## **Public Information Use Cases:**

The user can see the upcoming flights based on (departure, arrival) airports, (departure, arrival) time and (departure, arrival) city together or either of them. Also, the user will be able to see the flight status based on flight number and (departure, arrival) date.

### Based on City:

```
searchtext = request.form['citysearchbox']
    query = 'select * from flight,airport where
(airport.airport_name=flight.departure_airport or
airport.airport_name=flight.arrival_airport) and airport.airport_city=%s
and (departure_time >= curtime() or arrival_time >= curtime())'
```

#### • Based on dates:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = 'select * from flight where ((departure_time between %s and
%s) or (arrival_time between %s and %s)) and (departure_time >= curtime()
or arrival_time >= curtime())'
    # query = 'select * from flight where ((departure_time between %s and
%s) or (arrival_time between %s and %s))'
    cursor.execute(query, (begintime, endtime, begintime, endtime))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

## Based on airports:

```
query = 'select * from flight where (departure_airport = %s or
arrival_airport = %s) and (departure_time >= curtime() or arrival_time >=
curtime())'
    # query = 'select * from flight where (departure_airport = %s or
arrival_airport = %s)'
    cursor.execute(query, (searchtext, searchtext))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

### Based on them together:

```
begintime = request.form['departure_time']
endtime = request.form['arrival_time']
dep_airport = request.form['Departure']
arr_airport = request.form['Arrival']
dep_city = request.form['dep_city']
arr_city = request.form['arr_city']
```

```
if not validateDates(begintime, endtime):
       error = 'Invalid date range'
       return redirect(url for('searchpage', error=error))
   if len(dep airport)>3 or len(arr airport)>3:
       return redirect(url for('searchpage', error=error))
   cursor = conn.cursor()
   query = 'SELECT * FROM flight, airport, ticket \
flight.airline name = ticket.airline name
          AND %s BETWEEN DATE SUB(flight.departure time, INTERVAL 2 DAY)
AND DATE ADD(flight.departure time, INTERVAL 2 DAY) \
DATE ADD(flight.arrival time, INTERVAL 2 DAY) \
airport \
cursor.execute(query,(dep city,dep airport,begintime,endtime,arr city,arr
airport))
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   cursor.close()
```

## Search for the status:

```
flight_num = request.form['flight number']
   departure_time = request.form['departure_time']
   arrival_time = request.form['arrival_time']

   cursor = conn.cursor()
   query = 'select status from flight where flight_num = %s and

date(departure_time) = %s and date(arrival_time) = %s'
   cursor.execute(query,(flight_num,departure_time,arrival_time))
```

```
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

# **Login and Register:**

### • Login:

```
username = request.form['username']
 password = request.form['password']
 usrtype = request.form['usrtype']
  if usrtype == 'staff':
    query = 'SELECT * FROM airline staff WHERE username = %s and password
 elif usrtype == 'customer':
    query = 'SELECT * FROM customer WHERE email = %s and password =
md5(%s)'
    query = 'SELECT * FROM booking agent WHERE email = %s and password =
 cursor.execute(query, (username, password))
 data = cursor.fetchone()
  cursor.close()
  error = None
  if (data):
    session['username'] = username
    if usrtype == 'staff':
     return redirect(url for('staffHome'))
    elif usrtype == 'customer':
      return redirect(url for('customerHome'))
    else:
      return redirect(url for('agentHome'))
```

```
else:
    #returns an error message to the html page
    error = 'Invalid login or username'
    return render_template('login.html', error=error)
```

### • Register:

### □ Customer:

```
email = request.form['email']
name = request.form['name']
password = request.form['password']
building number = request.form['building number']
street = request.form['street']
city = request.form['city']
state = request.form['state']
phone number = request.form['phone number']
passport number = request.form['passport number']
passport expiration = request.form['passport expiration']
passport country = request.form['passport country']
date of birth = request.form['date of birth']
cursor = conn.cursor()
query = 'SELECT * FROM customer WHERE email = %s'
cursor.execute(query, (email))
data = cursor.fetchone()
error = None
if (data):
  error = "This user already exists"
  return render template('registerCustomer.html', error = error)
```

```
cursor.execute(ins, (email, name, password, building_number, street,
city, state, phone_number, passport_number, passport_expiration,
passport_country, date_of_birth))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    return render_template('index.html')
```

