Computer Network Report

Team Members and Work Divisions

- B08902029 陳咏誼: client and browser
 - client.cpp, index2.html, index2.css, main2.js
- B08902071 塗季芸: server, console and database
 - server.cpp, console.cpp

Accomplishment

We satisfy **all requirements** with the following **Bonus**:

- Browser mode:
 - Upload text file through browser.
 - Click image to download image.

README (User Instruction)

Demo Link: https://youtu.be/QdFPxIA9WrI

Github Link: https://github.com/jiyuntu/NTU-Computer-Network-Chatroom

Compilation

```
$ make
$ ./server [port]
$ ./client [ip:port] [port2] // For browser mode
$ ./console [ip:port] // For console mode
```

Neccessary Files and Directories

Server

```
| Makefile
| server.cpp
| sqlite3.c
| sqlite3.h
```

```
| sqlite3.0
| sqlite
| shell.c
| 
+---server_dir
| 
+---default/
| index2.html
| main2.js
| index2.css
| report.pdf
```

Client (Browser mode)

```
| Makefile
| client.cpp
```

Client (Browser mode)

```
| Makefile
| client.cpp
|
+---client_dir
| any_file_to_be_put
```

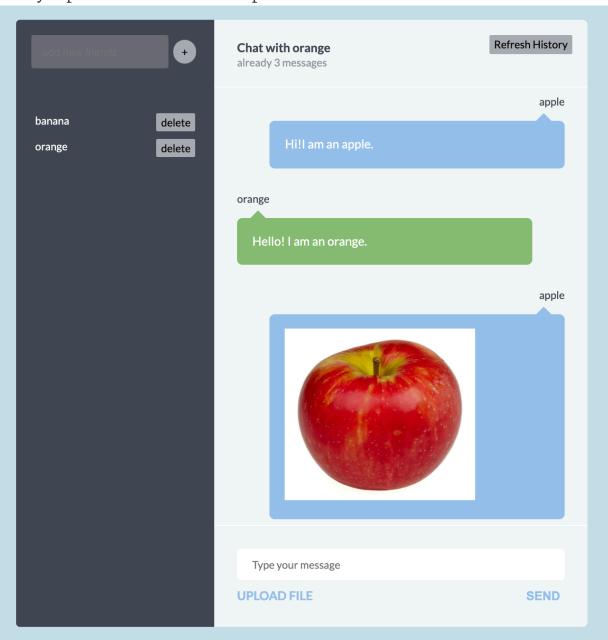
Browser Mode

- 1. Access http://localhost:port2/
- 2. Enter \$username to login



- 3. Start chatting! You can
 - Upload text files (Bonus)
 - Click image or file link to download file
 - Add/Delete friend

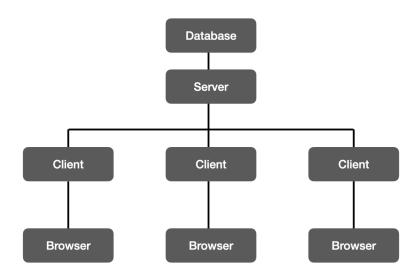
- Refresh history
 - Every time user sends a message the history would be refreshed.
- Send message
- Every input section allow uses press enter to send.



Console Mode

Follow the instructions in <u>Communication between server and client</u> (Only need to type the instruction in the first line.)

Implementation



Note:

- Our design accepts single-way friendship.

 And we only shows the history after you add that person to your friend list.
- client.cpp: Browser mode. console.cpp: Terminal console mode.

Example of single-way friendship

Step1

Cathy's friend list: ["Wendy"] Wendy's friend list: ["Bob"]

Step2

Cathy says "Hi, I'm Cathy" to Wendy.

Step3

Wendy adds Cathy as her friend.
Wendy's friend list: ["Bob", "Cathy"]

Step4

Wendy says "Hi, I'm Wendy" to Cathy.

Step5

On Cathy's screen:

```
Cathy -> Wendy: "Hi, I'm Cathy"
Wendy -> Cathy: "Hi, I'm Wendy"
```

On Wendy's screen:

```
Wendy -> Cathy: "Hi, I'm Wendy"
```

Communication between server and client

1. Add a new friend

```
client -> server: add $username $friendname
(Do not need a server response)
```

We assume that every possible name exists, so server doesn't need to response success or error.

2. Delete a friend

```
client -> server: delete $username $friendname
(Do not need a server response)
```

If \$friendname is not in \$username's friend list, server just does nothing.

