

Load the Data

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import zipfile
import os

# Function to load CSV from a ZIP file with multiple files
def load_csv_from_zip(zip_path, csv_filename):
    with zipfile.ZipFile(zip_path, 'r') as z:
        # Extract and read the specific CSV file
        with z.open(csv_filename) as f:
            return pd.read_csv(f)

# Define the relative path to the datasets folder
datasets_path = os.path.join '..', 'Datasets')

# Load datasets from zipped CSV files specifying the correct CSV filenames
df_gb = load_csv_from_zip(os.path.join(datasets_path, 'GBvideos.csv.zip'), 'GB')
df_us = load_csv_from_zip(os.path.join(datasets_path, 'USvideos.csv.zip'), 'US')

# Add a new column 'location' in each data file
df_gb['location'] = 'Great Britain'
df_us['location'] = 'USA'

# Merge 5 files into 1
merged_df = pd.concat([df_gb, df_us], ignore_index=True)

# Check the first few rows of the merged DataFrame
print(merged_df.head())
```

```

video_id trending_date \
0 Jw1Y-zhQURU      17.14.11
1 3s1rvMFUweQ      17.14.11
2 n1WpP7iowLc      17.14.11
3 PUTEiSjKwJU      17.14.11
4 rHwDegptbI4      17.14.11

title \
0 John Lewis Christmas Ad 2017 - #MozTheMonster
1 Taylor Swift: ...Ready for It? (Live) - SNL
2 Eminem - Walk On Water (Audio) ft. Beyoncé
3 Goals from Salford City vs Class of 92 and Fri...
4 Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ...

channel_title category_id publish_time \
0 John Lewis 26 2017-11-10T07:38:29.000Z
1 Saturday Night Live 24 2017-11-12T06:24:44.000Z
2 EminemVEVO 10 2017-11-10T17:00:03.000Z
3 Salford City Football Club 17 2017-11-13T02:30:38.000Z
4 Cute Girl Videos 25 2017-11-13T01:45:13.000Z

tags views likes \
0 christmas|"john lewis christmas"|"john lewis"|... 7224515 55681
1 SNL|"Saturday Night Live"|"SNL Season 43"|"Epi... 1053632 25561
2 Eminem|"Walk"|"On"|"Water"|"Aftermath/Shady/In... 17158579 787420
3 Salford City FC|"Salford City"|"Salford"|"Clas... 27833 193
4 [none] 9815 30

dislikes comment_count thumbnail_link \
0 10247 9479 https://i.ytimg.com/vi/Jw1Y-zhQURU/default.jpg
1 2294 2757 https://i.ytimg.com/vi/3s1rvMFUweQ/default.jpg
2 43420 125882 https://i.ytimg.com/vi/n1WpP7iowLc/default.jpg
3 12 37 https://i.ytimg.com/vi/PUTeISjKwJU/default.jpg
4 2 30 https://i.ytimg.com/vi/rHwDegptbI4/default.jpg

comments_disabled ratings_disabled video_error_or_removed \
0 False False False
1 False False False
2 False False False
3 False False False
4 False False False

description location
0 Click here to continue the story and make your... Great Britain
1 Musical guest Taylor Swift performs ...Ready for... Great Britain
2 Eminem's new track Walk on Water ft. Beyoncé i... Great Britain
3 Salford drew 4-4 against the Class of 92 and F... Great Britain
4 Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ... Great Britain

```

Check Missing Values

```

In [2]: # Check for missing values in the merged DataFrame
print("Missing values")
print(merged_df.isnull().sum())

```

```
Missing values
video_id          0
trending_date     0
title             0
channel_title     0
category_id       0
publish_time      0
tags              0
views             0
likes             0
dislikes          0
comment_count     0
thumbnail_link    0
comments_disabled 0
ratings_disabled  0
video_error_or_removed 0
description       1182
location          0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [3]: df = merged_df.dropna()
```

```
In [4]: # Check for missing values in the merged DataFrame
print("Missing values")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
Missing values
video_id          0
trending_date     0
title             0
channel_title     0
category_id       0
publish_time      0
tags              0
views             0
likes             0
dislikes          0
comment_count     0
thumbnail_link    0
comments_disabled 0
ratings_disabled  0
video_error_or_removed 0
description       0
location          0
dtype: int64
```

Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

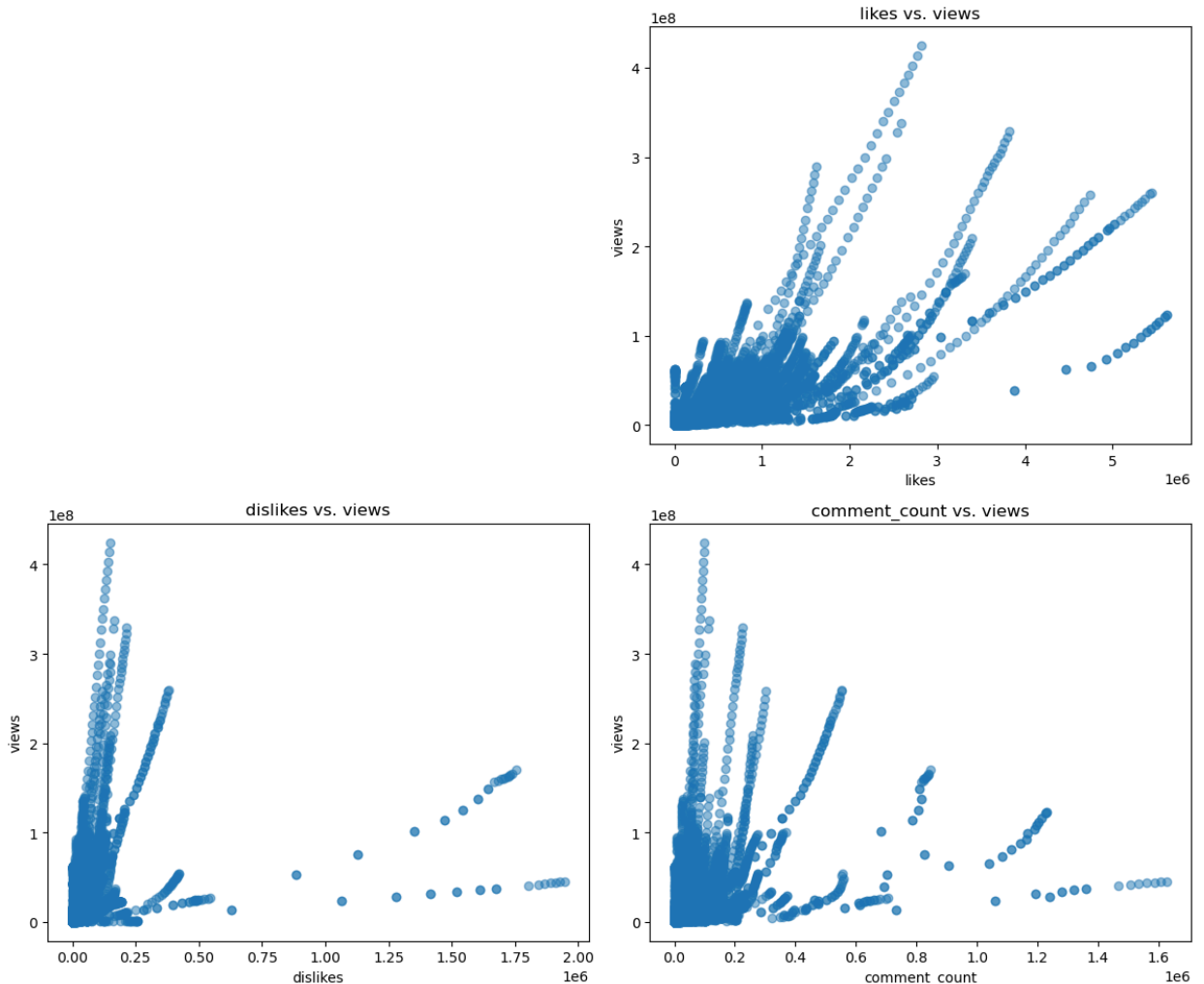
Check Outliers

```
In [5]: import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Define numerical columns
numerical_columns = ['views', 'likes', 'dislikes', 'comment_count']
```

```
# Scatter plots for each numerical column vs. 'views'
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 10))
for i, column in enumerate(numerical_columns, 1):
    if column != 'views':
        plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
        plt.scatter(merged_df[column], merged_df['views'], alpha=0.5)
        plt.title(f'{column} vs. views')
        plt.xlabel(column)
        plt.ylabel('views')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



EDA for Numerical Variables

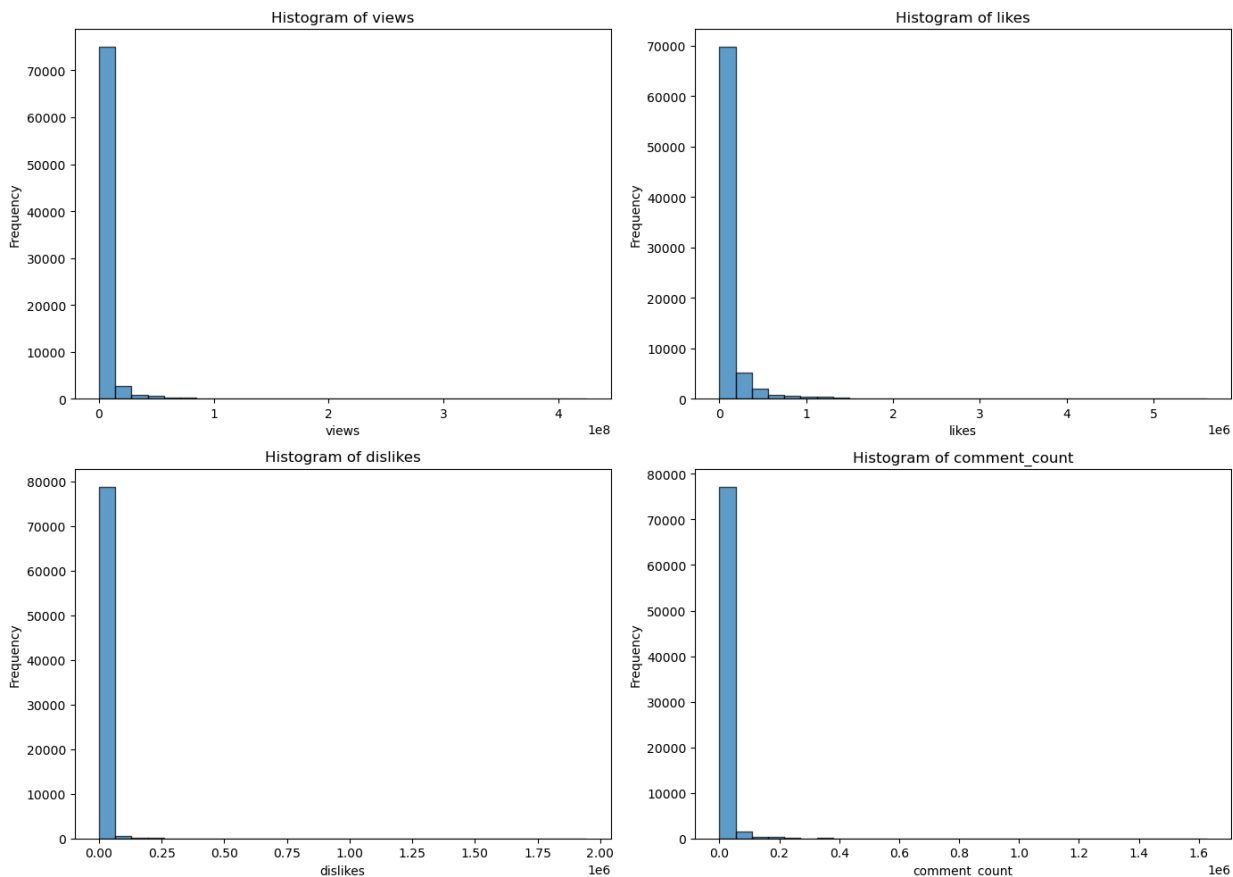
```
In [6]: #data exploration for numerical columns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Define numerical columns
numerical_columns = ['views', 'likes', 'dislikes', 'comment_count']

# Create histograms for each numerical column
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 10))
for i, column in enumerate(numerical_columns, 1):
```

```
plt.subplot(2, 2, i)
plt.hist(merged_df[column], bins=30, alpha=0.7, edgecolor='black')
plt.title(f'Histogram of {column}')
plt.xlabel(column)
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



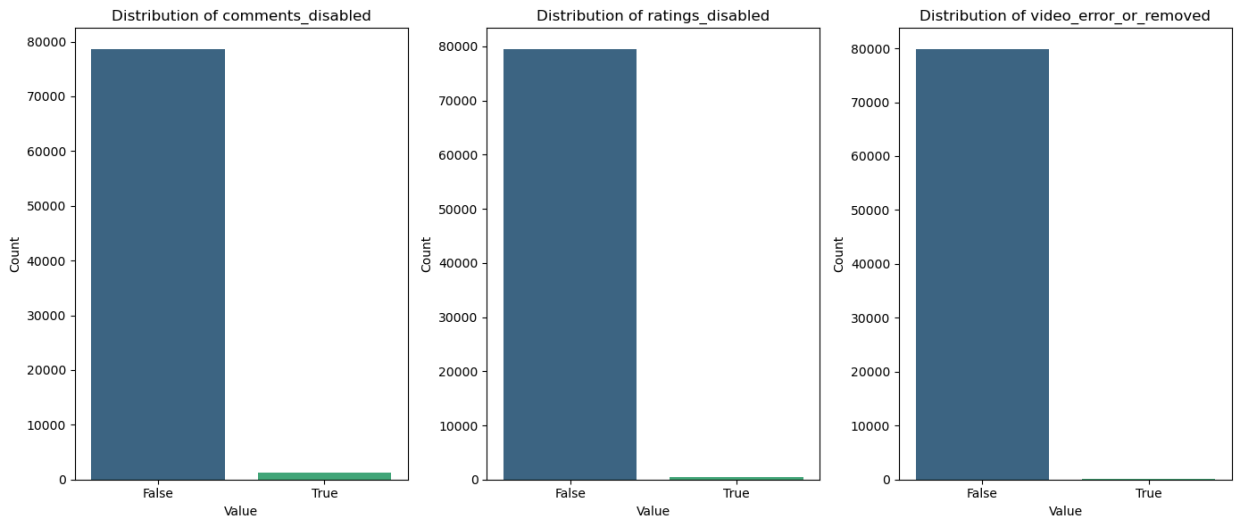
EDA for Boolean Variables

