

RICH Mirror Alignment

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LHCb UK Liverpool

presenting work by Anatoly, Antonis, Chris, Claire, Paras, Roel, and many more

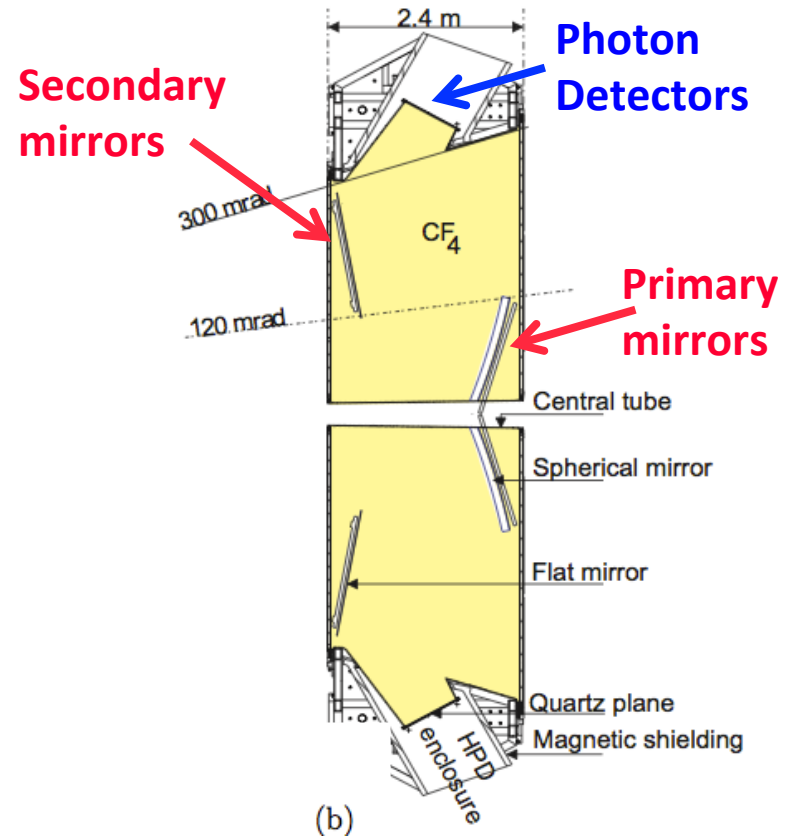
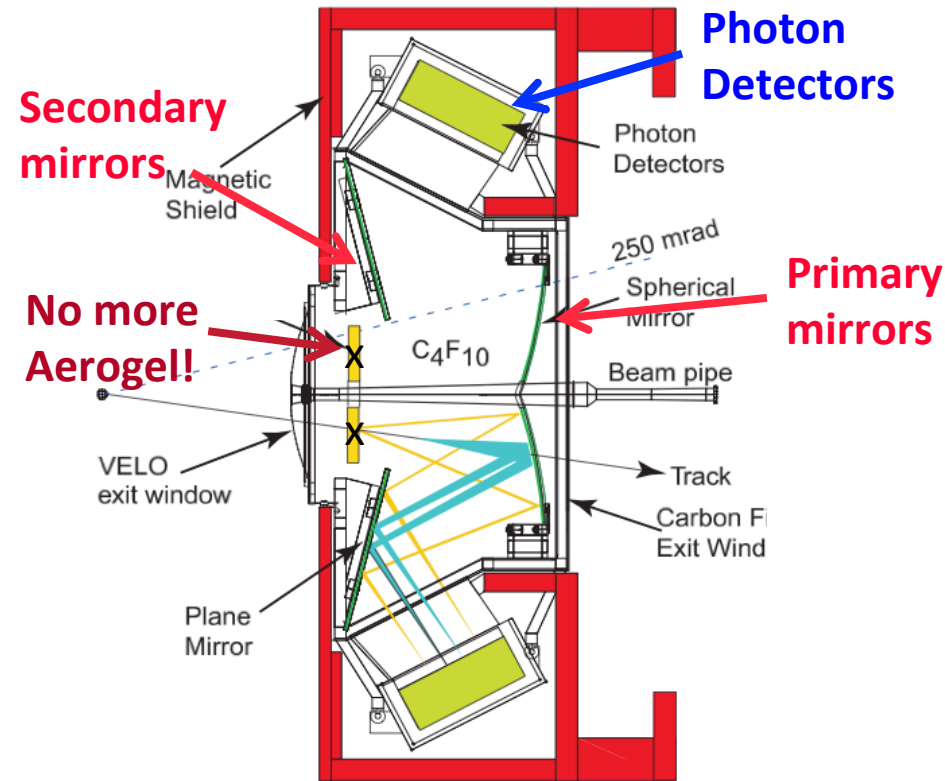
Overview

- **RICH mirror alignment strategy**
- **RICH mirror alignment implementation in Run II**
- **Performance in Run II**
- **RICH maintenance and operation**

RICH Mirror Alignment

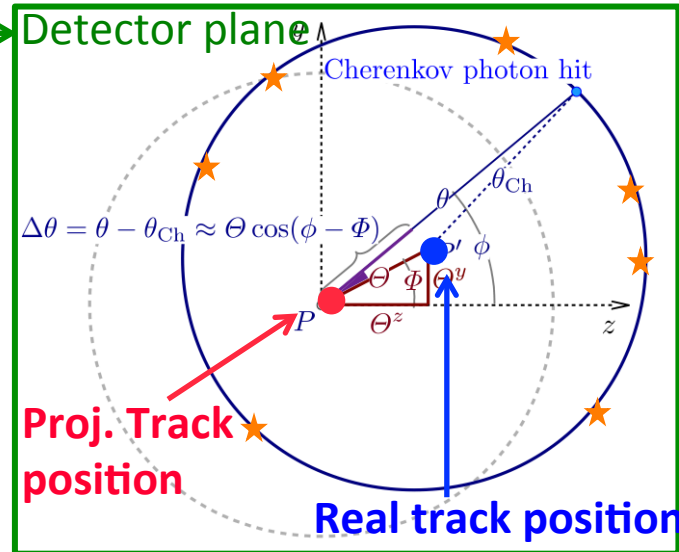
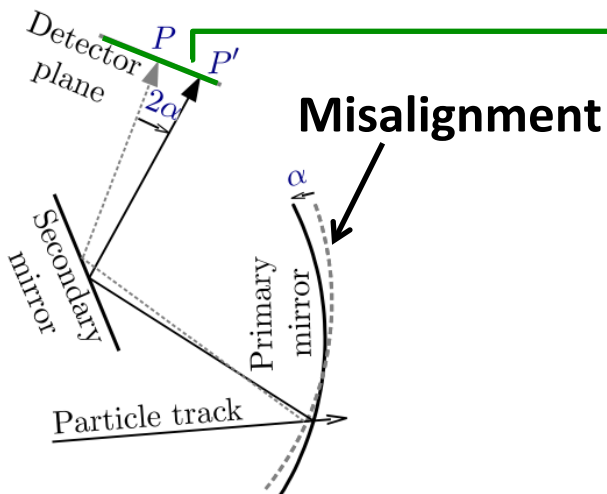
RICH 1: 4 primary mirrors
16 secondary mirrors

RICH 2: 54 primary mirrors
40 secondary mirrors



Misaligned mirrors will affect the PID due to incorrectly predicted Cherenkov angle!

Misalignment

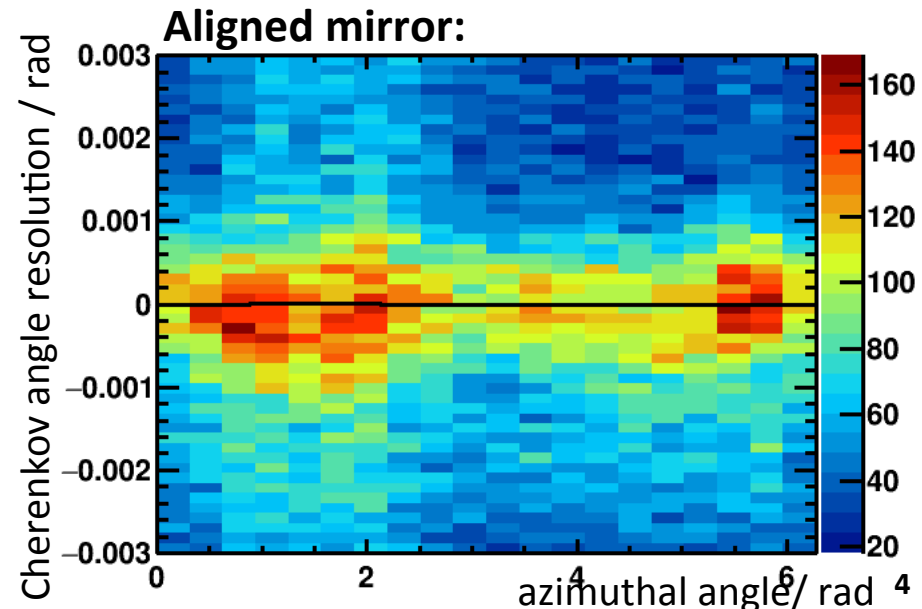
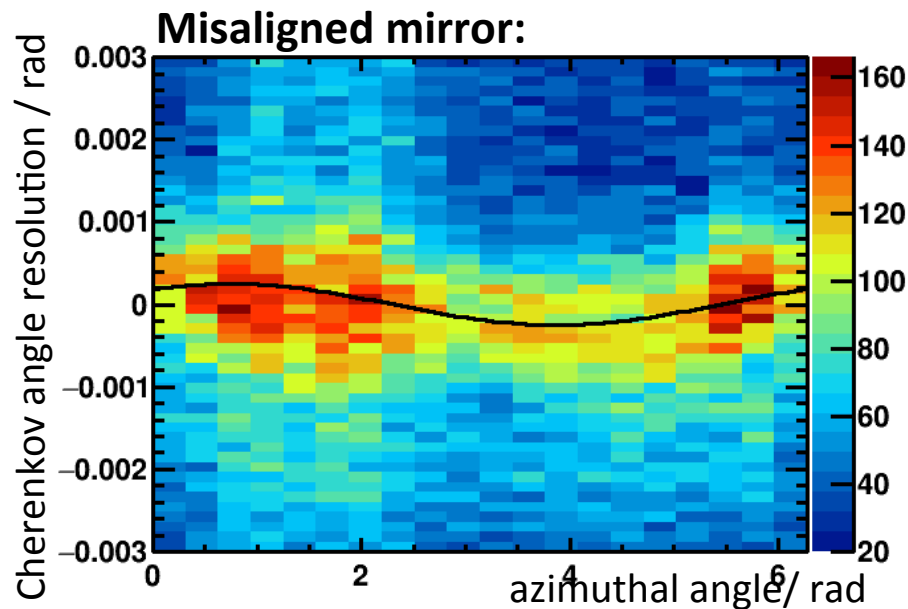


