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# Login

Abstract Code

- User enters username ('\$Username'), password ('\$Password') input fields.
- If data validation is successful for both *username* and *password* input fields, then:
  - When *Enter* button is clicked:

SELECT password FROM LoginUser WHERE username= '\$Username';

- If User record is found but user.password != '\$Password':
  - o Go back to **Login** form, with error message.
- Else:
  - Store login information as session variable '\$UserName'.
- Else *username* and *password* input fields are invalid, display <u>Login</u> form, with error message.

### **Add Customer**

Abstract code:

- Upon clicking the *Add Customer* button:
- Add the customer using driver license or taxID
- Store the customer information as variable '\$Customer', enter the address, phone and email (if any) input fields

INSERT INTO Customer (customerID, email, phone, street\_address, city, state, postal\_code)
VALUES ('\$customerID', '\$email', '\$phone', '\$street\_address', '\$city', '\$state', '\$postal\_code');

• If it is an individual, enter *driver license*, the *first name* and *last name* input fields

INSERT INTO Individual (driver\_license, first\_name, last\_name, customerID) VALUES ('\$driver\_license', '\$first\_name', '\$last\_name', '\$customerID');

• Else if it is a business, enter *taxID*, the *business name*, primary *contact name* and *title* input fields

INSERT INTO Business (taxID, business\_name, title, contact\_name, customerID) VALUES ('\$TaxID', '\$business\_name', '\$title', '\$contact\_name', '\$customerID');

### **Lookup Customer**

Abstract code:

- Upon clicking the *Lookup Customer* button:
- Find the customer using driver license if it is an individual or taxID if business;
  - If no result found:
    - Display error message: "Can't find it!"
  - o Else:
    - Display the address, phone and email (if not null)
    - o If it is an individual, find the individual and display the first and last name

SELECT email, phone, address, first\_name, last\_name, customerID FROM Customer AS C INNER JOIN Individual AS I ON C.customerID = I.customerID WHERE driver license = '\$driver license';

 Else if it is a business, find the business and display the business name, primary contact name and title.

SELECT email, phone, address, business\_name, contact\_name, title, customerID FROM Customer AS C INNER JOIN Business AS B ON C. customerID = B.customerID WHERE taxID= '\$TaxID';

### Add Vehicle

Abstract code

- Clerk clicks the *Add Vehicle* button from the page after they logged in—Jump to the **new vehicle** form
- Run the **Add Vehicle** task
  - Add a unique alphanumeric Vehicle Identification Number (VIN), model name, model year, manufacturer info, invoice price, is sold status, add date, Inventory clerk's username to the Vehicle table
  - If there is additional information: Add the description

INSERT INTO Vehicle (VIN, model name, model year, M ID, invoice price, is sold, add date, 'description', username) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$model\_name', '\$model\_year', '\$M\_ID', '\$Invoice\_price', '\$is\_sold', '\$add date', '\$description', '\$username');

### If vehicle type is car:

INSERT INTO Car (VIN, 'type', door num) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$type', '\$DoorNum');

### If vehicle type is convertible:

INSERT INTO Convertible (VIN, 'type', roof type, backseat num) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$type', '\$roof type', '\$backseat num');

### If vehicle type is truck:

INSERT INTO Truck (VIN, 'type', cargo capacity, cargocover type, rear axle num) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$type', '\$cargo capacity', '\$cargocover type', '\$rear axle num');

#### If vehicle type is VanMinivan:

INSERT INTO VanMinivan (VIN, 'type', driverside backdoor) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$type', '\$driverside backdoor');

### If vehicle type is SUV:

INSERT INTO SUV (VIN, 'type', drivetrain type, cupholder num) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$type', '\$drivetrain type', '\$cupholder num');

 Add color(s) with color names from given list: If a vehicle has multiple colors:

#### For each color:

INSERT INTO VehicleColor (VIN, color) VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$Color');

End for

- Click the **Save** button;
  - o If all inputs are valid data type; Go to the vehicle detail page
    - o Else:

Display error message: "Input invalid!"

### Search Vehicle

Abstract Code:

- Display initial search page with total number of vehicles available for purchase in the system
- Run the Search Vehicle task
  - User selects from the dropdown box of the Vehicle type, Manufacturer, Model year, and Color field
  - User enters a price range for the list price field
  - User enters the entire or substring of the Manufacturer, Model year, Model name or description in the keyword filed
  - Upon clicking the Search button:
    - If all inputs are valid data type; Display vehicles with that match all entered fields
      - Sort the results by VIN in ascending order
      - Display the following attributes for each vehicle that matches: Vehicle type, Model Year, Manufacturer, Model name, Color(s), List Price
      - If a vehicle has multiple colors: return a single row with all colors listed

```
WITH VehicleWithType (VIN, model name, model year, list price, vehicle type) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, 1.25 * invoive price AS list price,
COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as vehicle type
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
, VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
SELECT VWT.VIN, model name, model year, list_price, vehicle_type, M.name,
VCL.colorlist FROM VehicleWithType AS VWT
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M on VWT.M ID = M.M ID
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL on VWT.VIN = VCL.VIN
WHERE is sold = FALSE AND
CASE WHEN '$vehicle type' IS NOT NULL THEN vehicle type = '$vehicle type'
ELSE vehicle type = vehicle type
END
CASE WHEN '$model year' IS NOT NULL THEN model year = '$model year' ELSE
model year = model year
END
CASE WHEN '$color' IS NOT NULL THEN color = '$color' ELSE color = color
```

```
END
CASE WHEN '$min_price' IS NOT NULL THEN price >= '$min_price' ELSE price >= 0
END
CASE WHEN '$max_price' IS NOT NULL THEN price <= '$max_price' ELSE price <= binary_double_infinity
END
CASE WHEN '$substring' IS NOT NULL THEN M.name contains '$substring' or model_year contains '$substring' or model_name contains '$substring' or description contains '$substring' ELSE 1=1
END
ORDER BY VIN ASC;
```