3. List all friends

```
client -> server: ls $username
server -> client: $response_length
client -> sevver: 1 (ACK)
server -> client: ["friend1", "friend2", ...]
```

4. Say something to a specific friend

```
client -> server: say $username $friendname $something
(Do not need a server response)
```

We don't accept \$something including \n

5. Show the chat history with a specify friend

```
client -> server: history $username friendname
server -> client: $response_length
client -> sevver: 1 (ACK)
server -> client:
[{
   "From": "$username",
   "To": "$friendname",
   "Content": "A"
},
{
   "From": "$friendname",
   "To": "$username",
   "To": "$username",
   "Content": {"File": "a.jpg"} // The friend uploads a file
}]
```

6. Get a file

```
client -> server: get $username $filename
server -> client: $response_length
client -> sevver: 1 (ACK)
server -> client: #file_content
```

7. Put a file to a friend

```
client -> server: put $username $friendname $filename
server -> client: 1 (ACK)
client -> server: $file_length
server -> client: 1 (ACK)
client -> server: $file_content
```

Communication between server and database

Database Schema

Username	Friend	Content
VARCHAR(20)	VARCHAR(20)	Text
1. add \$username \$friendname		

- add (username, friend, "") row
- 2. delete \$username \$friendname remove (username, friend) row
- 3. ls \$username select all friends of username as

```
["friend1", "friend2", ...]
```

- 4. say \$username \$friendname \$something update (username, friend, ?) to (username, friend, ? + something) using SQL **UPDATE** statement
- 5. history \$username friendname print all chat history between username and friend as

```
"From": "username",
"To": "friend",
"Content": "A"
},
{
"From": "friend",
"To": "username",
"Content": "B"
},
"From": "Lisa",
"To": "Peter",
"Content": {"File": "a.jpg"} // Lisa upload a file.
}
1
```

for commands like 1s and history, we collect all response from database by

```
sqlite3_prepare_v2()
sqlite3_bind_int()
sqlite3_step()
sqlite3_column_text
```

Communication between client and browser

Steps

The process of satisfying a request is as following:

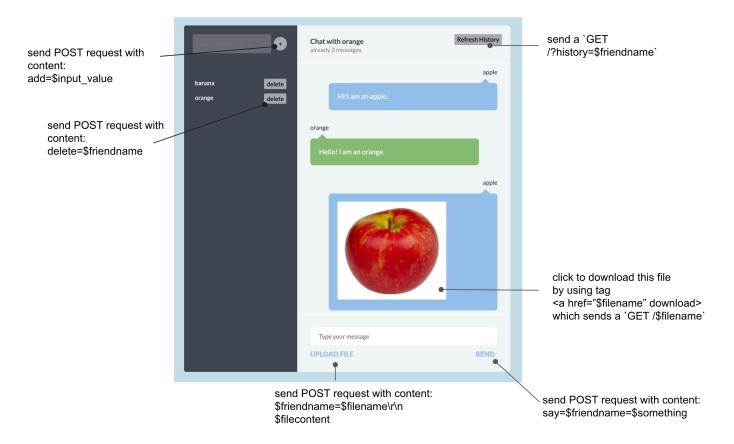
- 1. browser builds a connection to client.cpp.
- 2. client.cpp accepts the request from browser.
- 3. client.cpp transform the HTTP request to the format for communicating with server.
- 4. client.cpp receives response from server.
- 5. client.cpp transform the response to HTTP response and send back to browser.
- 6. client.cpp close the fd of the request.

Note that when the browser accesses http://localhost:port2/, it sends a GET / to client.cpp. The client.cpp sees the request as GET /index2.html.

We attach a main2.js and index2.css in index2.html. The control logic of browser is written in main2.js.

Request transformation





GET

browser -> client: GET /?login=\$username

client -> server: ls \$username

browser -> client: GET /\$filename
client -> server: get \$filename

browser -> client: GET /?history=\$friendname
client -> server: history \$username \$friendname

PUT(POST)

browser -> client: <POST</pre>

HEADER>\r\n\$friendname=\$filename\r\n\$filecontent

cleint -> server: put \$username \$friendname \$filename

OTHER POST

browser -> client: <POST HEADER>\r\n\$say=\$friendname=\$something

cleint -> server: say \$username \$friendname \$something

browser -> client: <POST HEADER>\r\n\$add=\$friendname
cleint -> server: add \$username \$friendname

browser -> client: <POST HEADER>\r\n\$delete=\$friendname
cleint -> server: delete \$username \$friendname

Server

For each client connection, assign a thread for it. Use a while loop to accept its commands, then query the database, and send back the results.