
17	<#HappyPerson> a owl:Class ;	A person is a happy person then the
	<pre>owl:equivalentClass [rdf:type owl:Class ;</pre>	husband or wife of that person is happy
	owl:intersectionOf (too.
	[a owl:Restriction;	
	<pre>owl:onProperty <#hasSpouse>;</pre>	
	<pre>owl:allValuesFrom <#Happy>],</pre>	
	[a owl:Restriction ;	
	owl:onProperty <#hasSpouse>;	
	owl:someValuesFrom <#Happy>;]	
18	<pre><#Author> owl:equivalentClass</pre>	A creator of a book would be also link
10	[a owl:Restriction;	as a class author.
	owl:onProperty <#creatorOf>;	as a class author.
	<pre>owl:someValuesFrom <#Book>];</pre>	
19	<pre><#Dog> rdfs:subClassOf [a owl:Restriction;</pre>	A Dog would have 4 legs, but it doesn't
	Owl:onProperty <#nbLegs> 4].	means that 4 legs animal are all dogs
20	<pre><#Human> rdfs:subClassOf [</pre>	A Human can only have maximum 2
	a owl:Restriction;	arms
	<pre>owl:onProperty <#hasArm>;</pre>	
	owl:maxCardinality 2].	
21	<pre><#Car> rdfs:subClassOf [</pre>	A Car have to be controlled by one
	a owl:Restriction;	person.
	<pre>owl:onProperty <#controlledBy>;</pre>	
	owl:onClass <#Human>	
	<pre>owl:qualifiedCardinality 1].</pre>	