Identify misalignment:

$$\Delta\theta_c(\Phi) = \theta_{\text{meas.}} - \theta_{\text{exp.}}$$

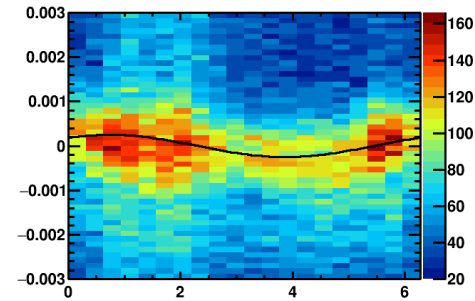
$$\Delta \theta_c^{\downarrow}(\Phi) = \rho_y \cos(\Phi) + \rho_z \sin(\Phi)$$

Misalignments on detector plane



Decoupling misalignments

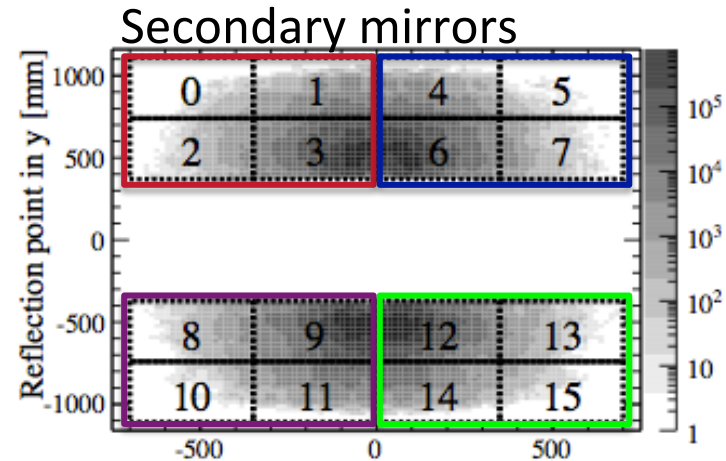
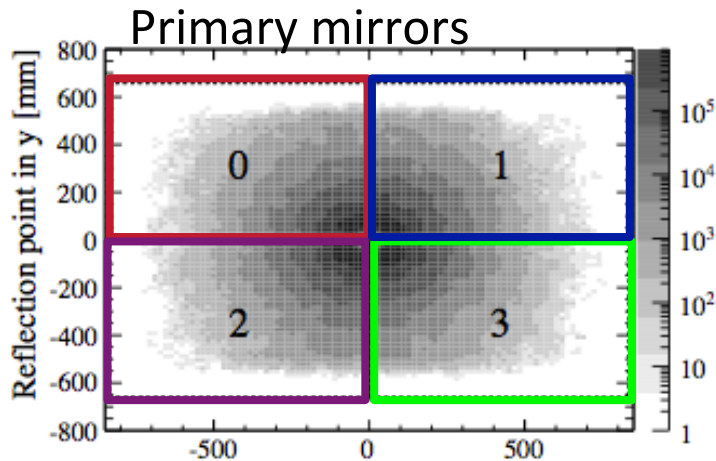
Mirror-pair: **fit** misalignment on detector-plane in y, z
→ 2 parameters
need actual misalignment in y, z , for each mirror
→ 4 parameters



RICH1: easy!

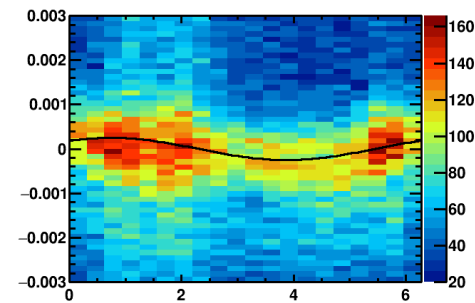
Given secondary mirror only receives photons from one primary mirror.

→ Only align secondary mirrors



Decoupling misalignments

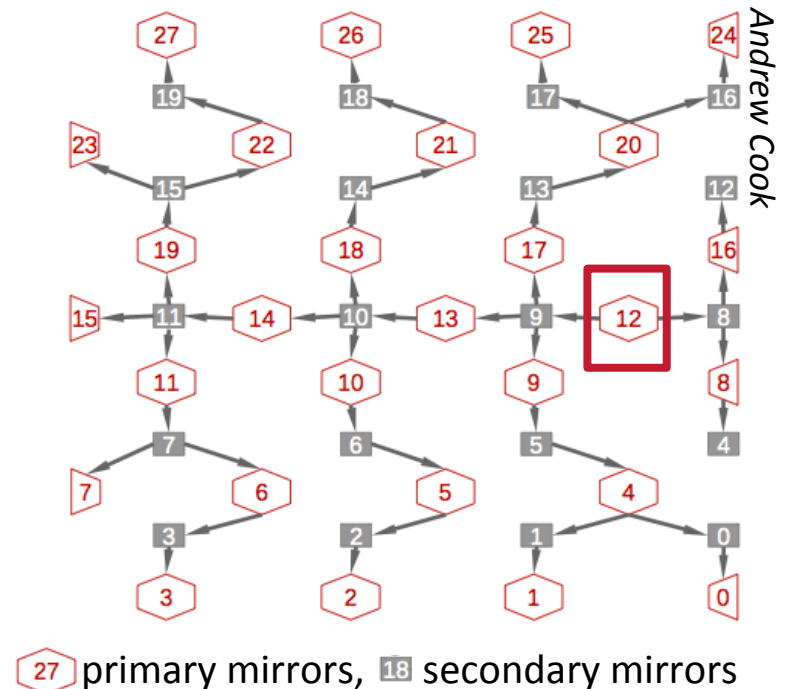
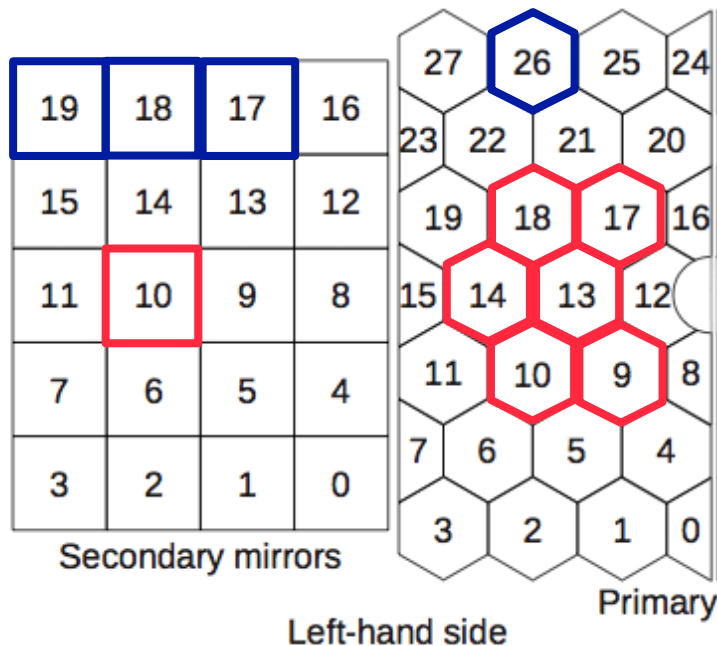
Mirror-pair: **fit** misalignment on detector-plane in y, z
→ 2 parameters
need actual misalignment in y, z , for each mirror
→ 4 parameters



RICH2:

Given secondary mirror can receive photons from several primary mirrors.

System of equations linking all mirrors starting from primary mirror 12.

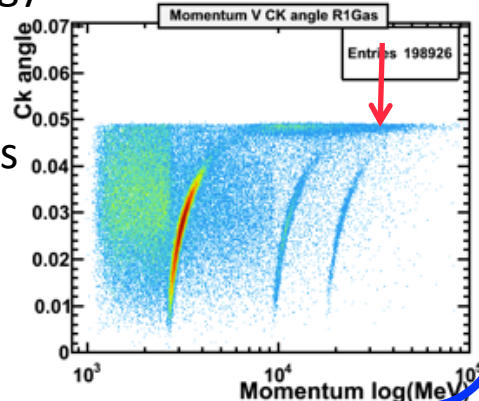


Alignment procedure

Events

CONDDb
database

High energy tracks + reconstruct
under
pion-
hypothesis



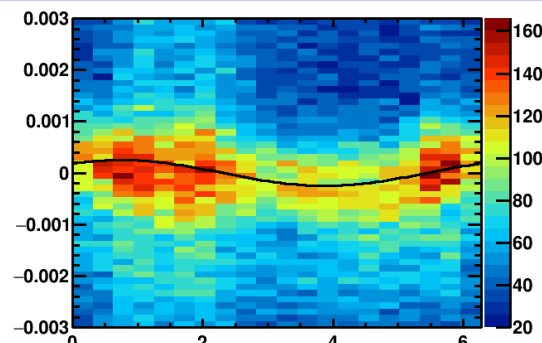
Fill histograms with ($\Delta\theta$ vs. Φ)
of unambiguous photons for
each
mirror-
pair

Unambiguous photons
will be reflected by the
same mirror-pair no
matter where along the
track they were emitted.