If user is login\_user:
 User enters a VIN in the VIN field in addition to the above choices
 Display the invoice price

```
WITH VehicleWithType (VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, list price,
vehicle type,) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, 1.25 * invoive price AS
list_price, COALESCE(Car.`type`, Con.`type`, Truck.`type`, VM.`type`, SUV.`type`) as
vehicle type
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
, VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, list price, vehicle type,
M.`name`, VCL.colorlist FROM VehicleWithType AS VWT
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M on VWT.M ID = M.M ID
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VC on VWT.VIN = VCL.VIN
WHERE
CASE WHEN '$VIN' IS NOT NULL THEN VIN = '$VIN' ELSE VIN = VIN
CASE WHEN '$is sold' IS NOT NULL THEN is sold = '$Is sold 'ELSE is sold =
is sold
END
CASE WHEN '$vehicle type' IS NOT NULL THEN vehicle type = '$vehicle type' ELSE
vehicle type = vehicle type
```

**END** 

CASE WHEN '\$model\_year' IS NOT NULL THEN model\_year = '\$model\_year' ELSE model\_year = model\_year

**END** 

CASE WHEN '\$color' IS NOT NULL THEN color = '\$color' ELSE color = color END

CASE WHEN '\$min\_price' IS NOT NULL THEN price >= '\$min\_price' ELSE price >= 0 END

CASE WHEN '\$max\_price' IS NOT NULL THEN price <= '\$max\_price' ELSE price <= binary\_double\_infinity

**END** 

CASE WHEN '\$substring' IS NOT NULL THEN M.name contains '\$substring' or model\_year contains '\$substring' or model\_name contains '\$substring' or description contains '\$substring' ELSE 1=1

**END** 

ORDER BY VIN ASC;

- If no result is found:
   Display "Sorry, it looks like we don't have that in stock!"
- Else:

When click an individual result, go to the vehicle detail page; Run the **Get Vehicle Detail** task

• Else:

Display error message: "Invalid input!" Go back to search page

### **Get Vehicle Detail**

Abstract code:

When click an individual vehicle search result:

 Display the following attributes for each vehicle that matches: VIN, Vehicle type, attributes to that vehicle type, Model Year, Manufacturer, Model name, Color(s), List Price and the description for the selected result

#### If an individual Car is chosen:

```
WITH VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP_CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
)
SELECT V.VIN, Car.type, M.name, model_year, VCL.colorlist, invoice_price * 1.25
AS list_price, door_num FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer as M ON V.M_ID = M.M_ID
INNER JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
Where VIN = '$VIN';
```

#### If an individual Truck is chosen:

```
WITH VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP_CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
)
SELECT V.VIN, Truck.type, M.name, model_year, VCL.colorlist, invoice_price * 1.25
AS list_price, cargo_capacity, cargoc ver_type, rear_axle_num FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M ON V.M_ID = M.M_ID
INNER JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
Where VIN = '$VIN';
```

#### If an individual Convertible is chosen:

```
WITH VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP_CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
)
SELECT V.VIN, CON.type, M.name, model_year, VCL.colorlist, invoice_price * 1.25
AS list_price, roof_type, backseat_num FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M ON V.M_ID = M.M_ID
INNER JOIN Convertible AS CON ON V.VIN = CON.VIN
Where VIN = '$VIN';
```

### If an individual VanMinivan is chosen:

```
WITH VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP_CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
)
SELECT V.VIN, VanMinivan.type, M.name, model_year, VCL.colorlist, invoice_price
* 1.25 AS list_price, driveside_backdoor FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M ON V.M_ID = M.M_ID
INNER JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
Where VIN = '$VIN';
```

### If an individual SUV is chosen:

```
WITH VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP_CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
)
SELECT V.VIN, SUV.type, M.name, model_year, VCL.colorlist, invoice_price * 1.25
AS list_price, drivetrain_type, cupholder_num FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M ON V.M_ID = M.M_ID
INNER JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
Where VIN = '$VIN';
```

- If User is Manager, display all the following information:
  - Display the inventory clerk name (first and last) that added the vehicle, the invoice price, and the date it was added to inventory.

```
SELECT VIN, invoice_price, add_date, LU.first_name, LU.last_name FROM Vehicle
AS V
INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU ON V.username = LU.username
```

• if it has been sold, display the buyer's contact information (everything except their driver's license or taxID number), list price, sold price, sales date, and the salesperson's name (first and last)

First, find out the customer type using '\$customerID'.

```
SELECT (CASE WHEN '$customerID' IN (SELECT customerID FROM Individual)
THEN 'Individual'
ELSE 'Business'
END AS customer_type
WHERE 1 = 1
```