```
In [7]: import seaborn as sns

# Define boolean columns
boolean_columns = ['comments_disabled', 'ratings_disabled', 'video_error_or_re

# Plot bar plots for each boolean column
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))
for i, column in enumerate(boolean_columns, 1):
    plt.subplot(1, 3, i)
    # Count the occurrences of each boolean value
    counts = merged_df[column].value_counts()
    # Plot bar plot
    sns.barplot(x=counts.index, y=counts.values, palette='viridis')
    plt.title(f'Distribution of {column}')
    plt.xlabel('Value')
    plt.ylabel('Count')

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



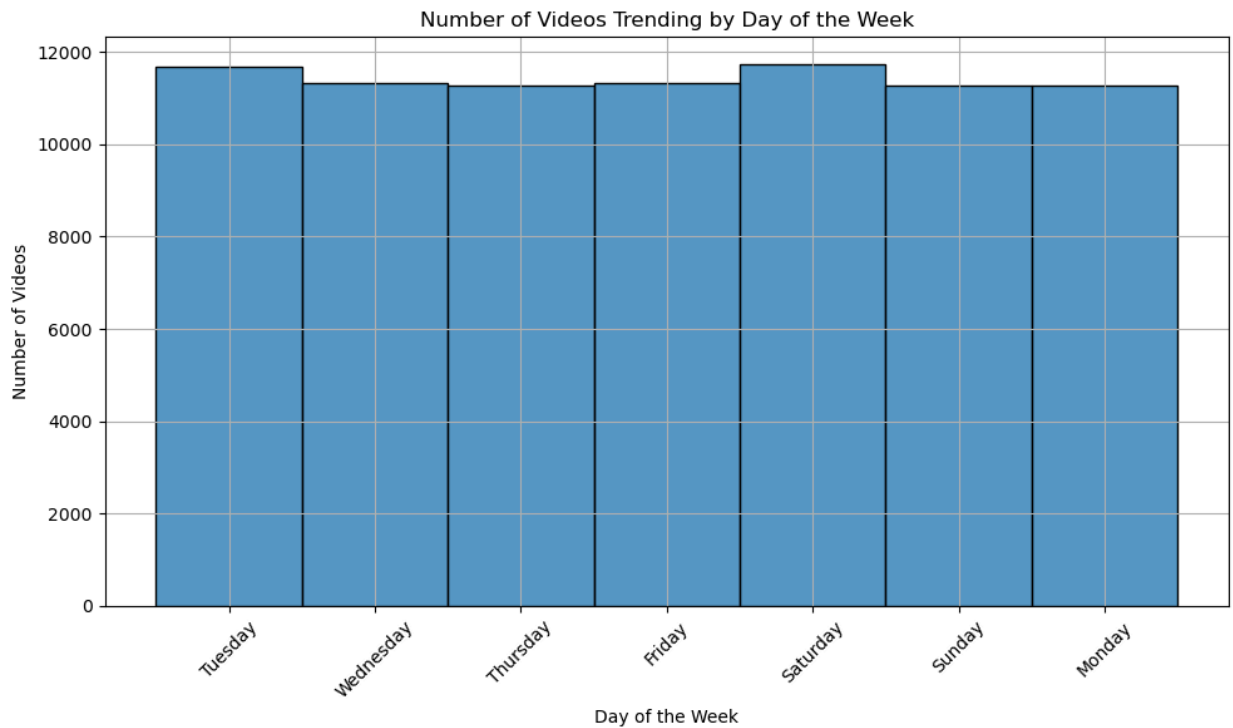
EDA for Date-Time Variables

```
In [8]: # convert the trending_date to datetime type
merged_df['trending_date'] = pd.to_datetime(merged_df['trending_date'], format='%Y-%m-%d')
# Extract day of the week from 'trending_date'
merged_df['trending_day_of_week'] = merged_df['trending_date'].dt.day_name()

# Plot histogram of trending day of the week
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(merged_df['trending_day_of_week'], discrete=True, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Number of Videos Trending by Day of the Week')
plt.xlabel('Day of the Week')
plt.ylabel('Number of Videos')
plt.xticks(rotation=45) # Rotate x-axis labels for better readability
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

/var/folders/yn/hnpfh1r15tq8t0xq_j4_rzmq0000gn/T/ipykernel_76892/1621989413.py:8: UserWarning: Ignoring `palette` because no `hue` variable has been assigned.

```
sns.histplot(merged_df['trending_day_of_week'], discrete=True, palette='viridis')
```

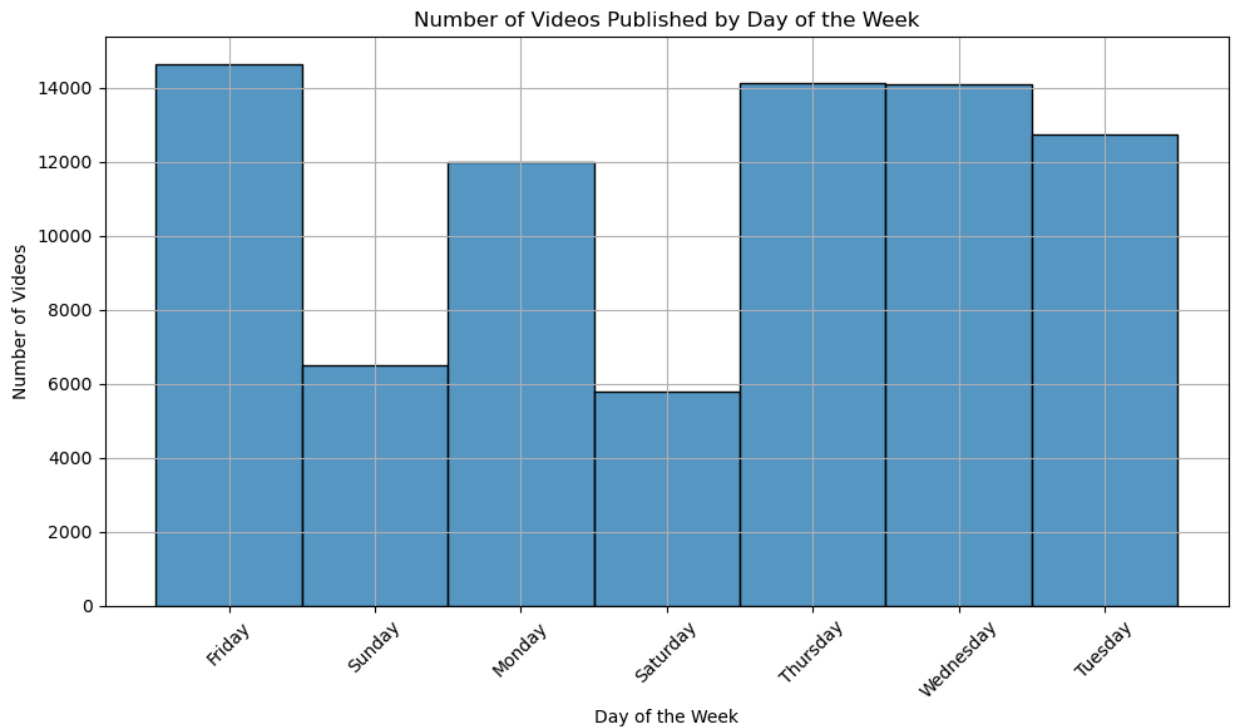


```
In [9]: #convert the publish_date to datetime type
merged_df['publish_time'] = pd.to_datetime(merged_df['publish_time'], format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
# Extract day of the week from 'publish_time'
merged_df['day_of_week'] = merged_df['publish_time'].dt.day_name()

# Plot histogram of day of the week
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.histplot(merged_df['day_of_week'], discrete=True, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Number of Videos Published by Day of the Week')
plt.xlabel('Day of the Week')
plt.ylabel('Number of Videos')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
/var/folders/yn/hnpfh1r15tq8t0xq_j4_rzmq0000gn/T/ipykernel_76892/1346077495.py:8: UserWarning: Ignoring `palette` because no `hue` variable has been assigned.
```

```
sns.histplot(merged_df['day_of_week'], discrete=True, palette='viridis')
```



Statistical Description

```
In [10]: numerical_description = merged_df.describe()
print(numerical_description)
```

	trending_date	category_id	\
count	79865	79865.000000	
mean	2018-02-25 07:57:45.132410880	18.440205	
min	2017-11-14 00:00:00	1.000000	
25%	2018-01-02 00:00:00	10.000000	
50%	2018-02-23 00:00:00	22.000000	
75%	2018-04-21 00:00:00	24.000000	
max	2018-06-14 00:00:00	43.000000	
std	NaN	7.818304	

	publish_time	views	likes	\
count	79865	7.986500e+04	7.986500e+04	
mean	2018-01-30 08:51:14.599436544	4.091166e+06	1.036262e+05	
min	2006-07-23 08:24:11	5.490000e+02	0.000000e+00	
25%	2017-12-22 15:58:16	2.464170e+05	5.642000e+03	
50%	2018-02-14 05:01:24	7.961060e+05	2.092200e+04	
75%	2018-04-09 08:59:51	2.535704e+06	7.824800e+04	
max	2018-06-14 01:31:53	4.245389e+08	5.613827e+06	
std	NaN	1.439125e+07	2.957265e+05	

	dislikes	comment_count
count	7.986500e+04	7.986500e+04
mean	5.612328e+03	1.070850e+04
min	0.000000e+00	0.000000e+00
25%	2.010000e+02	6.420000e+02
50%	7.120000e+02	2.099000e+03
75%	2.527000e+03	7.220000e+03
max	1.944971e+06	1.626501e+06
std	4.124462e+04	4.443679e+04


```
In [11]: # Statistical description of categorical columns
categorical_description = merged_df[['category_id', 'location']].describe()
print(categorical_description)
```

```
      category_id
count  79865.000000
mean    18.440205
std      7.818304
min      1.000000
25%     10.000000
50%     22.000000
75%     24.000000
max     43.000000
```

Visualization for Categorical ID

```
In [12]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import pandas as pd

# Group by 'category_id' and count occurrences
category_counts = merged_df.groupby('category_id').size().reset_index(name='N')

# Sort by 'N' in descending order
category_counts = category_counts.sort_values(by='N', ascending=False)
category_counts['category_id'] = pd.Categorical(category_counts['category_id'])