Calculate mirror misalignments
for each individual mirror +
Update database

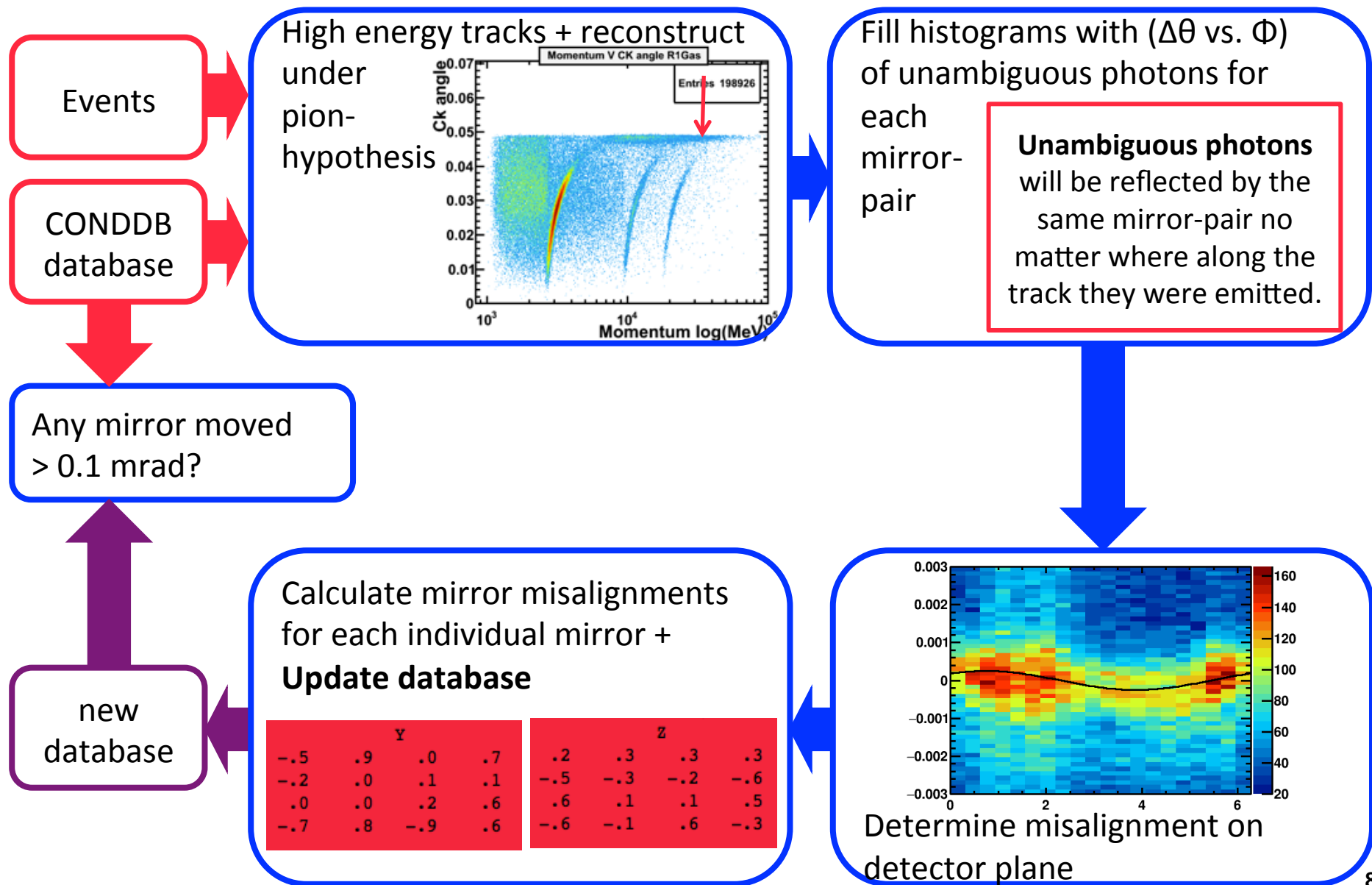
new
database

Y				Z			
-.5	.9	.0	.7	.2	.3	.3	.3
-.2	.0	.1	.1	-.5	-.3	-.2	-.6
.0	.0	.2	.6	.6	.1	.1	.5
-.7	.8	-.9	.6	-.6	-.1	.6	-.3

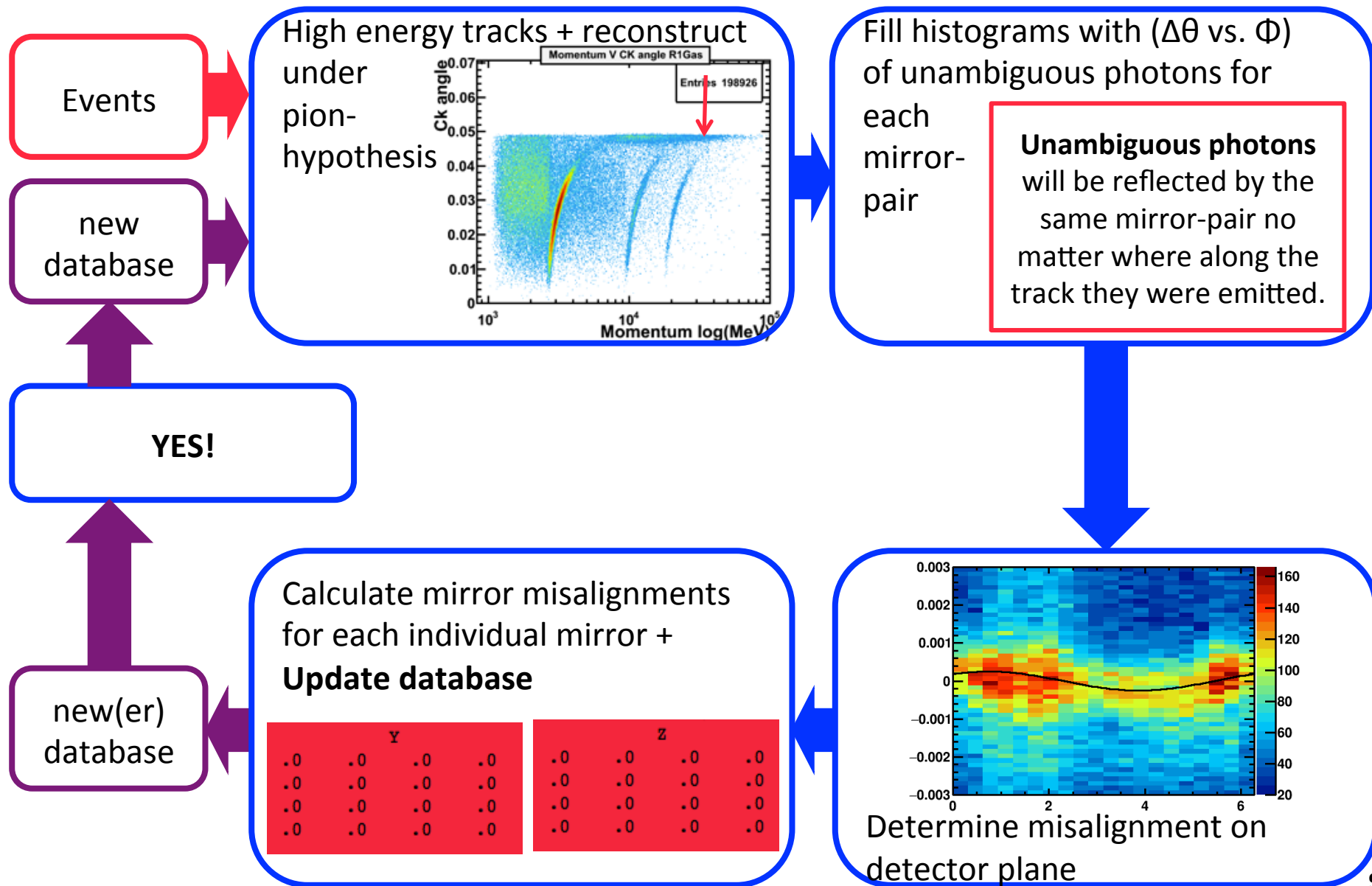


Determine misalignment on
detector plane

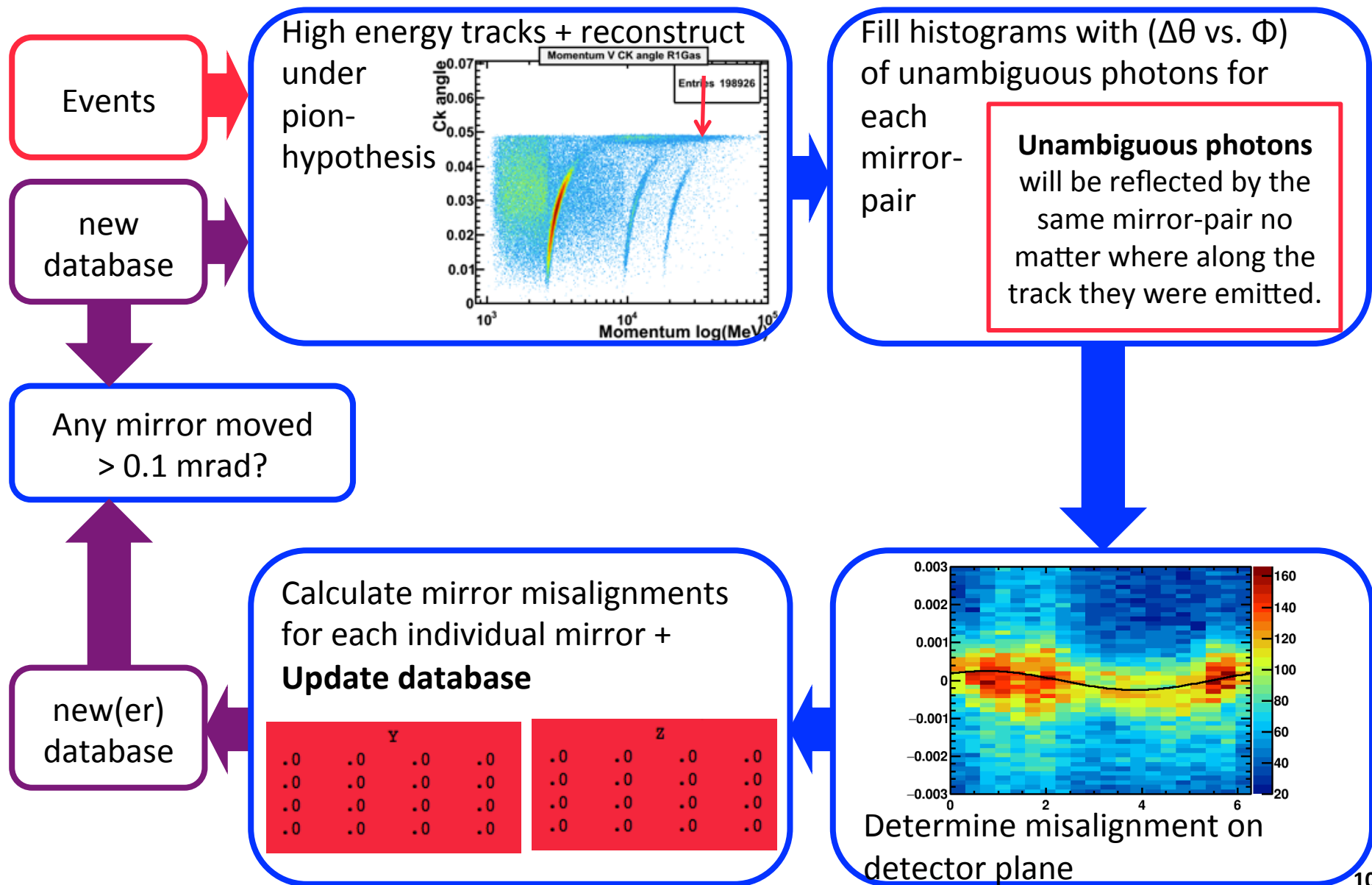
