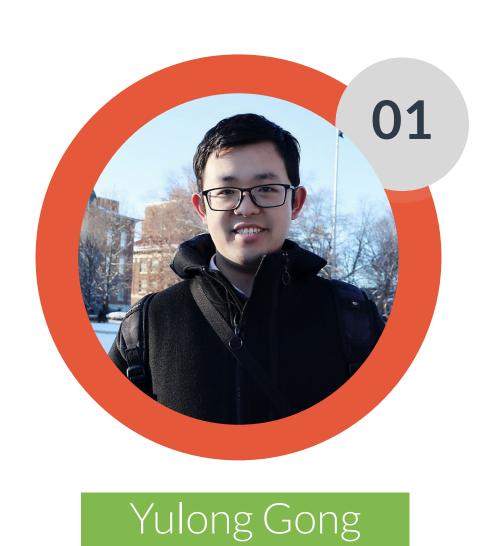
Credit Card Customer Analysis

Presented by Team 2

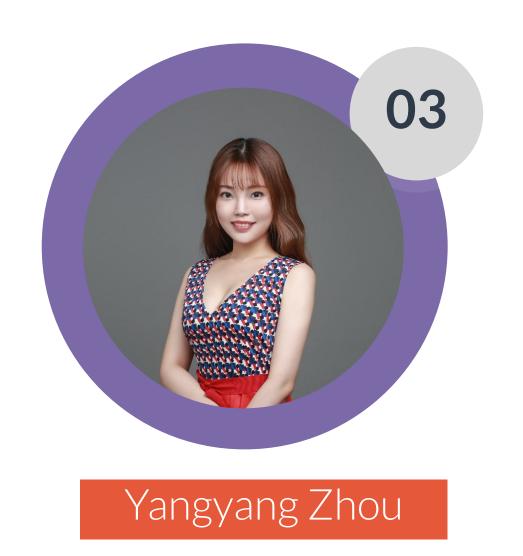
Yulong Gong, Muyan Xie, Yangyang Zhou, Yichi Zhang

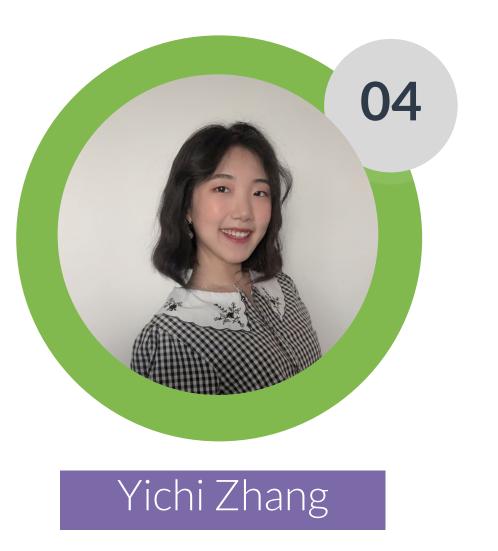
Team Member

Your great subtitle in this line

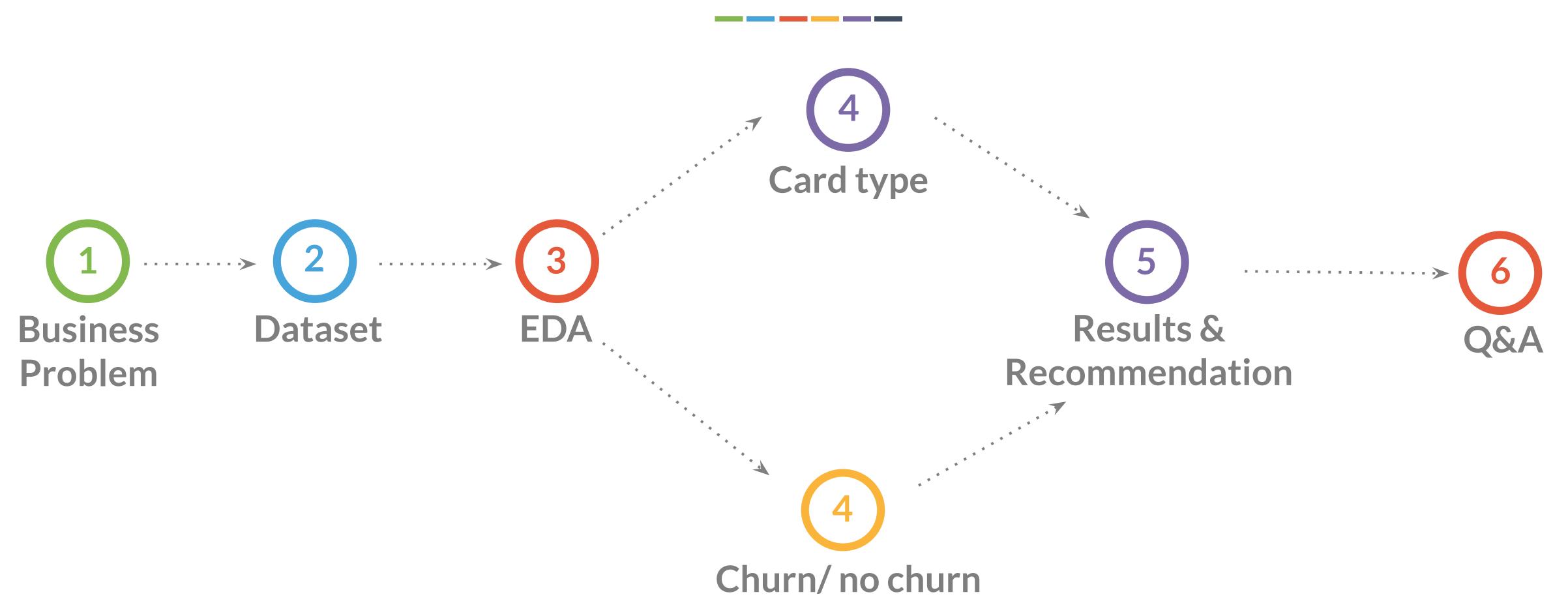








Outline



Business Problem



- Help business entities identify natural customer clusters to help them evaluate products design.
- Help business entities understand customer behavior patterns based on the artificial cluster label.