# Create a dictionary to map 'category_id' to descriptive names
category_names = {
    1: "1: Film & Animation",
    2: "2: Autos & Vehicles",
    10: "10: Music",
    15: "15: Pets & Animals",
    17: "17: Sports",
    18: "18: Short Movies",
    19: "19: Travel & Events",
    20: "20: Gaming",
    21: "21: Videoblogging",
    22: "22: People & Blogs",
    23: "23: Comedy",
    24: "24: Entertainment",
    25: "25: News & Politics",
    26: "26: Howto & Style",
    27: "27: Education",
    28: "28: Science & Technology",
    29: "29: Nonprofits & Activism",
    30: "30: Movies",
    31: "31: Anime/Animation",
    32: "32: Action/Adventure",
    33: "33: Classics",
    34: "34: Comedy",
    35: "35: Documentary",
    36: "36: Drama",
    37: "37: Family",
    38: "38: Foreign",
    39: "39: Horror",
    40: "40: Sci-Fi/Fantasy",
```

```

41: "41: Thriller",
42: "42: Shorts",
43: "43: Shows",
44: "44: Trailers"
}

# Map 'category_id' to names in the 'category_counts' DataFrame
category_counts['category_name'] = category_counts['category_id'].map(category_names)

# Plot using seaborn
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
barplot = sns.barplot(data=category_counts, x='category_id', y='N', palette='vivid')

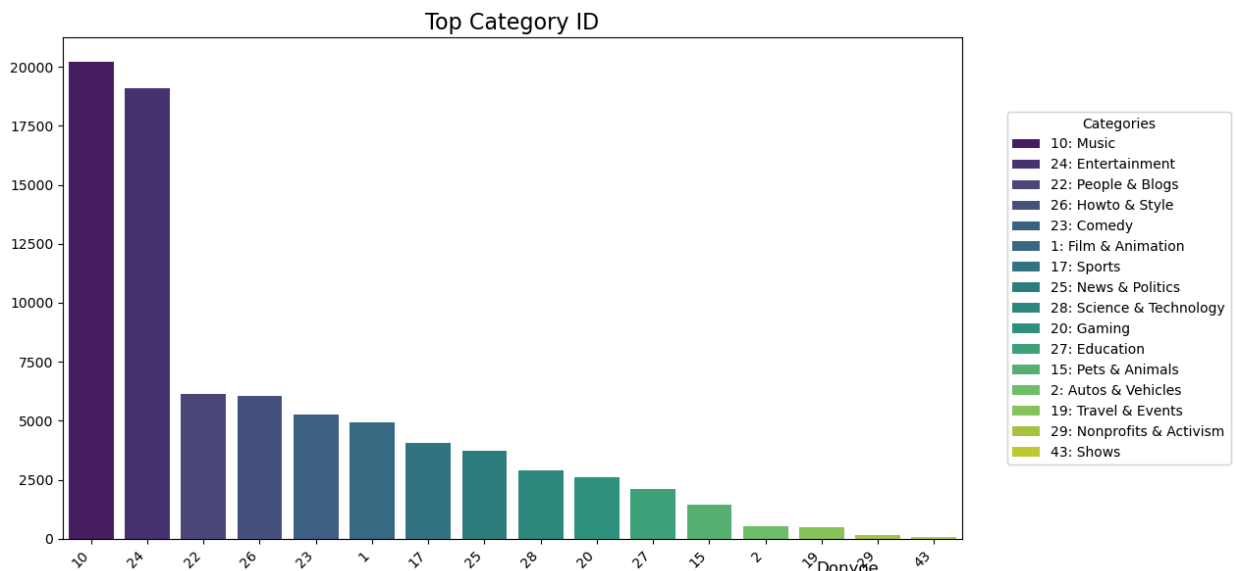
# Customize the plot to match your ggplot2 example
plt.title("Top Category ID", fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel(None)
plt.ylabel(None)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, ha='right')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.figtext(0.9, 0.02, "Donyoe", horizontalalignment='right', fontsize=12)

# Add a custom legend for category names on the side
handles = barplot.patches
legend_labels = [category_names[int(c)] for c in category_counts['category_id']]

# Position the legend on the right of the plot using 'bbox_to_anchor'
plt.legend(handles=handles[:len(legend_labels)], labels=legend_labels, title='Categories',
           bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 0.5), loc='center left', borderaxespad=0)

plt.show()

```



Data Transformation-Create Engagement Metrics

```

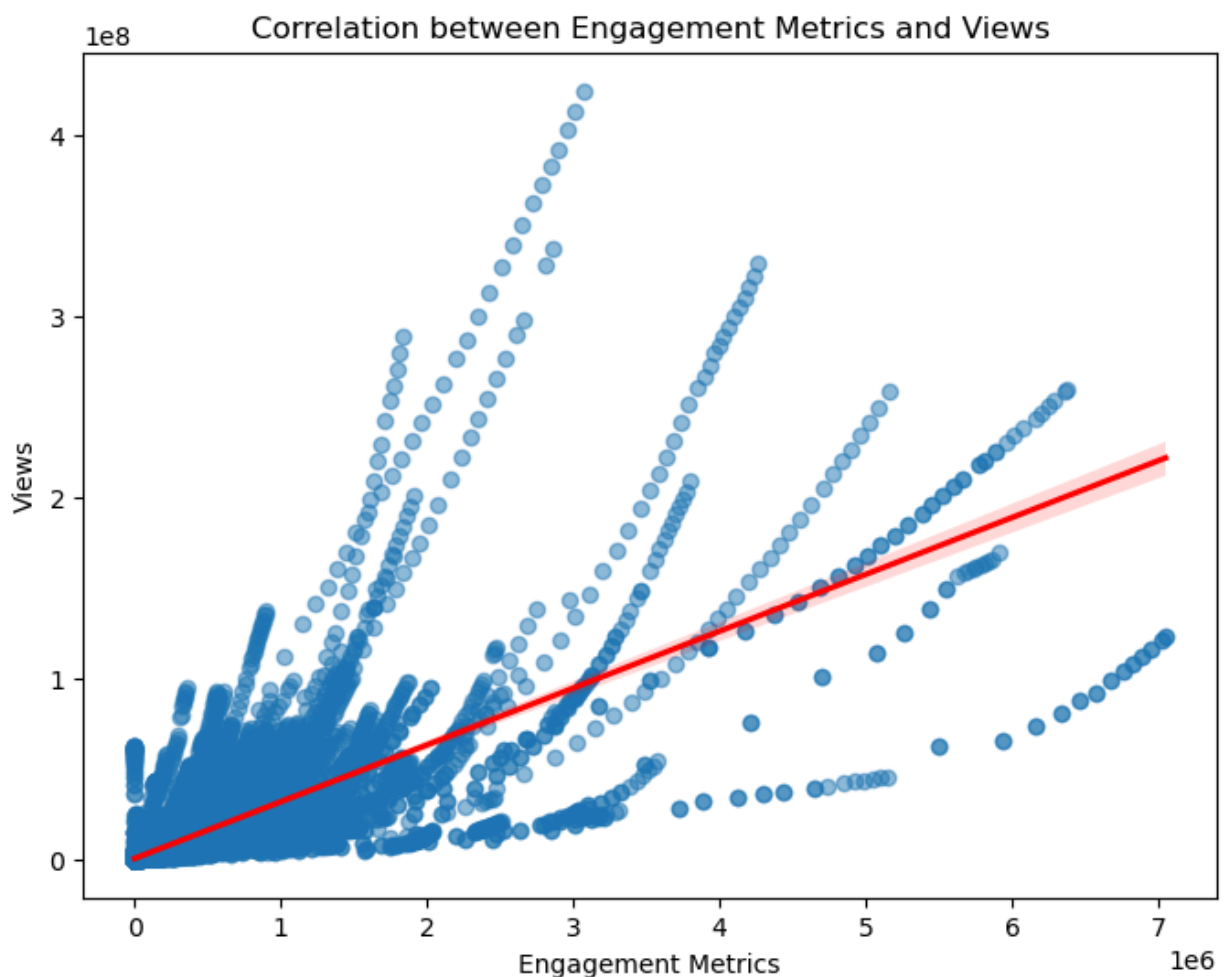
In [13]: # Create a new column
merged_df['Engagement Metrics'] = merged_df['likes'] + merged_df['dislikes'] +
# Display the DataFrame to check the new column
print(merged_df[['likes', 'dislikes', 'comment_count', 'Engagement Metrics']].I

```

	likes	dislikes	comment_count	Engagement Metrics
0	55681	10247	9479	75407
1	25561	2294	2757	30612
2	787420	43420	125882	956722
3	193	12	37	242
4	30	2	30	62

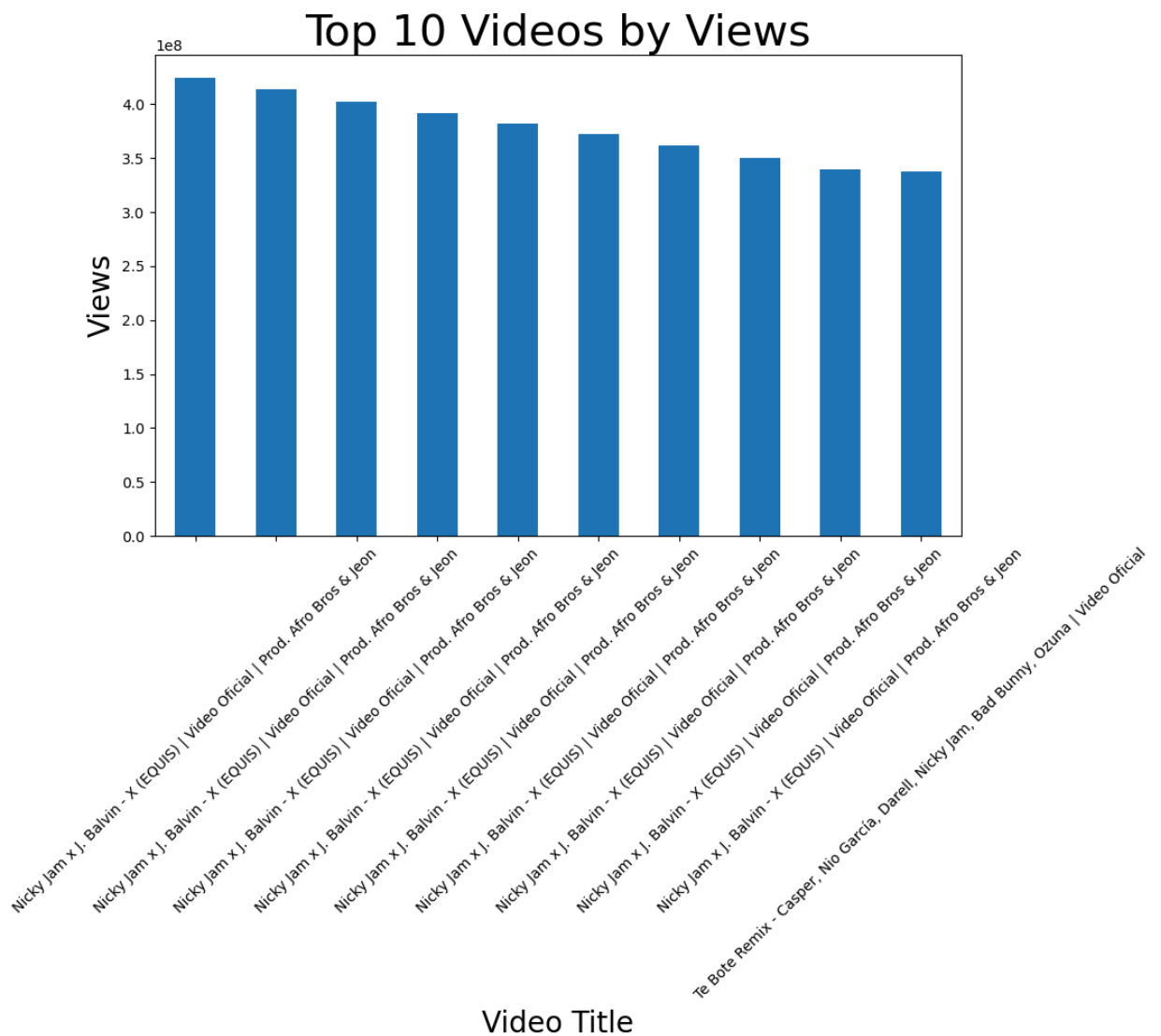
Visualization-Engagement Metrics

```
In [14]: # Create a scatter plot with a regression line
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.regplot(x='Engagement Metrics', y='views', data=merged_df, scatter_kws={'a
plt.title('Correlation between Engagement Metrics and Views')
plt.xlabel('Engagement Metrics')
plt.ylabel('Views')
plt.show()
```