Alignment procedure



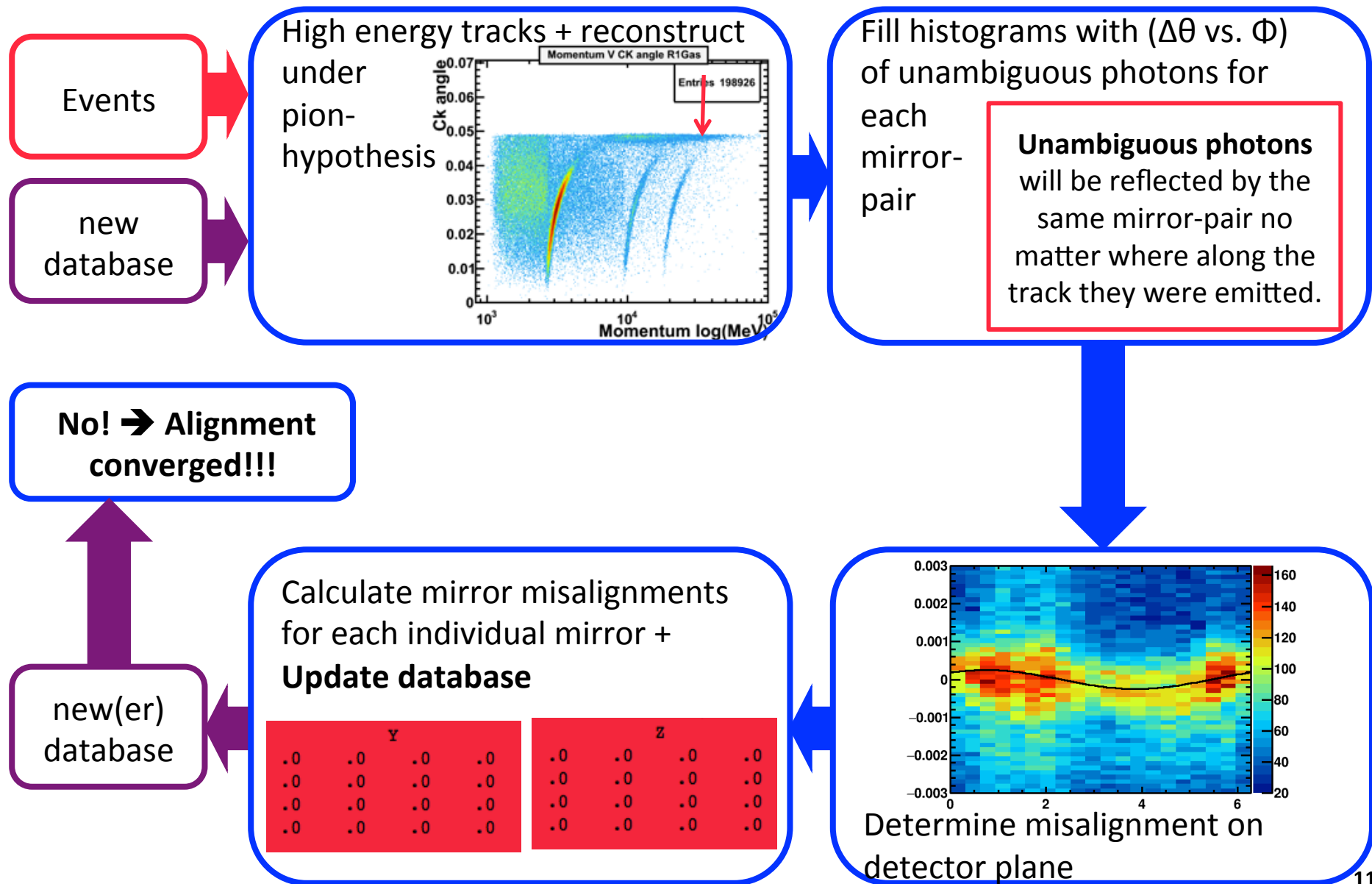
Alignment procedure



Alignment procedure



Alignment procedure



RICH mirror alignment implementation in Run II

Run I and Run II

Run I:

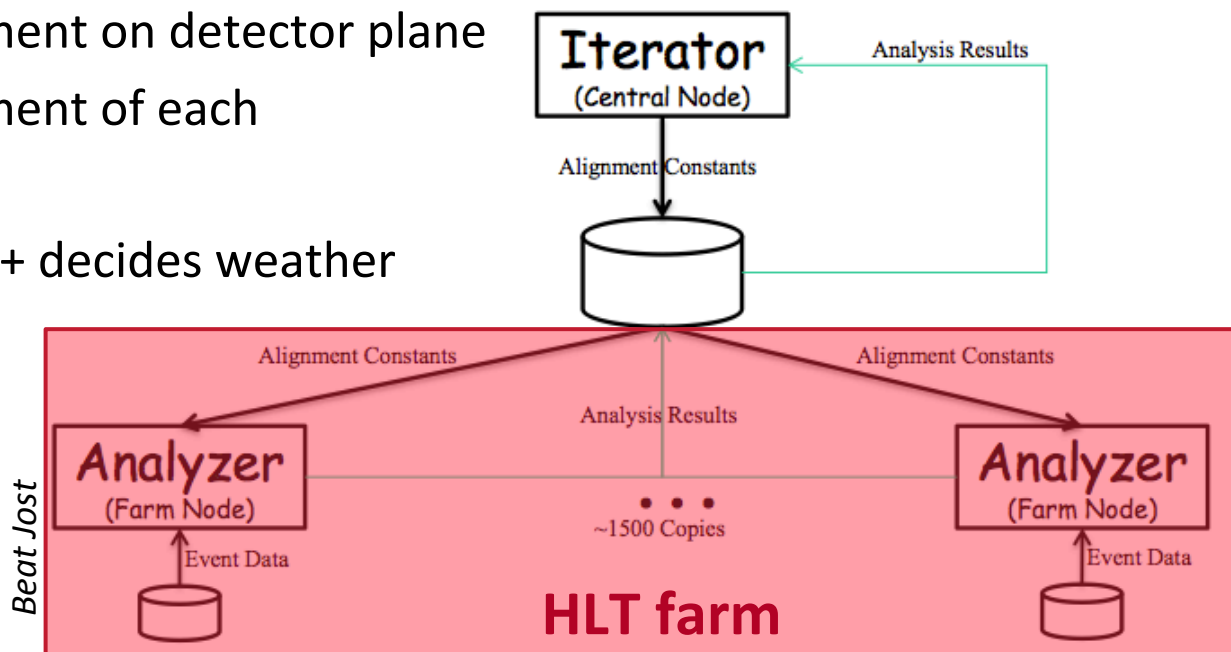
- Offline, after data taking
- with Ganga
- Alignment applied at the end-of-year reprocessing

