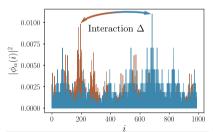
# Interacting electrons on a Fibonacci chain at high temperature

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## MOTIVATION: QUASIPERIODICITY + INTERACTING ELECTRONS

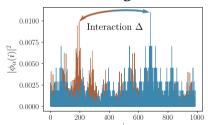
#### No interactions:

Quasiperiodic Periodic Random Localized states Complexity

- Extended states Multifractal states
- Fast transport • Anomalous transport

• No transport

### Cold atoms: strong interactions



## Quasiperiodicity (QP) + strong interactions?

Naively: delocalisation, fast transport

#### Results:

- weak QP: delocalisation, fast transport
- strong QP: many-body localisation, no transport

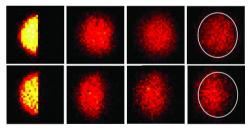
## **OUTLINE**

- 1 Many-body localisation
- 2 Free Fibonacci chain at high energy
- 3 Interacting Fibonacci chain

## MANY-BODY LOCALISATION

## **Isolated** quantum system, **strong interactions**, disorder or quasiperiodicity

- Usual: ergodic dynamics, transport, eigenstate thermalisation hypothesis (ETH),
- 2 Unusual: non-ergodicity, no transport, many-body localisation (MBL).



[Choi et al 16]

**Experiments**: cold ions/atoms [Schreiber *et al* 15; Smith *et al* 15; Bordia *et al* 17].

#### Motivations:

- ETH/MBL phase transition,
- MBL in more than 1D,
- Ingredients for MBL (this talk).

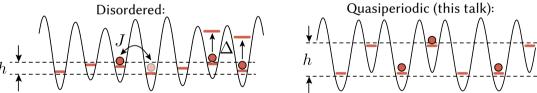
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### A MODEL FOR MBL

Chain of interacting spinless fermions (nb: no phonons):

$$H = \sum_{i=1}^{L} \left[ J(c_i^{\dagger}c_{i+1} + \mathrm{h.c}) + \Delta n_i n_{i+1} - h_i n_i \right]$$



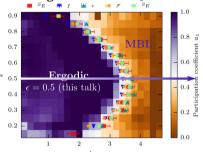
Generic model: fermions,  $\frac{1}{2}$  spins, hardcore bosons.



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### MBL PHENOMENOLOGY

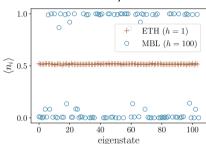
Phase diagram at  $\Delta = 1$  [Luitz et al 15]



#### ETH:

- Transport, thermal observables
- High entanglement
- Non-integrability

### Fermion density at $\epsilon = 0.5$



#### MBL:

- No transport, non-thermal observables
- Low entanglement
- Emergent integrability

## INGREDIENTS FOR MBL

## Usually:

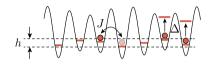
- lacktriangle  $\Delta = 0$ : **localized** (random, Aubry-André potential)
- **2**  $\Delta \neq 0$ : localization persists

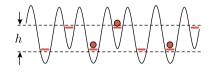
#### This talk

- $\Delta = 0$ : **multifractal** (quasiperiodic potential)
- **2**  $\Delta \neq 0$ : localization appears

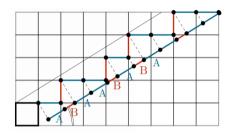
### Interest

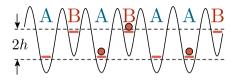
- MBL is **generic**
- Interplay between quasiperiodicity and MBL





## INTERACTING FERMIONS ON THE FIBONACCI CHAIN





$$H = \sum_{i=1}^{L} \left[ J(c_i^{\dagger} c_{i+1} + \text{h.c}) + \Delta n_i n_{i+1} - h_i n_i \right]$$

## Method: numerical exact diagonalization

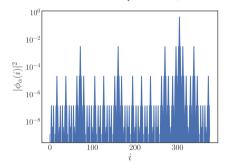
- High energy + non-integrable: no analytical methods
- L/2 fermions on L sites: #states  $\sim 2^L/\sqrt{L} \rightarrow$  memory is limiting State-of-the art: L = 24 [Pietracaprina *et al* 18]
- Fibonacci: **few samples**: L/2 non-equivalent systems of size L.

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### FREE FERMIONS PROPERTIES

- Mutlifractal single particle wavefunctions [Ostlund; Kalugin; Khomoto; ...]
- Anomalous transport [Mayou; Schreiber; Varma & Žnidarič; ...]



0 5 10 15 20 5 5 10 15 20 10 10 15 20 10 10 15 20

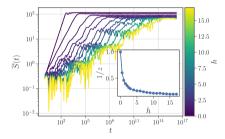
Single particle wavefunction at the Fermi level

Correlations of highly excited states [Macé et al 19]

#### Free Fermions entanglement

## Entanglement entropy $S(\psi)$ : a many-body **locality** probe

- $S(\psi) = \#\{\text{bits of information recoverable by local measurements}\}$
- $S(\psi)$  large: extended (entangled) state,  $S(\psi)$  small: localized state.