```
In [15]: top_videos = merged_df.nlargest(10, 'views')[['title', 'views']]

top_videos.set_index('title')['views'].plot(kind='bar', figsize=(10, 6))
plt.xlabel('Video Title', fontsize=20)
plt.ylabel('Views', fontsize=20)
plt.title('Top 10 Videos by Views', fontsize=30)
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```



```
In [16]: # Engagement metrics for top 50 videos
top_50_videos = merged_df.nlargest(50, 'views')
print(top_50_videos[['title', 'Engagement Metrics', 'location']])
```

		title	Engagement Metrics
\			
28412	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	3067426
28212	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	3011515
28008	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2956724
27811	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2902891
27615	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2845332
27424	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2786627
27241	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2723032
27052	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2650114
26861	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2582218
34460	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2862074
25545	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4264625
34292	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2813339
26671	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2505131
25341	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4231351
25137	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4198350
26477	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2427694
24935	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4167420
24738	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4135956
24540	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4103146
26280	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2350490
33729	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2661680
24339	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4062651
33613	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2610210
24137	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	4026487
21162	Ozuna x Romeo Santos - El Farsante Remix		1836833
26079	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2269962
23938	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3996243
20957	Ozuna x Romeo Santos - El Farsante Remix		1815236
23728	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3966424
33441	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2538184
25883	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2192147
23528	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3930504
20752	Ozuna x Romeo Santos - El Farsante Remix		1792693
23324	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3894230
33270	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2474011
25688	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2107200
20551	Ozuna x Romeo Santos - El Farsante Remix		1768430
23122	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3849549
38401	Childish Gambino - This Is America (Official V...		6377774
38235	Childish Gambino - This Is America (Official V...		6356524
25936	Drake - God's Plan		5156827
33106	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2412367
38056	Childish Gambino - This Is America (Official V...		6286180
20353	Ozuna x Romeo Santos - El Farsante Remix		1741314
25482	Nicky Jam x J. Balvin - X (EQUIS)	Video Ofic...	2031387
22926	Bad Bunny - Amorfoda	Video Oficial	3791325
37879	Childish Gambino - This Is America (Official V...		6243463
25741	Drake - God's Plan		5089683
37705	Childish Gambino - This Is America (Official V...		6193738
32939	Te Bote Remix - Casper, Nio García, Darell, Ni...		2352426

	location
28412	Great Britain
28212	Great Britain
28008	Great Britain
27811	Great Britain
27615	Great Britain
27424	Great Britain

```

27241 Great Britain
27052 Great Britain
26861 Great Britain
34460 Great Britain
25545 Great Britain
34292 Great Britain
26671 Great Britain
25341 Great Britain
25137 Great Britain
26477 Great Britain
24935 Great Britain
24738 Great Britain
24540 Great Britain
26280 Great Britain
33729 Great Britain
24339 Great Britain
33613 Great Britain
24137 Great Britain
21162 Great Britain
26079 Great Britain
23938 Great Britain
20957 Great Britain
23728 Great Britain
33441 Great Britain
25883 Great Britain
23528 Great Britain
20752 Great Britain
23324 Great Britain
33270 Great Britain
25688 Great Britain
20551 Great Britain
23122 Great Britain
38401 Great Britain
38235 Great Britain
25936 Great Britain
33106 Great Britain
38056 Great Britain
20353 Great Britain
25482 Great Britain
22926 Great Britain
37879 Great Britain
25741 Great Britain
37705 Great Britain
32939 Great Britain

```

```

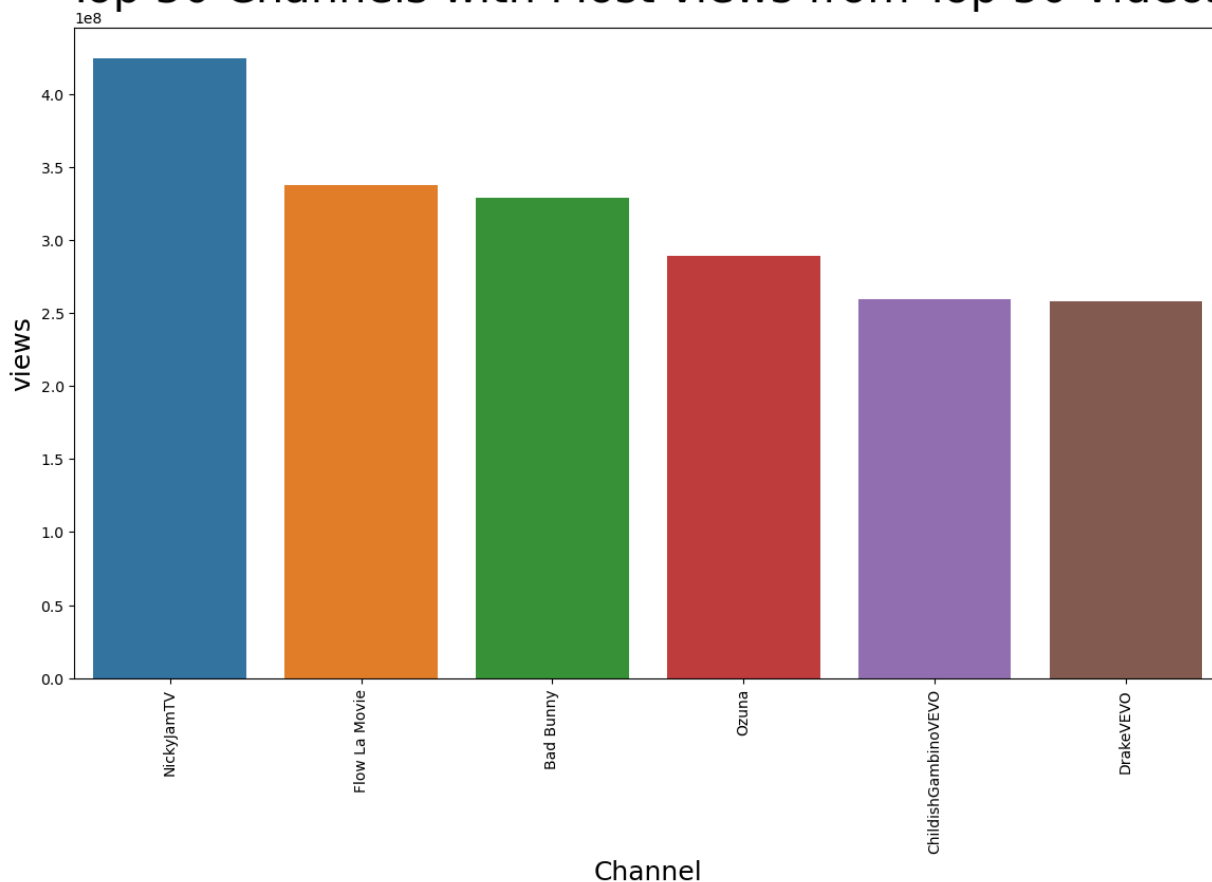
In [17]: import seaborn as snb
content = top_50_videos.groupby('channel_title')['views'].max()

# Sort values to get the top 50 channels with the most views
content = content.sort_values(ascending=False).head(50)
content = content.reset_index() # Convert index to column

# Plotting the results
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 8))
snb.barplot(x='channel_title', y='views', data=content)
plt.title('Top 50 Channels with Most views from Top 50 Videos', fontsize=30)
plt.ylabel('views', fontsize=18)
plt.xlabel('Channel', fontsize=18)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()

```

Top 50 Channels with Most views from Top 50 Videos



```
In [18]: channel_counts = merged_df.groupby('channel_title')['views'].sum().reset_index

# Sort values and select top 10 channels
top_10_channels = channel_counts.sort_values(by='views', ascending=False).head

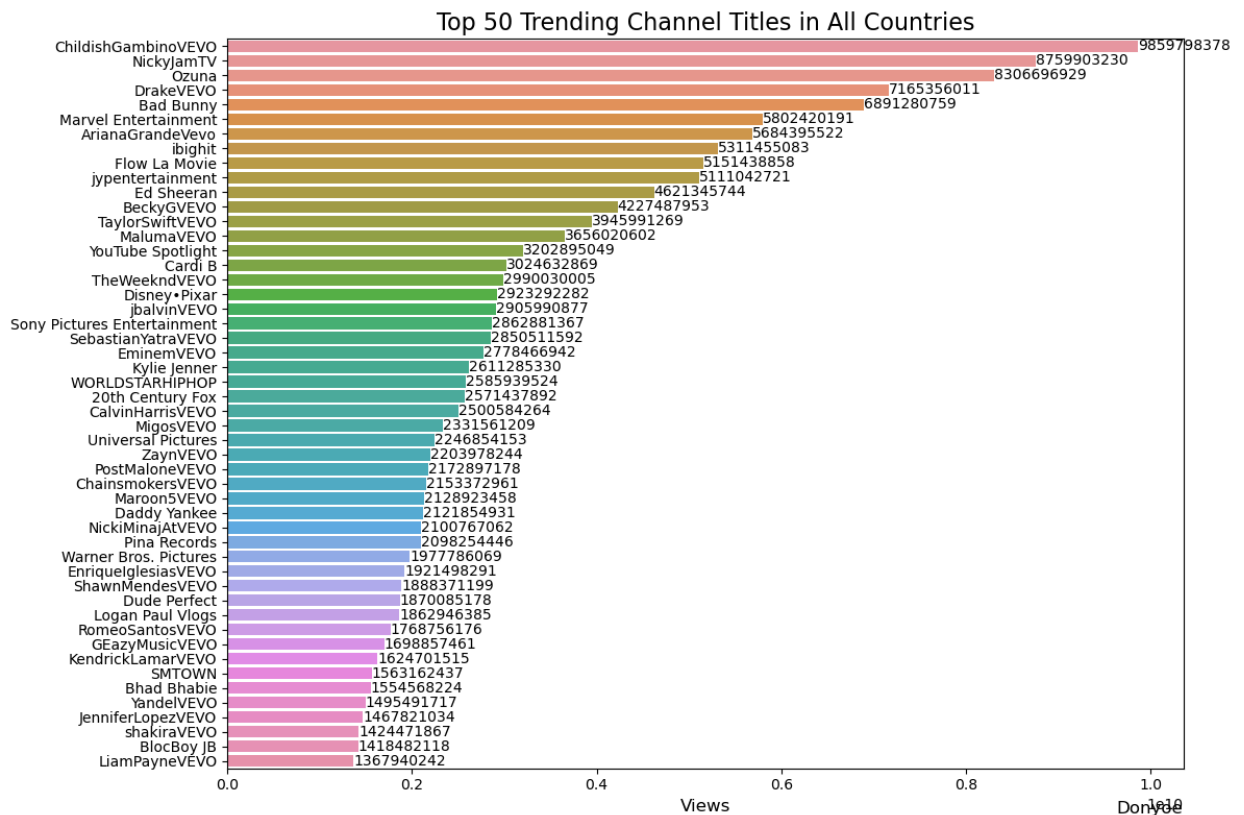
# Plot using seaborn
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
ax = sns.barplot(x='views', y='channel_title', data=top_10_channels, orient='h')

# Add labels
for index, value in enumerate(top_10_channels['views']):
    ax.text(value, index, str(value), va='center', ha='left', color='black')

# Customize the plot
plt.title('Top 50 Trending Channel Titles in All Countries', fontsize=16)
plt.xlabel('Views', fontsize=12)
plt.ylabel(None)
plt.xticks(rotation=0) # x-axis ticks don't need rotation in horizontal bar plot
plt.tight_layout()

# Add caption
plt.figtext(0.95, 0.02, "Donyoe", horizontalalignment='right', fontsize=12)

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



Normalize and Standardize Data

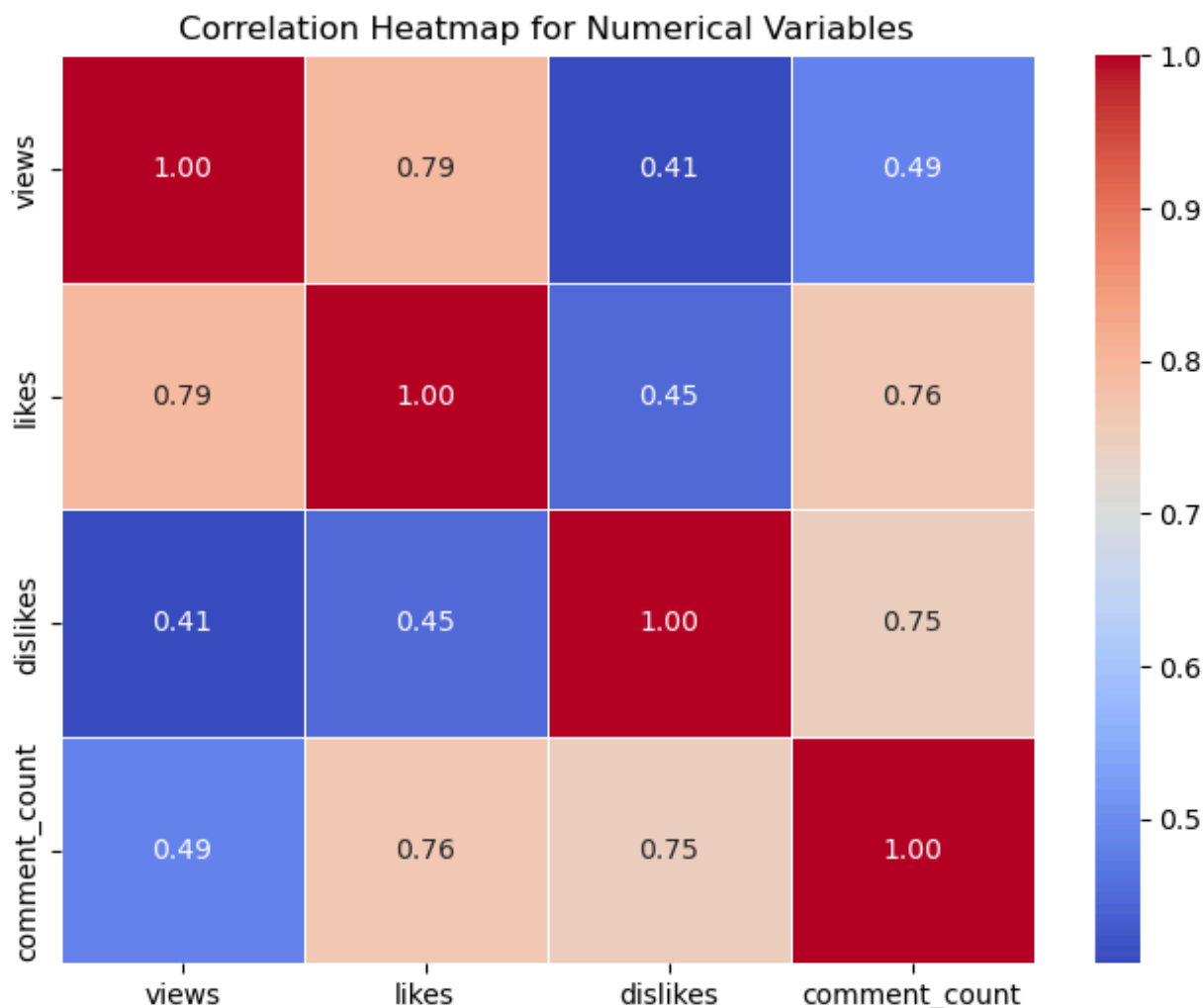
Correlation Metrics for Variables