If the customer type is 'Individual', then find the sale information including list price, sold price, sold date, and saleperson's name, and find the customer's information including customer name, email, phones, street address, city, state, postal code.

```
WITH SaleInfo (username, VIN, customerID, list price, sold price, sold date,
saleperson name) AS
(SELECT Sale.username, Sale.VIN, Sale.customerID,
        Vehicle.invoice price * 1.25 AS list price,
        sold price.
        sold date,
        CONCAT(LU.first name, LU.last name) AS saleperson_name,
FROM Sale
      INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU ON Sale.username = LU.username
      INNER JOIN Vehicle ON Sale.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
WHERE VIN = '$VIN'
)
SELECT CONCAT(I.first_name, I.last_name) as buyer_name,
        email, phone, street address, city, state, postal code,
        invoice price * 1.25 as list price,
        sold price,
        sold date,
        saleperson name
FROM SaleInfo AS SI
       INNER JOIN Customer AS C ON SI.customerID = C.customerID
      INNER JOIN Individual AS I ON SI.customerID = I.customerID
```

If the customer type is 'Business, then find the sale information including list price, sold price, sold date, and saleperson's name, and find the customer's information including business name, email, phones, street address, city, state, postal code, title, and contact name.

```
SELECT business_name as buyer_name,
        email, phone, street_address, city, state, postal_code,
        title, contact_name,
        invoice_price * 1.25 as list_price,
        sold_price,
        sold_date,
        saleperson_name
FROM SaleInfo AS SI
        INNER JOIN Customer AS C ON SI.customerID = C.customerID
        INNER JOIN Business AS B ON SI.customerID = B.customerID
```

• If any repairs have been made for the vehicle, display the customer name (first and last name for individuals, or company name for companies), the service writer who entered the repair, and the repair's start date, end date, labor charges, parts cost, and total cost.

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT
       CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (I.customerID)
       ELSE (B.customerID)
       END AS (customerID),
   CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name,
last name))
       ELSE (B.name)
       END AS (customer name)
FROM Individual AS I FULL OUTER JOIN Business AS B ON I.customerID =
B.customerID)
,PartsCostACustomer (VIN, customerID, start_date, all_parts_cost) AS
(SELECT VIN, customerID, start_date, sum(part_price * part_quantity)
FROM Part
WHERE customerID == '$customerID'
GROUP BY VIN, customerID, start_date)
SELECT customer name,
       CONCAT(LU.first name, '', LU.last name) as servicewriter name,
        start date, end date, labor cost, all parts cost,
    (all parts cost + larbor cost) as total cost
FROM Repair AS R
      INNER JOIN PartsCostACustomer AS PCC ON R.VIN = PCC.VIN AND R.VIN
= PCC.customerID AND R.start date = PCC.start date
```

INNER JOIN CustomerName AS CN ON Repair.customerID = CN.customerID INNER JOIN Vehicle AS V ON R.VIN = V.VIN INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU ON Vehicle.username = LU.username;

### Add Sale

**Abstract Code** 

- Find the vehicle using VIN by running the **Get Vehicle Detail** task:
  - If Vehicle is not found or Vehicle's IsSold == "True":
    - Display error message and go back to search page
  - Else:
    - Display the list price and invoice price, VIN, Vehicle type, Model Year, Manufacturer, Model, and Color(s)

```
WITH VehicleWithType (VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, list price,
vehicle type,) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, 1.25 * invoive price AS
list price, COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as
vehicle type
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
)
, VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
SELECT VIN, vehicle type, model year, model name, list price, invoice price,
M.name, VCL.colorlist FROM VehicleWithType AS VWT
INNER JOIN Manufacturer AS M on VWT.M ID = M.M ID
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL on VWT.VIN = VCL.VIN
WHERE VWT.VIN = '$VIN';
```

- Click the *Add Sale* button on the vehicle detail page- Jump to the **Sales Order** form
- Run the **Add Sale** task:
  - Add the sold price and sold date
    - If login user is salesperson:
    - ●If sold price is less than or equal to 95% of the invoice price, go back to the *Add Sale* button with error message
  - Run the **Lookup Customer** task
    - If Customer record is not found:

Run the **Add Customer** task

```
INSERT INTO Sale (username, VIN, customerID, sold_date, sold_price) VALUES ('$username', '$VIN', '$customerID', '$sold_date', '$sold_price');
```

• Click the **Save** button; Go back to the vehicle detail page

### **View Sale**

Abstract Code

- Manager or owner click on *View Sale* button from the page after they logged in.
- Run the **View Sale** task: query for information about the vehicle that was sold and the clerk who added the vehicle, the salesperson who and when added the sale and the sold price, and the customer who bought the vehicle.
  - Find the vehicle that was sold using VIN; Display the list price and invoice price, VIN, Vehicle type, Model Year, Manufacturer, Model, and Color(s)
  - Find the login user using username; Display the first name and last name
  - Find the clerk who added the vehicle using username; Display the date it was added
  - Find the salesperson who added the sale transaction using username
  - Find the sale; Display sold date and sold price
  - Find the customer by running the **Lookup Customer** task

```
WITH SaleWithSaleperson (username, VIN, customerID, sold date, sold price,
saleperson name) AS
(SELECT username, VIN, customerID, sold date, sold price
       CONCAT(first name, last name) AS saleperson name
FROM Sale INNER JOIN LoginUser ON Sale.username = LoginUser.username
WHERE VIN = '$VIN'
,CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT
       CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (Individual.customerID)
        ELSE (Business.customerID)
       END AS (customerID),
    CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name,
last name))
       ELSE (Business.name)
        END AS (customer name),
FROM Individual FULL OUTER JOIN Business ON Individual.customerID =
Business.customerID
, Vehicle With Type (VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, list price,
vehicle type,) AS
SELECT (V.VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, 1.25 * invoive price AS
list price, COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) AS
vehicle type
,VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
```

