C++基礎語法 Unit-3

- 比較運算
- 邏輯運算
- if 判斷
- switch 判斷

比較運算

比較運算

| 比較運算子 | 用途 | (true, 1) | (false, 0) |
|-------|----------|-----------|------------|
| > | 判斷是否大於 | 5 > 2 | 2 > 5 |
| >= | 判斷是否大於等於 | 3 >= 2 | 1 >= 2 |
| < | 判斷是否小於 | 2 < 5 | 5 < 2 |
| <= | 判斷是否小於等於 | 2 <= 3 | 1 <= 2 |
| == | 判斷是否相等 | 3 == 3 | 3 == 2 |
| != | 判斷是否不等 | 3 != 2 | 2 != 2 |

```
#include <iostream>
      using namespace std;
      int main() {
          cout << "(1) " << (5 >= 2) << "\n";
    5
          cout << "(2) " << (5 <= 2) << "\n";
          cout << "(3) " << (5 == 2) << "\n";
          cout << "(4) " << (5 != 2) << "\n";
          cout << "(5) " << (5 >= 2) + (5 <= 2) + (5 == 2) + (5 != 2) << "\n";
   10
          return 0;
   11 }
(1) 1
(2) 0
(3) 0
(4) 1
(5) 2
Program ended with exit code: 0
```

判斷奇偶數

(Quiz)

x為奇數

x為偶數

邏輯運算

邏輯運算

| 邏輯運算子 | 用途 |
|-------|---------|
| && | AND (且) |
| | OR (或) |
| ! | NOT (否) |

&& (and)

int x = 5, y = 2, z = 3;

| && | true | false |
|-------|-------|-------|
| true | true | false |
| false | false | false |

|| (or)

int
$$x = 5$$
, $y = 2$, $z = 3$;

| П | true | false |
|-------|------|-------|
| true | true | true |
| false | true | false |

! (not)

int
$$x = 5$$
, $y = 2$, $z = 3$;

| | ! A | |
|-------|-------|--|
| true | false | |
| false | true | |

```
#include <iostream>
        using namespace std;
        int main() {
            int x = 5, y = 2, z = 3;
    5
    6
            bool A = (x < y);
            bool B = (z != y);
            cout << "A = " << A << "\n";
   10
   11
            cout << "B = " << B << "\n";
            cout << "A && B = " << (A && B) << "\n";
   12
            cout << "A || B = " << (A || B) << "\n";
   13
            cout << "!A = " << (!A) << "\n";
   14
   15
            return 0;
   16 }
A \&\& B = 0
!A = 1
```

判斷邊界

井字遊戲或一個3x3的棋盤

| | | C |
|--------------------|--------------------|--------|
| (0, 0) O | (0, 1) | (0, 2) |
| (1, 0) | (1, 1) X | (1, 2) |
| (2, 0) | (2, 1) | (2, 2) |

輸入下一步的合法座標 (r, c),需滿足:

- 座標(r, c)不能超出棋盤範圍
- 座標(r, c)這個位置還沒有被走過

$$((r \ge 0) \&\& (r < 3)) || ((c \ge 0) \&\& (c < 3))$$

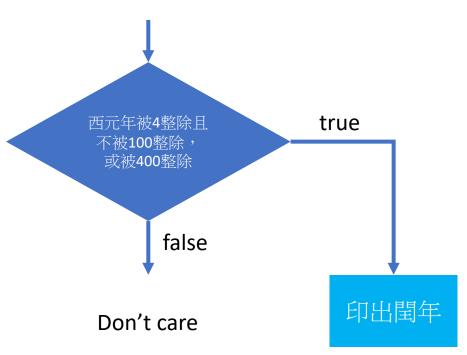
$$((r >= 0) \&\& (r < 3)) \&\& ((c >= 0) \&\& (c < 3))$$