## □ Agent:

```
email = request.form['email']
password = request.form['password']
booking_agent_id = request.form['booking_agent_id']

cursor = conn.cursor()
query = 'SELECT * FROM booking_agent WHERE email = %s'
cursor.execute(query, (email))
data = cursor.fetchone()
error = None
if(data):
    error = "This user already exists"
    return render_template('registerAgent.html', error = error)
else:
    ins = 'INSERT INTO booking_agent VALUES(%s, md5(%s), %s)'
    cursor.execute(ins, (email, password, booking_agent_id))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    return render_template('index.html')
```

### □ Staff:

```
username = request.form['username']
  password = request.form['password']
  first_name = request.form['first_name']
  last_name = request.form['last_name']
  date_of_birth = request.form['date_of_birth']
  airline_name = request.form['airline_name']

cursor = conn.cursor()
  query = 'SELECT * FROM airline_staff WHERE username = %s'
  cursor.execute(query, (username))
```

```
data = cursor.fetchone()
error = None
if(data):
    error = "This user already exists"
    return render_template('registerStaff.html', error = error)
else:
    ins = 'INSERT INTO airline_staff VALUES(%s, md5(%s), %s, %s, %s, %s)'
    cursor.execute(ins, (username, password, first_name, last_name,
date_of_birth, airline_name))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
    return render_template('index.html')
```

#### **Customer Use Cases:**

1. View My flights:

View all the flights bought by the user and the departure time is later than the current time.

```
username = session['username']
cursor = conn.cursor()
query = 'SELECT purchases.ticket_id, ticket.airline_name, ticket.flight_num,
departure_airport, departure_time, arrival_airport, arrival_time \
FROM purchases, ticket, flight \
WHERE purchases.ticket_id = ticket.ticket_id \
AND ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name \
AND ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num \
AND customer_email = %s AND departure_time > curdate()'
cursor.execute(query, (username))
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

Also, the user can choose the specified range of time, departure or arrival airport and departure or arrival city to view the flights which are purchased by themselves.

### By city:

```
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

### By airport:

```
f airport:
     cursor.execute(query, (airport, airport, username))
     data = cursor.fetchall()
```

# By date:

```
begintime = request.form["begintime"]
     endtime = request.form["endtime"]
    if datetime.datetime.strptime(begintime, "%Y-%m-%d") >
datetime.datetime.strptime(endtime, "%Y-%m-%d"):
      return render template('viewUpcomingFlights.html', username=username,
      data = cursor.fetchall()
```

#### Purchase Tickets:

Search for the tickets available:

Users specify the (departure,arrival) airport, (departure,arrival) city and (departure,arrival) time, the query will show all the airline name, flight number, airplane id, ticket price, (departure,arrival) airport and (departure,arrival) time which serve the requirement.

Note that, we don't expect the exact match of (departure, arrival) time. For all the flights, we have a plus/minus 2 days interval on their departure and arrival time. If the given begin and end time are correspondingly in this interval, the results will be shown.

Also, if the seats on the plane are full, the flight information won't be shown.

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
fromairport = request.form['fromairport']
fromdate = request.form['fromdate']
tocity = request.form['tocity']
toairport = request.form['toairport']
todate = request.form['todate']
```

```
WHERE ticket.airline_name = f.airline_name AND ticket.flight_num =
f.flight_num)"
cursor.execute(query, (fromcity, fromairport, fromdate, todate, tocity, toairport))
```

Purchase the tickets:
 If the flight number doesn't exist in the database or it doesn't match with the given airline name or the seats are full, an error message will be given.