```
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN)
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
SELECT Vehicle. VIN as VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, is sold,
description, list price, sold date, VWT.vehicle type, VCL.colorlist, Manufacturer.name
as manufacturer name,
    LoginUser.username as inventoryClerk name,
    Vehicle.add date as add date.
    CustomerName.customer name as customer name,
    SaleWithSaleperson.saleperson name as saleperson name,
FROM SaleWithSaleperson INNER JOIN Vehicle ON SaleWithSaleperson.VIN =
Vehicle.VIN
      INNER JOIN LoginUser ON Vehicle.username = LoginUser.username
      INNER JOIN CustomerName ON SaleWithSaleperson.customerID =
CustomerName.customerID
      INNER JOIN Manufacturer ON Vehicle.M ID = Manufacturer.M ID
      INNER JOIN VehicleWithType AS VWT ON Vehicle.VIN = VWT.VIN
      INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON Vehicle.VIN = VCL.VIN
```

### **Add Repair**

Abstract Code:

- If **New Repair** button is clicked by user:
  - Find the customer by Lookup Customer
    - If not found Customer:
       add a new Customer by Add Customer
  - If **Save** button is clicked:
    - Check if info such as data type and range of Odometer reading and current date is entered correctly.
    - o If the current date is different from other start dates:
      - add a <u>Repair</u> form to repair history.

INSERT INTO Repair (VIN, customerID, start\_date, username, complete\_date, labor\_charge, odometer, description)
VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$customerID', '\$start\_date', '\$complete\_date', '\$username', '\$labor\_charge', '\$odometer', '\$description');

INSERT INTO Part (VIN, customerID, start\_date, username, partID, part\_price, part\_quantity, vendor)

VALUES ('\$VIN', '\$customerID', '\$start\_date', '\$complete\_date', '\$username', '\$partID', '\$part\_price', '\$part\_quantity');

- o Else:
  - Display the error message

### View Repair

- Upon clicking on *View Repair* button from the page after logged in—Jump to the Repair form
  - Find the vehicle by VIN by running the **Search Vehicle** task
    - o If Vehicle is not found or Vehicle's IsSold == "False":
      - Display error message and go back to Repair form
    - Else:
      - Display the list price and invoice price, VIN, Vehicle type, Model Year, Manufacturer, Model, and Color(s) to confirm it's the correct vehicle
      - Display the repair history including start date, end date, labor charges, parts cost, and total cost
      - Display an *Edit* button for each repair history
      - If all repairs are complete in repair history, display the New Repair button; Hide it otherwise;
  - Find the login\_user using username; Display the first name and last name
  - Find the salesperson who entered the repair using username
  - Find the customer by running the Lookup Customer task

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer name) AS
(SELECT
       CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (Individual.customerID)
        ELSE (Business.customerID)
        END AS (customerID),
    CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name.
last name))
       ELSE (Business.name)
       END AS (customer name).
FROM Individual FULL OUTER JOIN Business ON Individual.customerID =
Business.customerID
)
, VehicleWithType(VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, is sold, description,
vehicle_type, M_ID, add_date, username) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, invocie price, is sold, description,
       COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as
vehicle type, M ID, add date, username
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
```

```
,VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN)
SELECT R.VIN, CN.customerID, R.start date, complete date, labor charge,
odometer, description, username, VWT.vehicle type, M.name, model year,
VCL.colorlist, List price, part quantity, sum(part quantity * part price),
sum(labor charge) + sum(part quantity * part price)
FROM Repair AS R
INNER JOIN Vehicle AS V ON R.VIN = V.VIN
INNER JOIN VehicleWithType AS VWT ON V.VIN = VWT.VIN
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS C ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer as M ON V.M ID = M.M ID
INNER JOIN Part AS P ON R.VIN = P.VIN and R.customerID = P.customerID and
R.start date = P.start date and R.username = P.partID
INNER JOIN CustomerName AS CN ON R.customerID = CN.customerID
WHERE
CASE WHEN '$VIN' IS NOT NULL THEN VIN = '$VIN' ELSE VIN = VIN
END
CASE WHEN '$customerID' IS NOT NULL THEN customerID = '$cusomterID' ELSE
```

customerID = customerID

END;

### **Edit Repair**

Abstract Code:

If *Edit* button is clicked by users:

Display the corresponding <u>Repair</u> Form.

