

# Arduino Project: LED Brightness Control using Potentiometer

## Algorithm:

1. Start
2. Initialize Arduino & Components:
  - Connect LED to a PWM pin (D9) through a 220 $\Omega$  resistor.
  - Connect potentiometer: VCC  $\rightarrow$  5V, GND  $\rightarrow$  GND, middle pin  $\rightarrow$  A0.
3. Read potentiometer value:
  - Use `analogRead(A0)` to get a value between 0-1023.
4. Map the potentiometer value to brightness:
  - Convert 0-1023 to PWM range 0-255 using `map()`.
5. Output PWM to LED:
  - Use `analogWrite(ledPin, brightness)`.
6. Repeat continuously in the loop.

## Arduino Code:

```
int potPin = A0;      // Potentiometer pin
int ledPin = 9;       // LED connected to PWM pin
int potValue = 0;     // Variable to store pot value
int brightness = 0;   // LED brightness (0-255)

void setup() {
  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
}

void loop() {
  potValue = analogRead(potPin);           // Read potentiometer (0-1023)
  brightness = map(potValue, 0, 1023, 0, 255); // Map to 0-255
  analogWrite(ledPin, brightness);         // Set LED brightness
}
```

## Circuit Connections:

Components Required:

- Arduino Uno
- 1  $\times$  LED
- 1  $\times$  220 $\Omega$  Resistor
- 1  $\times$  10k $\Omega$  Potentiometer
- Jumper wires

Connections:

- Potentiometer VCC  $\rightarrow$  Arduino 5V
- Potentiometer GND  $\rightarrow$  Arduino GND
- Potentiometer middle pin  $\rightarrow$  A0
- LED Anode (+)  $\rightarrow$  Pin 9 (through 220 $\Omega$  resistor)
- LED Cathode (-)  $\rightarrow$  GND