Conflict Resolution Protocol

1. Identify the Conflict:

- ♦ Recognize the presence of a conflict within the team.
- ♦ Encourage team members to communicate openly about the issue.

2. Active Listening:

- ♦ Ensure active listening during conflict discussions.
- Team members should listen without interruption and ask clarifying questions to fully understand the problem.

3. Stay Calm and Respectful:

- ♦ Emphasize the importance of maintaining a calm and respectful tone during conflict discussions.
- ♦ Discourage blaming, accusatory language, or personal attacks.

4. Private Discussion (if applicable):

If the conflict involves only specific team members, encourage a private discussion to address the issue.

5. Identify the Root Cause:

- ♦ Work together to identify the underlying issues causing the conflict.
- ♦ Often, conflicts arise from miscommunication, misunderstandings, differing perspectives, or external pressures.

6. **Brainstorm Solutions:**

- ♦ Encourage the team to brainstorm potential solutions to the conflict.
- ♦ Consider the pros and cons of each solution without immediate judgment.

7. Select a Solution:

- Once multiple solutions have been proposed, select the one that best addresses the root cause and aligns with the team's goals.
- Ensure that the chosen solution is agreed upon by the majority of the team.

8. **Document Agreements:**

- ♦ Write down the agreed-upon solution and any specific action steps.
- ♦ Ensure that everyone involved is clear about their responsibilities and the deadlines for implementing the solution.

9. **Follow Up:**

- ♦ Set a follow-up date to review the progress made in implementing the agreed-upon solution.
- ♦ If the conflict persists, discuss any necessary adjustments or additional steps.

10. Learn and Grow:

- Encourage the team to view conflicts as opportunities for growth and learning.
- Discuss what can be done differently in the future to prevent similar conflicts.

11. Continuous Improvement:

- Regularly review and refine the conflict resolution process based on team feedback and evolving needs.
- ♦ Ensure that the conflict resolution protocol remains effective and efficient.

Particular situations:

1. If a Member Fails to Meet Deadlines:

Prevention:

- ♦ Initially, establish clear deadlines and deliverables for each team member.
- ♦ Encourage team members to communicate any concerns about meeting deadlines as early as possible.
- ♦ Commit frequently and communicate the task progress in stand-up meeting.

Resolution:

- ♦ Have group discussion to understand the reasons behind the delay.
- ♦ Offer support or reassign tasks if necessary.
- ♦ Adjust the task deadline if the delay affects subsequent tasks.

2. If the Group Has Issues Reaching Consensus or Problem Solving: Resolution:

- ♦ Encourage open discussion to understand different viewpoints.
- ♦ In case of division, conduct a consensus-building process.
 - ✓ Each team member states their opinion, backed by relevant resources.
 - ✓ Other group members cast their votes in support of the opinions they agree with.
 - ✓ The opinion with the most support from the group will be adopted.

3. If a Member Gets Sick:

Resolution:

- ♦ When a team member falls ill, ensure they focus on their health and recovery.
- ♦ Redistribute their tasks among other team members.
- ♦ Adjust the project timeline.
- ♦ When the sick team member is ready, provide assistance with catching up.