Entanglement growth starting from localized fermions [Macé et al 19]

Fibonacci fermions: **anomalous** growth  $S(t) \sim t^{\frac{1}{z}}, \ z > 1$  Compare with:

- Periodic system: z = 1 (ballistic growth),
- Disordered system:  $z \to \infty$  (no growth).

#### Conclusion

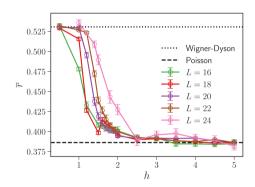
Anomalous, intermediate prop. even at high energy.

# THE ETH/MBL TRANSITION: 1) SPECTRAL PROPERTIES

Gap ratios [Oganesian, Huse]

$$r_n = \min\left(\frac{g_{n+1}}{g_n}, \frac{g_n}{g_{n+1}}\right)$$

- ETH: random matrix-like spectrum  $\bar{r}_{\text{FTH}} \simeq 0.53$
- MBL: independent levels  $\bar{r}_{\text{MBI}} \simeq 0.39$



Compatible with ETH/MBL transition,  $h^* \sim 2.5$ 

Interacting Fibonacci chain

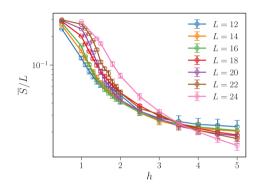
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# THE ETH/MBL TRANSITION: 2) ENTANGLEMENT

### Entanglement entropy:

■ ETH: coincides with thermodynamic entropy: **extensive**  $\overline{S}_{\text{FTH}} \simeq L$ 

■ MBL: sub-extensive  $\overline{S}_{MBL}/L \rightarrow 0$ 



Compatible with **ETH/MBL transition**,  $h^* \simeq 3.5$ .

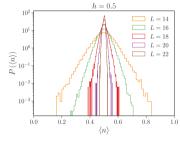
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Interacting Fibonacci chain

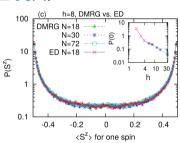
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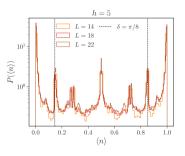
Expect:  $\langle n_i \rangle_{\text{ETH}} = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\langle n_i \rangle_{\text{MBL}} \simeq 0$  or 1.



ETH Fibonacci



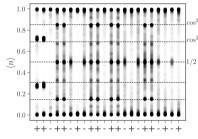
MBL random [Lim, Sheng 15]



MBL Fibonacci

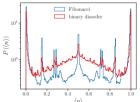
Fibonacci MBL: **extra structure** → link with QP geometry?

### FIBONACCI MBL: LOCAL ENTANGLEMENT



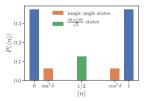
Density peaks on AA pairs

- $\rightarrow$  4 sites toy model BAAB
- $\rightarrow$  locally entangled states
- $|\psi\rangle = \cos\delta |01\rangle \pm \sin\delta |10\rangle$  with  $\delta = 0, \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{8}$ .



# Peak ingredients:

- Binary modulation A/B
- Correlated modulation (Fibonacci)



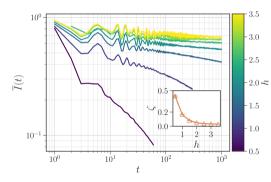
### **DYNAMICS: IMBALANCE**

### Imbalance experiment:

- $|\psi(t=0)\rangle$ : high energy product state
- Imbalance: **distance** from initial state  $I(t) = \frac{4}{L} \sum_{i} \left\langle \left( n_i(t) \frac{1}{2} \right) \left( n_i(0) \frac{1}{2} \right) \right\rangle$

### **Properties:**

- ETH: power-law decay  $I(t) \sim t^{-\zeta}$
- MBL: saturation  $I(t \to \infty) = \text{cst} > 0$   $\to$  memory of the initial state [Luitz *et at* 15]

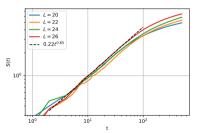


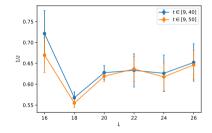
 $\zeta(h \ge 2.5) = 0 \rightarrow \text{MBL phase transition}.$ 

## DYNAMICS: ENTANGLEMENT

ETH phase: expect  $S(t) \propto t$ 

Fibonacci: **anomalous**  $S(t) \propto t^{1/z}, z > 1$ .





Usual explanation: rare regions [Vosk; Potter 15]

Fibonacci: no rare regions ...

Finite size effect? [Setiawan et al 17], initial state fluctuations? [Lüschen et al 17]

### Conclusion

### Non-interacting Fibonacci fermions

- Geometry: intermediate complexity
- Multifractality even at high energy
- Intermediate, anomalous transport, even at the many-body level

### **Interacting** Fibonacci fermions

- Weak quasiperiodicity: thermal phase (ETH)
- Strong quasiperiodicity: localized phase (MBL)
- MBL bears sign of **quasiperiodicity** (locally entangled states)
- $\rightarrow$  anomalous transport in the ETH phase: why?
- → vicinity of the non-interacting point?

[Macé, Laflorencie, Alet, SciPost Phys. 6, 050 (2019)]