$$((r >= 0) || (r < 3)) \&\& ((c >= 0) || (c < 3))$$

$$(r >= 0) \&\& (r <= 2) \&\& (c >= 0) \&\& (c <= 2)$$

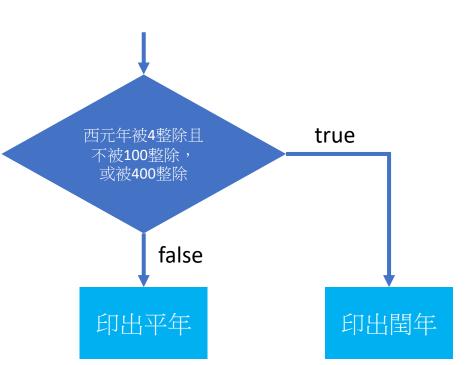
if判斷

單向選擇:if



【範例】判斷閏年

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5    int y;
6    cin >> y;
7
8    if ((y % 4 == 0 && y % 100 != 0) || y % 400 == 0)
9       cout << "閏年\n";
10    return 0;
11 }</pre>
```



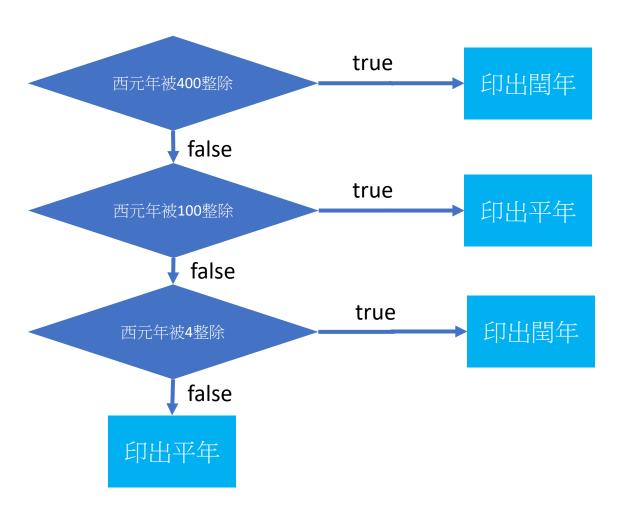
【範例】判斷閏年

```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int y;
       cin >> y;
       if ((y % 4 == 0 && y % 100 != 0) || y % 400 == 0)
           cout << "閏年\n";
       else
10
           cout << "平年\n";
11
12
       return 0;
13 }
```

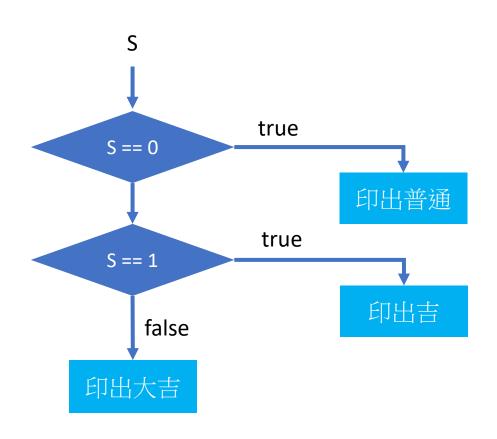
多向選擇: if - else if - else

【範例】判斷閏年

