

```
In [2]: #Implement Random Forest Classifier model to predict the safety of the car.  
import pandas as pd  
import numpy as np  
import seaborn as sns  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier  
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score  
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix  
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report  
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

```
In [3]: car = pd.read_csv("car_evaluation.csv")  
car.head()
```

```
Out[3]:   vhigh  vhigh.1  2  2.1  small  low  unacc  
0    vhigh     vhigh  2    2  small  med  unacc  
1    vhigh     vhigh  2    2  small  high  unacc  
2    vhigh     vhigh  2    2  med   low  unacc  
3    vhigh     vhigh  2    2  med   med  unacc  
4    vhigh     vhigh  2    2  med   high  unacc
```

```
In [4]: print("Number of rows: ", car.shape[0], "\nNumber of columns: ", car.shape[1])  
Number of rows:  1727  
Number of columns:  7
```

```
In [9]: print("Name of columns: ", car.columns)
```

```
Name of columns:  Index(['vhigh', 'vhigh.1', '2', '2.1', 'small', 'low', 'unacc'], d  
type='object')
```

```
In [5]: car.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[5]: vhigh      0  
vhigh.1     0  
2          0  
2.1        0  
small      0  
low        0  
unacc      0  
dtype: int64
```

```
In [6]: car.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1727 entries, 0 to 1726
Data columns (total 7 columns):
 #   Column   Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -- 
 0   vhigh    1727 non-null   object 
 1   vhigh.1  1727 non-null   object 
 2   2         1727 non-null   object 
 3   2.1       1727 non-null   object 
 4   small     1727 non-null   object 
 5   low       1727 non-null   object 
 6   unacc    1727 non-null   object 
dtypes: object(7)
memory usage: 94.6+ KB
```

```
In [7]: car.describe()
```

```
Out[7]:
```

	vhigh	vhigh.1	2	2.1	small	low	unacc
count	1727	1727	1727	1727	1727	1727	1727
unique	4	4	4	3	3	3	4
top	high	high	3	4	med	med	unacc
freq	432	432	432	576	576	576	1209

```
In [10]: #Encode Categorical Variables
le = LabelEncoder()
for col in car.columns:
    car[col] = le.fit_transform(car[col])
```

```
In [11]: # Split Features and Target
X = car.drop('unacc', axis=1) # Features
y = car['unacc']
```

```
In [12]: # Split into training and testing sets (80% train, 20% test)
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42
)
```

```
In [13]: # Train Random Forest Classifier
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[13]:
```

RandomForestClassifier

```
RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)
```

```
In [14]: # Predictions
y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)
```

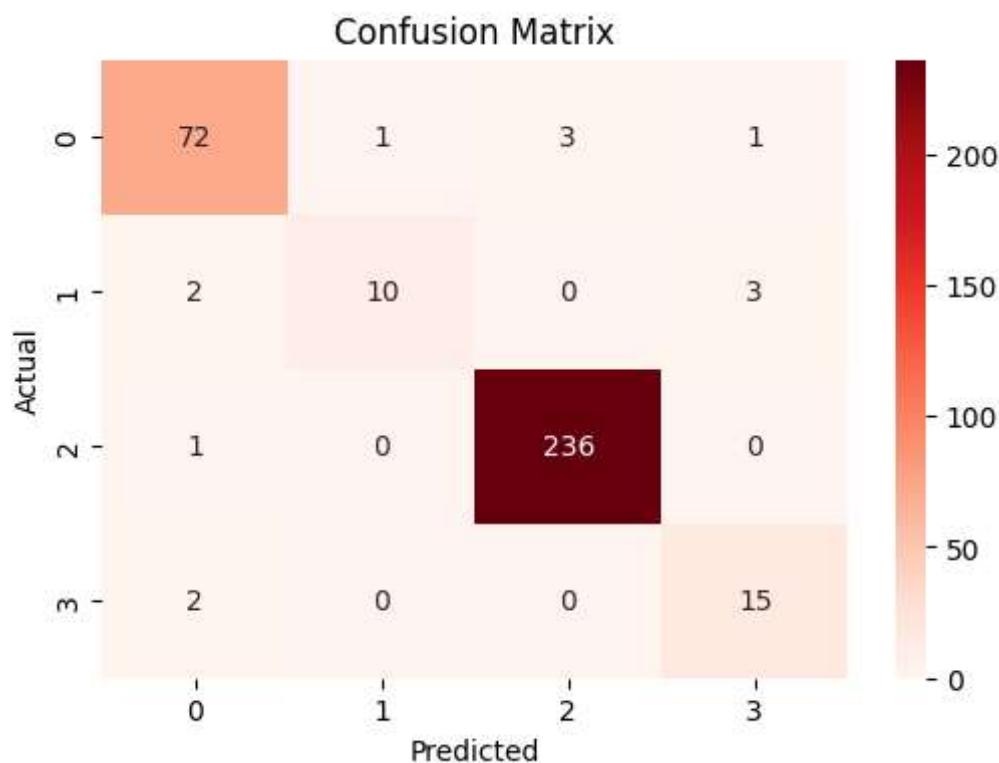
```
In [15]: # Evaluate the Model
print("Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print("\nConfusion Matrix:")
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
print(cm)
```

Accuracy: 0.9624277456647399

Confusion Matrix:

```
[[ 72   1   3   1]
 [  2  10   0   3]
 [  1   0 236   0]
 [  2   0   0  15]]
```

```
In [19]: # Visualize confusion matrix
plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Reds')
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("Actual")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()
```



```
In [17]: print("\nClassification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

Classification Report:				
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.94	0.94	0.94	77
1	0.91	0.67	0.77	15
2	0.99	1.00	0.99	237
3	0.79	0.88	0.83	17
accuracy			0.96	346
macro avg	0.91	0.87	0.88	346
weighted avg	0.96	0.96	0.96	346

```
In [18]: # Feature Importance
importances = rf_model.feature_importances_
feature_names = X.columns
plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.barplot(x=feature_names, y=importances)
plt.title("Feature Importance")
plt.show()
```