Dataset

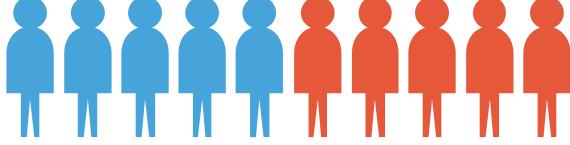
- Kaggle: https://www.kaggle.com/sakshigoyal7/credit-card-customers
- 10,127 observations, 21 variables, 1 index, 6 categorical, 14 numerical
- Only 16.07% of customers who have churned
- There is no null value







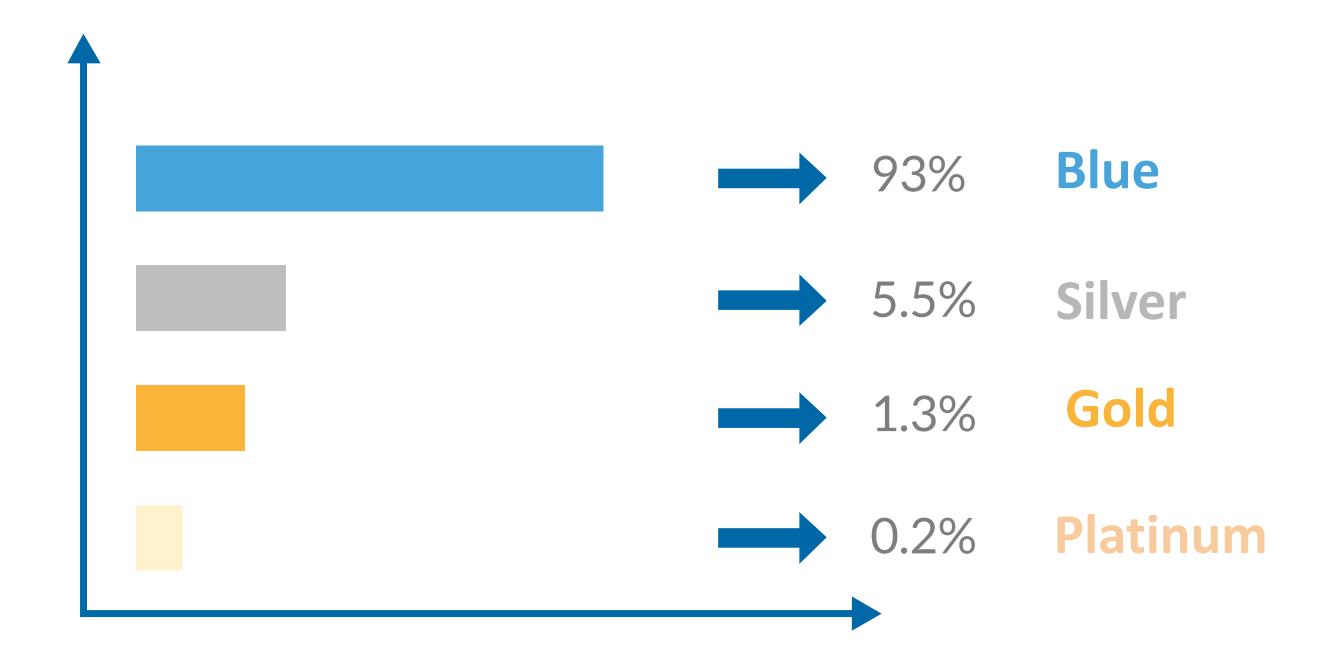




84% No churn/ 16% churn



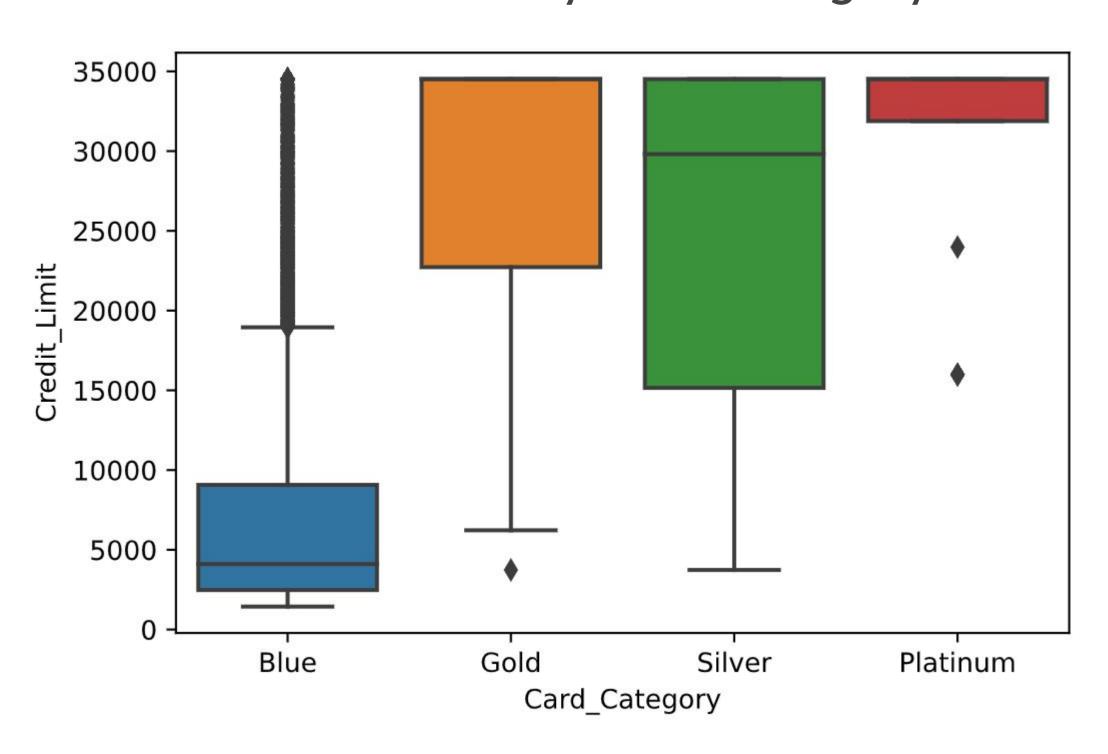
Distribution of card types







Credit Limit by Card Category



• Maximum credit limits for all cards is the same 34,516.