```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int y;
       cin >> y;
       if (y % 400 == 0) {
           cout << "閏年\n";
10
       } else if (y % 100 == 0){
           cout << "平年\n";
11
       } else if (y % 4 == 0) {
12
           cout << "閏年\n";
13
       } else {
           cout << "平年\n";
       return 0;
17
18 }
```



多向選擇: if - else if - else

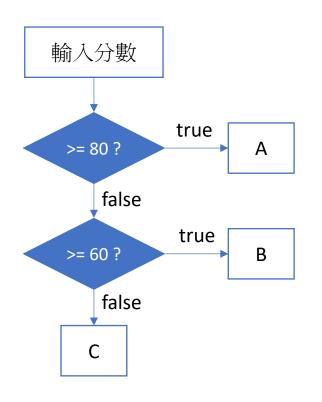


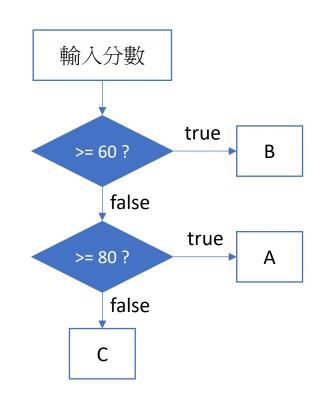
【範例】ZeroJudge a003: 兩光法師占卜術

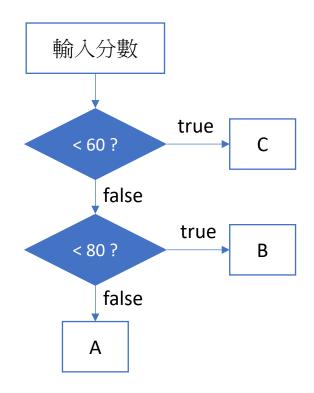
```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int M, D, S;
       cin >> M >> D;
       S = (M * 2 + D) \% 3;
       if (S == 0) {
           cout << "普通\n";
10
       } else if (S == 1) {
           cout << "吉\n";
12
       } else {
13
           cout << "大吉\n";
14
       return 0;
16
```

有什麼不一樣? (把學生成績分成A/B/C級距)

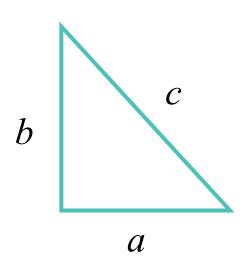
(Quiz)







【練習】判斷直角三角形



```
#include <iostream>
   using namespace std;
   int main() {
       int a, b, c; // a <= b <= c
       cin >> a >> b >> c;
       if
8
           cout << "是直角三角形\n";
       } else {
10
           cout << "不是直角三角形\n";
11
       }
12
13
       return 0;
14
15 }
```

https://pastebin.ubuntu.com/p/ZGD2HzDnhq/

【練習】判斷一元二次方程式是否有重根

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

```
int main() {
       int a, b, c;
       cin >> a >> b >> c;
       if
9
            cout << "有重根\n";
10
       } else {
            cout << "沒有重根\n";
12
13
14
       return 0;
15
16 }
```

https://pastebin.ubuntu.com/p/WgvsMxJHnr/

【練習】計算BMI,並輸出判斷結果

• 寫一個程式讓使用者輸入身高、體重後,計算BMI,並輸出判斷結果。

【Input】輸入資料共一行,包含兩個以空白分隔的整數,

分別為身高(以公分為單位)及體重(以公斤為單位)

【Output】輸出判斷結果 (注意: BMI計算結果不一定是整數)

判斷標準:

• 過重:24≦BMI<27

• 輕度肥胖: 27 ≦ BMI < 30

• 中度肥胖:30≦BMI<35

• 重度肥胖:BMI≥35

$$BMI = \frac{ 體重}{(身高 \div 100)^2}$$

https://pastebin.ubuntu.com/p/YYTyjxHCXj/

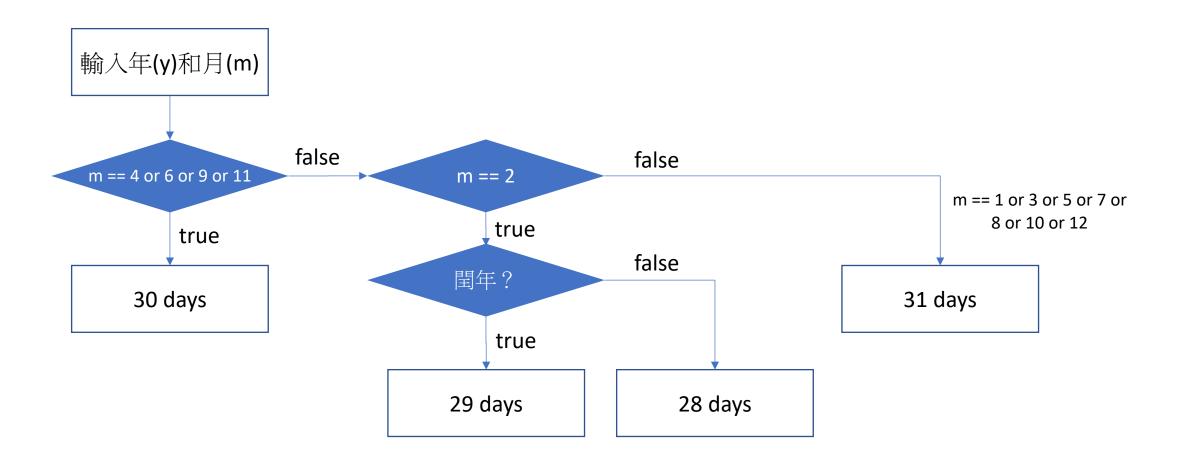
switch 判斷