Run II:

- **Online:** after HLT1 and before HLT2
- Alignment run **for each Fill** (monitoring mode)
- **HLT1 lines** for alignment
- **HLT farm** (~1700 nodes)
- Steered by the online **Finite State Machine (FSM)**

HLT farm for Run II

- **HLT farm nodes** (Analysers)
 - Reconstruct data from HLT1 lines
 - Make the histograms
- **Central node** (Iterator)
 - Receives histograms from Analysers
 - Determines misalignment on detector plane
 - Determines misalignment of each individual mirror
 - Makes new database + decides weather or not to continue



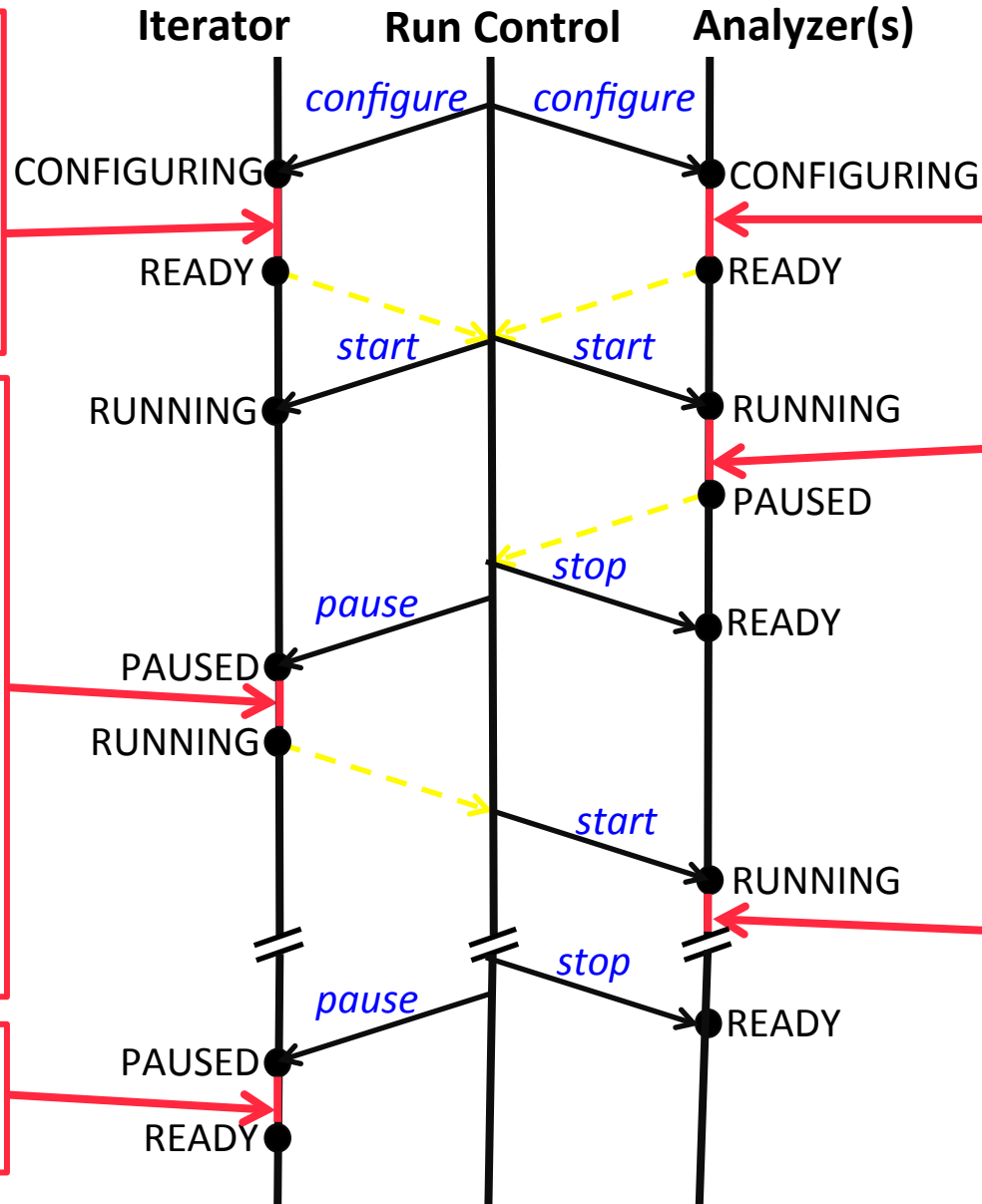
Finite State Machine

Get default database and place where analyzers will pick it up, etc.

Mirror misalignments + new database.

In case of continue: place new database where the analyzers will pick it up.

Alignment converged!



Set up Brunel reconstruction options.

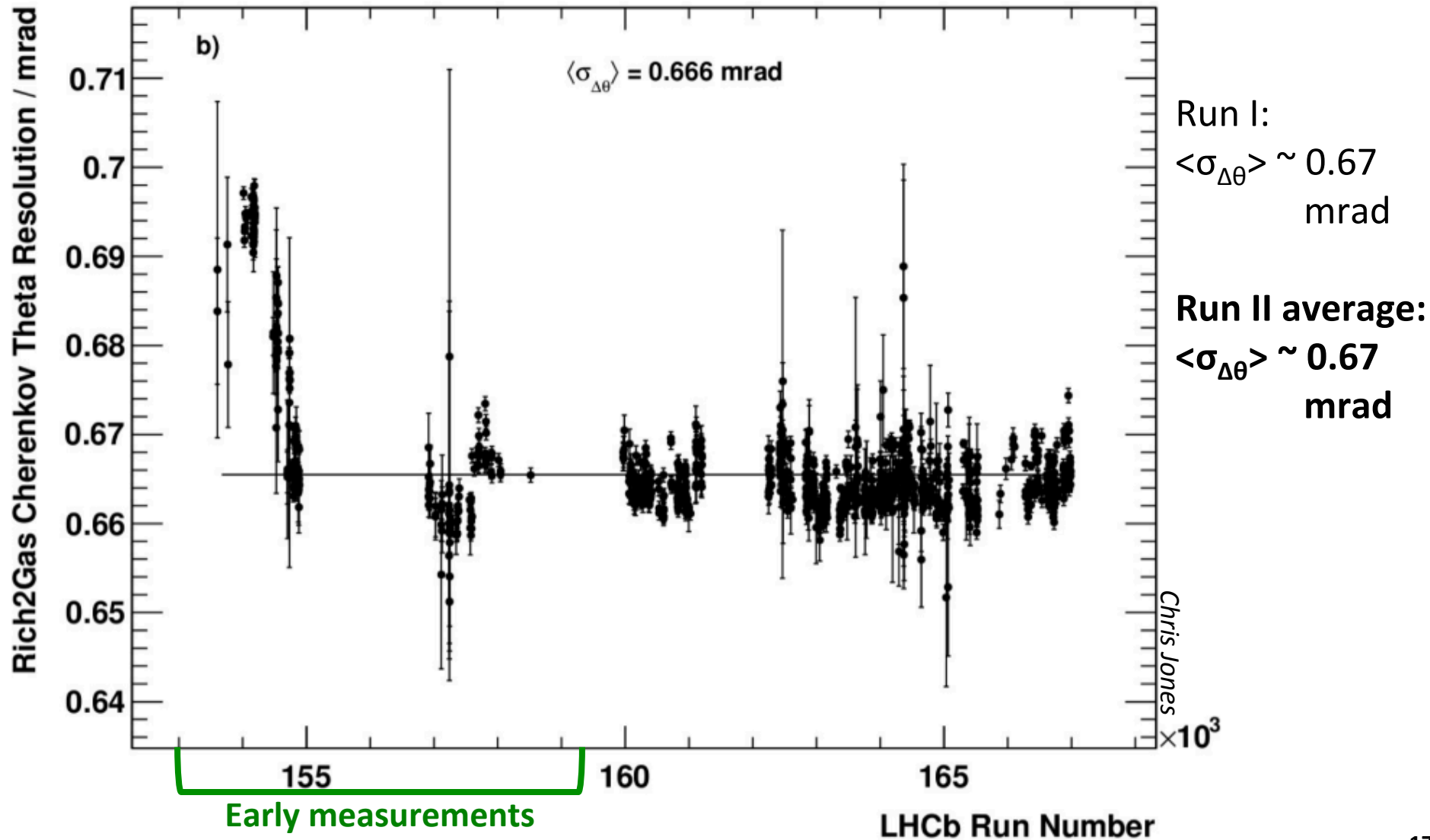
Reconstruct events and fill histograms.

Reconstruct events and fill histograms.

