次の極限を計算せよ。

$$\sum_{x\to 0} \frac{x^2}{(1+kx^2)^n}$$

次の極限を計算せよ。

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(1+kx^2)^n} \quad (k > 0)$$

解答

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(1+kx^2)^n} = \lim_{x \to 0} \lim_{N \to \infty} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(1+kx^2)^n}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \lim_{N \to \infty} x^2 \cdot \frac{1 - \left(\frac{1}{1+kx^2}\right)^{N+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{1+kx^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x^2}{1 - \frac{1}{1+kx^2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{1}{k} (1+kx^2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{k}$$

$$x \neq 0 \implies x^2 > 0$$

$$\implies kx^2 > 0$$

$$\implies 1 + kx^2 > 1$$

$$\implies 0 < \frac{1}{1 + kx^2} < 1$$

$$\implies \left(\frac{1}{1 + kx^2}\right)^N \to 0 \ (N \to \infty)$$

結論

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{(1+kx^2)^n} = \frac{1}{k}$$