```
5 int x;
6 cin >> x;
7
8 if (x % 2 == 0) {
9     cout << "偶數\n";
10 } else {
11     cout << "奇數\n";
12 }</pre>
```

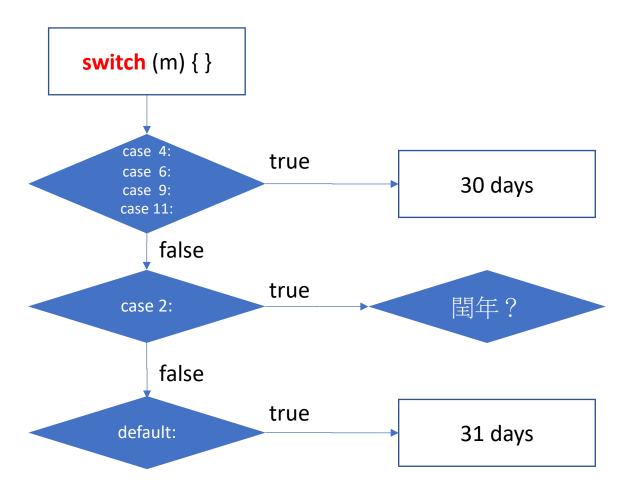
```
switch (x % 2) {
14
15
            case 0:
                cout << "偶數\n";
16
                break;
17
18
            case 1:
                cout << "奇數\n";
19
                break;
20
21
            default:
                cout << "好奇怪\n";
22
                break;
23
24
```

畫蛇添足的例子?

【練習】判斷對應月份的天數



【練習】判斷對應月份的天數



【練習】判斷對應月份的天數

```
int y, m;
       cin >> y >> m;
       switch
10
            case 4: case 6: case 9: case 11:
11
                cout << "30 days\n";
                break;
12
            case 2:
13
17
                break;
19
            default:
20
                cout << "31 days\n";
21
22
                break;
23
```

https://pastebin.ubuntu.com/p/Vy52yFnKRS/

【練習】簡易計算機

int a, b, op; cin >> a >> b >> op; switch (op) { case 0: cout << a + b << "\n"; break; case 1: cout << a - b << "\n"; break; case 2: cout << a * b << "\n"; break; case 3: **if** (b != 0) { cout << a / b << "\n"; 21 22 } else { cout << "division by zero\n";</pre> break; default: cout << "invalid operator" << "\n";</pre> break; 29

https://pastebin.ubuntu.com/p/d2R45knSs3/

```
int a, b;
       char op;
       cin >> a >> op >> b;
       switch (op) {
            case '+':
                cout << a + b << "\n";
                break;
           case '-':
                cout << a - b << "\n";
                break;
            case '*':
                cout << a * b << "\n";
                break;
            case '/':
                if (b != 0) {
21
                    cout << a / b << "\n";
                } else {
                    cout << "division by zero\n";</pre>
                break;
           default:
                cout << "invalid operator" << "\n";</pre>
                break;
```