```
In [19]: # add category_id to numerical columns
numerical_columns = ['views', 'likes', 'dislikes', 'comment_count', ]

# Compute the correlation matrix
correlation_matrix = merged_df[numerical_columns].corr()
# Display the correlation matrix
print(correlation_matrix)

# Plot the correlation matrix as a heatmap
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f', linewidths=0.5)
plt.title('Correlation Heatmap for Numerical Variables')
plt.show()
```

	views	likes	dislikes	comment_count
views	1.000000	0.791670	0.405290	0.485986
likes	0.791670	1.000000	0.448010	0.763192
dislikes	0.405290	0.448010	1.000000	0.745064
comment_count	0.485986	0.763192	0.745064	1.000000



Assign Score for Numerical Values

```
In [20]: import pandas as pd

# Assuming the correlation values are manually entered from the heatmap
correlation_values = {
    'likes': 0.784,          # Correlation of likes with views
    'dislikes': 0.416,      # Correlation of dislikes with views
    'comment_count': 0.502 # Correlation of comment_count with views
}

# Convert the correlation values to absolute values
abs_correlations = {key: abs(value) for key, value in correlation_values.items}

# Calculate the total sum of absolute correlations
total_correlation = sum(abs_correlations.values())

# Calculate weights by normalizing the absolute correlation values
weights = {key: value / total_correlation for key, value in abs_correlations.items}

# Convert the weights to a DataFrame for better visualization
weights_df = pd.DataFrame(list(weights.items()), columns=['Variable', 'Weight'])

# Display the weights
```

```
print("Calculated Weights of Independent Variables Relative to 'Views':")
print(weights_df)
```

Calculated Weights of Independent Variables Relative to 'Views':

	Variable	Weight
0	likes	0.460635
1	dislikes	0.244418
2	comment_count	0.294947

In [21]: `import pandas as pd`

```
weights = {
    'likes': 0.460435,
    'dislikes': 0.244418,
    'comment_count': 0.294947
}

merged_df['score'] = (
    weights['likes'] * merged_df['likes'] -
    weights['dislikes'] * merged_df['dislikes'] +
    weights['comment_count'] * merged_df['comment_count']
)

merged_df['rank'] = merged_df['score'].rank(ascending=False, method='min')

df_sorted = merged_df.sort_values(by='rank')

print(df_sorted)

#output_filename = 'ranked_videos_combined.csv'
#df_sorted.to_csv(output_filename, index=False)

#print("Listing of Every Video with Individual Scores and Ranks Across All Locations")
#print(df_sorted[['video_id', 'views', 'likes', 'dislikes', 'comment_count', 'score', 'rank']])
#print(f"\nThe ranking of all videos from all locations has been saved to '{output_filename}'")
```

	video_id	trending_date		title \
36638	7C2z4GqqS5E	2018-06-01	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MV
77189	7C2z4GqqS5E	2018-06-01	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MV
76988	7C2z4GqqS5E	2018-05-31	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MV
36468	7C2z4GqqS5E	2018-05-31	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MV
36288	7C2z4GqqS5E	2018-05-30	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MV
...
9146	LFhT6H6pRWg	2017-12-29	PSA from Chairman of the FCC	Ajit Pai
9354	LFhT6H6pRWg	2017-12-30	PSA from Chairman of the FCC	Ajit Pai
9575	LFhT6H6pRWg	2017-12-31	PSA from Chairman of the FCC	Ajit Pai
9777	LFhT6H6pRWg	2018-01-01	PSA from Chairman of the FCC	Ajit Pai
9985	LFhT6H6pRWg	2018-01-02	PSA from Chairman of the FCC	Ajit Pai

	channel_title	category_id	publish_time \
36638	ibighit	10	2018-05-18 09:00:02
77189	ibighit	10	2018-05-18 09:00:02
76988	ibighit	10	2018-05-18 09:00:02
36468	ibighit	10	2018-05-18 09:00:02
36288	ibighit	10	2018-05-18 09:00:02
...
9146	Daily Caller	22	2017-12-13 22:52:57
9354	Daily Caller	22	2017-12-13 22:52:57
9575	Daily Caller	22	2017-12-13 22:52:57
9777	Daily Caller	22	2017-12-13 22:52:57
9985	Daily Caller	22	2017-12-13 22:52:57

	tags	views	likes
36638	BIGHIT "빅히트" "방탄소년단" "BTS" "BANGTAN" "방탄" "FAK...	123010920	56138
77189	BIGHIT "빅히트" "방탄소년단" "BTS" "BANGTAN" "방탄" "FAK...	123010920	56138
76988	BIGHIT "빅히트" "방탄소년단" "BTS" "BANGTAN" "방탄" "FAK...	121219886	55952
36468	BIGHIT "빅히트" "방탄소년단" "BTS" "BANGTAN" "방탄" "FAK...	121219886	55952
36288	BIGHIT "빅히트" "방탄소년단" "BTS" "BANGTAN" "방탄" "FAK...	115664850	55305
...
9146	thcdc "dc" "washington dc" "washington" "the d...	1324657	10426
9354	thcdc "dc" "washington dc" "washington" "the d...	1331204	10463
9575	thcdc "dc" "washington dc" "washington" "the d...	1336646	10501
9777	thcdc "dc" "washington dc" "washington" "the d...	1342131	10538
9985	thcdc "dc" "washington dc" "washington" "the d...	1348067	10576

	dislikes	...	comments_disabled	ratings_disabled	\
36638	206892	...	False	False	
77189	206892	...	False	False	
76988	205565	...	False	False	
36468	205565	...	False	False	
36288	200995	...	False	False	
...	
9146	253677	...	False	False	
9354	254899	...	False	False	
9575	255956	...	False	False	
9777	256816	...	False	False	
9985	258504	...	False	False	

	video_error_or_removed	\
36638	False	

```

77189 False
76988 False
36468 False
36288 False
...
9146 False
9354 False
9575 False
9777 False
9985 False

```

		description	location \
36638	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MVDirector : ...	Great Britain
77189	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MVDirector : ...	USA
76988	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MVDirector : ...	USA
36468	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MVDirector : ...	Great Britain
36288	BTS (방탄소년단)	'FAKE LOVE' Official MVDirector : ...	Great Britain
...			
9146	Ajit Pai	has been at the heart of the net neut...	Great Britain
9354	Ajit Pai	has been at the heart of the net neut...	Great Britain
9575	Ajit Pai	has been at the heart of the net neut...	Great Britain
9777	Ajit Pai	has been at the heart of the net neut...	Great Britain
9985	Ajit Pai	has been at the heart of the net neut...	Great Britain

	trending_day_of_week	day_of_week	Engagement	Metrics	score \
36638	Friday	Friday	7049374	2.896622e+06	
77189	Friday	Friday	7049374	2.896622e+06	
76988	Thursday	Friday	7026094	2.887390e+06	
36468	Thursday	Friday	7026094	2.887390e+06	
36288	Wednesday	Friday	6944735	2.855162e+06	
...					
9146	Friday	Wednesday	297589	-4.732613e+04	
9354	Saturday	Wednesday	299013	-4.755911e+04	
9575	Sunday	Wednesday	300273	-4.775130e+04	
9777	Monday	Wednesday	301035	-4.798428e+04	
9985	Tuesday	Wednesday	302889	-4.834161e+04	

	rank
36638	1.0
77189	1.0
76988	3.0
36468	3.0
36288	5.0
...	
9146	79861.0
9354	79862.0
9575	79863.0
9777	79864.0
9985	79865.0

[79865 rows x 22 columns]

EDA for Score for Top 50 Channels

```

In [22]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Assuming your DataFrame is named 'train'

```

```

weights = {
    'likes': 0.460435,
    'dislikes': 0.244418,
    'comment_count': 0.294947
}

# Calculate score and rank
merged_df['score'] = (
    weights['likes'] * merged_df['likes'] -
    weights['dislikes'] * merged_df['dislikes'] +
    weights['comment_count'] * merged_df['comment_count']
)

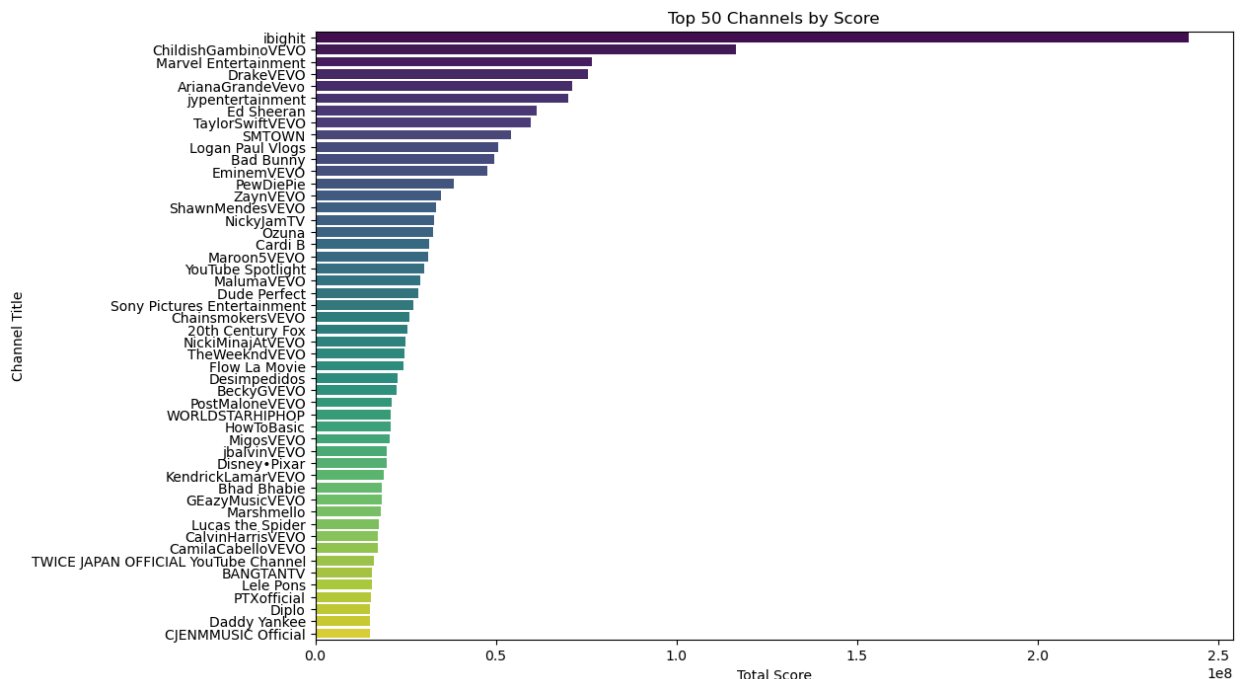
merged_df['rank'] = merged_df['score'].rank(ascending=False, method='min')