```
username = session['username']
cursor = conn.cursor()
airline name = request.form['airline name']
message = request.args.get('message')
cursor.execute(query1, (airline name, flight num))
 return render template('purchaseCustomer.html',purchaseError = error)
queryCount = 'SELECT COUNT(*) as count FROM ticket \
cursor.execute(queryCount, (airline name, flight num))
ticketCount = cursor.fetchone()
```

# 3. Search for Flights:

This user case is realized along with the purchase search in purchase tickets case.

# 4. Track my spending:

By default, it will show the total amount of money spent in the past year and a bar chart showing month wise money spent for the last 6 months.

x axis: month

y axis: monthly spending

Customers will also have the option to specify a range of dates to view the total amount of money spent within that range and a bar chart showing month wise money spent within that range. In the code, we specify them by assigning different from\_date and to date values.

Here is how we convey the format of date and setting the from date and to date:

```
year = to_date_format.year
month = to_date_format.month
date = to_date_format.day
from_year = from_date_format.year
from_month = from_date_format.month
from_date_date = from_date_format.day
from_date_string = '{}-{}-{}-{}'.format(from_year, from_month, from_date_date)
to_date_string = '{}-{}-{}-{}'.format(year, month, date)
monthnum = (year - from_year)*12 + month - from_month
else:

to_date = datetime.datetime.now()
year = to_date.year
month = to_date.month
if month-6 < 0:
    from_month = 12 + (month-6)
    from_year = to_date.year - 1
else:
    from_month = month-6
    from_year = year
date = to_date.day
monthum = 5
string = '{} 1 {} () 00:00'.format(month, from_year)
from_date = datetime.datetime.strptime(string, '%m %d %Y %H:%M')
from_date_string = '{}-{}-{}-{}'.format(from_year, from_month, date)
to_date_string = '{}-{}-{}-{}'.format(year, month, date)</pre>
```

## Sum spending query:

### Monthly spending query:

```
if month < 12:
```

```
string = '{} 1 {} 00:00'.format(month+1, year + 1)
temp date = datetime.datetime.strptime(string, '%m %d %Y %H:%M')
temp year = year
   if temp_month == 0:
   string = '{} 1 {} 00:00'.format(temp month, temp year)
    temp_date = datetime.datetime.strptime(string, '%m %d %Y %H:%M')
   cursor.execute(query, (username, temp_date, this_date, ))
   data = cursor.fetchone()
```

5. Logout: The login page will be shown.

```
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    session.pop('username')
    return redirect('/login')
```

### **Booking Agent Use Cases:**

1. View My flights:

View all the flights bought by the specific booking agent and the departure time is later than the current time.

```
username = session['username']
```

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
  query = 'SELECT * \
  FROM purchases, ticket, flight, booking_agent \
  WHERE purchases.ticket_id = ticket.ticket_id \
  AND ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name \
  AND ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num \
  AND booking_agent.email = %s AND booking_agent.booking_agent_id =
purchases.booking_agent_id \
  AND departure_time > curdate() \
  ORDER BY customer_email'
  cursor.execute(query, (username))
  data = cursor.fetchall()
```

Also, the user can choose to specify the range of time, departure or arrival airport and departure or arrival city to view the flights which are purchased by himself.

Specify by city:

Specify by airport:

```
airport = request.form.get('airportsearchbox', False)
```

```
if airport:
    query = 'SELECT * \
        FROM purchases, ticket, flight, booking_agent \
        WHERE purchases.ticket_id = ticket.ticket_id \
        AND ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name \
        AND ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num \
        AND (flight.arrival_airport = %s or flight.departure_airport = %s) \
        AND booking_agent.email = %s AND \
        booking_agent.booking_agent_id = purchases.booking_agent_id \
        AND departure_time > curdate() \
            ORDER BY customer_email' \
            cursor.execute(query, (airport, airport, username)) \
            data = cursor.fetchall() \
            cursor.close()
```