Performance in Run II

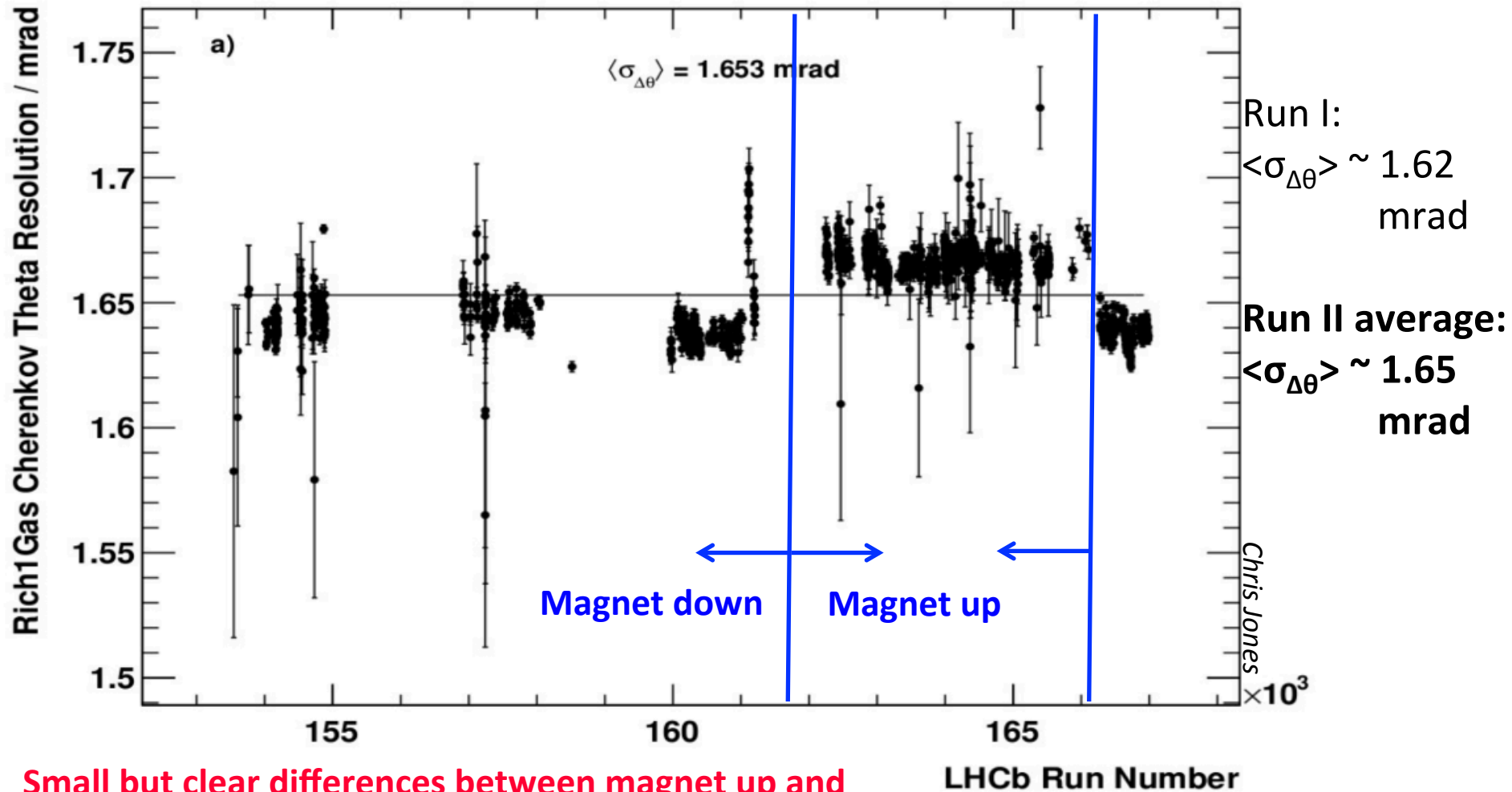
Performance – RICH2

RICH2 Cherenkov Resolution Stability : 2015



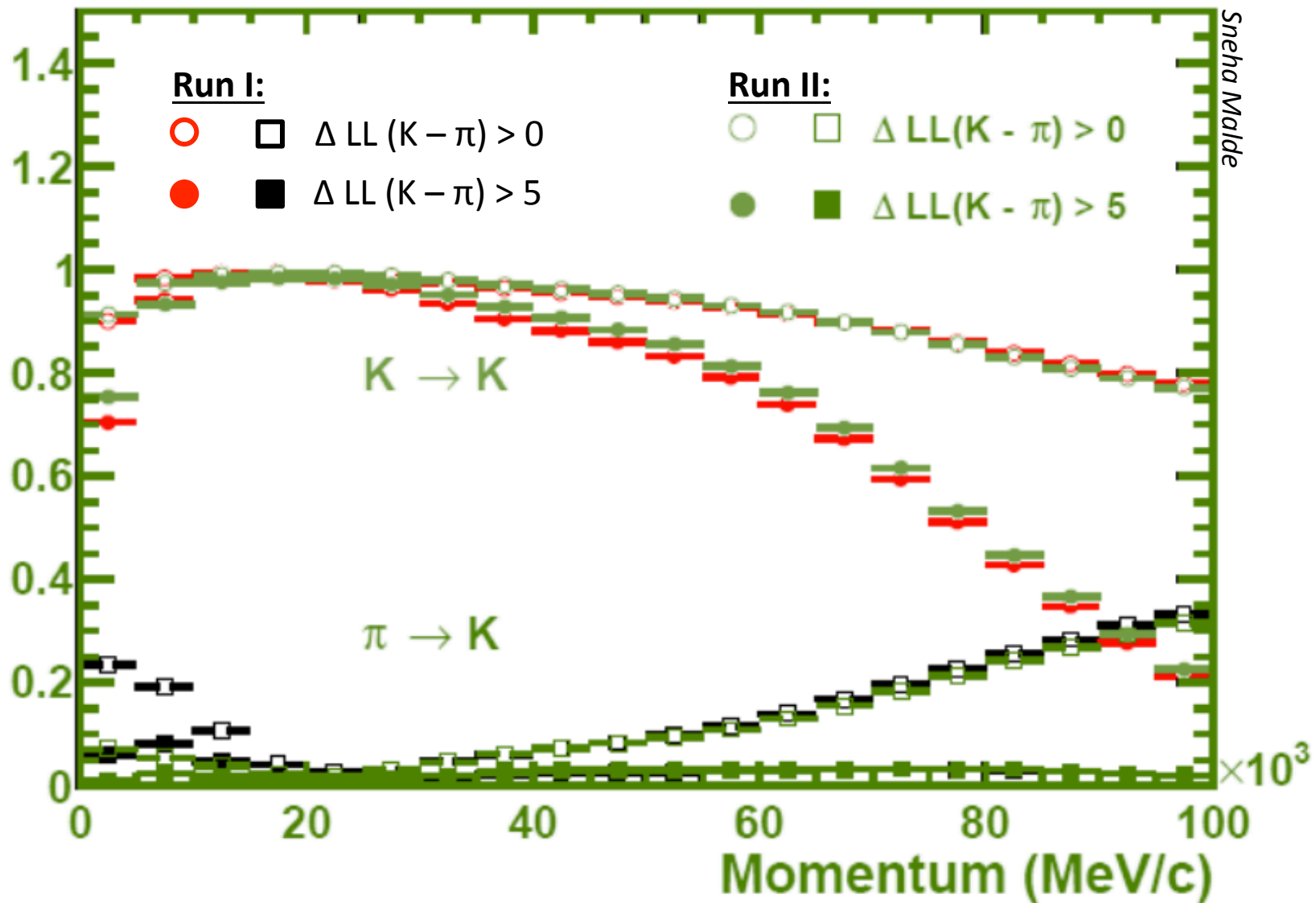
Performance – RICH1

RICH1 Cherenkov Resolution Stability : 2015



Small but clear differences between magnet up and magnet down!

PID Performance



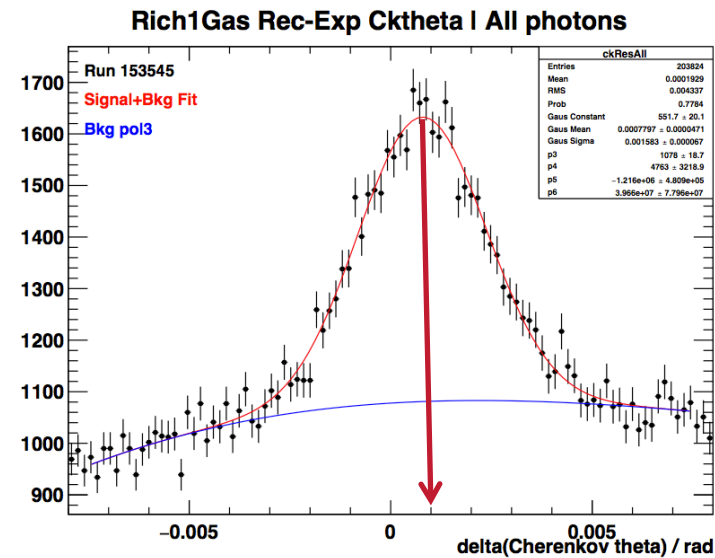
Maintenance and operation

Calibrations

Online calibrations at the end of each run.

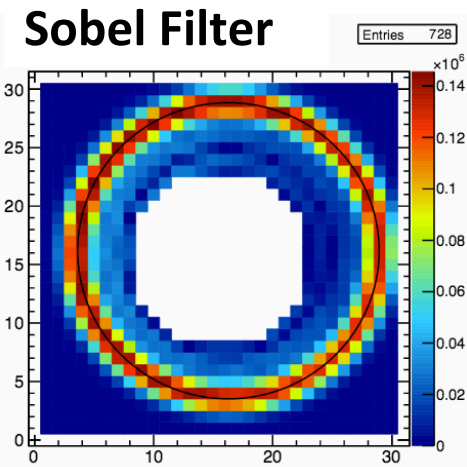
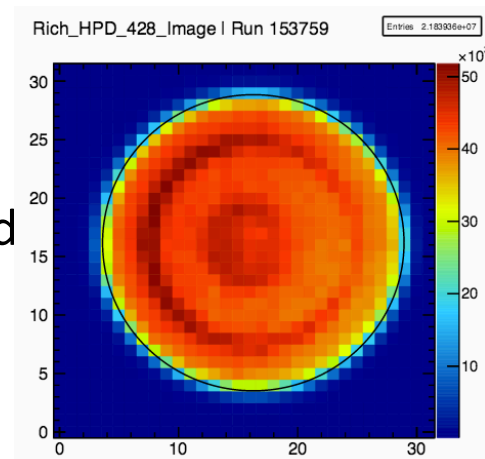
Refractive Index Calibration:

- Hardware sensors monitor pressure and temperature.
- Limited precision and does not account for gas mixture changes.
- Simple fit to reconstructed-expected Cherenkov angle yields (n-1) scale factor.