# Group by channel_title and sum the scores
channel_scores = merged_df.groupby('channel_title')['score'].sum().reset_index

# Sort by total score and get top 50 channels
top_channels = channel_scores.sort_values(by='score', ascending=False).head(50)

# Create a bar plot for the top 50 channels
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
sns.barplot(x='score', y='channel_title', data=top_channels, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Top 50 Channels by Score')
plt.xlabel('Total Score')
plt.ylabel('Channel Title')
plt.show()

```



Create Word Cloud

Video Titles

```

In [23]: from wordcloud import WordCloud
         from palettable.colorbrewer.qualitative import Dark2_6

```

[illegible]

```
all_channel_titles = " ".join(merged_df['channel_title'].astype(str))

# Set up the color palette (equivalent to R's "Dark2")
cmap = Dark2_6.mpl_colormap

# Create a WordCloud object
wordcloud = WordCloud(
```

[illegible]

```
In [25]: # Creating Word Cloud-tags
all_tags = " ".join(merged_df['tags'].astype(str))

# Set up the color palette (equivalent to R's "Dark2")
cmap = Dark2_6.mpl_colormap

# Create a WordCloud object
wordcloud = WordCloud(
    background_color="white",
    max_words=200,
    colormap=cmap,
    width=800,
    height=400,
    random_state=42
)

# Generate the word cloud from the titles
```



```
wordcloud.generate(all_tags)

# Plot the word cloud
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation="bilinear")
plt.axis("off") # Turn off the axis
plt.title('Word Cloud of Tags', fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```



Video Descriptions

```
In [26]: all_description = " ".join(merged_df['description'].astype(str))

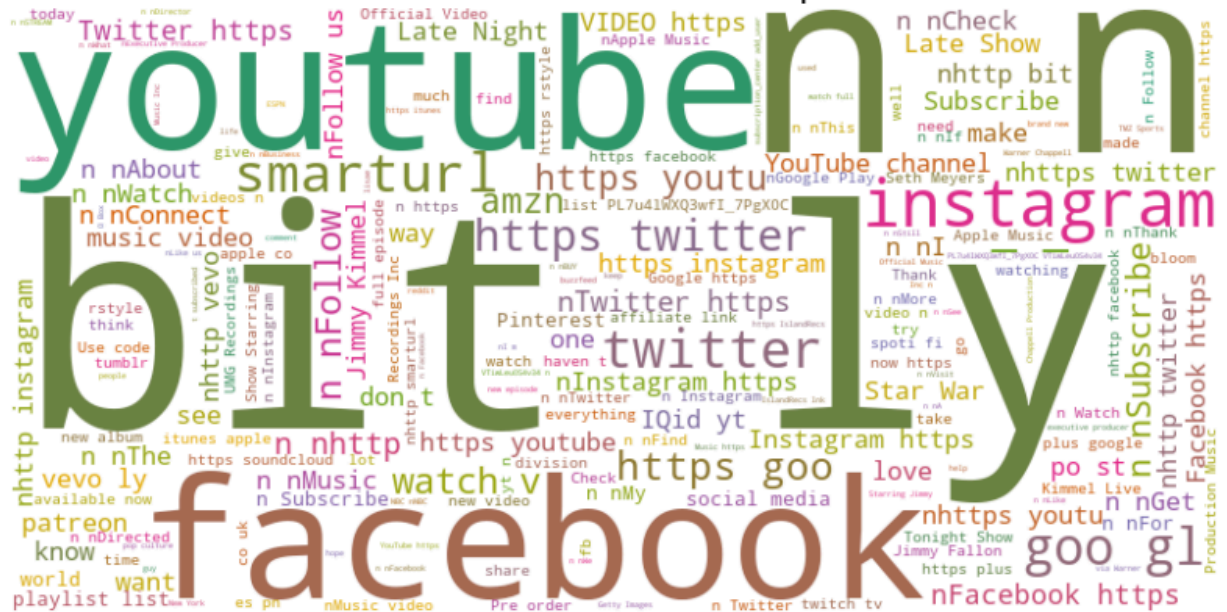
# Set up the color palette (equivalent to R's "Dark2")
cmap = Dark2_6.mpl_colormap

# Create a WordCloud object
wordcloud = WordCloud(
    background_color="white",
    max_words=200,
    colormap=cmap,
    width=800,
    height=400,
    random_state=42
)

# Generate the word cloud from the titles
wordcloud.generate(all_description)

# Plot the word cloud
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation="bilinear")
plt.axis("off") # Turn off the axis
plt.title('Word Cloud of Video Descriptions', fontsize=16)
plt.show()
```


Word Cloud of Video Descriptions



Drop Unnecessary Columns

```
In [27]: #drop columns needed
merged_df.drop(columns=['thumbnail_link', 'video_id', 'comments_disabled', 'ratio'])
print(merged_df.head())
```

	trending_date		title	\
0	2017-11-14	John Lewis Christmas Ad 2017 - #MozTheMonster		
1	2017-11-14	Taylor Swift: ...Ready for It? (Live) - SNL		
2	2017-11-14	Eminem - Walk On Water (Audio) ft. Beyoncé		
3	2017-11-14	Goals from Salford City vs Class of 92 and Fri...		
4	2017-11-14	Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ...		

	channel_title	category_id	publish_time	\
0	John Lewis	26	2017-11-10 07:38:29	
1	Saturday Night Live	24	2017-11-12 06:24:44	
2	EminemVEVO	10	2017-11-10 17:00:03	
3	Salford City Football Club	17	2017-11-13 02:30:38	
4	Cute Girl Videos	25	2017-11-13 01:45:13	

	tags	views	likes	\
0	christmas "john lewis christmas" "john lewis" ...	7224515	55681	
1	SNL "Saturday Night Live" "SNL Season 43" "Epi...	1053632	25561	
2	Eminem "Walk" "On" "Water" "Aftermath/Shady/In...	17158579	787420	
3	Salford City FC "Salford City" "Salford" "Clas...	27833	193	
4	[none]	9815	30	

	dislikes	comment_count	description
0	10247	9479	Click here to continue the story and make your...
1	2294	2757	Musical guest Taylor Swift performs ...Ready for...
2	43420	125882	Eminem's new track Walk on Water ft. Beyoncé i...
3	12	37	Salford drew 4-4 against the Class of 92 and F...
4	2	30	Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ...

	location	trending_day_of_week	day_of_week	Engagement Metrics	\
0	Great Britain	Tuesday	Friday	75407	
1	Great Britain	Tuesday	Sunday	30612	
2	Great Britain	Tuesday	Friday	956722	
3	Great Britain	Tuesday	Monday	242	
4	Great Britain	Tuesday	Monday	62	

	score	rank
0	25928.732602	24933.0
1	12021.653022	36735.0
2	389071.616394	1782.0
3	96.843978	77301.0
4	22.172624	78623.0

Text Preprocessing

```
In [28]: import nltk
nltk.download('stopwords')
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import re

# Get the list of default English stopwords
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))

# Function to remove stopwords and clean text
def clean_text(text):
    # Lowercase the text
    text = text.lower()
```

```
# Remove non-alphabetical characters (retain only letters and spaces)
text = re.sub(r'^a-z\s', '', text)

# Split text into words
words = text.split()

# Remove stopwords
remove_stopwords = [word for word in words if word not in stop_words]

# Join the cleaned words back into a string
new_text = ' '.join(remove_stopwords)

return new_text
data = {'title', 'description', 'text'}

# Apply the clean_text function to the 'title' column in merged_df1
merged_df['new_text'] = merged_df['title'].apply(clean_text)

# Display the cleaned DataFrame
print(merged_df)
```

```
[nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to
[nltk_data] /Users/yuhanzhao/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
```

	trending_date	title \
0	2017-11-14	John Lewis Christmas Ad 2017 - #MozTheMonster
1	2017-11-14	Taylor Swift: ...Ready for It? (Live) - SNL
2	2017-11-14	Eminem - Walk On Water (Audio) ft. Beyoncé
3	2017-11-14	Goals from Salford City vs Class of 92 and Fri...
4	2017-11-14	Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ...
...
79860	2018-06-14	The Cat Who Caught the Laser
79861	2018-06-14	True Facts : Ant Mutualism
79862	2018-06-14	I GAVE SAFIYA NYGAARD A PERFECT HAIR MAKEOVER ...
79863	2018-06-14	How Black Panther Should Have Ended
79864	2018-06-14	Official Call of Duty®: Black Ops 4 - Multipla...

	channel_title	category_id	publish_time \
0	John Lewis	26	2017-11-10 07:38:29
1	Saturday Night Live	24	2017-11-12 06:24:44
2	EminemVEVO	10	2017-11-10 17:00:03
3	Salford City Football Club	17	2017-11-13 02:30:38
4	Cute Girl Videos	25	2017-11-13 01:45:13
...
79860	AaronsAnimals	15	2018-05-18 13:00:04
79861	zefrank1	22	2018-05-18 01:00:06
79862	Brad Mondo	24	2018-05-18 17:34:22
79863	How It Should Have Ended	1	2018-05-17 17:00:04
79864	Call of Duty	20	2018-05-17 17:09:38

	tags	views	likes \
0	christmas "john lewis christmas" "john lewis" ...	7224515	55681
1	SNL "Saturday Night Live" "SNL Season 43" "Epi...	1053632	25561
2	Eminem "Walk" "On" "Water" "Aftermath/Shady/In...	17158579	787420
3	Salford City FC "Salford City" "Salford" "Clas...	27833	193
4	[none]	9815	30
...
79860	aarons animals "aarons" "animals" "cat" "cats"...	1685609	38160
79861	[none]	1064798	60008
79862	I gave safiya nygaard a perfect hair makeover ...	1066451	48068
79863	Black Panther "HISHE" "Marvel" "Infinity War" ...	5660813	192957
79864	call of duty "cod" "activision" "Black Ops 4"	10306119	357079

	dislikes	comment_count \
0	10247	9479
1	2294	2757
2	43420	125882
3	12	37
4	2	30
...
79860	1385	2657
79861	382	3936
79862	1032	3992
79863	2846	13088
79864	212976	144795

	description	location \
0	Click here to continue the story and make your...	Great Britain
1	Musical guest Taylor Swift performs ...Ready for...	Great Britain
2	Eminem's new track Walk on Water ft. Beyoncé i...	Great Britain
3	Salford drew 4-4 against the Class of 92 and F...	Great Britain
4	Dashcam captures truck's near miss with child ...	Great Britain
...
79860	The Cat Who Caught the Laser - Aaron's Animals	USA

79861		NaN	USA
79862	I had so much fun transforming Safiyas hair in...		USA
79863	How Black Panther Should Have EndedWatch More ...		USA
79864	Call of Duty: Black Ops 4 Multiplayer raises t...		USA

	trending_day_of_week	day_of_week	Engagement Metrics	score	\
0	Tuesday	Friday	75407	25928.732602	
1	Tuesday	Sunday	30612	12021.653022	
2	Tuesday	Friday	956722	389071.616394	
3	Tuesday	Monday	242	96.843978	
4	Tuesday	Monday	62	22.172624	
...	
79860	Thursday	Friday	42202	18015.354849	
79861	Thursday	Friday	64326	28697.327196	
79862	Thursday	Friday	53092	23057.378628	
79863	Thursday	Thursday	208891	92008.809003	
79864	Thursday	Thursday	714850	155063.352262	

	rank	new_text
0	24933.0	john lewis christmas ad mozthemonster
1	36735.0	taylor swift ready live snl
2	1782.0	eminem walk water audio ft beyonc
3	77301.0	goals salford city vs class friends peninsula ...
4	78623.0	dashcam captures trucks near miss child norway
...
79860	30213.0	cat caught laser
79861	23409.0	true facts ant mutualism
79862	26601.0	gave safiya nygaard perfect hair makeover base...
79863	9923.0	black panther ended
79864	5863.0	official call duty black ops multiplayer revea...