### Specify by time range:

```
begintime = request.form["begintime"]
  endtime = request.form["endtime"]

if datetime.datetime.strptime(begintime, "%Y-%m-%d") >
datetime.datetime.strptime(endtime, "%Y-%m-%d"):
    return render_template('viewUpcomingFlights.html',
username=username, error="The dates you entered are invalid.")
  else:
    query = 'SELECT * \
        FROM purchases, ticket, flight, booking_agent \
        WHERE purchases.ticket_id = ticket.ticket_id \
        AND ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name \
        AND ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num \
        AND booking_agent.email = %s AND

booking_agent.booking_agent_id = purchases.booking_agent_id \
        AND departure_time > curdate()\
        and ((date(flight.departure_time) between %s and %s) or
(date(flight.arrival_time) between %s and %s))\
        ORDER BY customer_email;'
    cursor.execute(query, (username, begintime, endtime, begintime, endtime))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

#### 2. Purchase Tickets:

Search for the tickets available:

Users specify the (departure,arrival) airport, (departure,arrival) city and (departure,arrival) time, the query will show all the airline name, flight number, airplane id, ticket price, (departure,arrival) airport and (departure,arrival) time which serve the requirement.

Note that, we don't expect the exact match of (departure, arrival) time. For all the flights, we have a plus/minus 2 days interval on their departure and arrival time. If the given begin and end time are correspondingly in this interval, the results will be shown.

Also, if the seats on the plane are full, the flight information won't be shown.

```
username = session['username']
 cursor = conn.cursor()
 fromcity = request.form['fromcity']
 fromairport = request.form['fromairport']
 fromdate = request.form['fromdate']
 tocity = request.form['tocity']
 toairport = request.form['toairport']
 todate = request.form['todate']
 if datetime.datetime.strptime(fromdate, "%Y-%m-%d") >
datetime.datetime.strptime(todate, "%Y-%m-%d"):
        return render template ('purchaseAgent.html', searchError="The
dates you entered are invalid.")
 query = 'SELECT distinct f.airline name, f.flight num,
departure airport, departure time, arrival airport, arrival time, price,
airport \
```

```
AND (SELECT DISTINCT seats \
FROM flight, airplane \
WHERE flight.airplane_id = airplane.airplane_id AND

flight.airline_name = airplane.airline_name \
AND flight.airline_name = f.airline_name AND

flight.flight_num = f.flight_num) \
>= (SELECT COUNT(*) \
FROM ticket \
WHERE ticket.airline_name = f.airline_name AND

ticket.flight_num = f.flight_num)'

cursor.execute(query, (fromcity, fromairport, fromdate, todate, tocity, toairport))
# print cursor._executed
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

#### Purchase the tickets:

Agents are able to purchase the tickets on behalf of customers. According to the searched information given above, the agent is able to purchase tickets by entering the customer email, flight number and airline name.

```
queryGetID = 'SELECT booking agent id FROM booking agent WHERE
email=%s'
 cursor.execute(queryGetID, username)
 agentID = cursor.fetchone() # returns a dict
 queryPurchase = 'INSERT INTO purchases VALUES(%s, %s, %s, CURDATE())'
 cursor.execute(queryPurchase, (ticket id, customer email,
agentID['booking agent id']))
 data = cursor.fetchone()
 conn.commit()
 cursor.close()
 error = None
 if (data):
   return render template('agent.html', username = username,
results=data)
 if not (data):
   message = " Successfully purchased!"
    return render template('purchaseAgent.html', message = message)
```

Here, if you don't enter a customer email, the system will give an error message.

```
username = session['username']
  customer_email = request.form['customer_email']
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  queryl = 'select * from customer where email = %s'
  cursor.execute(queryl,customer_email)
  datal = cursor.fetchall()
  cursor.close()
  if not datal:
    error = "Customer doesn't exist. Check the email."
    return render_template('CustomerError.html',error = error)
```

Also, if the flight number doesn't exist in the database or it doesn't match with the given airline name or the seats are full, an error message will be given.

```
WHERE ticket.airline_name = f.airline_name AND ticket.flight_num =
f.flight_num)"
cursor.execute(query1,(airline_name,flight_num))
data1 = cursor.fetchall()
if not data1:
   error = " The airline name and flight number don't exist or the flight is full,
please check the enter."
   return render_template('purchaseAgent.html', error= error)
```

#### 3. Search for Flights:

This user case is realized along with the purchase search in purchase tickets case.