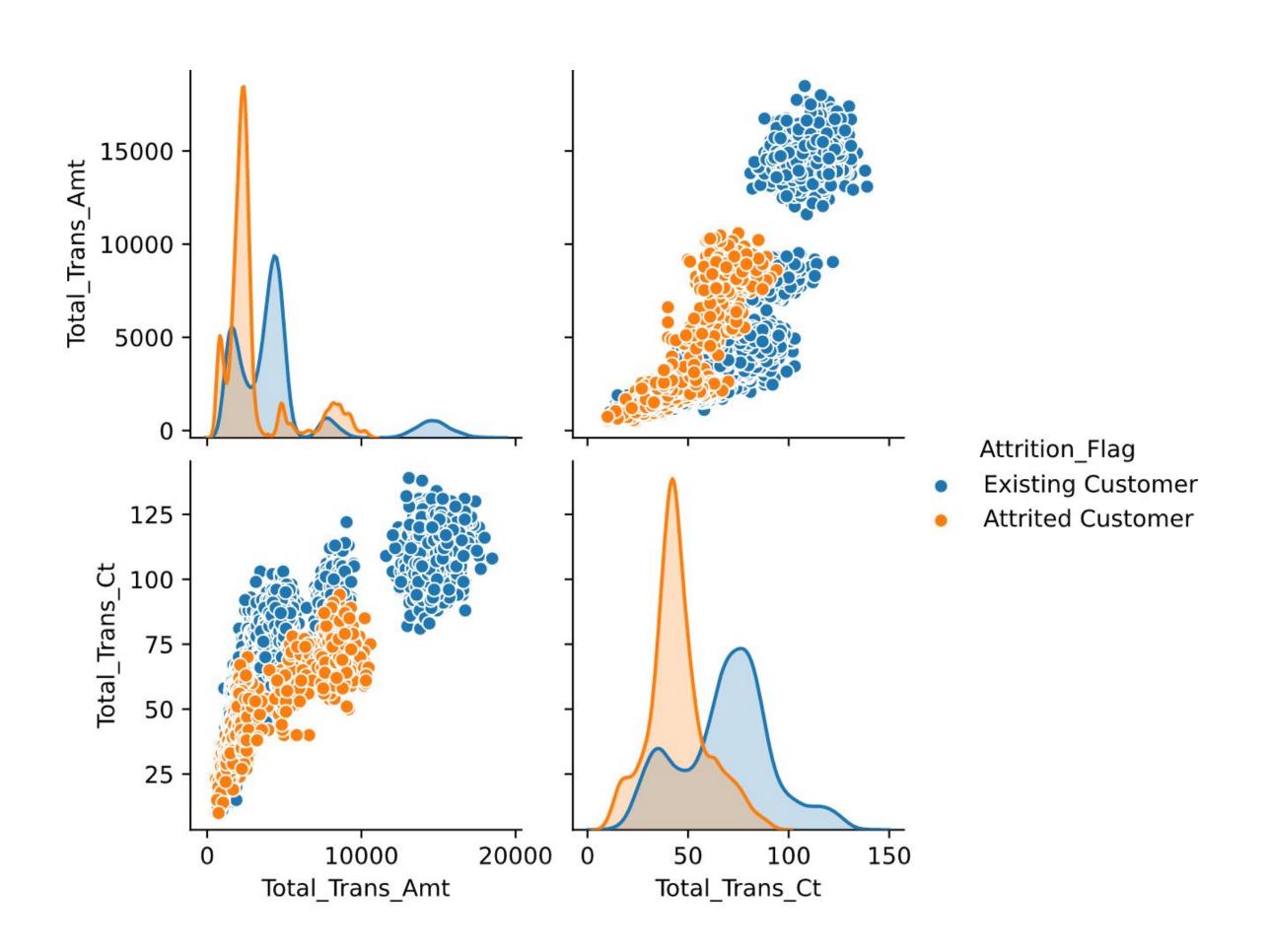
Customer Age by Card Category and gender



• The distribution of customer age is almost identical for all card types, around 45.







- Existing customer tends to have more transactions than attrited customers.
- Also, the existing customer tends to have higher total transaction amount.

Preprocessing

- Numeric Columns
 - Set client id as index
 - Standardize
- Categorical Columns
 - Create dummy variables
 - Target: Attrition Flag

Machine Learning - Card Type

Unsupervised Models



Blue Card

Gold Card

Silver Card

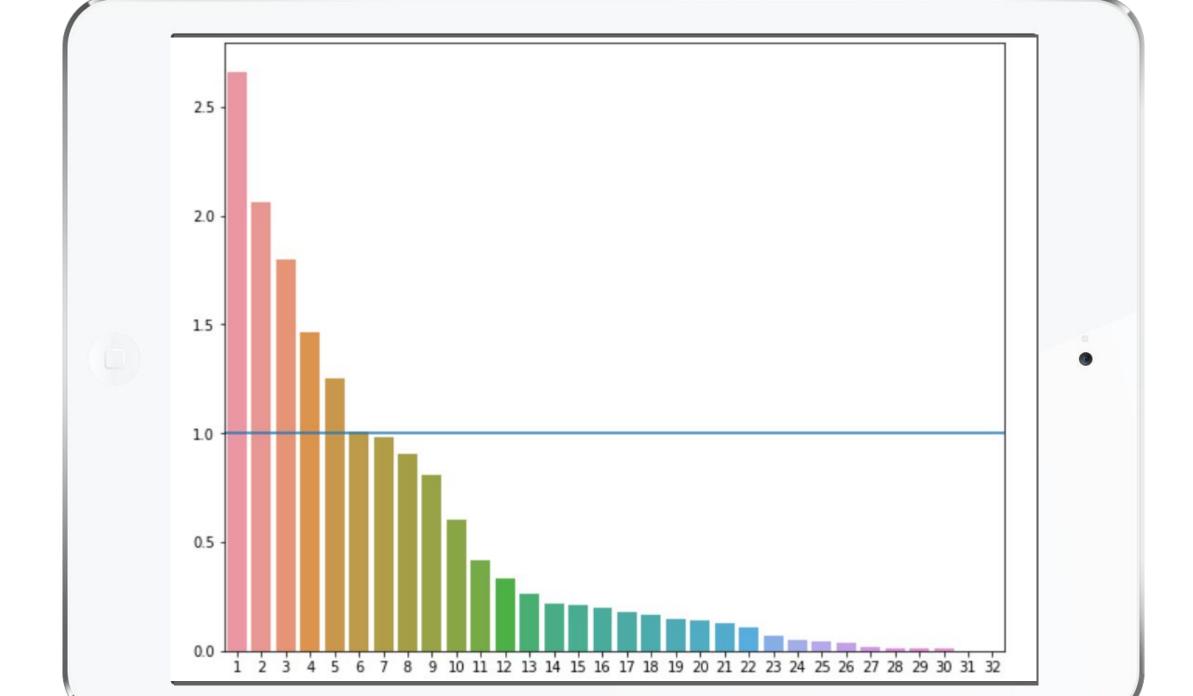
Platinum Card





Cumulative Variance

Reaching 90%
Variance with 14
components

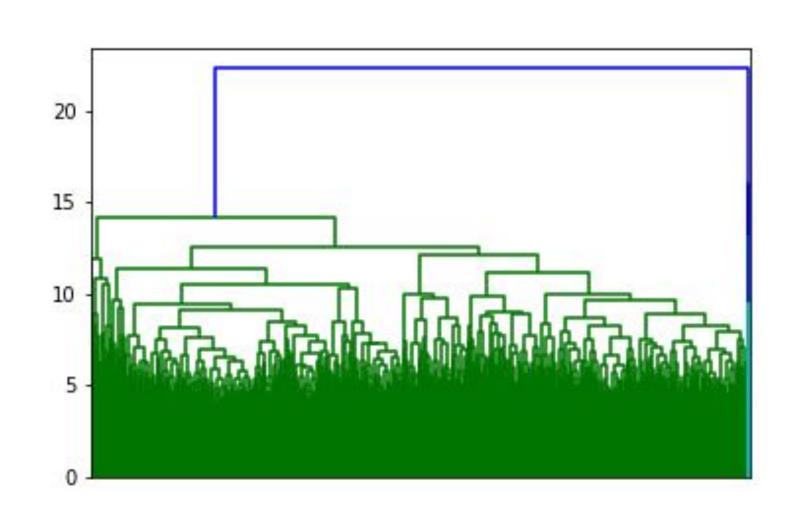


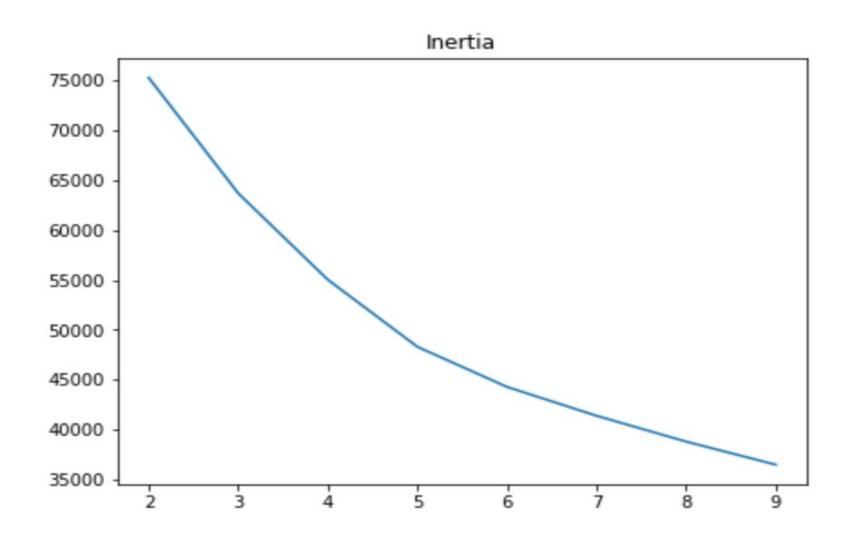


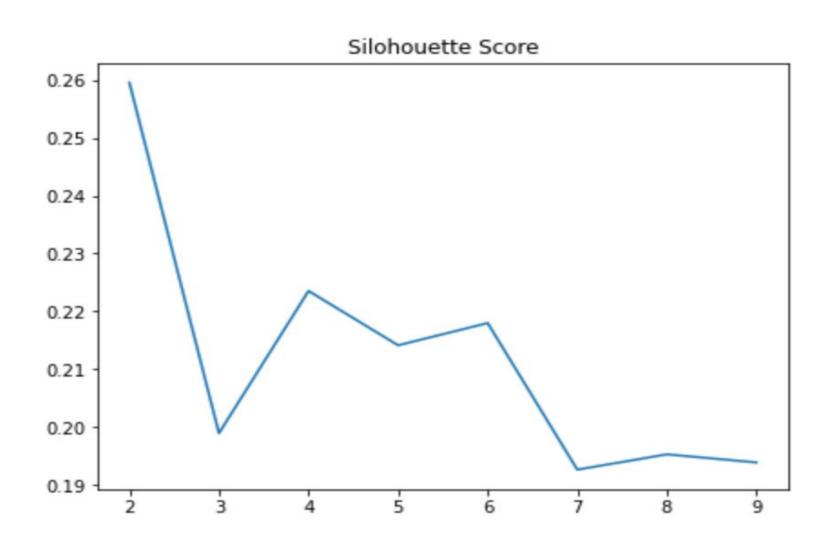


PCA + KMeans





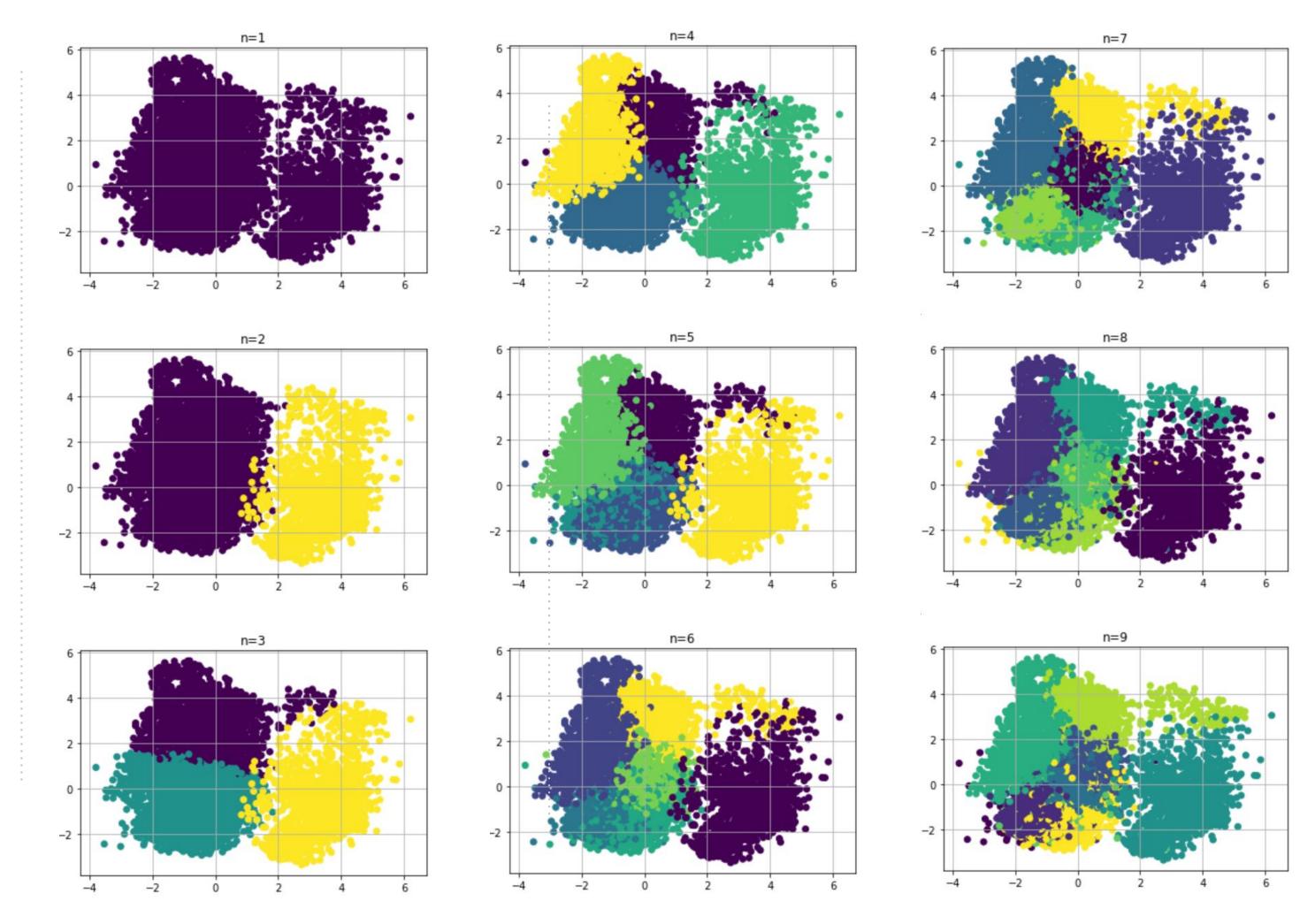




- k=4 is a good choice
- Low inertia + High silhouette score

KMeans plot

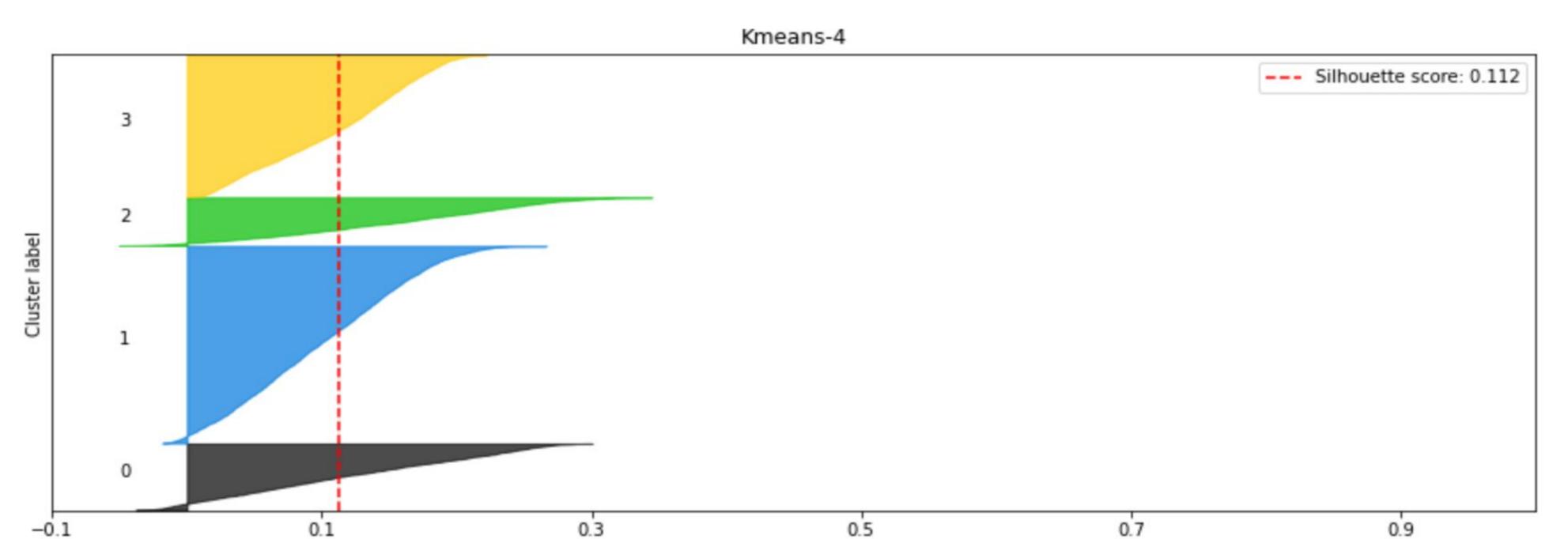
Unsupervised Model





PCA + KMeans

Unsupervised Models



Silhouette coefficient values

Blue	9436
Silver	555
Gold	116
Platinum	20

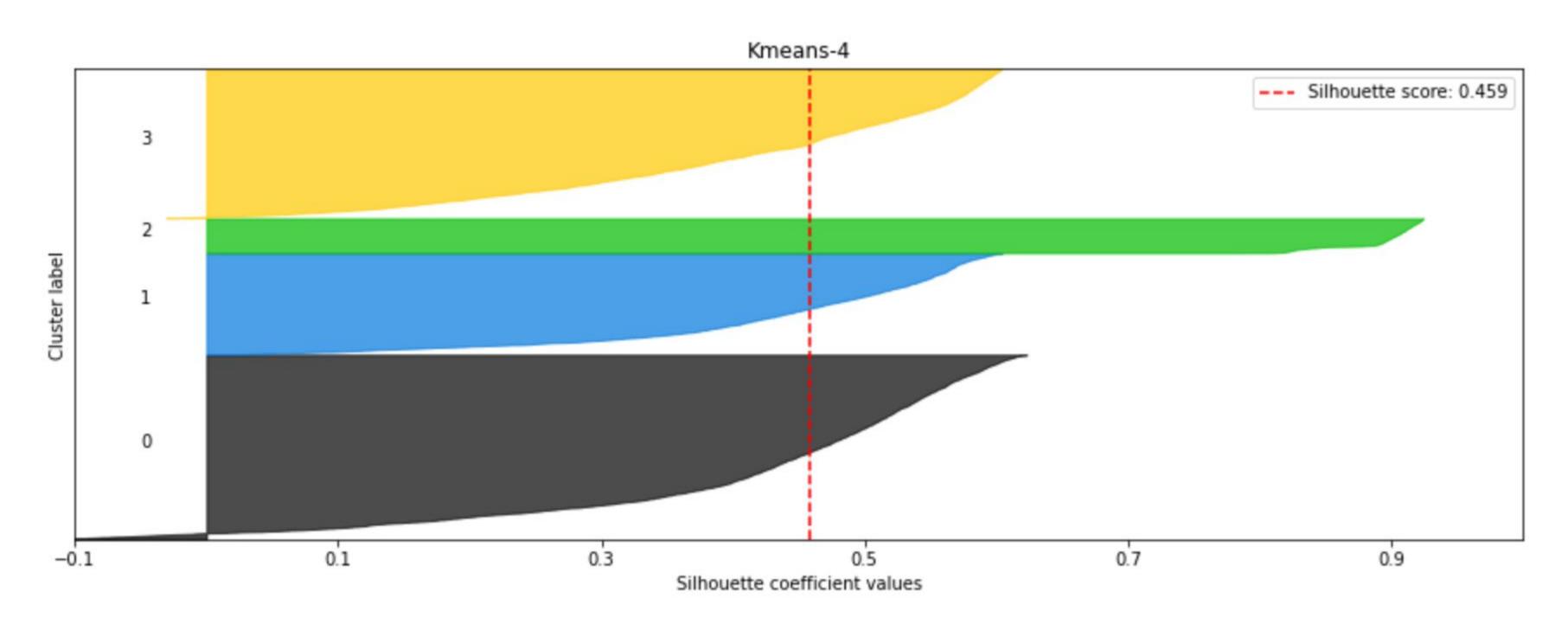




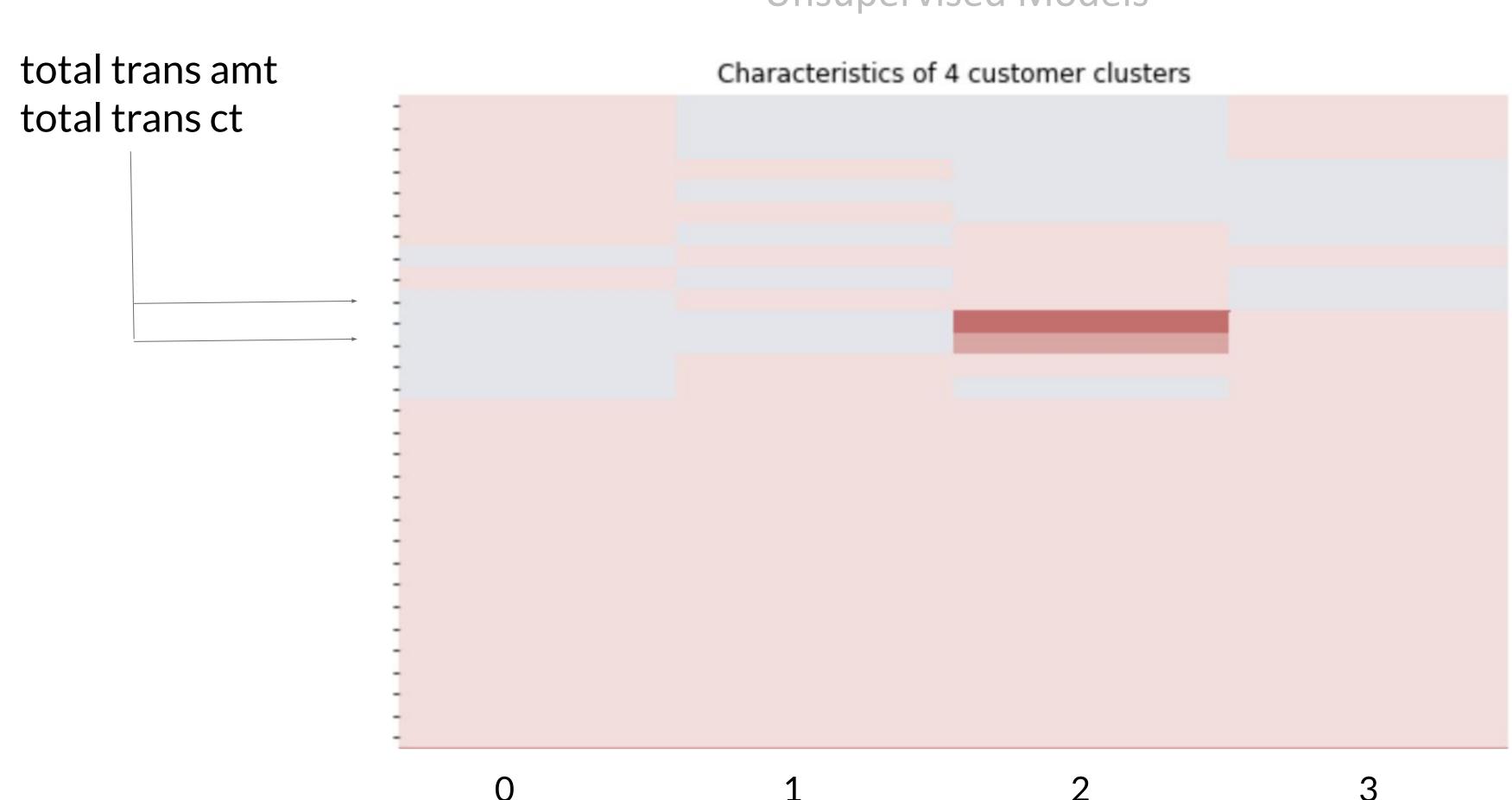


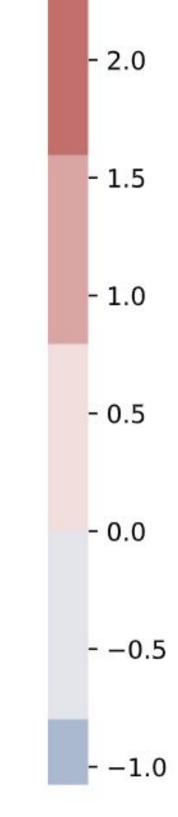
UMAP + KMeans





- Fewer miscluster
- Higher silhouette score







Machine Learning - Churn or No Churn

Supervised Model



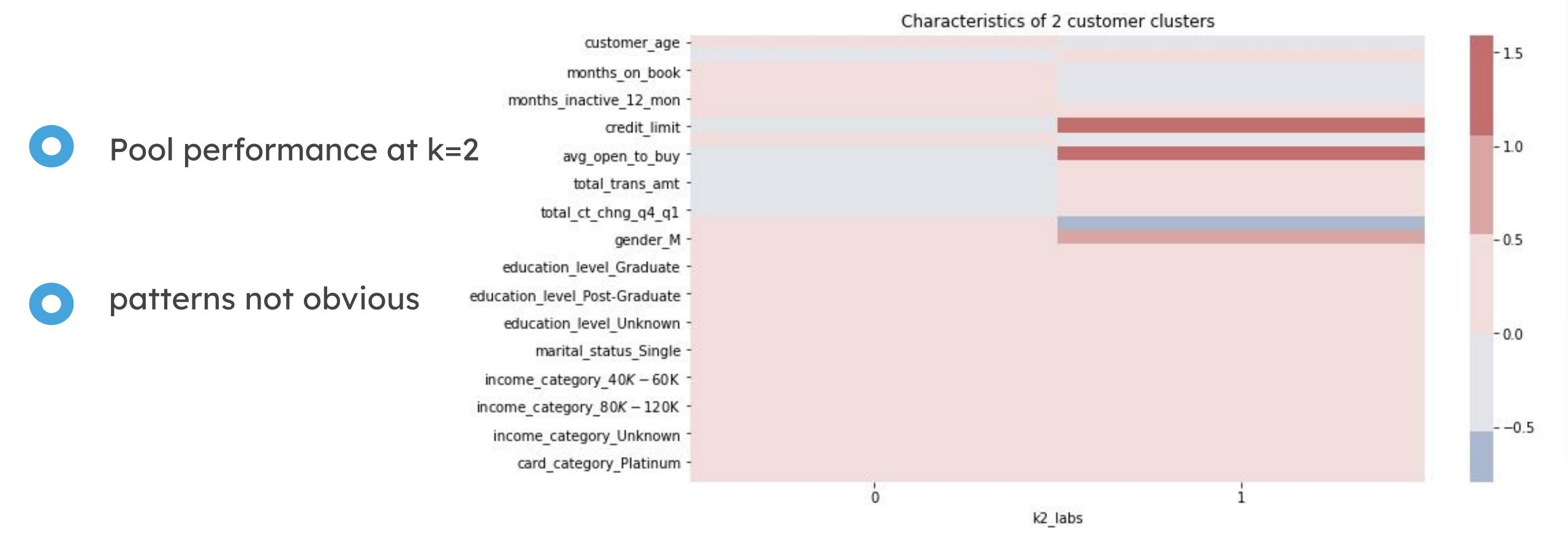
Attrited customers

Existing customers



Churn or No Churn





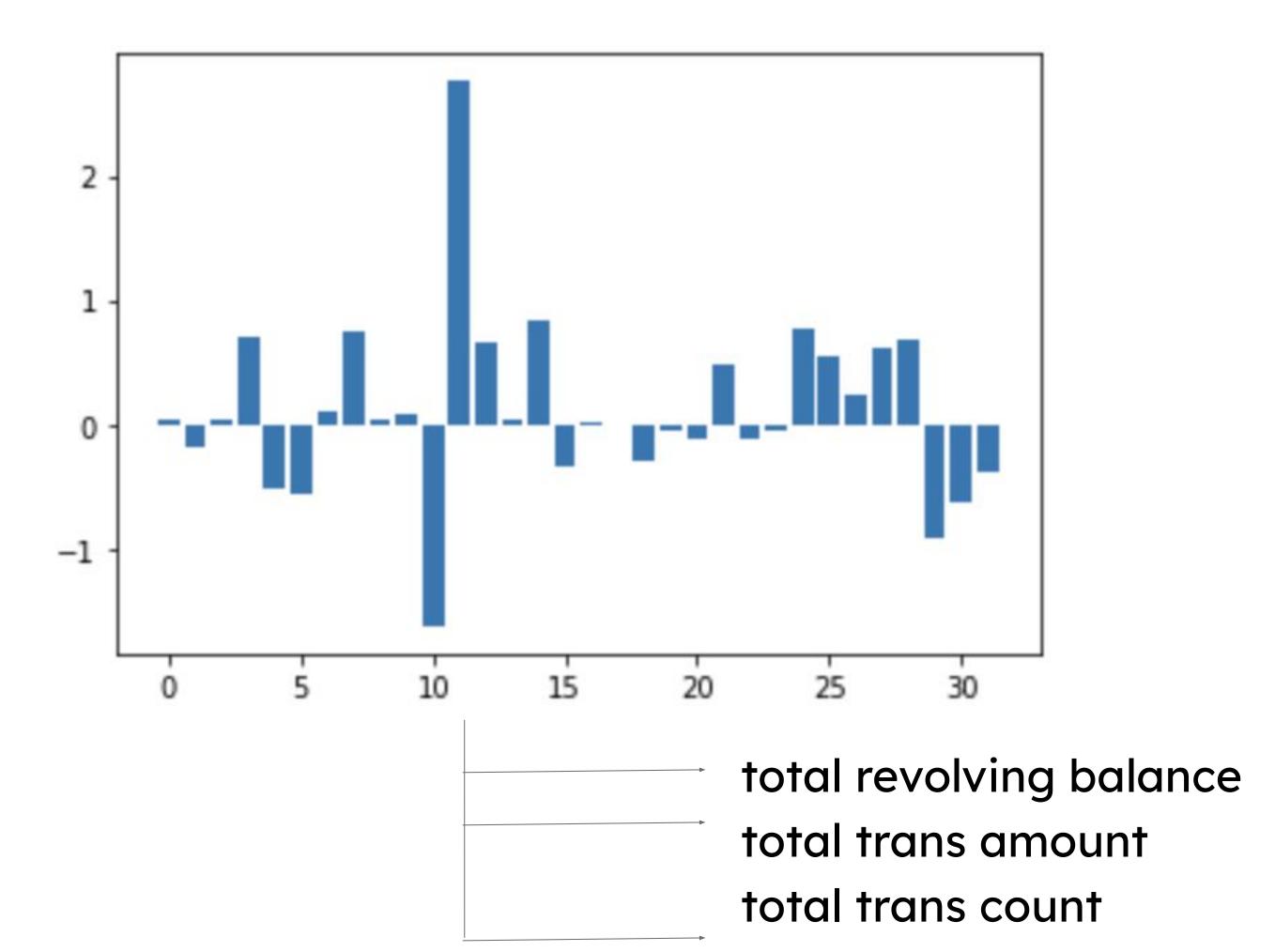
Supervised Models



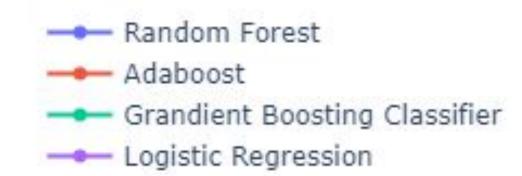
F1 score

Logistic regression: 0.9

Random Forest: 0.88



Supervised Models



Different Model 5 Fold Cross Validation



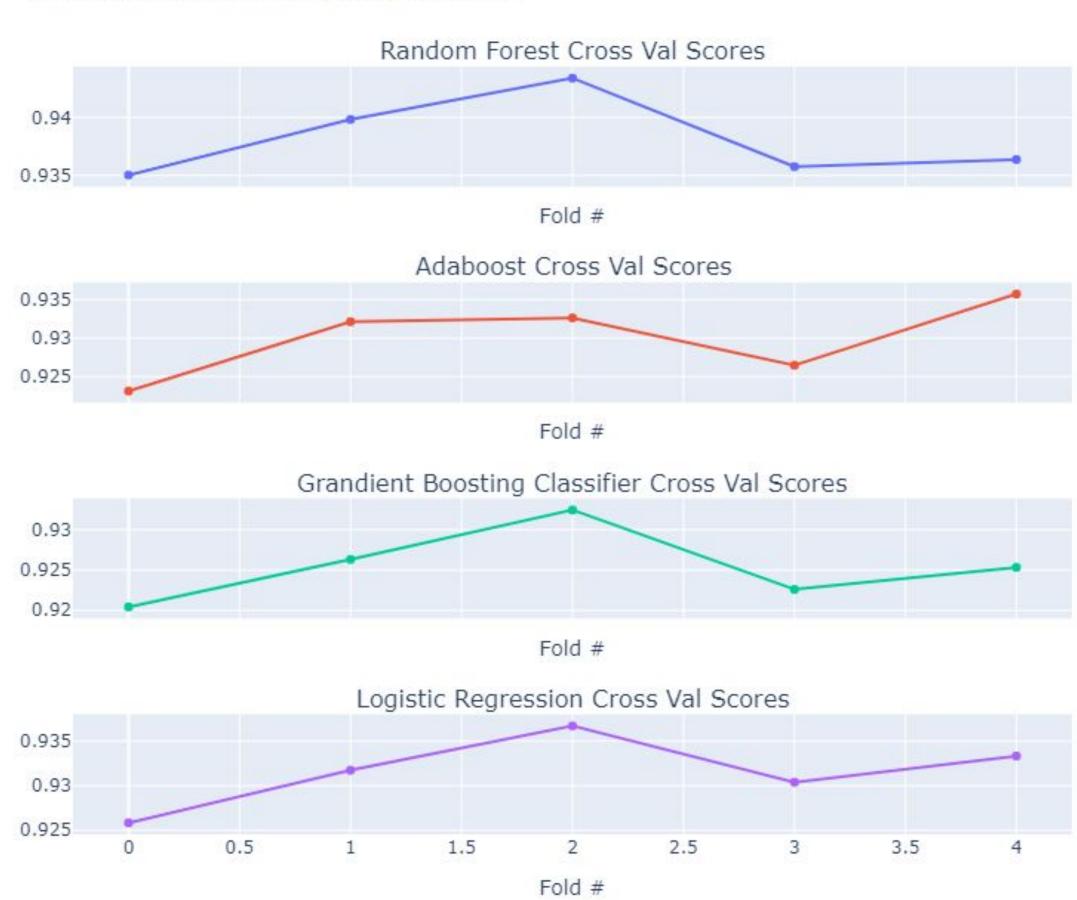
F1 score

LogisticRegression: 0.93

RandomForest: 0.94

AdaBoost: 0.93

Gradient Boosting: 0.93



Conclusion

Non PCA

DBSCAN

Low accuracy according to unbalance variable

Logistic regression: 0.9

Random Forest: 0.88

	Unsupervised methods	Supervised methods	Other optimization	
After PCA	K-means No significant patterns for k = 2 and k = 4	LogisticRegression: 0.93 RandomForest: 0.94 AdaBoost: 0.93 Gradient Boosting: 0.93	TSNE Pool perform ance	UMAP Relatively high silhouette score: 0.45

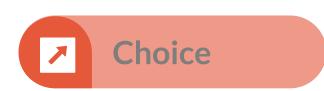
Conclusion



Good silhouette score with Umap.



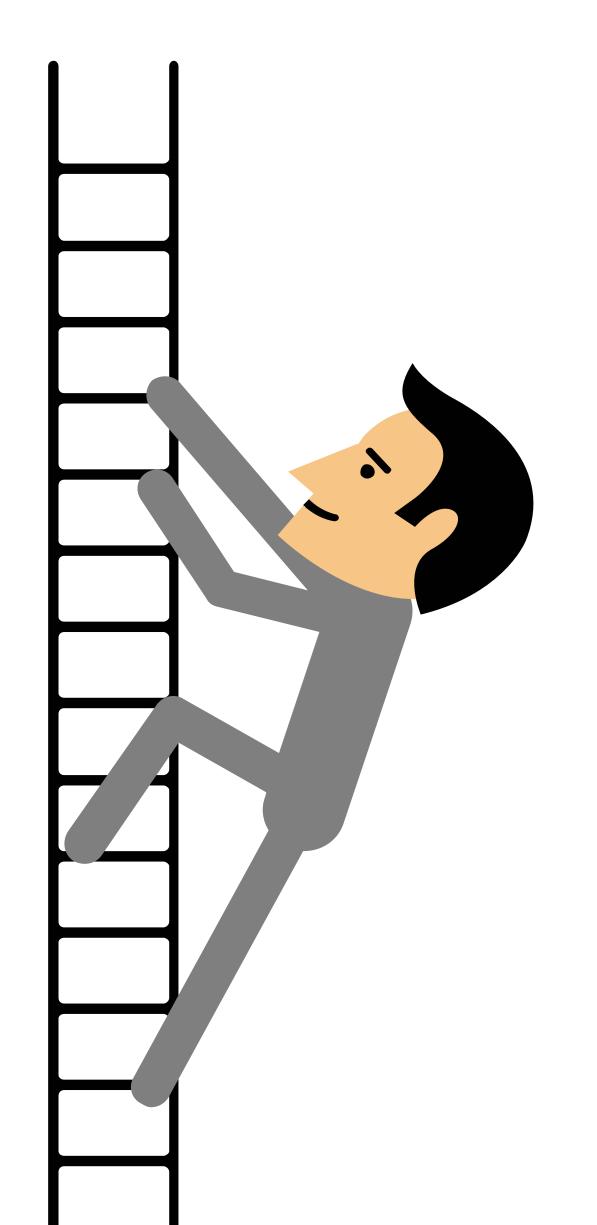
- Did not acquire ideal patterns for clustering.
- Result of Umap is not really interpretable even with a high silhouette score.



- Pick the result of K-means after PCA for card type clustering.
- Card type tend to be a more significant indicator.



Recommendations



O 1 Identifiable Card Type
No enough difference
between different card types
like Gold and Platinum.

Consider Gender
Gender difference account for the attrition condition.

Cooperation
Cooperate with business to launch promotion and policy aiming at different card users.

Customer relation
Customers with more relation
with the bank tend to stay.
Expand business with existing
customers.