[79865 rows x 18 columns]

```
In [29]: # Check the data types of each column
print(merged_df.dtypes)
```

```
trending_date      datetime64[ns]
title              object
channel_title      object
category_id        int64
publish_time       datetime64[ns]
tags               object
views              int64
likes              int64
dislikes           int64
comment_count      int64
description         object
location           object
trending_day_of_week object
day_of_week        object
Engagement Metrics int64
score              float64
rank               float64
new_text           object
dtype: object
```

Split the Dataset into Train and Test by 80/20

```
In [30]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X = merged_df.drop(columns=['views']) # Drop 'views' from features to get X
y = merged_df['views']
# Assuming you have a dataset with features X and target y
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X,y, test_size=0.2, random

train = pd.DataFrame(X_train)
train['views'] = y_train.values

test = pd.DataFrame(X_test)
test['views'] = y_test.values
```

Feature Engineering

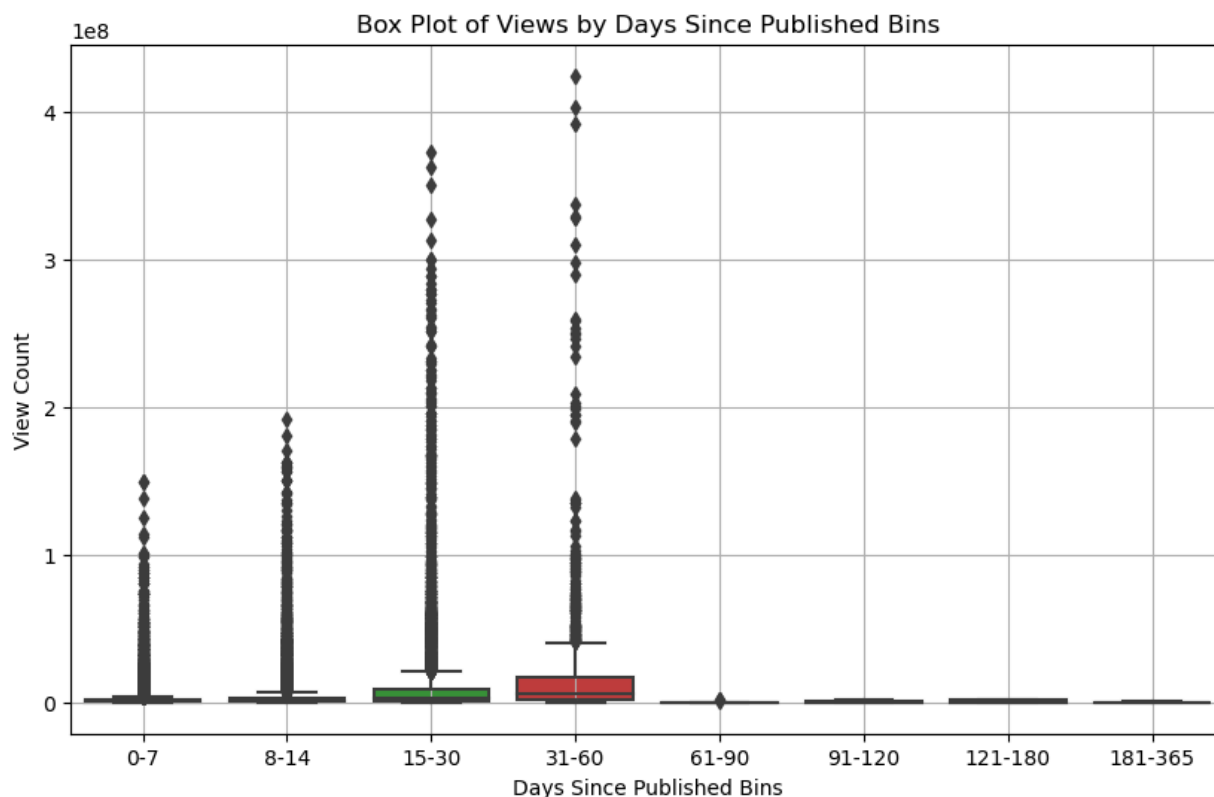
Days Since Published

```
In [31]: #convert the type of publish time
train['publish_time'] = pd.to_datetime(train['publish_time'])
train['trending_date'] = pd.to_datetime(train['trending_date'], format='%Y-%m-%d')

# Creating a new feature 'days_since_published'
train['days_since_published'] = (train['trending_date'] - train['publish_time']).dt.days

# Creating bins for days since published
bins = [0, 7, 14, 30, 60, 90, 120, 180, 365] # Example bins
labels = ['0-7', '8-14', '15-30', '31-60', '61-90', '91-120', '121-180', '181-365']
train['days_bins'] = pd.cut(train['days_since_published'], bins=bins, labels=labels)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.boxplot(data=train, x='days_bins', y='views')
plt.title('Box Plot of Views by Days Since Published Bins')
plt.xlabel('Days Since Published Bins')
plt.ylabel('View Count')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



Sentimental Analysis

In [32]: `!pip install textblob`

Sentiment Polarity Distribution

```
In [33]: from textblob import TextBlob
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Calculate sentiment polarity for description and title
def get_sentiment(text):
    return TextBlob(text).sentiment.polarity

# Apply sentiment analysis
train['description_sentiment'] = train['description'].fillna('').apply(get_sentiment)
train['title_sentiment'] = train['title'].fillna('').apply(get_sentiment)

# Calculate average sentiment scores
avg_description_sentiment = train['description_sentiment'].mean()
avg_title_sentiment = train['title_sentiment'].mean()

print("Average Description Sentiment Score:", avg_description_sentiment)
print("Average Title Sentiment Score:", avg_title_sentiment)

# Plotting the sentiment distributions
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

# Description Sentiment Histogram
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.hist(train['description_sentiment'], bins=30, alpha=0.7, edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Description Sentiment Polarity Distribution')
```

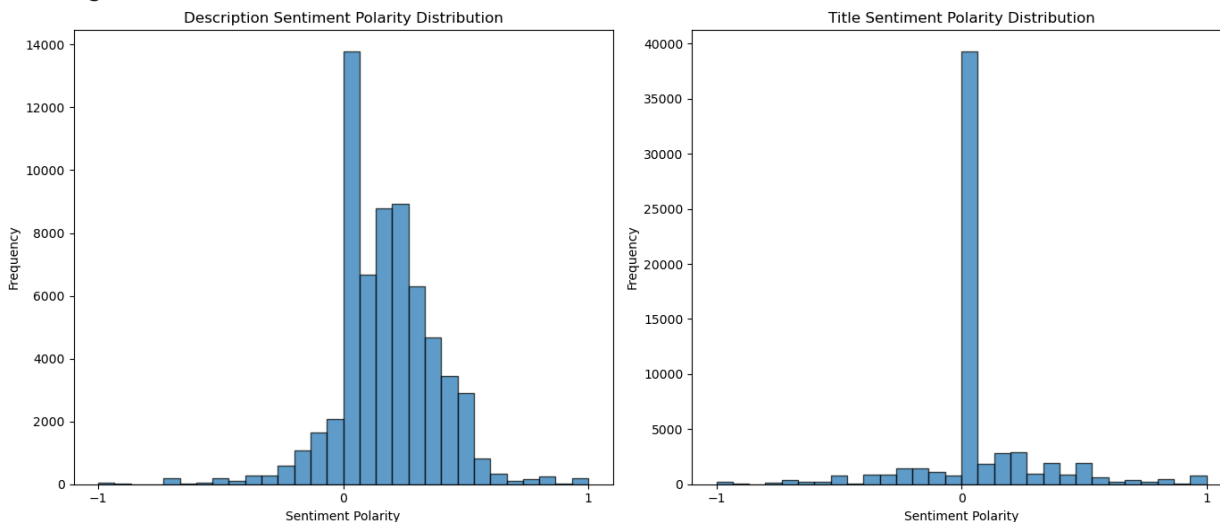
```
plt.xlabel('Sentiment Polarity')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xticks([-1, 0, 1])

# Title Sentiment Histogram
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.hist(train['title_sentiment'], bins=30, alpha=0.7, edgecolor='black')
plt.title('Title Sentiment Polarity Distribution')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment Polarity')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xticks([-1, 0, 1])

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Average Description Sentiment Score: 0.1716764242965884

Average Title Sentiment Score: 0.0477964529239135



Visualize the Sentiment Distribution Category

```
In [34]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Define sentiment categories
def categorize_sentiment(polarity):
    if polarity > 0:
        return 'Positive'
    elif polarity < 0:
        return 'Negative'
    else:
        return 'Neutral'

# Apply categorization to sentiment columns
train['description_sentiment_category'] = train['description_sentiment'].apply(categorize_sentiment)
train['title_sentiment_category'] = train['title_sentiment'].apply(categorize_sentiment)

# Plot sentiment category distribution for descriptions and titles
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 6))

# Custom order for categories
category_order = ['Negative', 'Neutral', 'Positive']

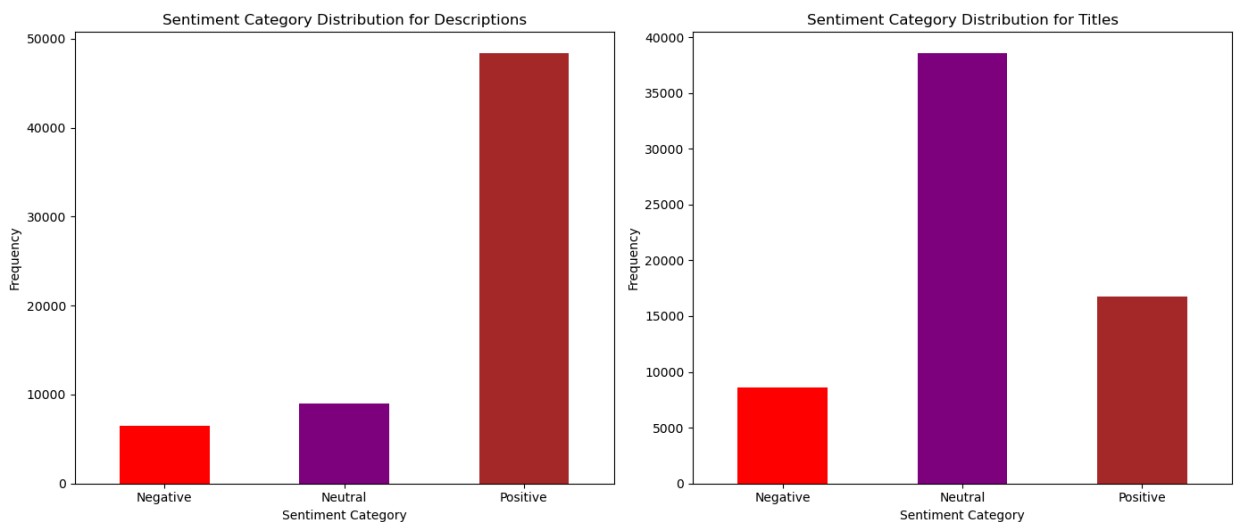
# Plot description sentiment distribution
```



```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
description_sentiment_counts = train['description_sentiment_category'].value_counts()
description_sentiment_counts.plot(kind='bar', color=['red', 'purple', 'brown'])
plt.title('Sentiment Category Distribution for Descriptions')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment Category')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)

# Plot title sentiment distribution
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
title_sentiment_counts = train['title_sentiment_category'].value_counts().reindex(['Negative', 'Neutral', 'Positive'])
title_sentiment_counts.plot(kind='bar', color=['red', 'purple', 'brown'])
plt.title('Sentiment Category Distribution for Titles')
plt.xlabel('Sentiment Category')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Create TF-IDF Feature

description Column

```
In [35]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
import numpy as np

# Ensure the 'description' column exists in the DataFrame
if 'description' in train.columns:
    # Assuming 'description' column contains the text data
    text_data = train['description'].fillna('') # Handle missing values

    # Check if text_data is iterable, not a single string
    if isinstance(text_data, pd.Series):
        # Initialize the TF-IDF Vectorizer
        tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=100, stop_words='english')

        # Fit and transform the text data to generate the TF-IDF matrix
        tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(text_data)
```

```
# Convert the sparse matrix into a DataFrame for easier manipulation
tfidf_df = pd.DataFrame(tfidf_matrix.toarray(), columns=tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())

# Function to get top N features per row based on TF-IDF score
def get_top_tfidf_features(row, features, top_n=5):
    top_indices = np.argsort(row)[::-1][:top_n] # Get the indices of the top N features
    top_features = [(features[i], row[i]) for i in top_indices] # Get the top N features and their scores
    return top_features

# Apply the function to each row in the TF-IDF matrix
top_tfidf_features = [get_top_tfidf_features(row, tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out(), top_n=5)
                      for row in tfidf_matrix.toarray()]