### 4. View my Commissions:

By default, view will show the total amount of commission received in the past 30 days and the average commission the agent received per ticket booked in the past 30 days and total number of tickets sold by the agent in the past 30 days.

• View total commissions in the past 30 days:

#### View total tickets in the past 30 days:

```
AND ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name

AND ticket.flight_num \

AND purchases.purchase_date BETWEEN

DATE_SUB(CURDATE(), INTERVAL 30 DAY) AND CURDATE() \

AND purchases.booking_agent_id = %s'

cursor.execute(queryGetTicketCount, agentID['booking_agent_id'])

ticketCount = cursor.fetchone()

ticketCountVal = ticketCount['ticketCount']

avgComm = 0
```

• View the average commissions in the past 30 days:

```
if ticketCountVal != 0:
    avgComm = totalCommVal/ticketCountVal
```

Also, we can to see the commission and the number of tickets in the specified range:

View total commissions in the specified time range:

```
cursor.execute(queryGetCommission, (fromdate, todate,
agentID['booking_agent_id']))
  totalComm = cursor.fetchone()
  totalCommVal = 0
  if totalComm['totalComm'] != None:
    totalCommVal = totalComm['totalComm']
```

• View total tickets in the specified time range:

## 5. View Top Customers:

Use two barchats to show top 5 customers based on number of tickets bought from the booking agent in the past 6 months and top 5 customers based on amount of commission received in the last year.

x axis: customer emails

y axis: commissions amount

In the past 6 months

In the past 1 year:

6. Log out: The login page will be shown.

```
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    session.pop('username')
    return redirect('/login')
```

#### **Airline Staff Use Cases:**

1. View My flights:

Defaults will be showing all the upcoming flights operated by the airline he/she works for the next 30 days. The staff can choose to specify the range of time, departure or arrival airport and departure or arrival city to view the upcoming flights operated by the airline he/she works for.

By city:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
    city = request.form['citysearchbox']
```

```
airline = getStaffAirline()
    query = "select * from flight,airport \
    where (airport.airport_name=flight.departure_airport or
airport.airport_name=flight.arrival_airport) \
    and airport.airport_city=%s and airline_name=%s"
    cursor.execute(query, (city, airline))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

### By airport:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
    airport = request.form['airportsearchbox']
    airline = getStaffAirline()
    query = 'select * from flight where (departure_airport = %s or arrival_airport
= %s) and airline_name=%s'
    cursor.execute(query, (airport, airport, airline))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

### By date:

```
begintime = request.form['begintime']
endtime = request.form['endtime']

if not validateDates(begintime, endtime):
    error = 'Invalid date range'
    return redirect(url_for('searchFlightsPage', error=error))

airline = getStaffAirline()

cursor = conn.cursor()
query = "select * from flight \
where ((departure_time between %s and %s) \
or (arrival_time between %s and %s)) and airline_name=%s"
cursor.execute(query, (begintime, endtime, begintime, endtime, airline))
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

### 2. Create new flights:

The staff is able to create a new flight by entering a new flight number, an airplane ID, the ticket price, (departure and arrival) airport and (departure and arrival) time.

```
username = session['username']
```

```
flightnum = request.form['flightnum']
  departport = request.form['departport']
  departtime = request.form['departtime']
  arriveport = request.form['arriveport']
  arrivetime = request.form['arrivetime']
  price = request.form['price']
  status = "Upcoming"
  airplaneid = request.form['airplanenum']
query = 'insert into flight values (%s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s, %s)'
  cursor.execute(query, (airline, flightnum, departport, departtime,
arriveport, arrivetime, price, status, airplaneid))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
```

There are also several error messages will be popped to the staff when creating the new flight:

# • Repeated flight number:

```
airline = getStaffAirline()

    cursor = conn.cursor()
    query1 = 'select * from flight where airline_name = %s and flight_num

= %s'
    cursor.execute(query1, (airline, flightnum))
    data1 = cursor.fetchall()

    if data1:
        error = "The flight number already exists, please enter another

one."
    return redirect(url_for('createFlightPage', error=error))
    cursor.close()
```

#### Doesn't exist airport:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
   query2 = 'select * from airport where airport_name = %s '
   cursor.execute(query2, (departport))
   data2 = cursor.fetchall()
   query3 = 'select * from airport where airport_name = %s '
   cursor.execute(query3, (arriveport))
   data3 = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
if (not data2):
    error = "The Departure Airport does not exist, please add the
airport first."
    return redirect(url_for('createFlightPage', error=error))
if (not data3):
    error = "The Arrival Airport does not exist, please add the
airport first."
    return redirect(url_for('createFlightPage', error=error))
cursor.close()
```

Invalid date range:

```
if not validateDates(departtime, arrivetime):
    error = 'Invalid date range'
    return redirect(url_for('createFlightPage', error=error))
```

Invalid airplane ID:

```
cursor = conn.cursor()
  query = 'select * from airplane where airplane_id = %s'
  cursor.execute(query, (airplaneid))
  data = cursor.fetchall()
  if not data:
    error = 'Invalid Airplane ID'
    return redirect(url_for('createFlightPage', error=error))
```

To better serve the creation function, the information needed to create a new flight will be given on the page including the upcoming flight in the following 30 days and the current airplane ID and airports.

```
cursor.execute(query)
    airportdata = cursor.fetchall()

    query = 'select distinct airplane_id from airplane where
airline_name=%s'
    cursor.execute(query, (airline))
    airplanedata = cursor.fetchall()

cursor.close()
```

### 3. Change Status of flights:

The staff can change the flight status by entering the flight number and choosing the status from 4 radios (upcoming, delayed, on-time, past).

```
username = session['username']
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  flightnum = request.form['flightnum']
  status = request.form['status']
  query = 'update flight set status=%s where flight_num=%s and
airline_name = %s'
  cursor.execute(query, (status, flightnum, airline))
  conn.commit()
  cursor.close()
```

Several error messages will be popped:

Chosen status is the same one as the flight has now:

```
username = session['username']
  cursor = conn.cursor()
  flightnum = request.form['flightnum']
  status = request.form['status']
  if not status:
    error = 'Did not select new status'
    return redirect(url_for('changeFlightStatusPage', error=error))
```

Entered flight number is not on the airline the staff working for:

```
#Check that the flight is from the same airline as the staff
   query = 'select * from flight where flight_num = %s and airline_name
= %s'
   cursor.execute(query, (flightnum, airline))
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   if not data:
        error = 'Incorrect enter - flight number is not in your airline '
```

## Add airplane in the system:

The staff can add an airplane in the system by entering a new airplane ID and number of seats. Error message will be popped if the airplane id is already taken.

```
username = session['username']
   planeid = request.form['id']
   seats = request.form['seats']
   airline = getStaffAirline()
   cursor = conn.cursor()
   query = 'select * from airplane where airplane id = %s'
   cursor.execute(query, (planeid))
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   if data:
       return redirect(url for('addAirplanePage', error=error))
   query = 'insert into airplane values (%s, %s, %s)'
   cursor.execute(query, (airline, planeid, seats))
   conn.commit()
   query = 'select * from airplane where airline name = %s'
   cursor.execute(query, (airline))
   data = cursor.fetchall()
   cursor.close()
```

### 5. Add new airport in the system:

The staff can add a new airport by entering the airport name and the corresponding city name. The airport name is limited into the 3 character long Abbreviations and error message will pop up if it's not the format.

```
username = session['username']

name = request.form['name']

city = request.form['city']

if len(name)>3:
```

```
error = "Please enter the abbreviation of airport."
    return redirect(url_for('addAirportPage', error=error))
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = "select * from airport where airport_name = %s and
airport_city = %s"
    cursor.execute(query, (name, city))
    datal = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
    if datal:
        error = "Airport Already exits."
        return redirect(url_for('addAirportPage', error=error))

cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = 'insert into airport values (%s, %s)'
    cursor.execute(query, (name, city))
    conn.commit()
    cursor.close()
```

### 6. View all the booking agents:

The staff will be able to view: Top 5 booking agents based on number of tickets sales for the past month and past year. Top 5 booking agents based on the amount of commission received for the last year.

Top 5 agents based on tickets sales:

```
daterange = request.form['range']
    airline = getStaffAirline()

#datrange specify the past 1 month or year
    cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = 'select email,count(ticket_id) as sales \
    from booking_agent natural join purchases natural join ticket \
    where purchase_date >= date_sub(curdate(), interval 1 ' +

daterange + ') \
    and airline_name=%s group by email order by sales DESC limit 5'
    cursor.execute(query, (airline))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

Top 5 agents based on commissions:

```
airline = getStaffAirline()

cursor = conn.cursor()
```

```
query = "select email, sum(flight.price)*0.1 as commission \
    from booking_agent natural join purchases natural join ticket

natural join flight \
    where purchase_date >= date_sub(curdate(), interval 1 year) and
airline_name=%s\
    group by email order by commission DESC limit 5"
    cursor.execute(query, (airline))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

#### 7. View frequent customers:

The staff will also be able to see the most frequent customer within the last year. Also, the staff can see the number of tickets a specified customer bought in the past on their airline.

Specified customer ticket on the staff's airline:
 If it's not a customer email, an error message will be popped.

```
airline = getStaffAirline()
       customer = request.form['email']
       cursor = conn.cursor()
       query1 = "select * from customer where email = %s"
       cursor.execute(query1, customer)
       data1 = cursor.fetchone()
       error = request.args.get('error')
       cursor.close()
       if not data1:
           error = "Not a customer email, please enter a customer
           return redirect(url for('viewCustomersPage',error = error))
           cursor = conn.cursor()
           query = 'select distinct flight num from purchases natural
           cursor.execute(query, (airline, customer))
           data = cursor.fetchall()
           cursor.close()
```

# • The most frequent customer:

```
airline = getStaffAirline()
```

### 8. View reports:

Total amounts of tickets sold could be searched based on the range of dates/last year/last month. Month wise tickets sold are shown in a bar chart.

Month wise tickets in the bar chart:

Search based on time range:

```
airline = getStaffAirline()
    begintime = request.form['begintime']
    endtime = request.form['endtime']

if not validateDates(begintime, endtime):
    error = 'Invalid date range'
    return redirect(url_for('viewReportsPage', error=error))

cursor = conn.cursor()
query = 'select count(ticket_id) as sales \
    from purchases natural join ticket where airline_name=%s\
    and purchase_date between %s and %s'
cursor.execute(query, (airline, begintime, endtime))
data = cursor.fetchall()
cursor.close()
```

Search based on month/year:

```
airline = getStaffAirline()
    daterange = request.form['range']

cursor = conn.cursor()
    query = 'select count(ticket_id) as sales \
    from purchases natural join ticket where airline_name=%s \
    and purchase_date >= date_sub(curdate(), interval 1 ' + daterange + ')'

cursor.execute(query, (airline))
    data = cursor.fetchall()
    cursor.close()
```

9. Comparison of Revenue earned:

Comparing the direct sales and indirect sales in the past 1 month using pie charts.

```
# query for direct purchase revenue (last month)
    query1 = "select sum(flight.price) as rev\
        from purchases, ticket, flight\
        where purchases.ticket_id = ticket.ticket_id \
        and ticket.flight_num = flight.flight_num\
        and ticket.airline_name = flight.airline_name\
```

### 10. ViewTop destinations:

Show the top 3 most popular destinations for the past 3 months and the past 1 year.

Past 3 months

```
group by city \
    order by cnt DESC limit 3"

cursor.execute(query1,airline_name)

data1 = cursor.fetchall()
```

# • Past 1 year:

# 11. Logout: The login page will be shown.

```
@app.route('/logout')
def logout():
    session.pop('username')
    return redirect('/login')
```