HPD images calibration:

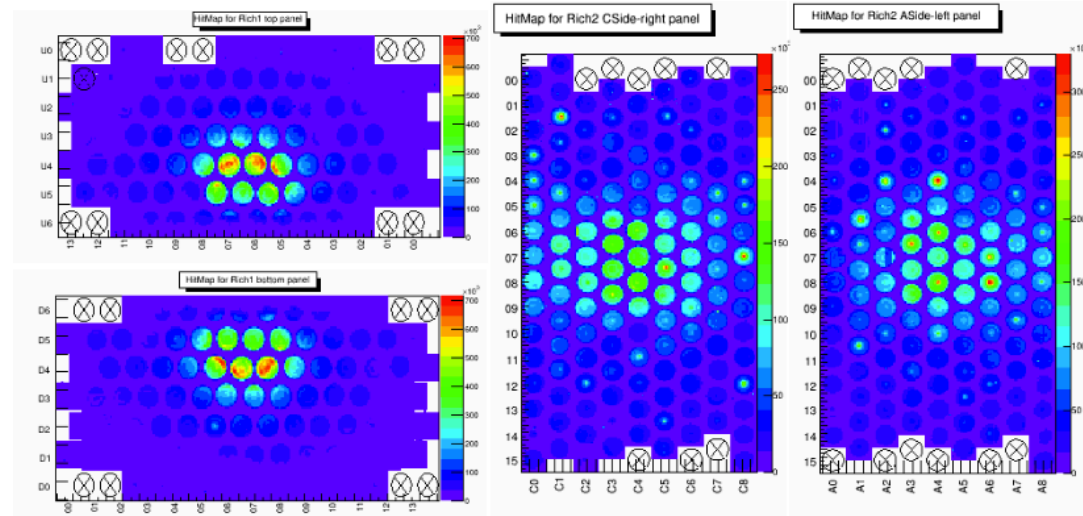
- Image fit performed for each HPD and used to provide calibration for anode element.



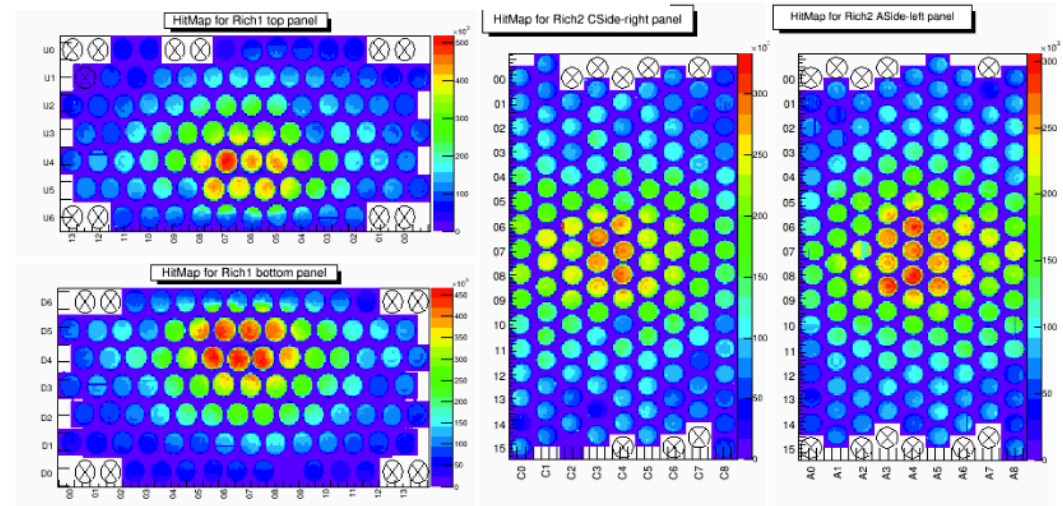
Maintenance and Operation

- Aerogel in RICH1 removed
- ~50% of HPDs in RICH1 replaced and many in RICH2 → quite new detector
- Gas leak in RICH1: not found but workaround developed
- Gas pressure generally well handled
- Some incomplete events due to RICH detectors → bug in UKLO firmware found and fixed
- RICHes performed well during the heavy ion runs

Average pp event:



Average heavy ion event:



Summary

- RICH detectors are performing very well
- Alignment will be run online for every fill
 - PID can be used in HLT2
 - Very fast (<2h wrt. ~2 days)
- RICH2 reached precision of Run1 already
- RICH1 needs a bit more work
- More optimisation is being done

Backup

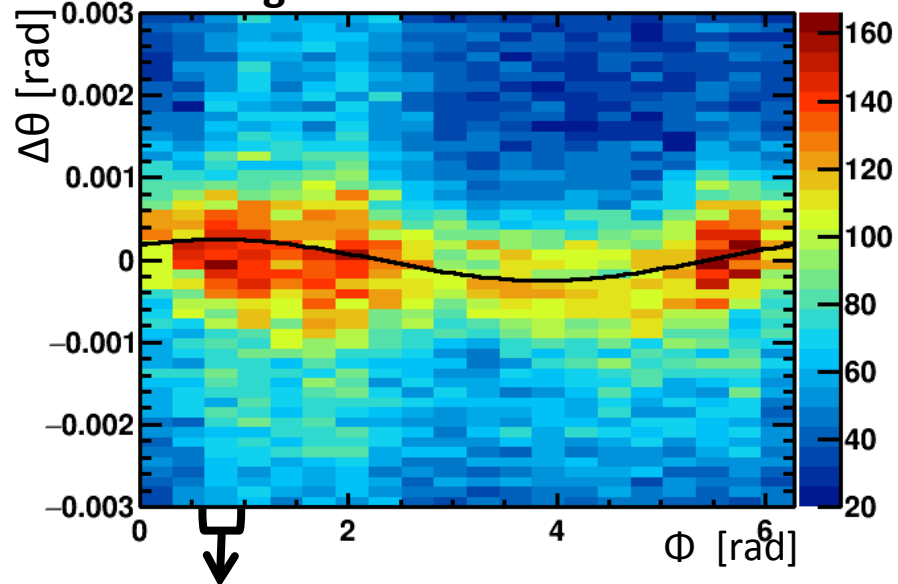
Cherenkov angle resolution

Limiting factors to Cherenkov angle resolution:

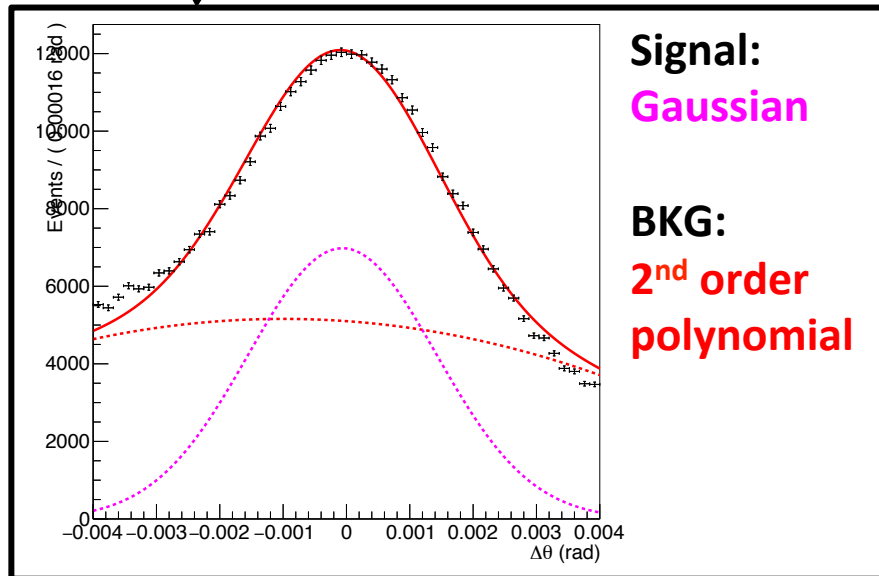
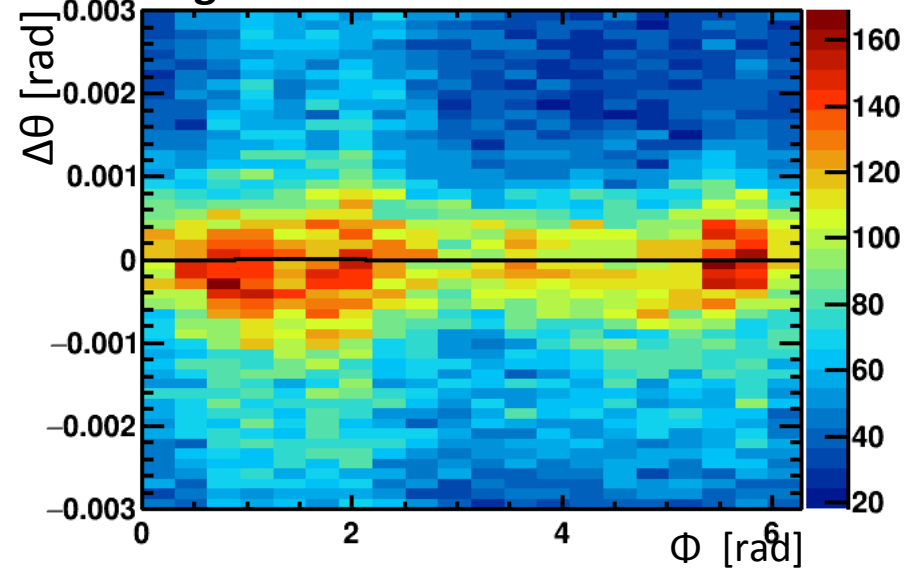
	σ [mrad]		
	RICH1		RICH2
	Aerogel	C ₄ F ₁₀	CF ₄
Emission point	0.4	0.8	0.2
Chromatic dispersion	2.1	0.9	0.5
Pixel size	0.5	0.6	0.2
Tracking	0.4	0.4	0.4
Total	2.6	1.5	0.7

Misalignment

Misaligned mirrors:



Aligned mirrors:



Magnification coefficients

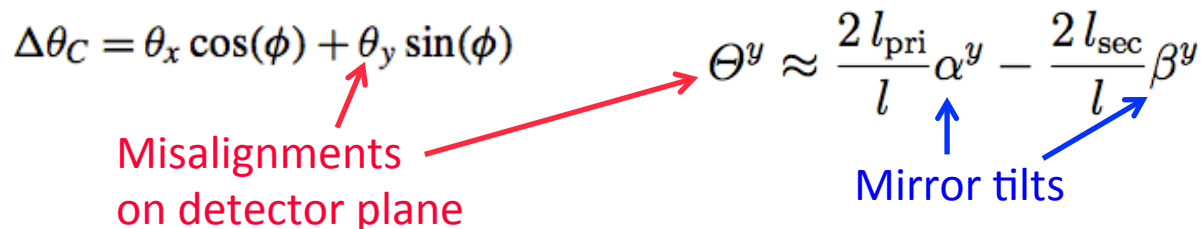
Magnification coefficients: Translate the tilt on the detector plane into actual mirror tilts

$$\Delta\theta_C = \theta_x \cos(\phi) + \theta_y \sin(\phi)$$

Misalignments
on detector plane

$$\Theta^y \approx \frac{2l_{\text{pri}}}{l} \alpha^y - \frac{2l_{\text{sec}}}{l} \beta^y$$

Mirror tilts



Magnification coefficients are calculated new for each iteration:

- Introduce 8 rotations: primary and secondary mirrors rotated around $\pm y$ and $\pm z$ axis respectively
- Rotate about 0.3 mrad (half the resolution of RICH2)
- Reconstruct events for each rotation and evaluate the tilts on the detector plane

Need to reconstruct all events 9 times!

$$\Theta^y \approx 2.0 \alpha^y - 0.9 \beta^y \quad \text{and} \quad \Theta^z \approx 1.8 \alpha^z + 0.6 \beta^z.$$

New HLT Lines

- Trigger on tracks that will populate the hardest-to-populate mirror-pairs
- ➔ usually the very outer mirrors
- Other tracks in the events will populate the rest

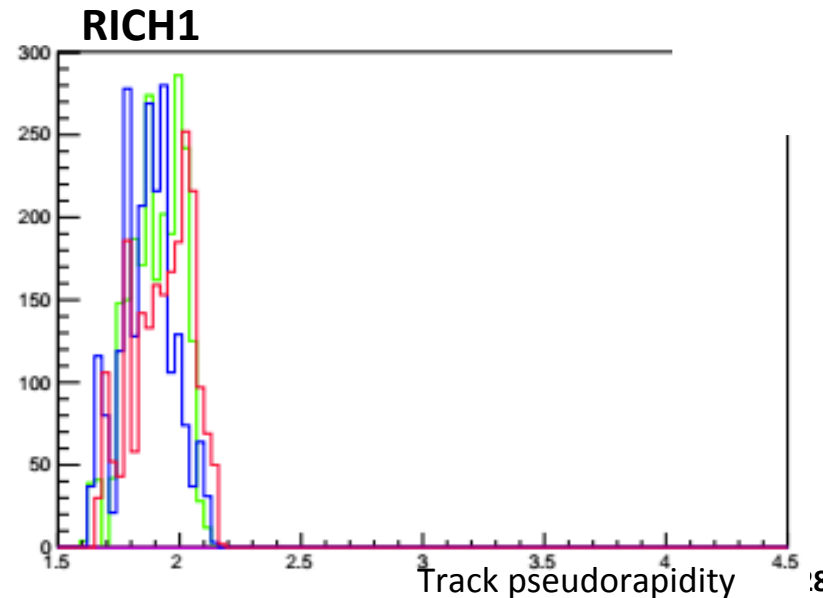
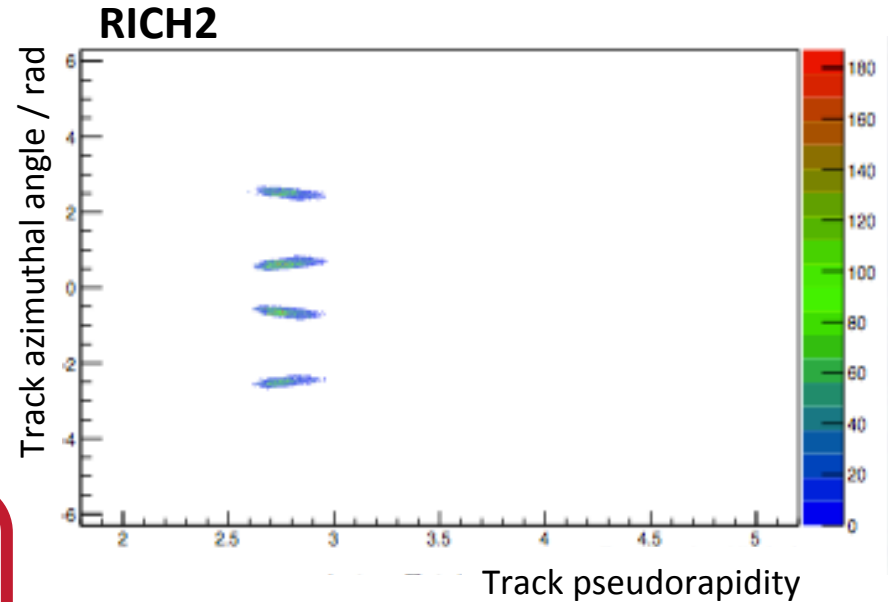
RICH2 line:

$p > 40 \text{ GeV}$ **&&** $\chi^2 < 2$ **&&** $2.65 < \eta < 2.80$
 $(-2.59 < \Phi < -2.49)$ **||** $(-0.65 < \Phi < -0.55)$ **||**
 $(0.45 < \Phi < 0.65)$ **||** $(2.49 < \Phi < 2.59)$

RICH1 line:

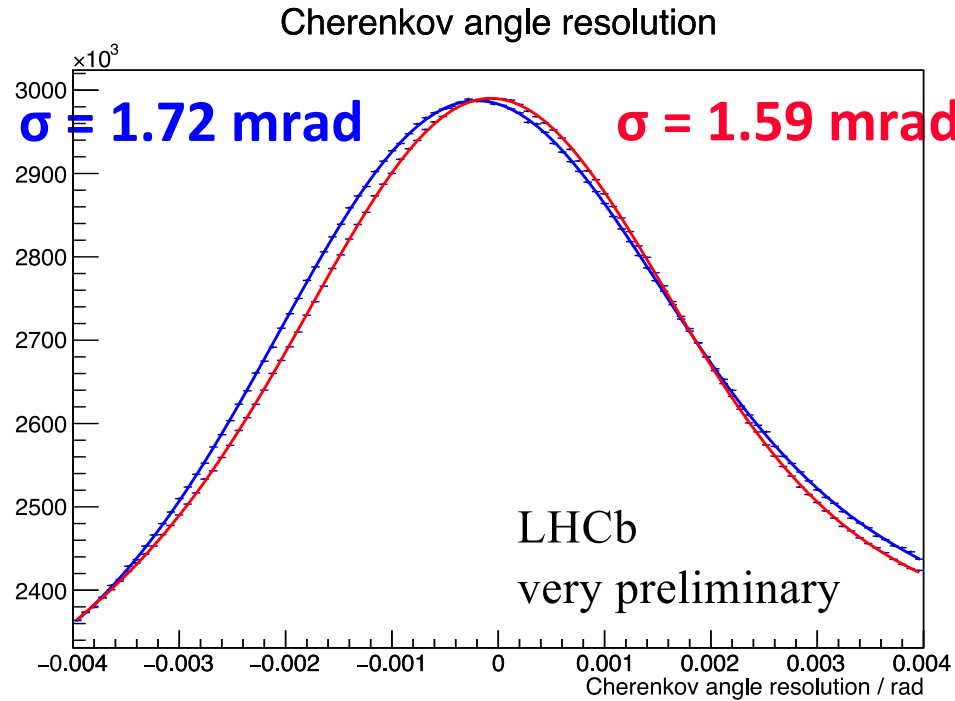
$p > 10 \text{ GeV}$ **&&** $\chi^2 < 2$ **&&** $1.6 < \eta < 2.04$
 $(-2.65 < \Phi < -2.3)$ **||** $(-0.8 < \Phi < -0.5)$ **||**
 $(0.5 < \Phi < 0.8)$ **||** $(2.3 < \Phi < 2.65)$

Need to reconstruct ~10 times less events!



Example RICH1 improvement

First
alignment
in RunII



Second
alignment
in RunII