# Add the top TF-IDF features as a new column in the original DataFrame
train['top_tfidf_features'] = top_tfidf_features

# Display the entire first 5 rows of the DataFrame including the top TF-IDF features
print(train.head(5))

else:
    print("The 'description' column should be a pandas Series.")
else:
    print("The DataFrame does not contain a 'description' column.")
```

	trending_date		title \
23604	2018-03-14		Marshmello & Anne-Marie: Friends
25630	2018-03-24	Kirby Star Allies'	Surprising HD Rumble Secret...
68698	2018-04-20	Stephen A.: Kevin Hart	'got his feelings hurt'...
39559	2017-11-17		How to be an Aquarius
62877	2018-03-16	Charlie Puth - Done For Me (feat. Kehlani)	[Of...

	channel_title	category_id \
23604	The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon	23
25630	GameXplain	20
68698	ESPN	17
39559	Sailor J	24
62877	Charlie Puth	10

	publish_time	tags
23604	2018-03-07 14:00:03	The Tonight Show Jimmy Fallon Marshmello ...
25630	2018-03-16 04:00:01	Kirby Kirby Star Allies Dedede Meta Knigh...
68698	2018-04-17 14:55:31	espn dwyan wade dwyan wade d wade 76e...
39559	2017-11-15 13:29:28	Zodiac makeup comedy aquarius
62877	2018-03-15 16:02:17	Charlie Puth charlie puth Charlie Puth - ...

	likes	dislikes	comment_count \
23604	45011	1156	2365
25630	2716	52	450
68698	6829	537	1445
39559	5172	453	976
62877	84227	739	8663

	description	rank \
23604	Music guest Marshmello & Anne-Marie performs F...	27872.0
25630	Kirby Star Allies does something pretty fun wi...	67076.0
68698	First Take's Stephen A. Smith says Kevin Hart ...	57168.0
39559	Ya'll asked lol. What sign should I do next? D...	60832.0
62877	Download & Stream Done For Me (feat. Kehlani):...	18947.0

	new_text	views \
23604	marshmello annemarie friends	1443792
25630	kirby star allies surprising hd rumble secret ...	106398
68698	stephen kevin hart got feelings hurt dwyan wa...	976783
39559	aquarius	88644
62877	charlie puth done feat kehlani official audio	722009

	days_since_published	days_bins	description_sentiment	title_sentiment
23604	6	0-7	0.232292	0.000000
25630	7	0-7	0.137500	0.141667
68698	2	0-7	0.168333	0.250000
39559	1	0-7	0.400000	0.000000
62877	0	NaN	0.400000	0.000000

	description_sentiment_category	title_sentiment_category \
23604	Positive	Neutral
25630	Positive	Positive
68698	Positive	Positive
39559	Positive	Neutral
62877	Positive	Neutral

	top_tfidf_features
23604	[(jimmy, 0.6973441834478303), (nbc, 0.47929685...

```

25630 [(patreon, 0.5185912254067347), (com, 0.407894...
68698 [(http, 0.6127313163416526), (youtube, 0.33885...
39559 [(ll, 0.5094338648331312), (don, 0.47521836732...
62877 [(nhhttp, 0.4915874738421169), (com, 0.44499439...

```

[5 rows x 25 columns]

tags Column

```

In [36]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
import numpy as np

# Ensure the 'description' column exists in the DataFrame
if 'tags' in train.columns:
    # Assuming 'description' column contains the text data
    text_data = train['tags'].fillna('') # Handle missing values

    # Check if text_data is iterable, not a single string
    if isinstance(text_data, pd.Series):
        # Initialize the TF-IDF Vectorizer
        tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_features=100, stop_words='english')

        # Fit and transform the text data to generate the TF-IDF matrix
        tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(text_data)

        # Convert the sparse matrix into a DataFrame for easier manipulation
        tfidf_df = pd.DataFrame(tfidf_matrix.toarray(), columns=tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())

        # Function to get top N features per row based on TF-IDF score
        def get_top_tfidf_features(row, features, top_n=5):
            top_indices = np.argsort(row)[-1:-top_n:-1] # Get the indices of top features
            top_features = [(features[i], row[i]) for i in top_indices] # Get top features and their scores
            return top_features

        # Apply the function to each row in the TF-IDF matrix
        top_tfidf_features = [get_top_tfidf_features(row, tfidf_vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
                               for row in tfidf_matrix.toarray()]

        # Add the top TF-IDF features as a new column in the original DataFrame
        train['top_tfidf_features'] = top_tfidf_features

        # Display the entire first 5 rows of the DataFrame including the top TF-IDF features
        print(train.head(5))
    else:
        print("The 'description' column should be a pandas Series.")
else:
    print("The DataFrame does not contain a 'description' column.")

```

	trending_date		title \
23604	2018-03-14		Marshmello & Anne-Marie: Friends
25630	2018-03-24	Kirby Star Allies'	Surprising HD Rumble Secret...
68698	2018-04-20	Stephen A.: Kevin Hart	'got his feelings hurt'...
39559	2017-11-17		How to be an Aquarius
62877	2018-03-16	Charlie Puth - Done For Me (feat. Kehlani)	[Of...

	channel_title	category_id \
23604	The Tonight Show Starring Jimmy Fallon	23
25630	GameXplain	20
68698	ESPN	17
39559	Sailor J	24
62877	Charlie Puth	10

	publish_time	tags
23604	2018-03-07 14:00:03	The Tonight Show "Jimmy Fallon" "Marshmello" "...
25630	2018-03-16 04:00:01	Kirby "Kirby Star Allies" "Dedede" "Meta Knigh...
68698	2018-04-17 14:55:31	espn "dwylene wade" "dwylene wade" "d wade" "76e...
39559	2017-11-15 13:29:28	Zodiac "makeup" "comedy" "aquarius"
62877	2018-03-15 16:02:17	Charlie "Puth" "charlie puth" "Charlie Puth - ...

	likes	dislikes	comment_count \
23604	45011	1156	2365
25630	2716	52	450
68698	6829	537	1445
39559	5172	453	976
62877	84227	739	8663

	description	... rank \
23604	Music guest Marshmello & Anne-Marie performs F...	... 27872.0
25630	Kirby Star Allies does something pretty fun wi...	... 67076.0
68698	First Take's Stephen A. Smith says Kevin Hart 57168.0
39559	Ya'll asked lol. What sign should I do next? D...	... 60832.0
62877	Download & Stream Done For Me (feat. Kehlani):...	... 18947.0

	new_text	views \
23604	marshmello annemarie friends	1443792
25630	kirby star allies surprising hd rumble secret ...	106398
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	days_since_published	days_bins	description_sentiment	title_sentiment
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25630	7	0-7	0.137500	0.141667
68698	2	0-7	0.168333	0.250000
39559	1	0-7	0.400000	0.000000
62877	0	NaN	0.400000	0.000000

	description_sentiment_category	title_sentiment_category \
23604	Positive	Neutral
25630	Positive	Positive
68698	Positive	Positive
39559	Positive	Neutral
62877	Positive	Neutral

	top_tfidf_features
23604	[(nbc, 0.5956553280243344), (funny, 0.39716641...

```

25630 [(game, 0.7740105820359334), (review, 0.371423...
68698 [(smith, 0.7615203128745558), (game, 0.4952950...
39559 [(makeup, 0.7864204819004292), (comedy, 0.6176...
62877 [(charlie, 0.988515653214018), (official, 0.11...

```

```
[5 rows x 25 columns]
```

Dimension Reduction-PCA

```

In [37]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         from sklearn.decomposition import PCA

non_numeric_cols = ['publish_time', 'title', 'channel_title', 'tags', 'description']
X_train_model = train.drop(columns=non_numeric_cols + ['views']).select_dtypes(include=[np.number])
X_test_model = test.drop(columns=non_numeric_cols + ['views']).select_dtypes(include=[np.number])

X_test_model = X_test_model.reindex(columns=X_train_model.columns, fill_value=0)

scaler = StandardScaler()
X_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X_train_model)
X_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X_test_model)

print("Missing values in X_train_model:\n", X_train_model.isna().sum())
print("Missing values in X_test_model:\n", X_test_model.isna().sum())

Missing values in X_train_model:
  category_id      0
  likes          0
  dislikes       0
  comment_count  0
  Engagement Metrics  0
  score          0
  rank           0
  days_since_published  0
  description_sentiment  0
  title_sentiment  0
  dtype: int64
Missing values in X_test_model:
  category_id      0
  likes          0
  dislikes       0
  comment_count  0
  Engagement Metrics  0
  score          0
  rank           0
  days_since_published  0
  description_sentiment  0
  title_sentiment  0
  dtype: int64

```

```

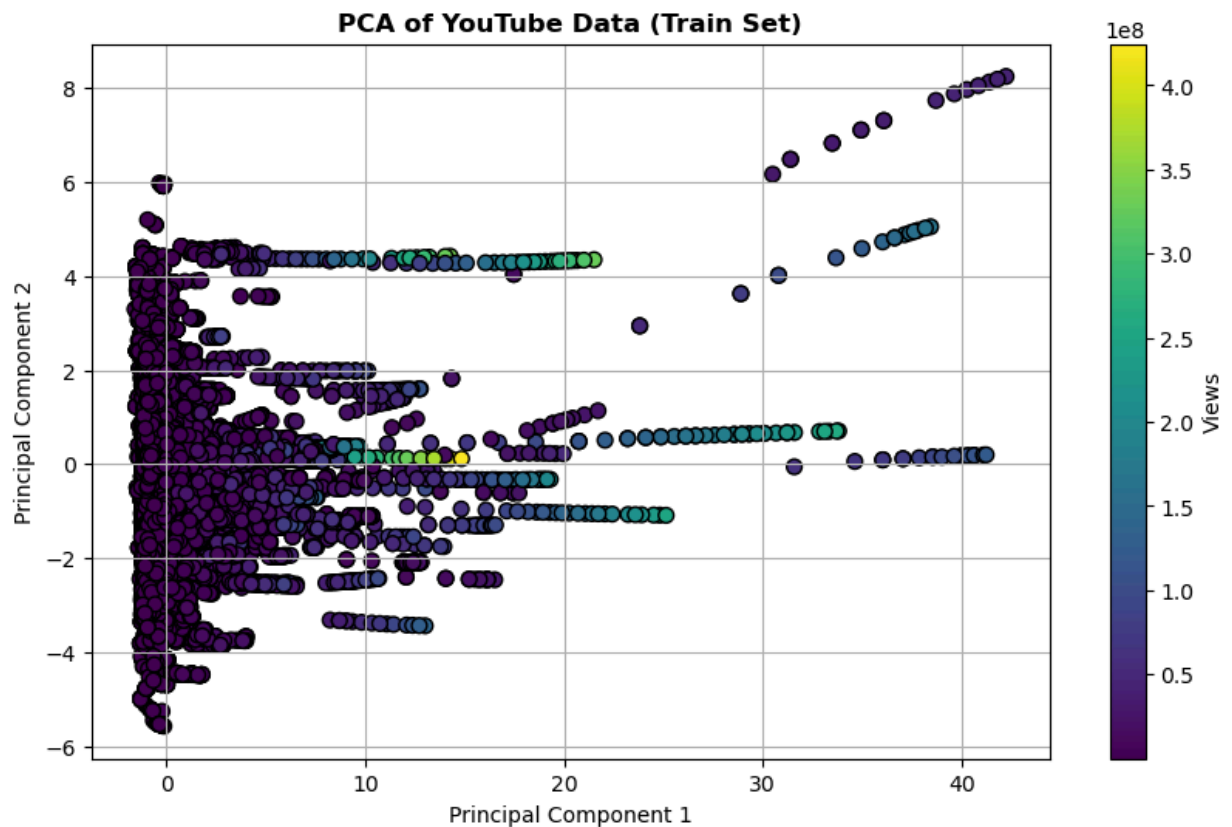
In [38]: # Apply PCA (Reduce to n components to capture 95% of variance)
         pca = PCA(n_components=0.95)
         X_train_pca = pca.fit_transform(X_train_scaled)
         X_test_pca = pca.transform(X_test_scaled)

         # Visualize the PCA results (Plot only the first two components)
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         plt.scatter(X_train_pca[:, 0], X_train_pca[:, 1], c=y_train, cmap='viridis', ec='black')

```

```
plt.colorbar(label='Views')
plt.title('PCA of YouTube Data (Train Set)', weight='bold')
plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()

# Explained variance for all components selected by PCA
explained_variance = pca.explained_variance_ratio_
print("Explained Variance per component:")
for i, variance in enumerate(explained_variance, start=1):
    print(f"PC{i}: {variance:.2%}")
```



Explained Variance per component:

PC1: 43.35%
 PC2: 12.56%
 PC3: 11.40%
 PC4: 10.22%
 PC5: 7.73%
 PC6: 7.47%
 PC7: 5.90%

In []:

In []:

In []: