max
$$Z = X_1 + X_2$$

subject to $X_1 + 2X_2 \leq Y$
 $-X_1 + X_2 \leq 1$
 $4X_1 + 2X_2 \leq 12$
 $X_1, X_2 \geq 0$

2)
$$\max_{z \in [L|1]} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

S.t. $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} \leq \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix}$
 $\begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$

対例施
min
$$f= [(y_1, y_2)] [(y_3)] = ((y_1) + (y_2) + (y_3)]$$

 $[(y_3)] = [(y_3)] = ((y_3) + (y_2) + (y_3) + (y_3)]$
 $[(y_3)] = ((y_3) + (y_3) + (y$

3. f(x)=xxx, 其中x=呈[xi] 2X1-72:53AX:b,其中A=[25,-6],b达 拉格朗日函数为: $L(X,V) = X^TX + V^T(AX-b)$

$$L(X,V) = X'X + V(A,V)$$

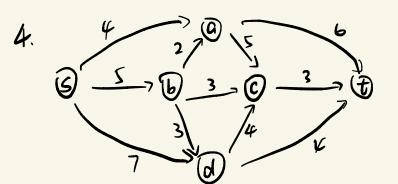
⇒拉格朗 B对偶函数为

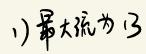
$$g(v) = \inf_{X} L(X, v) = L(-\frac{1}{2}A^{T}v, v) = -\frac{1}{2}v^{T}AA^{T}v - b^{T}v = -\frac{5}{2}v^{T}v - 5v$$

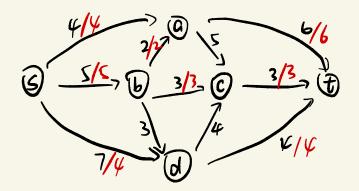
力抢格的的城间题为

$$\max_{v} g(v) = \max_{v} \left(-\frac{5}{2} v^{\mathsf{T}} v - 5v \right)$$

:
$$maxg(v) = g(-1) = \frac{5}{2}$$







2)最小割为了