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT
CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (Individual.customerID)
ELSE (Business.customerID)
END AS (customerID),
CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name, last name))
ELSE (Business.name)
END AS (customer name),
FROM Individual FULL OUTER JOIN Business ON Individual.customerID =
Business.customerID
, VehicleWithType(VIN, model_name, model year, invoice price, is sold, description,
vehicle type, M ID, add date, username) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, model name, model year, invocie price, is sold, description,
COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as vehicle type,
M ID, add date, username
FROM Vehicle AS V
LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
, VehicleColorList(VIN, colorlist) AS
(SELECT V.VIN, GROUP CONCAT(color) FROM Vehicle AS V
INNER JOIN VehicleColor AS VC on V.VIN = VC.VIN
GROUP BY V.VIN
SELECT R.VIN, R.customerID, R.start date, complete date, labor charge, odometer,
description, username, vehicle type, M.name, model year, VCL.colorlist, List price.
part quantity, sum(part quantity * part price), sum(labor charge) + sum(part quantity
* part price)
FROM Repair AS R
INNER JOIN Vehicle AS V ON R.VIN = V.VIN
INNER JOIN VehicleColorList AS VCL ON V.VIN = VCL.VIN
INNER JOIN Manufacturer as M ON V.M ID = M.M ID
INNER JOIN Part AS P ON R.VIN = P.VIN and R.customerID = P.customerID and
R.start date = P.start date and R.username = P.partID
WHERE VIN = '$VIN' AND customerID = '$cusomterID' AND start date = '$start date';
```

- If **Save** button is clicked:
  - Check if info like Odometer reading and current date has been changed. If so, display the error message.
  - Check if the input is valid such as quantity of parts is a positive number.
     Check if complete date is after the start date. If not, display the error message.

### **UPDATE Repair**

SET complete\_date = '\$complete\_date', labor\_charge = '\$labor\_charge', description = '\$description'

WHERE VIN = '\$VIN' and CustomerID = '\$CustomerID' and start\_date = '\$start\_date';

### **UPDATE Part**

SET part\_quantity = '\$part\_quantity', vendor = '\$vendor', part\_price = '\$part\_price' WHERE VIN = '\$VIN' and CustomerID = '\$CustomerID' and start\_date = '\$start\_date' and partID = '\$partID';

Save the <u>Repair</u> Form.

### View Sales by color

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked sales by color button in <u>Search Page</u>.
- Run the view sales by color task:

For each single color inclectuding multiple color that all the vehicles have, find and display the color, number of vehicles sold in past 30 days, number of vehicles sold in past year, and number of vehicles sold over all time. Display by vehicle color ascending.

```
WITH VehicleColorCount (VIN, color, color cnt) AS
(SELECT VIN, color, count(color) over (partition by VIN) FROM VehicleColor)
, VehicleTrueColor (VIN, true color) AS
(SELECT DISTINCT VIN,
            CASE WHEN (color cnt > 1) THEN ('multiple')
            ELSE (color)
            END AS (true color)
FROM VehicleColorCount)
,SaleColorDays (username, VIN, customerID, color, days sold) AS
(SELECT username,
            VIN.
            customerID.
            true color.
            DATEDIFF(day, sold date, GETDATE()) AS days sold
FROM Sale INNER JOIN VehicleTrueColor ON Sale.VIN = VehicleTrueColor.VIN)
,SaleByColor(color, 30Days, 1Year, allTime) AS
(SELECT color,
            sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 30 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS 30Days,
            sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 365 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as 1Year,
            count(*) as allTime
FROM SaleColorDays
GROUP BY color)
,AllColors (color) AS
(SELECT DISTINCT color FROM VehicleTrueColor)
SELECT AllColors.color as color,
        ISNULL(30days, 0) as 30Days,
        ISNULL(1Year, 0) as 1Year,
        ISNULL(allTime, 0) as allTime
FROM AllColors LEFT JOIN SaleByColor
ON AllColors.color = SaleByColor.color
ORDER BY AllColors.color ASC:
```

• Click **Close** Button to close the report

### View Sales by type

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked sales by type button in Search Page.
- Run the view sales by type task:

For each vehicle type, find and display the vehicle type, number of vehicles sold in past 30 days, number of vehicles sold in past year, and number of vehicles sold over all time. Display by vehicle type ascending.

```
WITH VehicleWithType(VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, is sold,
      description, vehicle type, M ID, add date, username) AS
SELECT(V.VIN, model name, model year, invocie price, is sold, description,
       COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as
vehicle type,
       M_ID, add date, username
FROM Vehicle AS V
  LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
      LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
      LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
SaleTypeDays (username, VIN, customerID, vehicle type, sold days) AS
(SELECT Sale.username,
            Sale.VIN,
            Sale.customerID,
            vehicle type,
            DATEDIFF(day, sold date, GETDATE()) AS days sold
FROM Sale INNER JOIN VehicleWithType AS VWT ON Sale.VIN = VWT.VIN)
,SaleByType (vehicle type, 30Days, 1Year, allTime) AS
(SELECT vehicle type,
        sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 30 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as 30Days,
        sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 365 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as 1Year,
        count(*) as allTime
FROM SaleTypeDays
GROUP BY vehicle type)
,AllTypes (vehicle type) AS
(SELECT DISTINCT vehicle type FROM VehicleWithType)
SELECT vehicle type,
       ISNULL(30days, 0) as 30Days,
       ISNULL(1Year, 0) as 1Year,
       ISNULL(allTime, 0) as allTime
```

FROM AllTypes LEFT JOIN SaleByType AS SBC
ON AllTypes.vehicle\_type = SBC.vehicle\_type
ORDER BY vehicle\_type ASC;

• Click **Close** Button to close the report

# View Sales by manufacturer

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked *sales by manufacturer* button in <u>Search Page</u>.
- Run the view sales by manufacturer task:

For each manufacturer that has any at least a sale over all time, find and display the manufacturer name, number of vehicles sold in past 30 days, number of vehicles sold in past year, and number of vehicles sold over all time. Display by manufacturer name ascending.

```
WITH VehicleManufacturer (VIN, manufacturer name) AS
(SELECT Vehicle.VIN, name
FROM Vehicle INNER JOIN Manufacturer
ON Vehicle.M ID = Manufacturer.M ID)
,SaleManufacturerDays (username, VIN, customerID, manufacturer name,
days sold) AS
(SELECT username,
           Sale.VIN.
           customerID,
           name,
           DATEDIFF(day, sold date, GETDATE()) AS days sold
FROM Sale INNER JOIN VehicleManufacturer AS VM
ON Sale.VIN = VM.VIN)
SELECT manufacturer name,
       sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 30 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as 30Days.
       sum(CASE WHEN days sold <= 365 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) as 1Year,
       count(*) as allTime
From SaleManufacturerDays
GROUP BY manufacturer name
ORDER BY manufacturer name ASC;
```

• Click **Close** Button to close the report

# **View Gross Customer Income**

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked *view gross customer income* button in **Search Page**.
- First, run view top customers task:

Find and display the customer's name (first/last for individuals or business name for business), the date of the first sale or repair start date, the date of their most recent sale or repair start date, their number of sales, their number of repairs, and the gross income of top 15 customers by gross income descending and by last sale/repair start date descending.

```
WITH CustomerRepair (customerID, repair count, first repair date, last repair date,
repair charge) AS
(SELECT R.customerID, count(*),
        min(R.start date), max(R.start date),
        sum(labor charge + part quantity * part price)
FROM Repair AS R INNER JOIN Part AS P
      ON R.VIN = N.VIN AND R.customerID = P.customerID AND R.start date =
P.start date
GROUP BY R.customerID)
,CustomerSale (customerID, sale count, first sale date, last sale date,
sale charge) AS
(SELECT customerID, count(*), min(sold_date), max(sold_date), sum(sold_price)
FROM Sale
GROUP BY customerID)
,CustomerRepairSale AS
(SELECT
        CASE WHEN (CR.customerID is NOT Null) THEN (CR.customerID)
        ELSE (CS.customerID)
        END AS (customerID)
        first repair date,
        first sale date,
        last repair date,
        last sale date,
        repair count,
        repair_charge,
        sale count,
        sale charge
FROM CustomerRepair AS CR FULL OUTER JOIN CustomerSale AS CS
      ON CR.customerID = CS.customerID)
,CustomerExpense AS
(SELECT customerID.
            min(first repair date, first sale date) AS first date,
            max(last repair date, last sale date) AS last date.
```

```
ISNULL(sale count, 0) AS sale count,
            ISNULL(repair count, 0) AS repair count,
            (ISNULL(repair charge, 0) + ISNULL(sale charge, 0)) AS
total expense
FROM CustomerRepairSale
GROUP BY customerID
ORDER BY ISNULL(repair charge, 0) + ISNULL(sale charge, 0) DESC,
max(last repair date, last sale date) ASC
LIMIT 15)
,CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT
       CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (I.customerID)
       ELSE (B.customerID)
       END AS (customerID),
   CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name,
last name))
       ELSE (B.name)
       END AS (customer name)
FROM Individual AS I FULL OUTER JOIN Business AS B ON I.customerID =
B.customerID)
SELECT customer name, first date, last date, sale count, repair count,
total expense
FROM CustomerExpense as CE INNER JOIN CustomerName as CN ON
CE.customerID = CN.customerID
ORDER BY total expense DESC, last date DESC;
```

- If a customer's name ('\$customer name') is *clicked* in the display:
  - Run view vehicle sales task:

For every sale of a customer that has name '\$customer\_name', Find and display sale date, sold price, VIN, year, manufacturer, model, and salesperson name. The display should be sorted by sale date descending and VIN ascending.

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT
CASE WHEN (driver_license is NOT Null) THEN (I.customerID)
ELSE (B.customerID)
END AS (customerID),
```

```
CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name,
last name))
       ELSE (B.name)
       END AS (customer_name)
FROM Individual AS I FULL OUTER JOIN Business AS B ON I.customerID =
B.customerID)
.SelectedCustomerID AS
(SELECT customerID
FROM CustomerName
WHERE customer name = '$customer name')
,SaleACustomer(VIN, sold date, sold price, saleperson name) AS
(SELECT Sale.VIN, sold date, sold price, CONCAT(first name, last name)
FROM Sale
  INNER JOIN Customer ON Sale.customerID = Customer.customerID
  INNER JOIN LoginUser ON Sale.username = LoginUser.username
WHERE Customer.customerID IN SelectedCustomerID)
SELECT sold date, sold price, VIN, model year,
   name AS manufacturer name, model name, saleperson name
FROM SaleACustomer
   INNER JOIN Vehicle ON SaleACustomer.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
   INNER JOIN Manufacturer ON Vehicle.M ID = Manufacturer.M ID
ORDER BY sold date DESC, Vehicle.VIN ASC;
```

### • Run view vehicle repairs task:

For every repair of a customer that has name '\$customer\_name', find and display start date, end date (end date displays no value if a repair is not finished), VIN, odometer reading, parts cost, labor cost, total cost, and service writer. This listing should be sorted by start date descending, end date descending, and VIN ascending; however, any incomplete repairs should be listed before completed ones with the same sorting criteria.

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer_name) AS
(SELECT

CASE WHEN (driver_license is NOT Null) THEN (l.customerID)

ELSE (B.customerID),

END AS (customerID),

CASE WHEN (driver_license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first_name, last_name))

ELSE (B.name)

END AS (customer_name)

FROM Individual AS I FULL OUTER JOIN Business AS B ON I.customerID = B.customerID)
```

```
,SelectedCustomerID AS
(SELECT customerID FROM CustomerName WHERE customer_name =
'$customer name'),
,PartsCostACustomer (VIN, customerID, start_date, all_parts_cost) AS
(SELECT VIN, customerID, start_date, sum(part_price * part_quantity)
FROM Part
WHERE customerID IN SelectedCustomerID
GROUP BY VIN, customerID, start_date)
SELECT start date, end date, VIN, Odometer, all parts cost, labor cost,
    (all parts cost + larbor cost) as total cost,
    CONCAT(LU.first name, '', LU.last name) as servicewriter name
FROM Repair AS R INNER JOIN PartsCostACustomer AS PCC
      ON R.VIN = PCC.VIN AND R.VIN = PCC.customerID AND R.start date =
PCC.start date
      INNER JOIN Vehicle
      ON R.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
      INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU
      ON Vehicle.username = LU.username
ORDER BY start date DESC, end date DESC NULLS FIRST, R.VIN ASC;
```

- Click Close Button to close the display
- Click **Close** Button to close the report

# View Repairs by Manufacturer/Type/Model

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked View Repairs by Manufacturer/Type/Model button in Search Page.
- Run View Repairs by Manufacturer task:
   For every manufacturer, find its repair, calculate total number of repairs, total all parts costs, total all labor costs, total all repairs costs. Display by manufacturer name ascending.

```
WITH PartsCost (VIN, customerID, start date, all parts cost) AS
(SELECT VIN, customerID, start_date, sum(part_price * part_quantity)
FROM Part
GROUP BY VIN, customerID, start_date)
RepairCost (VIN, customerID, start date, labor charge, all parts cost, total cost)
AS
(SELECT R.VIN, R.customerID, R.start date, labor_charge, all_parts_cost,
        (labor charge + all parts cost) as total cost
FROM Repair AS R INNER JOIN PartsCost AS PC
ON R.VIN = PC.VIN AND R.customerID = PC.customerID AND R.start date =
PC.start date)
, Vehicle Manufacturer (VIN, manufacturer name) AS
(SELECT Vehicle.VIN, name
FROM Vehicle INNER JOIN Manufacturer
ON Vehicle.M ID = Manufacturer.M ID)
SELECT VM.manufacturer name AS manufacturer name,
    count(*) as number repairs,
    sum(all parts cost) as total parts cost,
    sum(labor charge) as total labor cost,
    sum(all parts cost + labor charge) as total cost
FROM RepairCost INNER JOIN VehicleManufacturer as VM ON RepairCost.VIN =
VM.VIN
GROUP BY VM.manufacturer name
ORDER BY VM.manufacturer name ASC;
```

- If a manufacturer's name ('\$manufacturer name') is clicked in the display:
  - Run View Repairs by Type/Model task:

Find all the repairs of the vehicle that is manufactured by '\$manufacturer\_name'. For each vehicle type, calculate repair count, parts costs, labor costs, and total costs, and display by total repair count in descending.

Under each vehicle type, for each model, calculate repair counts, parts costs, labor costs, and total costs, and display by total repair counts in descending order.

```
WITH VehicleWithType (VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, is sold,
      description, vehicle type, M ID, add date, username) AS
SELECT (V.VIN, model name, model year, invocie price, is sold, description,
       COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as
vehicle type,
       M ID, add date, username
FROM Vehicle AS V
  LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
      LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
      LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
)
RepairAManufacturer (VIN, customerID, start date, vehicle type, model name,
labor charge) AS
(SELECT VIN, customerID, start date, vehicle type, model name, labor charge
FROM Repair
      INNER JOIN VehicleWithType AS VWT ON Repair.VIN = VWT.VIN
      INNER JOIN Manufacturer ON Vehicle.M ID = Manufacturer.M ID
WHERE Manufacturer.name = '$manufacturer name')
,PartsCost (VIN, customerID, start_date, parts_charge) AS
(SELECT VIN, customerID, start_date, sum(part_price * part_quantity) as
parts charge
FROM Part
GROUP BY VIN, customerID, start_date)
,VehicleModelRepair AS
(SELECT vehicle type, model name,
            count(*) as model number repairs,
            sum(labor charge) as model labor charge,
            sum(parts charge) as model parts charge,
            sum(labor charge + parts charge) as model repair charge
FROM RepairAManufacturer as RAM INNER JOIN PartsCost AS PC
  ON RAM.VIN = PC.VIN AND RAM.customerID = PC.customerID AND
RAM.start date = PC.start date
GROUP BY vehicle type, model name)
,VehicleTypeModelRepair AS
(SELECT vehicle type, model name,
            model number repairs, model labor charge, model parts charge,
model repair charge,
```

```
sum(model number repairs) OVER(PARTITION BY vehicle type) as
type number repairs,
            sum(model labor charge) OVER(PARTITION BY vehicle type) as
type_labor_charge,
           sum(model parts charge) OVER(PARTITION BY vehicle type) as
type parts charge,
            sum(model repair charge) OVER (PARTITION by vehicle type) as
type repair charge
FROM VehicleModelRepair)
SELECT vehicle type, model name,
       model number repairs, model labor charge, model parts charge,
model repair charge,
       type number repairs, type labor charge, type parts charge,
type repair charge
FROM VehicleTypeModelRepair
ORDER BY type_number_repairs DESC, vehicle_type DESC, model_number_repairs
DESC:
```

- Click **Close** Button to close the display
- Click **Close** Button to close the report

### **View Below Cost Sales**

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked View Below Cost Sales button in <u>Search Page</u>.
- Run the View Below Cost Sales task:

Find the sales for which the vehicle has a sold price lower than invoice price. For each sale.

find the sale date, invoice price, sold price, name, salesperson, and calculate sold/invoice price ratio (%).

Sort by sale date descending and ratio descending.

Display each sale.

```
WITH CustomerName(customerID, customer name) AS
(SELECT
       CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (I.customerID)
       ELSE (B.customerID)
       END AS (customerID),
   CASE WHEN (driver license is NOT Null) THEN (CONCAT(first name,
last name))
       ELSE (B.name)
       END AS (customer name)
FROM Individual AS I FULL OUTER JOIN Business AS B ON I.customerID =
B.customerID)
SELECT sold date, invoice price, sold price,
   CONCAT(LU.first_name, '', LU.last_name) as saleperson_name,
   CN.customer name as customer name,
    sold price/invoice price * 100 AS ratio
FROM Sale
      INNER JOIN Vehicle ON Sale.VIN = Vehicle.VIN
      INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU ON Sale.username = LU.username
      INNER JOIN CustomerName AS CN ON Sale.customerID = CN.customerID
WHERE sold price < invoice price
ORDER BY sold date DESC, sold price/invoice price DESC;
```

• Click **Close** Button to close the report

# **View Average Time In Inventory**

#### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked View Average Time In Inventory button in <u>Search Page</u>.
- Run View Average Time In Inventory task:

For each vehicle type in ascending order:

Find all sales that are related to the vehicle type.

If no sale is found,

Display vehicle type, and N/A.

Else:

Calculate the average amount of time a vehicle remains in inventory.

Display vehicle type, and average amount of time in days.

```
WITH VehicleWithType (VIN, model name, model year, invoice price, is sold,
      description, vehicle type, M ID, add date, username) AS
SELECT (V.VIN, model name, model year, invocie price, is sold, description,
       COALESCE(Car.type, Con.type, Truck.type, VM.type, SUV.type) as
vehicle type,
       M ID, add date, username
FROM Vehicle AS V
  LEFT JOIN Car ON V.VIN = Car.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Convertible AS Con ON V.VIN = Con.VIN
      LEFT JOIN Truck ON V.VIN = Truck.VIN
      LEFT JOIN VanMinivan AS VM ON V.VIN = VM.VIN
      LEFT JOIN SUV ON V.VIN = SUV.VIN
)
DaysInInventory (VIN, vehicle type, days in inventroy) AS
(SELECT Sale.VIN,
            vehicle type,
            DATEDIFF(day, sold_date, GETDATE()) + 1
FROM Sale INNER JOIN VehicleWithType AS VWT ON Sale.VIN = VWT.VIN)
,AvgDaysInInventory (vehicle type, avg days in inventroy) AS
(SELECT vehicle type, CAST(avg(days in inventroy) AS varchar)
FROM DaysInInventory
GROUP BY vehicle type)
,AllTypes (vechile type) AS
(SELECT DISTINCT vehicle type FROM VehicleWithType)
SELECT type, ISNULL(avg days in inventroy, 'NA') as avg days in inventroy
FROM AllTypes LEFT JOIN AvgDaysInInventory AS ADII
ON AllTypes.vechile type = ADII.vechile type
ORDER BY AllTypes.vechile type ASC;
```

• Click **Close** Button to close the report

# **View Parts Statistics**

### Abstract Code:

- The login user clicked View Parts Statistics button in Search Page.
- Run View Parts Statistics task:

Find all parts in all repairs.

For each vendor,

count number of parts and calculate total dollar amount spent.

Display vendor name, the number of parts, and the total dollar amount spent in descending.

```
SELECT vendor_name,
sum(part_quantity) as number_parts,
sum(part_price * part_quantity) as total_parts_expense
FROM Part
GROUP BY vendor_name
ORDER BY sum(part_price * part_quantity);
```

• Click **Close** Button to close the report.

# **View Monthly Sales**

#### **Abstract Code:**

- The login user clicked **View Monthly Sales** button in **Search Page**.
- Run View sales over time task:

```
Find all sales.

For each month,

count number of vehicles sold for each month.

calculate total sales income,

calculate total net income (invoice price – sold price).

calculate sold price/invoice ratio as percentage.

Order by year and month descending.
```

Display this information.

```
WITH SaleByMonth (VIN, year, month, sold price, invoice price) AS
(SELECT Sale.VIN,
            YEAR(sold date) AS year,
            Month(sold date) AS month,
            sold price.
            invoice price
FROM Sale INNER JOIN Vehicle ON Sale.VIN = Vehicle.VIN)
SELECT year,
    month,
    count(*) as number sale,
    sum(sold price) as total sale income,
    sum(sold price - invoice price) as total net income,
    (sum(sold price) / sum(invoice price)) as ratio
FROM SaleByMonth
GROUP BY year, month
ORDER BY year DESC, month DESC;
```

If a year/month ('\$year', and '\$month') is clicked in the display:

### Run view salesperson rank task:

Select sales whose year or month matches the user's selection. For every salespeople,

count number of vehicles sold, and total sales.

Sort by total vehicles sold descending followed by total sales descending. Display salesperson's first name, last name, number of vehicles sold, and total sales.

```
WITH SaleByMonth (saleperson_name, sold_price) AS (SELECT CONCAT(LU.first_name, ' ', LU.last_name) as saleperson_name, sold_price FROM Sale INNER JOIN LoginUser AS LU ON Sale.username = LU.username WHERE YEAR(sold_date) = '$year' AND MONTH(sold_date) = '$month')
```

- Click Close Button to close the display.
- Click Close Button to close the report.